



**TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY
ARCHITECTURAL AND SITE CONTROL COMMISSION (ASCC)
Monday, October 14, 2013
Special Field Meeting (time and place as listed herein)
7:30 PM – Regular ASCC Meeting
Historic Schoolhouse
765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA 94028**

SPECIAL ASCC FIELD MEETING*

4:00 p.m. 3 Grove Court Field meeting for preliminary consideration of plans for house additions and site modifications. (ASCC review to continue at Regular Meeting)

7:30 PM - REGULAR AGENDA*

1. Call to Order:
2. Roll Call: Breen, Clark, Hughes, Koch, Ross
3. Oral Communications:

Persons wishing to address the Commission on any subject, not on the agenda, may do so now. Please note, however, the Commission is not able to undertake extended discussion or action tonight on items not on the agenda.

4. Old Business:
 - a. Follow-up Review - Architectural Review for New Residence with Detached Office, Pool and Pool Cabana, and Site Development Permit X9H-657, 5 Naranja Way, Maffia
 - b. Follow-up Review – Architectural Review for House Additions and Driveway Modifications and Site Development Permit X9H-656, 468 Westridge Drive, Crouse/Dorahy
5. New Business:
 - a. Architectural Review for Residential Additions, 110 Tan Oak Drive, Gebhart
 - b. Architectural Review of Proposed Residential Addition and Deck Expansion, 2 Ohlone, Portola Valley Ranch, Down
 - c. Architectural Review of Proposed Residential Additions, Accessory Structures, Site Modifications, Site Development Permit X9H-662, and Variance Request X7E-135, 3 Grove Court, Ciancutti
6. Commission and Staff Reports:
7. Approval of Minutes: September 23, 2013
8. Adjournment:

*For more information on the projects to be considered by the ASCC at the Special Field and Regular meetings, as well as the scope of reviews and actions tentatively anticipated, please contact Carol Borck in the Planning Department at Portola Valley Town Hall, 650-851-1700 ex. 211. Further, the start times for other than the first Special Field meeting are tentative and dependent on the actual time needed for the preceding Special Field meeting.

PROPERTY OWNER ATTENDANCE. The ASCC strongly encourages a property owner whose application is being heard by the ASCC to attend the ASCC meeting. Often issues arise that only property owners can responsibly address. In such cases, if the property owner is not present it may be necessary to delay action until the property owner can meet with the ASCC.

WRITTEN MATERIALS. Any writing or documents provided to a majority of the Town Council or Commissions regarding any item on this agenda will be made available for public inspection at Town Hall located 765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA during normal business hours.

ASSISTANCE FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, if you need special assistance to participate in this meeting, please contact the Assistant Planner at 650-851-1700, extension 211. Notification 48 hours prior to the meeting will enable the Town to make reasonable arrangements to ensure accessibility to this meeting.

PUBLIC HEARINGS

Public Hearings provide the general public and interested parties an opportunity to provide testimony on these items. If you challenge a proposed action(s) in court, you may be limited to raising only those issues you or someone else raised at the Public Hearing(s) described later in this agenda, or in written correspondence delivered to the Planning Commission at, or prior to, the Public Hearing(s).

This Notice is Posted in Compliance with the Government Code of the State of California.

Date: October 11, 2013

CheyAnne Brown
Planning Technician



MEMORANDUM

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

TO: ASCC
FROM: Tom Vlastic, Town Planner
DATE: October 10, 2013
RE: Agenda for October 14, 2013 ASCC Meeting

NOTICE: A special ASCC field meeting has been scheduled for Monday, October 14, 2013 for preliminary consideration of plans for house additions and site modifications for 3 Grove Court. The field meeting will begin at *4:00 p.m. at the site*. In addition to the architectural review application, the project includes variance and site development permit requests. A preliminary review of the proposals is presented herein under agenda item **5c. Ciancutti**.

The following comments are offered on the items listed on the October 14, 2013 ASCC agenda.

4a. FOLLOW-UP REVIEW -- ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW FOR NEW RESIDENCE WITH DETACHED OFFICE, POOL AND POOL CABANA, AND SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT X9H-657, 5 NARANJA WAY, MAFFIA

On September 27, 2013, the ASCC completed architectural review for this project and the planning commission is scheduled to conduct the public hearing on site development permit application at its October 16, 2013 meeting. The staff report prepared for the September 27th meeting and the draft meeting minutes relative to the ASCC's conditional approval of the architectural review application are enclosed.

At this time, the applicant is specifically seeking ASCC follow-up relative to landscaping, exterior lighting and fencing plans. In particular, the intent is to obtain ASCC approval of the revised landscape plan prior to the planning commission site development permit hearing. The following enclosed revised plans are for follow-up ASCC review and action:

Title Sheet (with northeast side house/garage elevation, BAR Architects, October 2, 2013

Sheet C01, Grading & Drainage Plan, Civil Plans, Freyer & Laureta, Inc., Civil Engineers, 10/2/13

Sheet L1.0, Tree Protection and Removal Plan, Ned Patchett Consulting, 10/2/13

Sheet L3.0, Planting Plan, Arterra Landscape Architecture, 10/2/13
Sheet L5.0, Exterior Lighting Plan, Arterra Landscape Architecture, 10/2/13
Sheet A1.01, Site Plan and Project Information, BAR Architects, 10/2/13

In support of the follow-up submittal, project architect Jeremy Butler-Pinkham has provided the attached October 3, 2013 email explaining how the revised plans respond to the ASCC approval conditions. With the email, the following additional materials have also been provided:

- Cut sheets for the proposed exterior light fixtures shown on plan sheet L5.0.
- "Drainage Narrative," Freyer & Laureta, Inc., received by email 10/9/13
- October 3, 2013 letter from Katherine Strickley, Arterra, discussing the condition of pine #64 and explaining the revised landscape and exterior lighting plan and how they account for ASCC comments and concerns of the neighbors.
- September 25, 2013 "Proposal and Contract," Ned Patchett Consulting, relative to measures to be taken to support pine tree #64.
- October 3, 2013 "Proposal and Contract," Ned Patchett Consulting, relative to measures to be taken to support oak #59 and six oaks along the property line common with 170 Mapache Drive. Oak #59 is the 18-inch oak originally recommended for removal by the arborist, but is now planned to be preserved. The oak is in the area where the existing fence is to be relocated to the property boundary.
- October 18, 2013 email from the project architect with an image of the existing fence verifying that the proposed fence extensions would be four foot high, or lower, horse fencing to match the existing boundary fencing on the site.

Since the last ASCC review, there have been some continuing communications between the neighbors at 170 Mapache Drive, their consultant Tom Klope and town officials. The revised landscape plans were made available to the neighbors and their Mr. Klope. We understand that there have also been some direct communications between Mr. Klope and project landscape architect Kate Strickley. We anticipated receiving formal input from Mr. Klope and the neighbors for ASCC consideration on Monday night. If received in time it may also be included in the meeting packets.

The following comments are offered to assist the ASCC consider and act on the follow-up submittal materials:

1. **Overview of revised plans and supporting data and how the materials respond to ASCC approval conditions.** The 10/3/13 email from the project architect and October 3, 2013 letter from the project landscape architect explain the landscape and lighting plan revisions in some detail and commit to the process for setting of screen plantings, with "modeling," along the common property line with 170 Mapache Drive as called for in the ASCC action. While there is some plea for removal of pine #64, the revised plan preserves it and includes measures to protect the tree. The neighbor has asked that a detailed plan be prepared and required for replacement screen planting should the pine not survive. The letter from the landscape architect suggests replacement with a 72" coast live oak.

At this point, we recommend that the proposed plan with the pine be required. Further, the ASCC should require that, prior to any final sign off on the building permit, the project arborist provide an evaluation of the pine and, if there has been

continuing deterioration to the point that the tree needs to be replaced, a replacement screening plan should be required and implemented prior to permit sign off. The conservation committee should be involved in this review and, if there is any debate as to tree condition, the town should seek and receive independent, third party review of the tree condition and this should be at the cost of the applicant.

As noted in the submittal materials, the siting of the office as considered at the site meetings does not need any adjustment for conformity to Westridge Architectural Supervising Committee (WAS) setback standards. The grading plan and landscape plan sheets were modified when it was not clear as to the setback requirements. However, when the WASC did clarify the setbacks, it was found that no adjustment would be necessary. Thus, all final site plans will be consistent with the office siting on enclosed plan sheet A1.01.

As discussed at the 9/23 meeting, the proposed north side drainage line has been moved south to as close to the proposed house as possible to avoid tree conflicts. The final construction staging and tree protection plan will need to include final data and protection measures from the project arborist to ensure that the oaks and pine are fully protected from all construction activities.

There is considerable speculation in the communications received since the last ASCC meeting about the willingness or ability of the applicant and/or the town to ensure tree protection and other measures and required conditions are properly fulfilled. The town has an inspection process, paid for by the applicant, that ensures plan compliance over the life of a project construction. Further, in some cases, the ASCC has requested that a surety be taken to ensure maintenance of a landscaping after plan sign off. This, however, is unusual for residential projects, even with very sensitive screening issues. Such a surety was not required for the 170 Mapache Drive project relative to requirements for screening of the stainless steel roof material. In most cases, the town has accepted a certain level of trust unless there has been a specific violation as was the case with the Douglass plant removal at 15 Redberry Road.

2. **Grading plans. Drainage narrative.** As noted above, the grading plans, except for the office siting and moved north side drainage line, are the same as considered and approved by the ASCC at the September 23rd meeting. It is noted that the drainage line adjustment was called for in the ASCC action, and the office will be moved back to the location considered at the 9/23 site meeting, as that site is consistent with WASC setback requirements.

The attached drainage narrative has been revised to address input received from town planning and engineering staff. It is mainly for consideration at the planning commission site development permit hearing. It is provided here for information.

3. **Landscape plan revisions, communications with neighbors at 170 Mapache Drive, screen planting guarantees and project inspection process.** The revised plan appears to address most of the ASCC concerns subject to the qualifications offered above relative to pine tree #64. It is noted that the neighbors have requested large Arbutus trees and the plans call for five such trees; two 72-inch box size, two 60-inch box size and one 36-inch box size. Two 48-inch box size

redwoods have been added for screening adjacent to the redwoods on the neighbors' property. It is also noted that efforts have been made to achieve the screening as requested by the neighbor but to also avoid a uniform texture of plantings.

We understand that there have been communications between the applicant's landscape architect and Mr. Klope, but are not at this time aware of Mr. Klope's or the neighbors' reactions to the plans. The ASCC will need to determine if the plans do adequately respond to the approval condition or if any further adjustments are needed. In any case, the pine tree condition recommended above should be included with any action on the follow-up landscape plan.

4. **Exterior house and yard lighting.** Except for two concerns, we believe the revised lighting plan sheet responds to ASCC comments. Our concerns have to do with the proposed pool and driveway lighting. Comments on the clerestory issue are provided below.

The plans now call for five driveway lights on a vehicle trigger that would be automatically shut after five minutes. We question the need for five lights. We recommend elimination of the two lower level driveway lights, i.e., as you approach the house, and that the middle upper light be moved to the north side wall. Otherwise, the low mounting and limited on time allow for transition through the upper driveway and, with the recommended adjustments, have limited potential for off site spill.

The lighting plan shows eight, 20-watt dimmable pool lights. The legend states only three are planned and the letter from the project landscape architect advises that the lights are to be spaced eight feet apart to "avoid create" a "soft glow" in the pool. The cut sheet data seems to suggest that with the eight-foot spacing there would be a "glow." There are clearly inconsistencies in the data. The landscape architect advises that eight lights are proposed to actually create a "soft glow" and not harsh points of light. We have expressed to her our concern that a "glow" could be more ornamental than functional. In any case, the plans for pool lighting should place the lights on the easterly side, i.e., as proposed, but the number should only be as needed to ensure safe pool use and not lighting of the pool for decorative purposes.

5. **Clerestory/interior lighting.** The notes on plan Sheet L5.0 are consistent with the plans approved by the ASCC relative to clerestory design and interior lighting. The neighbors have indicated their desire that, essentially, the clerestory elements be eliminated if they can't be hidden from view from their property. The garage clerestory faces fully away from 170 Mapache Drive.

The great room clerestories face toward Mapache Drive (i.e., on the front elevation) and to the northeast on the auto court/entry side. The Mapache side clerestory windows do not face the house on 170 Mapache. It may be possible to see the clerestory windows on the northeast entry side, but the proposed planting should screen views. Further, the following are noted relative to the northeast clerestory window, and these are in addition to the already required lighting controls:

- The top of the windows are at elevation 432 and the windows are at least 100 feet from the edge of the lawn area on 170 Mapache and further from the window areas at the kitchen great room and "girl's lounge."
- The finished floor of the uphill residence is roughly at 439-440 feet in elevation and this floor level is eight feet above the top of the clerestory windows. Thus, the distance and elevation differences allow for screening with plant materials at relatively low heights as requested by the neighbors.
- The glass area for each of the four proposed clerestory windows on northeast side clerestory windows is a maximum of 3 feet by 1.5 feet or a total of 18 square feet. The eave extends at least one foot out and down over the windows, further helping to screen views from above.

In addition to the above, it is not a town design standard that you can't see a window from one property to the other. Also, the ASCC has been particularly concerned with skylights when they can be viewed from an uphill property. Skylights are not proposed with this project.

6. **Fencing.** As noted on plan sheet A1/01 and clarified with the 10/8 email, the plan is to only use new fencing to fill in openings in the existing horse fence property boundary fencing and to relocate the existing north side fencing. All fencing, whether relocated or new in fill, will be no higher than four feet and match the existing horse fence design. Thus, the fencing plan does conform to town fencing standards that specifically included for "horse" style fencing to be in setback areas.
7. **Construction staging plans.** As noted in the submittal materials, detailed construction staging plans will be prepared when a project contractor is retained. Such plans need to address the issues identified at the 9/23 ASCC meeting, including the concerns of the WASC. Typically, such plans are subject to review and approval by a designated ASCC member and we, as a matter of course, ask for WASC comments on them prior to review by the designated ASCC member.

Prior to acting on the follow-up submittal, ASCC members should consider the above comments and any new information provided at Monday's regular ASCC meeting.

4b. FOLLOW-UP REVIEW -- ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW FOR HOUSE ADDITIONS & DRIVEWAY MODIFICATIONS AND SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT X9H-656, 468 WESTRIDGE DRIVE, CROUSE/DORAHY

On July 22, 2013 the ASCC completed review and conditional approval of this project. The staff report prepared for the 7/22 meeting and meeting minutes are attached for reference as needed. To satisfy the eight project approval conditions, the following enclosed plans have been submitted and, unless otherwise noted, have been prepared by CJW Architecture:

Sheet: T-0.1, Title Sheet, 8/28/13

Sheet: T-0.2, Geotechnical Report, 8/9/13

Sheet: T-0.4, Build it Green Checklist, 8/9/13

Boundary and Topographic Survey, B&H Surveying, Inc., February 2013

Sheet: A-0.1, Demolition Plan, 7/31/13 (County Health clarifications)
Sheet: A-1.1, Site Plan, Lighting/Landscaping (grading and drainage), 8/28/13
Sheet: A-1.2, Site Plan – Construction Staging, Tree Protection, 8/28/13
Sheet: A-2.0.1, Existing Floor Plan, 5/20/13
Sheet: A-2.1, Floor Plan, 7/31/13 (County Health Clarifications)
Sheet: A-2.4, Roof Plan, 5/20/13
Sheet: A-3.1, Exterior Elevations
Sheet: EM-2, Bedroom Wing E/M (Electrical/Mechanical) plan, 5/20/13
Sheet: EM-3, Main Living E/M (Electrical/Mechanical) plan, 5/20/13

Civil/Site Development Permit Plans, Flo-Rite Engineering, 8/30/2013:

Sheet C-1, Title Sheet
Sheet C-2, Notes
Sheet C-3, Grading Plan
Sheet C-4, Details Sheet

The following comments are offered as to how the current plan submittal addresses each of the eight ASCC approval conditions. Condition wording is underlined and shown in italics:

1. *The plans shall be revised to correctly and completely show the plans for the existing west side sheds and garden area addressing the comments in the staff report.*

The revised plans satisfy this condition. They show the sheds in the correct location and also identify the existing west side garden area.

2. *The requirements of all site development committee members as referenced in the staff report shall be addressed to the satisfaction of the respective committee member.*

This condition will be addressed prior to issuance of the site development permit. It is noted, however, that the scope of grading has been reduced as the revised plans do not include replacement of the existing swimming pool and that was part of the plans approved by the ASCC in July. Now the grading is under the 100 cubic yard threshold.

3. *A final detailed, complete landscaping plan shall be provided addressing the comments in the staff report, including referenced input from the conservation committee, and shall also provide for pine tree removal and, at a minimum, early removal of some of the front yard redwood trees. The plan shall include provisions for eventual removal of all redwoods or include analysis and evaluation as to proposals for preservation of any of the redwood trees.*

While the revised landscape plan has more information on it than the plan considered in July, it is not at the level of detail anticipated with the condition. Further, the town's public works director has requested more detail relative to not only the tree removal at the new driveway access point, but also more information on the extent of necessary shrub trimming. He has requested the added data to determine adequacy of sight distance.

The plans do provide for some significant redwood tree removal, but do not set forth long-term plans for removal of the few remaining front yard redwoods. It is also noted that the plans as now presented call for, essentially, a 6 to 10 foot high "hedge" along the Westridge Drive frontage. The plans should be modified to provide more texture and also place the new plantings only where needed for specific screening and not to extend planting in a continuous line along the front parcel boundary.

It is also noted that the plans now include a gravel parking and turnaround area under the oak canopy between the new driveway intersection with Westridge Drive and the existing driveway circle. This area adds some impervious surface (IS) area to the plans, but the proposed IS is still well within the limits for the property. In any case, the gravel parking area should be evaluated by the project arborist to ensure no potential for impacts on the oaks. Further, the landscape plan should provide for some screening of views from Westridge to the parking area, but not the hedge-like condition that seems to be proposed with the current plan.

Given the range of issues noted, we recommend that the current landscape plan not be approved. Prior, however, to any permit issuance, a final plan should be developed addressing the noted concerns and this should be to the satisfaction of a designated member of the ASCC. We believe the issues are sufficiently defined that there is not the need for the final landscape plan to come back to the full ASCC. But, the final landscape plan should not be approved until the scope of clearing is defined to the satisfaction of the public works director and both the conservation committee and WASC have had an opportunity to review and comment on the plan.

(We have discussed the landscape plan timing with the project architect and he wonders if it would be possible to require the final plan somewhat later in the permit process so that there is more time to consider all of the details and also interact with the WASC. This can be discussed on Monday night)

4. A comprehensive construction staging and tree protection plan shall be provided and, once approved, implemented to the satisfaction of planning staff.

Sheet: A-1.2 addresses this condition. We do, however, recommend that before final acceptance of the plan, the project arborist review it, particularly in light of the extended gravel parking area, and that the plan be modified to include any comments and requirements of the arborist for protection of the front yard area oaks.

5. A final exterior lighting plan, including all existing house and yard lighting to remain and all proposed new house and yard lighting, shall be provided. The data shall be on one plan sheet, shall include switching circuits for all lights, and shall also include proposed swimming pool lighting.

While Sheet: A-1.1 generally satisfies this condition, switching patterns/zones are not identified. The scope of lighting is not excessive and proposed light removal appropriate. Further, since the swimming pool is not now being replaced, no new pool lighting is planned. The final lighting plan with the building permit should, however, be subject to review and approval by planning staff to ensure that switching patterns and zones are consistent with town and ASCC project review policies and standards.

6. Details for the pathway changes, including grading, needed with the proposed driveway work shall be provided and include scoring for pathway crossing of the driveway surface.

The current grading plans do not appear to satisfy this condition. They should be revised to the satisfaction the public works director to accommodate the trail consistent with this condition. Such plans should then be reflected in the final landscape plan.

7. All vegetation clearing needed for adequate sight distance at the new driveway intersection with Westridge Drive shall be detailed and shall be subject to review and approval by the public works director prior to presentation to the ASCC with final project plans.

As noted above, the public works director has requested more data on shrub clearing relative to sight distance. This data needs to be provided and considered in acting on the final landscape plan.

8. Final plans for front yard fence repairs and additions shall be provided.

Sheet: A-1.1 shows a photo of the existing post and wire fence and notes that the open area in fencing will be filled in with materials/design matching the existing fence. This appears to fully address the condition.

Prior to acting on this follow-up submittal, ASCC members should visit the project site as necessary and consider the above comments as well as any new information provided at the October 14, 2013 ASCC meeting.

5a. ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW FOR RESIDENTIAL ADDITIONS, 110 TAN OAK AVENUE, GEBHART

A review of this Brookside Park area project is presented in the enclosed report dated October 11, 2013 prepared by Deputy Town Planner Karen Kristiansson. This request is for a relatively small, 257 sf addition, but does require ASCC consideration of findings to allow more than 85% of the permitted floor area to be in the main house.

5b. ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW OF PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL ADDITION AND DECK EXPANSION, 2 OHLONE PORTOLA VALLEY RANCH, DOWN

The following project evaluation was prepared by assistant planner Carol Borck. Ms. Borck will be presenting the project review to the ASCC at the October 14th meeting.

This proposal is for the approval of plans for a 223 square foot addition to the existing 2,263 square foot residence and a 181 square foot expansion to the existing rear deck on the subject 20,990 square foot Portola Valley Ranch parcel (see enclosed vicinity map). The addition and deck extension represent very minor changes to the current house design, scale and massing.

The project is presented on the following enclosed plans prepared by Jonathan Jang and dated September 10, 2013:

Sheet: A1.0, Title Sheet & Site Plan
Sheet: A2.1A, Elevations & Floor Plan

In addition to the plans, the project submittal includes the information listed below:

- Light fixture cut sheet for proposed wall-mounted lights at the deck (attached). Fixture finish is bronze.
- Color image of existing house (to be available at ASCC meeting). The photograph shows the existing house frontage along Ohlone and an image of the side of the house where the addition is proposed.
- Ranch Design Committee conditional approval letter dated 9/6/13.
- Completed Build It Green Checklist with 19 points proposed (no minimum required point threshold for this smaller project).

The following comments are offered to assist the ASCC consider and act on this application:

- 1. Background and Project Description.** The subject gently-sloped property is located at the corner of Valley Oak and Ohlone. The existing single-level home and deck are located fully within the building envelope that borders the Ohlone street frontage. The existing carport is located outside of the building envelope, but this is permitted by PUD provisions, as long as it has been reviewed and approved by the ASCC. This action was completed with the ASCC with the original house plans and construction by Portola Valley Associates. The existing deck was replaced earlier this year, and the home is currently under permit for minor interior remodeling.

The proposed addition is for a new exercise room and closet and is located at the west side of the residence. The addition would be constructed on exposed piers to meet the existing down-sloping grade, and its design would retain the flat-roof and forms of the existing residence. The maximum house height of 21 feet would not change with this project. The height limit for the Ranch is 36 feet measured from an average point of contact with grade and, therefore, this proposal is well within the height limit.

Existing vegetation in this area of the property provides for screening between the residence and the neighboring home at 4 Ohlone. No windows or exterior lights are proposed for the wall facing the neighboring property. One new skylight would be added over the master bathroom.

The PUD does not include a floor area limit for Ranch parcels, but does set a building coverage limit of 20% (which can be exceeded for decks up to an additional 5%) and an impervious surface limit (IS) of 30% (which includes the buildings). The proposed lot coverage including the deck expansion is 3,677 square feet of the 20,990 square foot parcel, which is approximately 17.5% of the lot and in conformance with PUD requirements. The proposed total IS is also in conformance at 3,548 square feet, or 17% of the lot.

The proposed house addition extends beyond the building envelope (BE) line. Setback averaging is allowed for under the PUD via reference to the Portola Valley zoning ordinance provisions. Averaging calculations are provided on Sheet A1.0 and illustrate compliance with the averaging provisions.

While the proposed project meets the requirements of the PUD, the proposed location of the addition is of some concern. The proposed location for the addition has been story-poled and conditionally approved by the Ranch Design Committee. This condition involves referral to the Ranch Landscape Committee in regards to the proposed addition's close proximity to two oak trees. Based on the location of the story poles, it appears that the addition will at least require some trimming of the existing oaks and could impact root systems depending on their location and the piers that will be dug. It is understood that an arborist is currently being consulted to inspect the trees in relation to the proposed addition and determine the extent and feasibility of trimming and provide recommendations for root protection during pier digging.

The proposed expansion to the existing deck would abut up to two bay trees. The arborist should also inspect these trees in relation to the proposed decking and provide recommendations as appropriate. Consideration of the bay trees being vectors for Sudden Oak Death (SOD) to the neighboring oaks should also be given. If it is determined that these trees must be removed to accommodate the new deck or prevent the spread of SOD then the Ranch Design Committee would have to approve the removals in addition to the ASCC.

2. **Conformance with Portola Valley Ranch Planned Unit Development (PUD) Statement provisions.** Based on the proposed design of the house addition and deck expansion as evaluated above, we believe the proposal is consistent with the Ranch PUD provisions. Also, as noted above, the Ranch Design Committee, as required by the PUD statement, has conditionally approved the plans.
3. **Exterior Materials and Finishes, Exterior Lighting and Landscaping.** The proposal calls for maintaining the existing dark brown siding and trim color, and new windows shall have a bronze finish. New deck materials, railing and stain will also match existing materials. Four new exterior lights are proposed at the rear of the house that will serve the three doors to the deck and one additional light will be installed on the existing chimney. The wall light fixture is a dark bronze and approved by the Ranch. There is one new skylight proposed over the master bathroom.

No new landscaping is proposed with the project. Construction access and activity will need to be in conformance with any arborist recommendations for the oak and bay trees.

4. **"Sustainability" aspects of project.** The project targets 19 BIG points under the Existing Homes Elements label. A project of this scale would typically have no minimum point threshold and be subject only to building permit review, however, because it is located within Portola Valley Ranch, it is also subject to review by the ASCC. The proposal of 19 points is acceptable, and the project will be verified through "self-certification" prior to final inspections.

Prior to acting on this request, ASCC members should visit the site and consider the above comments and any new information that is presented at the October 14th ASCC meeting.

5c. ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW OF PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL ADDITIONS, ACCESSORY STRUCTURES, SITE MODIFICATIONS, SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT X9H-662, AND VARIANCE REQUEST X7E-135, 3 GROVE COURT, CIANCUTTI

This is a preliminary review of these applications that have been submitted in support of the plans for rehabilitation and additions to the historic residence and other property additions and modifications for the subject 1.25-acre Grove Court parcel. The parcel location and general area conditions are presented on the attached vicinity map.

As noted at the head of this memorandum, the preliminary review process is to begin with a 4:00 p.m. site meeting on Monday October 14th 2013. To facilitate the site meeting, story poles have been set at the property to model the project as noted on enclosed plan Sheet A2.13.

Due to the variance request associated with the proposals, the planning commission will also be conducting a preliminary review of the project. Unfortunately, a planning commission quorum was not possible for the 10/14 site meeting, but any comments offered at Monday's review will be presented to the planning commission for consideration in its preliminary review of the requested variance. The commission is scheduled to consider the project at its October 16th meeting, and may, after discussion, set a separate site meeting to facilitate its review of the proposals.

Since this project will eventually require actions by both the planning commission and ASCC, the report that follows has been prepared for use by both bodies in the preliminary review process. Staff has had considerable interaction with the project new property owner applicants and their design team members, and the applicants and the design team have developed considerable data to define and support the subject applications. The data listed below and attached to this report will provide the primary basis for the preliminary review process.

The project is shown on the following attached plans:

Architectural Plans, Jeffery Mahaney, Architect:
Sheet A1.0, Cover Sheet, 9/26/13
Sheet A2.1, Existing Site Plan, 8/27/13
Sheet A2.2, Proposed Site Plan, 9/25/13
Sheet A2.3, Proposed Landscape Plan, 9/29/13
Sheet A2.4, Proposed Irrigation Plan, 8/27/13
Sheet A2.5, Outdoor Lighting Plan, 9/25/13
Sheet A2.6, Tree Removal Plan, 8/27/13
Sheet A2.7, Existing & Proposed Level 1/Lower Floor Plan, 9/26/13
Sheet A2.8, Existing & Proposed Level 2/Ground Floor Floor Plan, 9/26/13
Sheet A2.9, Existing & Proposed Level 3/Upper Floor Plan, 8/27/13
Sheet A2.10, Existing & Proposed Roof Plan, 9/27/13
Sheet A2.11, Existing & Proposed Plans - Garage, 8/26/13
Sheet A2.12, Proposed Plan Guest House, 9/26/13

Sheet A2.13, Proposed Story Pole Plan, 9/25/13
 Sheet A3.1, Existing Exterior Elevations, 8/27/13
 Sheet A3.2, Existing Exterior Elevations, 8/27/13
 Sheet A3.3, Existing Elevations - Garage, 8/27/13
 Sheet A3.4, Proposed Exterior Elevations, 9/26/13
 Sheet A3.5, Proposed Exterior Elevations, 9/26/13
 Sheet A3.6, Proposed Elevations – Garage, 8/27/13
 Sheet A3.7, Proposed Elevations – Guest House, 8/27/13

Civil Plans, Flo-Rite Engineers, 9/30/13:

Sheet C-1, Title Sheet
 Sheet C-2, Notes
 Sheet C-3, Grading Plan
 Sheet C-4, Utility Plan
 Sheet C-5, Erosion Control Plan
 Sheet C-6, Details Sheet
 Sheet C-7, Best Management Practices

Topographic and Boundary Survey, B & H Surveying, Inc., June 2013

The following materials, attached unless otherwise noted, have been provided in support of the plans and the variance and site development permit applications:

- Variance Permit Application with “Detailed Description” of requests, 9/30/13. (Attached immediately following the application are the zoning ordinance provisions for granting of a variance as modified by the town attorney for conformity with state planning law.)
- Tree Survey Report, Arbor Resources, August 22, 2013. The trees considered in the report are identified by number on plan Sheet A2.6, and on this sheet tree removal by tree status and condition is noted.
- Build It Green, GreenPoint Rated Existing Home “Whole House” Checklist, received August 29, 2013. *(Note: Given the scope of the house rehabilitation project, the house will likely need to be treated as a “new house” under the provisions of the town green building ordinance. This will require more BIG point provisions, although there may be some relief for conditions associated with the historic residence. Further, a BIG checklist will need to be completed and implemented for the guest house. The BIG/green building compliance will be addressed formally as part of the building permit review and issuance process.)*
- Outdoor Water Use Efficiency Checklist, 9/3/13.
- Analysis of the historic conditions of the property including:
 - October 3, 2013 transmittal to the town of the letter from the current owners to the previous owners of the property.
 - October 3, 2013 letter to the town planner and staff relative to the historic analysis of the property.
 - October 4, 2013 Historic Resource Documentation, including seven images of the residence.
 - September 23, 2013 email from the town historian relative to the project and conclusion that it does “not harm” the “historic integrity.” It is also noted that the town historic has recommend and the applicants agreed to placing a plaque at the site relative to the historic conditions.
- Cut sheets for the proposed exterior light fixtures, received August 29, 2013

- Colors and materials board, received 9/11/13 and modified 10/4/13 for conformity with town Light Reflectivity Value (LRV) limits. The proposed materials and finishes board is discussed below and will be presented at the preliminary review meetings.

In addition to the above data, the applicants transmitted to the town the attached communications from neighbors in support of the project:

- October 2, 2013 email, Mike and Elisa Fabian, 361 Grove Drive
- September 18, 2013 email, Bradley and Jacqueline Howe, 4 Grove Court
- August 26, 2013 email, Larry Tesler and Colleen Barton, 351 Grove Drive
- August 26, 2013 email, Ken and Susan Reed, 2 Grove Court
- August 27, 2013 email, Hamid and Tina Moghadam, 1 Grove Court
- September 4, 2013 email, Emiko Kim, 5 Grove Court

One additional email has been received by the town from a concerned neighbor. This email dated October 8, 2013 is attached and is from David Maahs, DDS, and Rui Hua Yan, 360 Grove Drive. They have raised concerns over the changes to the site that have opened views from Grove Drive on the north side of the property.

The emails of support include all of the immediately neighboring properties served by Grove Court. The two Grove Drive neighbors providing supporting emails are immediately to the northeast of the site across Grove Drive. The neighbor with the view concern is located to the southeast immediately on the south side of the Grove Drive emergency connection that bridges Corte Madera Creek to Georgia Lane.

Based on the outcome of the preliminary review process, a final project review schedule will be developed that would be intended to lead to eventual actions by the ASCC and then by the planning commission. The following comments are offered to assist in the preliminary review of the requests.

1. **Background, application requests, variance issues and historic resource analysis.** As will become apparent with review of the data provided with the application and the site meeting, the subject property contains a house and a bunker "cellar" that were part of the historic Catoctin Estate that is recognized in the historic element of the town's general plan. The existing multi-story house on the property is recognized as historic resource 42A "to be preserved" and was once physically linked to the historic residence (resource 42B) on 4 Grove Court, i.e., the parcel to the northwest. The properties also contain walks and rock work that were part of the estate and other properties in the Grove Court area also contain remnants of the estate, including pathways and rock features.

Based on early discussions between town staff, applicants and the project design team, the plans for the house renovation were developed and this was in light of the provisions of the town's general plan and follow up historic analysis as attached, including discussions with the town historian.

In addition to the efforts made to ensure that the house renovation and addition project would be consistent with the historic element of the town's general plan and also CEQA provisions for evaluation of historic structures, the design team had another long standing issue to contend with. Specifically, access to the existing site garage, and the garage access doors, is by way of an access easement over the

front part of the property to the north at 4 Grove Court. This easement and the access through it to the existing garage have proved to be burdens for both neighbors. Further, the town council and the ASCC have been involved with a process over the past two years as plans were prepared and implemented for fencing and modifications to the access to 4 Grove Court. These plans were finally approved and implemented as will be seen during the site meeting. The access easement, however, is still in place and the existing enclosed garage spaces can only be reached by the access easement.

In order to resolve the continuing issues associated with the existing garage access, and provide more separation between neighboring parcel residential uses, no longer tied together by structure, the plans propose to demolish the garage and construct a new garage with access internal to the subject site. This access does require some grading and tree removal, but the grading will allow for the new garage to be cut into the site and with the low profile flat roof, not be highly visible from 4 Grove Court or from the cul-de-sac bulb. The proposal would also accommodate guest parking spaces that are needed to relieve parking conflicts on the cul-de-sac bulb and provide a better relationship for access from the parking area to the rehabilitated house. The guest parking is to have a trellis to screen views to it from the street.

The existing garage extends well into the side yard setback and is a preexisting condition. The proposed garage is also to extend into the setback and would increase the building encroachment from roughly 175 sf to 250 sf. At the same time, the location and design lowers the garage significantly and eliminates the need or possibility for any vehicle access by way of the easement on the neighboring property. As noted above, the neighbors at 4 Grove have submitted an email that is supportive of the proposed design solution.

While some trees, including significant oaks, need to be removed to accommodate the access and proposed garage design, attempting to locate the garage further into the site to accommodate required parking and also meet setbacks would necessitate more grading and vegetation impacts. Further, retaining walls are to be used to control the extent of grading and cut the garage, driveway and guest parking into the site to minimize visual intrusion to the site and surrounding properties.

Working within the constraints imposed by the existing historic house and site conditions, including slope, tree cover, and lot pattern has proved challenging. Also, additions and changes to the house made over time have provided some substantial burdens to the applicants and their design team as explained in the attached materials. They have considered various design efforts respecting the historic elements of the house and also attempting to conform to current height, floor area, setback and parking standards. They have had to make a number of adjustments in order to stay as close to contemporary standards as possible and still permit a project that protects the historic condition of the multi-level house, adjusts to the overall site constraints, and also meets more contemporary family needs. As can be seen by the scope and depth of data developed by the applicants and their team, including outreach to neighbors, there is a passion for the property and its history that is a significant element in the design effort.

Thus, based on the foregoing and the materials provided with the subject applications, the following requests are specifically being made:

- **Architectural Review approval.** This is required given the scope of project elements and is the discretionary responsibility of the ASCC.
- **Site Development Permit X9H-662.** Proposed grading totals 921 cubic yards as counted pursuant to the site development ordinance and described on the civil plans for the project. This grading volume and the proposed tree removal require the subject site development permit. The ASCC is the approving authority for the site development permit. The scope of proposed tree removal is shown on site plan Sheet A2.6. The majority of the grading and tree removal is for construction of the new garage access and development of required covered parking and guest parking. Additional cut and fill is proposed for development of a level area for the proposed swimming pool and guest house and some outdoor level area immediately below the main residence.
- **Variance X7D-135.** There are several aspects to the variance request as noted below and in the attached 90/30/13 application. The planning commission sitting as the Board of Adjustment must consider the variance request at a public hearing and act on it considering the findings required under Section 18.68.070 of the zoning ordinance (copy attached with the variance application).

Specifically, the following variance relief is requested from the following zoning ordinance standards:

- a. Permit the proposed garage to encroach 15 feet into the required 20 foot northwest side yard. (Shown on Sheet A2.2.) This includes elimination of the existing driveway access from the easement, but does preserve space for a pathway that would connect to the existing stone pathway from the easement to the subject site and historic house. In any case, the majority of this existing, historic pathway material should be preserved or reused in the planned site work.
- b. Permit the guest parking area to have a 12-foot high trellis for screening that extends a maximum of 9 feet into the required 50-foot front yard setback. (Shown on Sheet A2.2.) Under averaging provisions a structure could extend 10 feet into the setback, but this structure does not meet the averaging provisions. Further, an ornamental garden structure, to a maximum of 12 feet can extend into a setback and a simple trellis without parking underneath could be considered a ornamental structure. These comparisons are offered mainly to show that the applicants, while dealing with site conditions and problems, have attempted to design to the spirit of the ordinance if not the specific standards. It is noted that the scope of parking is needed for zoning ordinance conformity to current residential standards.
- c. Permit the maximum height of the roof over the third story addition to be at 37.75 feet over adjacent grade whereas the ordinance limit is 28 feet. (See Sheets A3.1 and A3.4.) All other changes have roof levels that are with the maximums of the existing house or meet ordinance standards. For the third floor, the existing forms over the proposed expansion area don't all appear

to be consistent with the historic character, but already achieve a height over adjacent grade of over 35 feet (Sheet A3.1). Thus, the proposed expansion with a roof form consistent with the historic architecture increases the height by roughly 2.5 feet over the existing condition. Without the variance the third floor expansion could not occur making use of the historic roof form.

- d. Allow the project to exceed the total floor area limit of 5,071 sf by 250 sf and permit the historic bunker, "cellar," to be preserved and not count against the floor area limit. In this case, the total proposed floor area is 5,321 sf, not counting the bunker. This is 250 sf over the limit, or an increase of 4.9% as detailed on plan Sheet A1.0. The design team has found it necessary to exceed the floor area limit to address design flaws and constraints with the existing house, and, obviously, the existing garage does not function as would be a normal condition on a residential site in town.

Under current zoning ordinance floor area provisions, a parcel that has pre-existing floor area exceeding the limits can exceed these on a one-time basis up to a total of 5%. While the current site floor area does not exceed the zoning limit for the property, given the need and desire to preserve the historic residence, and the constraints associated, staff believes the challenges are similar to what the 5% allowance was intended to achieve. Thus, the applicant's have, with staff input, worked to keep the project within the 5% factor.

It should also be noted that the town has previously granted a variance for floor area over the zoning standard to allow changes to one of the structures of the historic Villa Lauriston complex. In that case, due to the very thick historic walls and the manner in which the town requires floor area to be calculated, the town allowed more floor area to allow for needed renovations and additions.

The "bunker" historic cellar is cut into the hillside on the south side of the parcel in the required setback area. The request is to permit the feature to exist and continue to be used in mostly its current condition, likely for storage and wine cellar purposes, and not count against the floor area limit. In any case, the request is to allow the historic bunker to remain along with the other floor area proposed for the project as set forth above.

2. **Existing conditions and project description, grading and vegetation impacts.** The application materials referenced above and attached define the existing site structures. Further, the preceding background review offers data on the existing structures. The comments that follow mainly focus on the physical conditions of the property and also the factors that limit options for development besides those associated with the historic provisions of the general plan as outlined above.

The site is accessed from the cul-de-sac bulb of Grove Court. The street frontage width is only 32 feet, whereas contemporary standards call for a minimum frontage of 40 feet. This width and the slope of the site do limit how driveway access can be provided and likely resulted in the easement on the neighboring property and, unfortunately, the past problems between neighbors associated with it.

The ground elevation at the Grove Court cul-de-sac is roughly 557 feet. From this point, the elevation decreases over the site to 490 feet at the Grove Drive frontage. The existing, roughly 42 foot tall, multi-level residence is sited at approximately elevation 520, although its base does adjust with the site contours and the basement level is cut into the site.

The proposed roughly 12-foot high garage and trellis would be cut into the upper slopes of the site and the flat roof would be at elevation 555 and two feet lower than the cul-de-sac. Thus views from the street would be over the garage.

The highest ridge of the existing house is at elevation 560 and this would not change with the project. Overall, notwithstanding the height variance request, the apparent height and massing of the existing house would not change significantly from existing conditions, but there would be changes to the eastern, Grove Drive side house view with the added decks, railings and window areas. The form of the upper level would, however, be much simpler than the current condition with the non-historic changes made over time.

The changes to the center part of the property largely result from the work proposed to accommodate the planned outdoor spaces, pool and guest house. Grading and tree removal would be needed to create level space for these planned features, and the site meeting will allow the opportunity to fully review existing conditions and receive a full presentation from the project design team on the proposed additions and modifications, as well as the grading and tree removal plans.

With respect to access, it is noted that there is also a long street frontage on Grove Drive at the northeastern boundary of the site. Driveway access from this side would require significantly more grading and tree removal and a longer driveway for access than is the case with the proposal. It would also limit the ability to landscape the lower area and options for outdoor spaces and guest house and pool placement. Such an access would also open more views from Grove Drive and increase the concerns of at least one neighbor. The current proposal does not face these east side issues and, also, it eliminates problems with the current easement driveway access.

- 3. Site Development Committee Review and stable inspector review.** To date, written comments have been received from the public works director (attached report dated 9/19/13), town geologist (attached email dated 9/16/13), and fire marshal (attached report dated 9/19/13). The site will be served by a sanitary sewer so a report from the health officer is not anticipated. The conservation committee has had a preliminary discussion of the project and will be represented at the site meeting.

While most of the reviews do not raise significant issue with the project, the comments in the email from the town geologist reference a concern over the Pd designation on the property. This unstable slope category is along the Grove Drive frontage and not at the existing/proposed building sites. Thus, any slope constraints would likely limit plans, for example, that would call for grading to develop a driveway access from Grove Drive.

4. **Compliance with Floor Area (FA), Impervious Surface Area (IS), height and yard setback limits.** Except for the variance issues noted above, all aspects of the project where changes are being made would conform to current standards. Further, the areas where changes to height are not planned and that exceed current height limits may remain as preexisting conditions.

The proposed guest house floor area of 558 sf is well under the 750 sf limit for guest houses. Further, the structure is designed to be a guest house and appears to fully conform to both the town's guest house zoning provisions and accessory structure policies (copies attached).

The total proposed impervious surface (IS) area is noted on Sheet A1.0 as 7,252 sf "including the main house and accessory structures." This is under the 7,427 sf limit for the property. It is noted, though, that house and accessory structure roof areas do not need to be included in calculating compliance with the IS limits. Thus, the project is well under the IS limit for the property.

5. **Project Design and Exterior Materials.** The proposed architecture is discussed in detail in the historic evaluation documents provided by the applicant. The guest house has been designed to be consistent with the architectural character of the existing house. The garage has been designed to also complement the existing house, but be as visually unobtrusive as possible. The colors board to be shared at the preliminary review meetings includes the following finishes:

- Main house siding. Board and batten finished in a dark brown color with a light reflectivity value (LRV) of 13% and well below the 40% policy maximum.
- Main house roof. "Faux" slate in a charcoal color, with an LRV of under 10% and well under the 40% policy maximum.
- Guest house and garage. Wood and plaster as identified on the plan elevation sheets finished with medium brown color with an LRV of 28% and well under the 40% policy maximum.
- Guest House roof. Zinc, with a weathered finish and LRV of under 20%, i.e., well below the 40% policy limit.
- Garage roof. Living green roof.
- Trellis. Stained wood.

Existing metal chimney elements are not historic and are to be replaced with brick. Detailing is still needed for finishes to be used for trim and other features including windows and doors, railings, concrete walls, deck railings, etc. These eventually should be provided to the satisfaction of the ASCC.

6. **Landscaping/fencing.** The plans do not identify any new fencing with the project. If any is planned it should be identified to the satisfaction of the ASCC. The concepts for landscaping are presented on Sheet A2.3. The approach and plant selection appear generally consistent with town guidelines. The site meeting, however, will provide the opportunity for the landscape concepts to be fully presented to the ASCC. Our two main preliminary comments are that there appears to be the need for some additional screen planting along the west and south sides of the garage/parking area and that every effort should be made to save and reuse the existing rock and stone pathways.

7. **Exterior Lighting.** The concepts for lighting are shown on plan Sheet A2.5 and fixture cut sheets are attached. The details for fixture placement need to eventually be defined to the satisfaction of the ASCC. The concepts should be discussed with the design team at the evening 10/14 ASCC meeting.

The ASCC should conduct the 10/14 preliminary review, including the site visit, and offer comments, reactions and directions to assist the applicant and project architect modify plans as may be necessary to allow for eventual action by the ASCC on the architectural review plans. ASCC members should also forward any comments to the planning commission relative to the design aspects of the specific variance matters.

6. COMMISSION AND STAFF REPORTS

Staff will report on the status of applications currently under review and the meeting line-ups anticipated for the upcoming ASCC meetings.

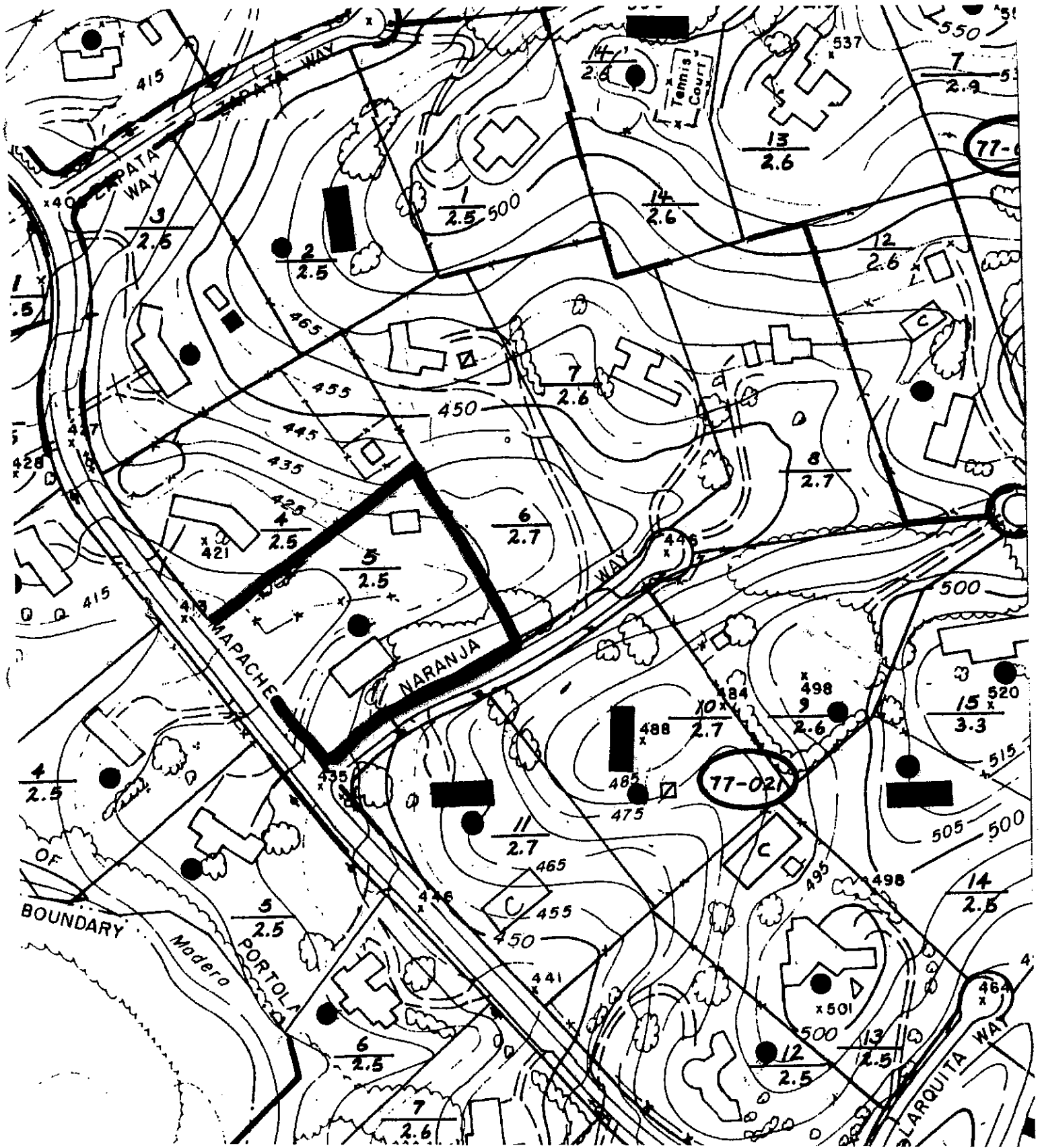
TCV 

encl.

attach.

- cc. Planning Commission Liaison
- Town Council Liaison
- Town Manager
- Mayor
- Deputy Town Planner Kristiansson
- Assistant Planner Borck
- Applicants

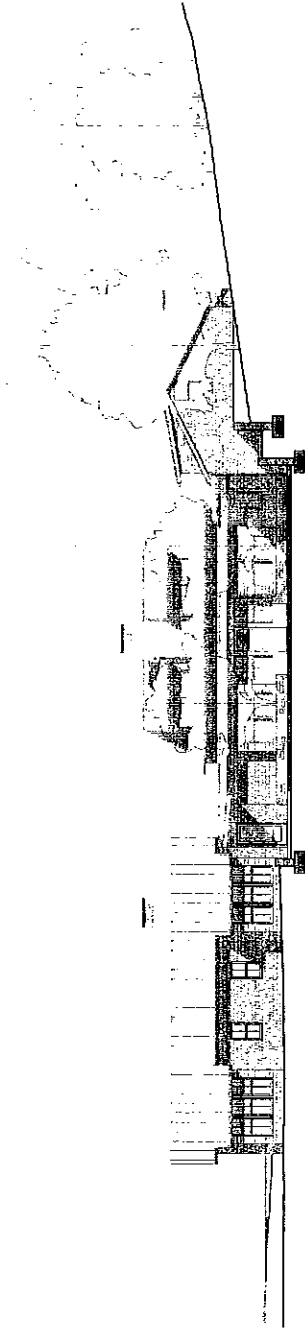
**ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW
RESIDENTIAL REDEVELOPMENT
SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT X9H-657
5 NARANJA WAY, MAFFIA**



Vicinity Map
 Scale: 1" = 200 feet

Architectural Review Residential Redevelopment & X9H-657, Maffia
 5 Naranja Way, Town of Portola Valley
 August 2013

GENERAL
 COVER SHEET
 CIVIL
 DRAINAGE AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN
 LANDSCAPE
 L.I.G.
 L.C.S.
 L.S.D.
 TREE PROTECTION AND REMOVAL PLAN
 PLANTING PLAN
 EXTERIOR LIGHTING PLAN
 ARCHITECTURAL
 A1 (1) SHERMAN



MAFFIA RESIDENCE

5 NARANJA WAY, PORTOLA VALLEY, CA

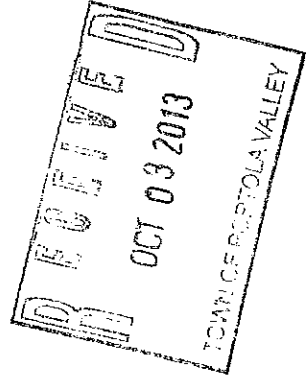
ARCHITECTURAL & SITE CONTROL COMMISSION AND SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT APPLICATION SECOND RESUBMITTAL

OCTOBER 02, 2013

RECEIVED

OCT - 7 2013

SPANGLE ASSOC.





DATE	DESCRIPTION
10/27/11	ASCC PRELIMINARY
10/27/11	ASCC PRELIMINARY

LAUREN INC.
10000 S. DEER CREEK ROAD
SUITE 100
DUBLIN, CA 94568
TEL: (925) 835-1000
WWW.LAURENINC.COM

DATE	DESCRIPTION
06/09/13	ASCC PRELIMINARY
06/09/13	ASCC PRELIMINARY
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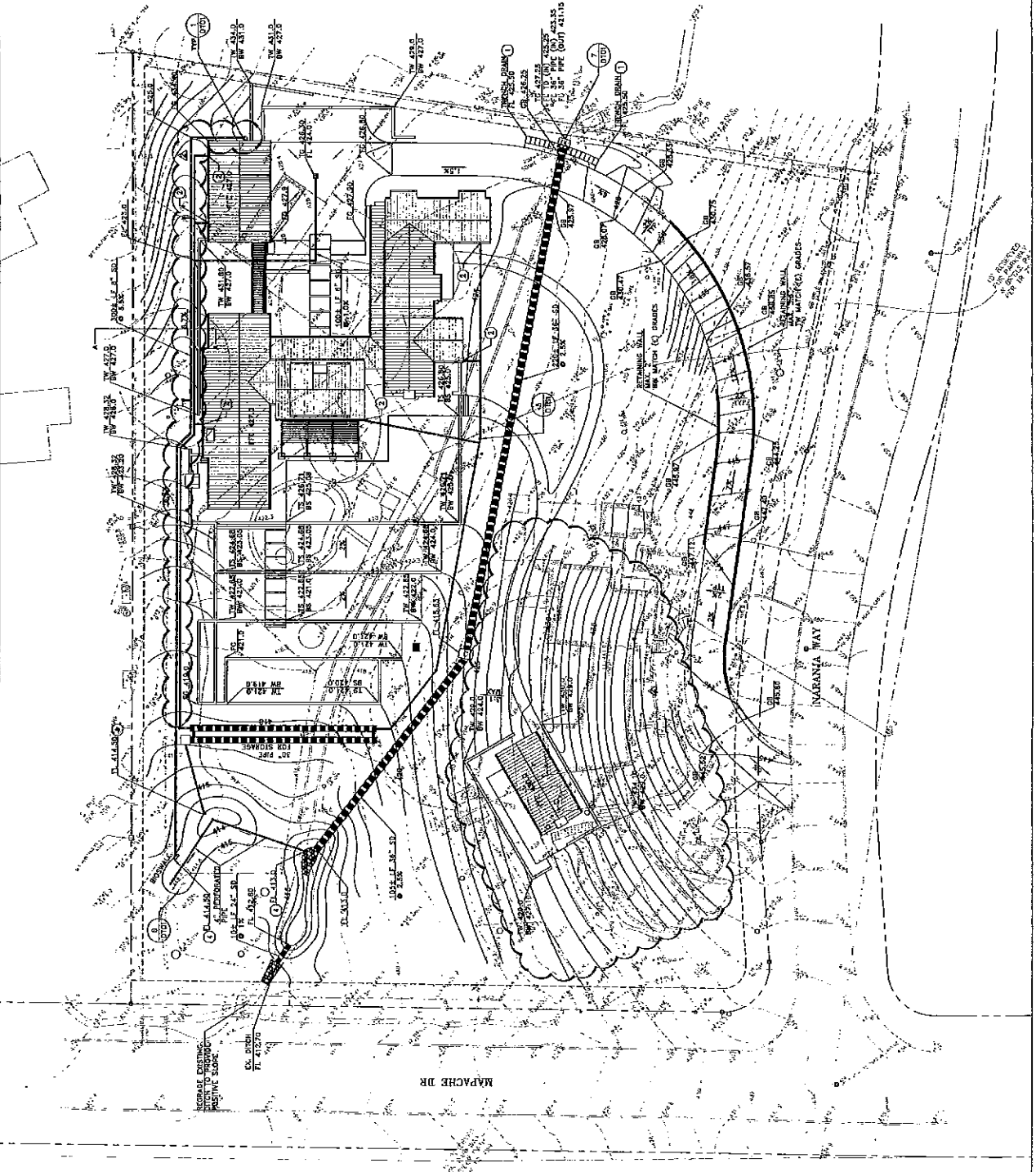
GRADING GENERAL NOTES:
1. ALL EXISTING STRUCTURES TO REMAIN SHALL BE DEMOLISHED AND RECONSTRUCTED TO REPAIR AND/OR REPLACE THE EXISTING STRUCTURES AS NECESSARY TO RETURN IT TO EXISTING CONDITIONS OR BETTER.
2. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL PROPERTY CORNERS.
3. CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE GOVERNING CODES AND BE CONNECTED TO SAME.
4. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE EXISTING FINISHES AS NECESSARY TO ASSURE A SMOOTH FIT AND CONTIGUOUS GROUND.
5. STORM DRAIN PIPE BEDDING & TRENCH BACKFILL SHALL BE INSTALLED PER DETAIL (A) (1).
6. ALL STORM PIPE EXTERIOR STRUCTURES SHALL BE WATERPROOFED AS REQUIRED BY WATERPROOFING CONSULTANT.
7. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE AWAY FROM BUILDING FOUNDATION AND EXISTING DRIVEWAYS.
8. CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO COSTUM REPORT REGARDING FOUNDATION AND CAULKING PREPARATIONS.
9. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR REMEDIATING THE DAMAGE DONE TO EXISTING UTILITIES AND/OR STRUCTURES. DAMAGE TO UTILITIES SHALL BE EQUAL TO, OR BETTER THAN EXISTING CONDITIONS.
10. THE CONTRACTOR IS SPECIFICALLY CAUTIONED THAT THE LOCATION OF ALL UTILITIES SHALL BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. WHERE POSSIBLE MEASUREMENTS TAKEN IN THE FIELD. THE CONTRACTOR MUST CALL THE APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANIES AT LEAST 72 HOURS BEFORE ANY EXCAVATION TO REQUEST FACILITY LOCATION. THE CONTRACTOR TO RELIEVE UTILITIES WHICH CONFLICT WITH THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ADVISE TO ALL THE SUBMITTALS ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.

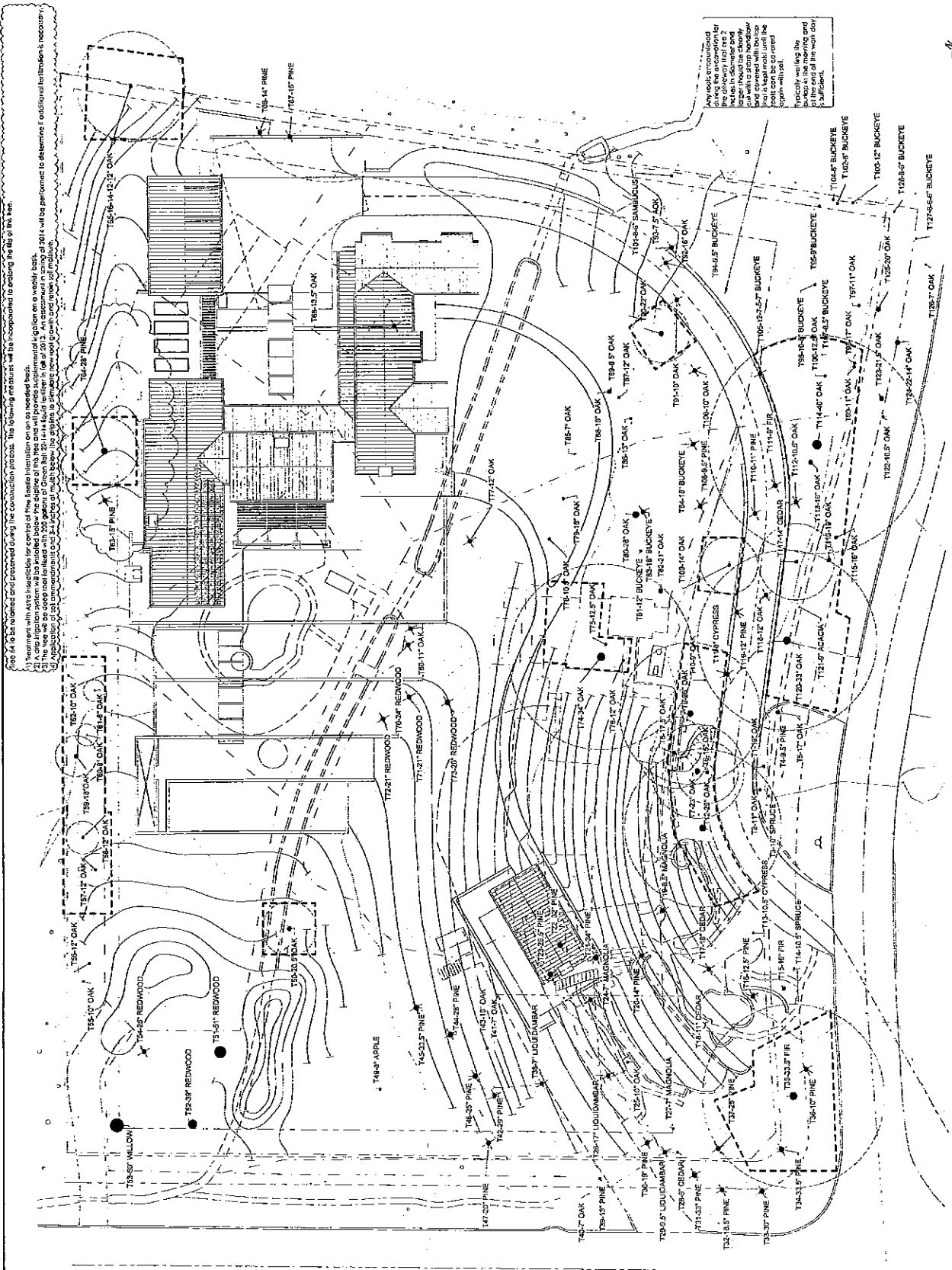
- LEGEND**
- CLEANLINE PER DETAIL (A) (1)
 - FLOW DIRECTION
 - GRADE BREAK
 - FS CONTOUR
 - PROPOSED STORM DRAIN LINE
 - ENERGY DISSIPATOR SHALL BE INSTALLED AND BE MIN. 3' DIAMETER STONE TO BE 5' MAX SPACING IN NAPA (SUBMIT SAMPLES)
 - CROSS SECTION PER DETAIL (A) (1)

- ABBREVIATIONS:**
- BE = BOTTOM OF STEP ELEVATION
 - CE = GRADE BREAK ELEVATION
 - FE = FINISH GRADE ELEVATION
 - TE = TOP OF CURB ELEVATION
 - TE = TOP OF STEP ELEVATION
 - FE = FINISH GRADE ELEVATION
 - TP = TYPICAL

- GRADING NOTES:**
- 1 = 24" WIDE TRENCH DRAIN
 - 2 = RUN LOGS PER DETAIL 3 OF SHEET 001 (REFER TO ARCH. PLANS FOR EXACT LOCATION)
 - 3 = MATCH EXISTING GRADE
 - 4 = 1" RND SECTION W/ 1/2" ATRUM CRATES
 - 5 = CONNECT TO EXISTING DITCH
 - 6 = OUTFALL STRUCTURE

EARTHWORK VOLUME (C EXCLUDES BUILDING PAD)
CUT = 870 CY
FILL = 1,000 CY
NET = 630 CY (FILL)





Notes:
1) Tree Protection Zones (TPZ) shall be established for all trees to be protected.
2) Tree Protection Zones shall be established for all trees to be protected.
3) The tree to be removed shall be removed within 30 days of the start of construction.
4) The tree to be removed shall be removed within 30 days of the start of construction.

Any root encroachment during the construction for trees in the protection zone shall be removed. Any root encroachment larger than 1/2 inch in diameter shall be removed. Any root encroachment larger than 1/2 inch in diameter shall be removed. Any root encroachment larger than 1/2 inch in diameter shall be removed.

Tree Protection Notes-

All Tree Protection fencing must be 5 foot chain link fencing with metal post driving into the ground every 10 feet. Orange protective fencing is not acceptable. The project should cover the layout of the tree protection fencing.

All fencing must remain in place for the duration of the construction project. If the fencing needs to be moved then the project architect should be contacted prior to moving the fence.

No construction or demolition activities may commence until the tree protection fencing has been installed, inspected and approved by the Portola Valley Public Work Inspector.

No construction materials or equipment storage is permitted within the tree protection zones.

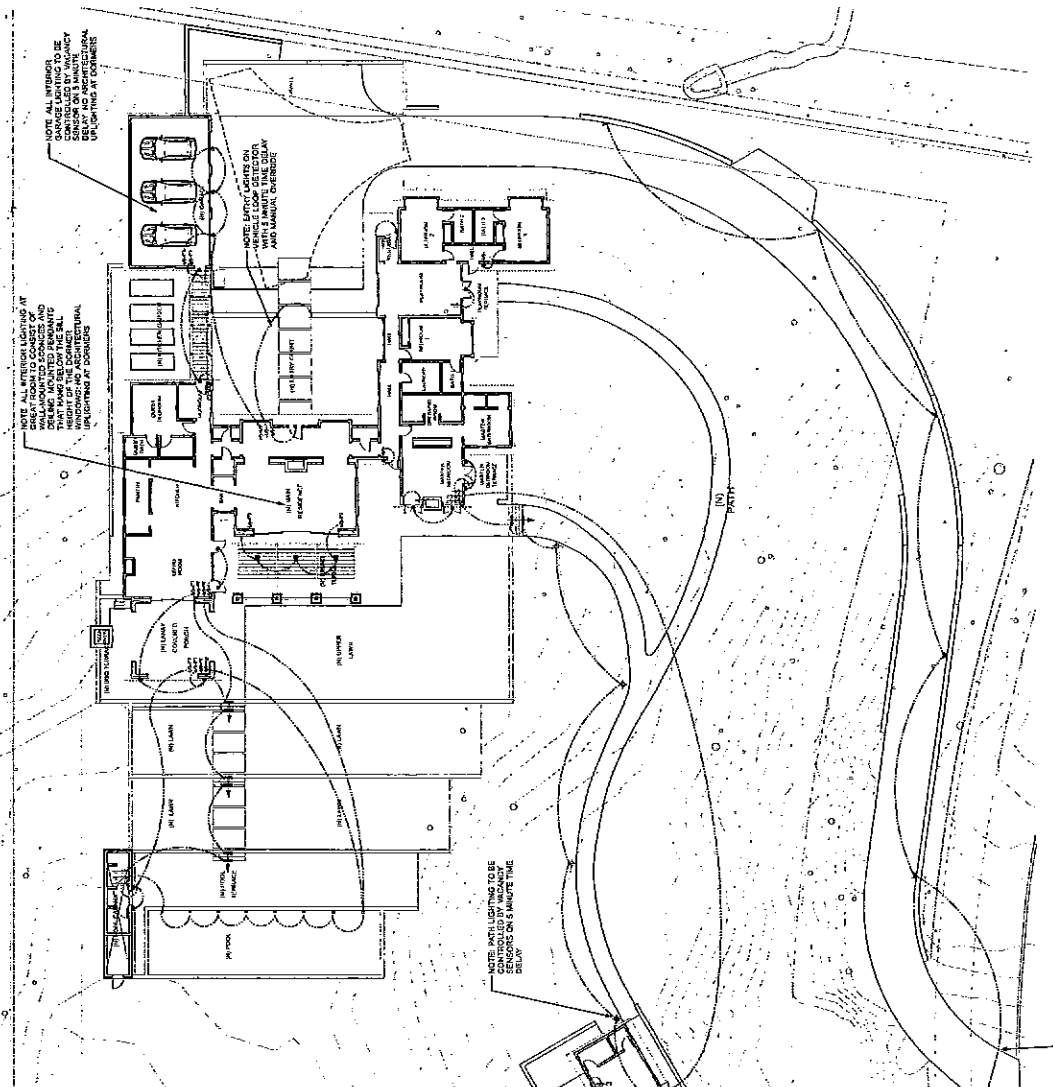
If a protected tree becomes damaged during the construction project, the project architect for an appropriate course of action and inform the Town Hall Planning Department of the incident.

If any existing tree must be removed for any reason, you must first submit a Tree Removal Permit with an arborist letter to the Town for review prior to removal. Tree removal permits are subject to review by the Planning Manager and/or Conservation Committee.

Tree Protection Fencing
Symbol

1.1 TREE PROTECTION AND REMOVAL PLAN
10.2.13

SYMBOL	QTY	ASCC	RE SUBMIT	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER/MODEL	FINISH
●	11	ASCC 10.2.13		ARISE DOWN LIGHTS	IKORIAN/LAQUARIO DOWN LIGHT/LED 2WELL	Brass
▲	0			ARCHITECTURAL sconce	COOPER LIGHTING/COOP-5619-241/20	Brass
○	14			ARCHITECTURAL WALL LIGHTS	Hexis Wall Down Light-20 Watt	Brass
⦶	0			RECESSED WALKWAY LIGHTS	RECESSED WALKWAY LIGHT/LED 2WELL	Brass
⦶	0			PATIO LIGHT	BURMAN DRIVE/STAR 2WELL LED	Aluminum
⦶	0			POOL LIGHT	SAV BLANCO 20W 2" DIMMABLE LED	Nickel



NOTE: ALL WEEDS AND MULCH TO BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES TO BE SAVED TO BE REUSED TO BE SAVED TO BE REUSED

NOTE: BRUSH LIGHTS ON THE DRIVEWAY TO BE CONTROLLED BY WASTAGE SENSING 5-8 MINUTE DELAY

POOL LANE

PATIO

VEHICLE LANE DETECTOR WITH 2 MINUTE DELAY

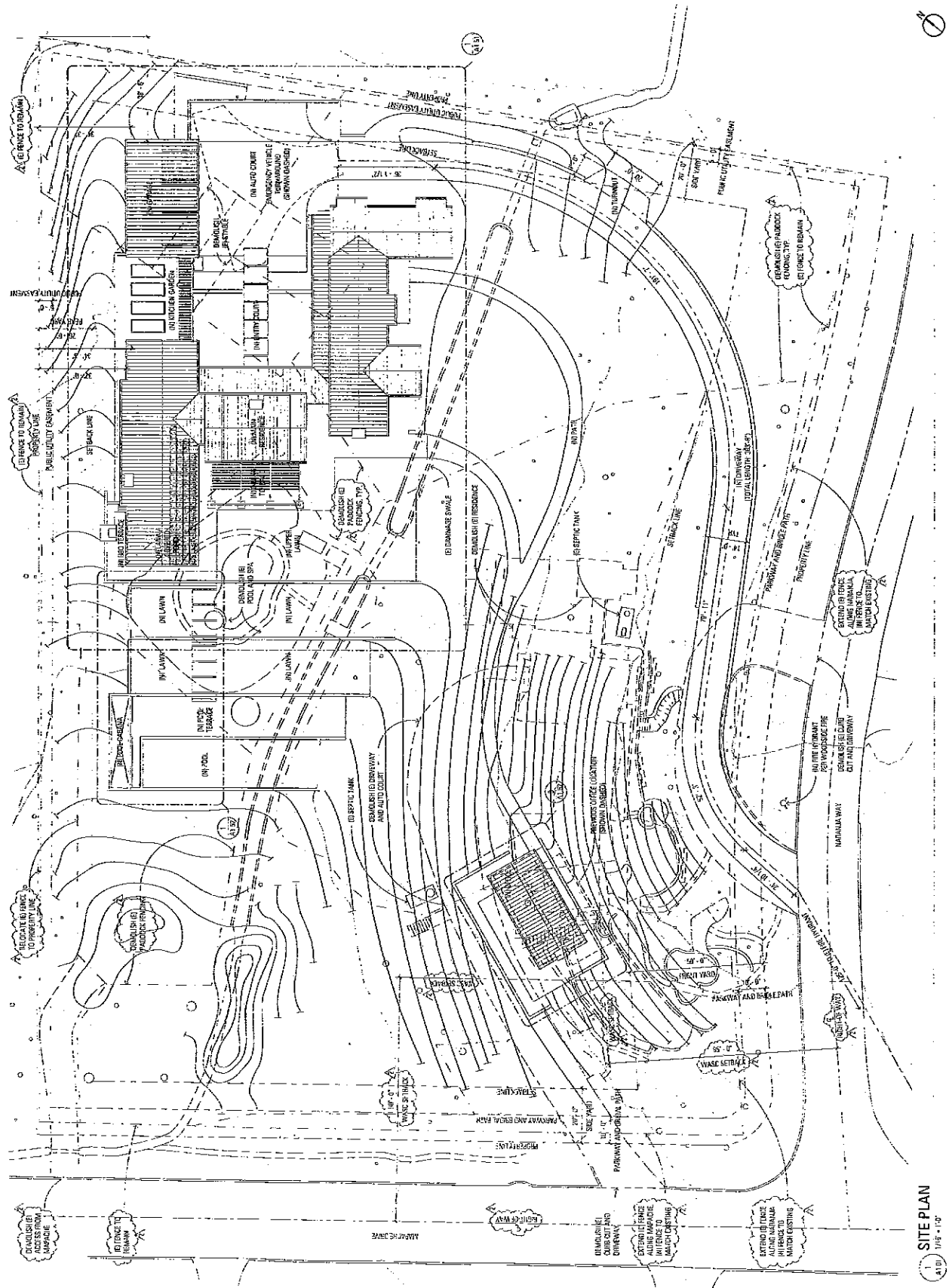
MAFFIA RESIDENCE

PORTOLIA VALLEY, CA

DATE: 08/11/14
PROJECT NO: 14001
SHEET NO: 1/1

SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"

A1.01



SITE PLAN
1/8" = 1'-0"

Jeremy Butler-Pinkham <JBPINKHAM@bararch.com> 

October 3, 2013 3:45 PM

To: 'Tom Vlastic' <vlastic@spangleassociates.com>

Cc: 'Carol Borck' <cborck@portolavalley.net>, Karen Kristiansson <KKristiansson@portolavalley.net>, "Maffia, Mike" <mmaffia@ccareynkf.com>

5 Naranja Way - ASCC Second Resubmittal

10 Attachments, 5.2 MB

Hello Tom,

In response to the comments from the ASCC members at our meeting on September 23, 2013 we have made some additional revisions to the project and have sent a partial set of supplemental drawings to Carol Borck earlier today for consideration by the ASCC and Planning Commission. The drawings should have arrived at the planning department earlier this morning. Our responses to the conditional approval items from the ASCC are outlined below.

- 1) Arterra Landscape Architects has addressed the comments regarding the large Monterey Pine (tree #64) as reflected in the revised planting plan L3.0. In addition, Ned Patchett, the project arborist, has proposed the attached maintenance program for tree #64. Ned Patchett has also provided a maintenance program for the coast live oak mentioned at the site meeting (Tree #59) as well as the other live oaks along the western end of the north property line (attached). Other comments and concerns of the ASCC related to the proposed landscape plan as well as recommendations from Tom Klope regarding screening and views between and from the adjacent property at 170 Mapache Drive have been addressed and incorporated into the revised planting plan. Please see attached letter from Arterra Landscape Architects describing the overall planting strategy.
- 2) The planting along the north property line will be installed upon completion of rough grading. Once installed, the new planting will be protected and maintained throughout the duration of construction. A project development and planting schedule will be provided once a contractor has been selected and the construction schedule and staging plan have been established.
- 3) The north side screen planting will be installed per the revised landscape plan by Arterra Landscape Architects with oversight from Arterra Landscape Architects along with a designated ASCC member and the town planner. The garage and north side house locations and ridge line elevations will be sufficiently mocked up to ensure that the new trees and plantings are field adjusted to properly screen the sensitive view relationships between the adjacent properties. The great room ridge line and dormer windows on the east side of the great room will also be sufficiently mocked up, so that these can also be considered during the placement of the new screen planting.
- 4) The existing fencing along the west end of the north property line will be relocated to the north property line as indicated on the revised site plan A1.01. The existing fencing along Mapache and Naranja will also be extended to enclose the entire property as indicated on the revised site plan A1.01. All new fencing will match the style and character of the existing fence which consists of vertical wood posts spaced roughly 8 feet on center connected by 3 horizontal wood rails with wire deer fencing in between.
- 5) A detailed construction staging and vegetation protection plan will be provided once a contractor has been selected.
- 6) Arterra Landscape Architects has addressed the comments and concerns from the ASCC and town planner regarding the landscape lighting and lighting control as reflected in the revised lighting plan L5.0. The landscape lighting strategy is further described in the attached letter from Arterra Landscape Architects.

The WASC conditions of approval have also been met:

- 1) Curb cuts along Mapache Drive have been will be eliminated upon completion of the project as indicated on the revised site plan A1.01 and no new access from Mapache Drive is being proposed.
- 2) A detailed construction staging plan and project schedule will be provided once a contractor has been selected as indicated in item 2 and 5 above. The staging plan will ensure that all construction staging, parking and storage is contained within the boundaries of the property.
- 3) The office structure in the previously proposed location complies with the WASC setbacks as indicated on the revised site plan A1.01 dated 10/2/13. As clarified by Rusty Day of the WASC by email on 10/2/13, the required WASC setbacks are 50 feet from any public right-of-way which includes both the road right-of-way as well as the 10 foot wide parkway and bridal path easement along Mapache Drive and Naranja Way. The setback requirements therefore consist of 90 feet from the centerline of the Mapache right-of-way and 85 feet from the Naranja right-of-way. As indicated on A1.01, the office structure is located well outside of these required setbacks.

Note: Due to a last minute clarification regarding the specific WASC setback requirements that was received after the drawings had been revised, the office was prematurely shifted to the northeast and is shown incorrectly in the landscape and civil drawings. The architectural site plan A1.01 dated 10/2/13 shows the intended location which is compliant with the confirmed setback requirements. The planting plan, lighting plan, grading plan and earthwork calculations were not significantly impacted by this change. Please refer to A1.01 for the correct office location.

In addition, as requested by the ASCC, a narrative describing the proposed drainage solution from Freyer & Laureta, the project civil engineer, is also attached.

Please let me know if there are additional questions or clarifications.

Thanks,
Jeremy


Jeremy Butler-Pinkham, LEED AP | Architect
(415) 293-7176 | jbpinkham@bararch.com

BAR

543 Howard Street, San Francisco, CA 94105
T: (415) 293-5700 www.bararch.com



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Jeremy Butler-Pinkham <JBPINKHAM@bararch.com> 
To: 'Tom Vlasic' <vlasic@spangleassociates.com>
5 Naranja Way - Fencing

October 8, 2013 11:43 AM

5 Attachments, 2 MB

Hi Tom,

Regarding your voicemail: Yes, the new fencing is intended to be an extension of the existing fence that is already in place. It will be of the same design, character and proportions of the existing fence (see attached image). I have not confirmed the height of the existing fence, but I believe it is under 4 feet tall. Either way, the new fence will not exceed 4 feet in height.

Thanks,
Jeremy

Jeremy Butler-Pinkham, LEED AP | Architect
(415) 293-7176 | jbpinkham@bararch.com

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ARTERRA

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS

Landscape Architectural Narrative for Second Resubmittal
The Maffia Residence
5 Naranja Way, Portola Valley CA

October 3, 2013

Mr. Tom Vlasic
Town Planner
Portola Valley, CA

Dear Tom,

As a supplement to our revised landscape and lighting plan plans we have prepared the below narrative that specifically addresses Tom Klope's and the ASCC's comments and concerns. We are confident that the revised plans provide adequate screening while preserving the horizon views and night sky. The plan also maintains a natural landscape that will blend with the existing Westridge indigenous landscape.

With respect to tree #64, we have received conflicting opinions as to whether this tree should be removed. During our initial site meeting with the ASCC the consensus was to remove the tree. This decision was also supported by the conservation committee. After our second meeting and response to neighbors' concerns, the ASCC insisted that we not remove the tree. While the staff report suggest that this tree would survive for 5-10 years, our arborist has indicated that the timeline is approximately 2-3 years. As of now, we don't have an arborist report that would support the 5-10 year life expectancy. As depicted in the attached images, it is clear that this tree has been greatly infected by the bark beetle. The attached images show pitch tubes, boring dust, and pitch (resin). For description of beetle infestation, see Arborist Report.

While we acknowledge the short-term advantages of the screening provided by the existing pine, we would continue to advocate that we remove tree #64 and replace it with a 72" box Coast Live Oak. We believe this is the more prudent long-term approach, as this tree will ultimately need to be removed. Planting a Coast Live Oak now would provide a more mature tree sooner, rather than having to wait and replant upon the demise of tree #64. Removing the infected pine now would also mitigate the hazards of tree #64, which include fire risk, as well as the threat of branches falling and damaging the to-be-built structure and/or the existing

neighboring structure. Moreover, future removal of the pine would likely damage some of the newly proposed understory planting, potentially compromising the screening.

Notwithstanding the above and in the spirit of seeking approval of our planting plan, we are submitting a revised planting plan that preserves tree #64. If the ASCC approves our landscape plan conditioned on keeping tree #64, then we will begin treating the tree outlined in the attached Tree Maintenance Plan provide by Ned Patchet. Alternatively, if the ASCC approves the removal of tree #64, it will be replaced with a 72" Coast Live Oak after rough grading is complete. And, if tree # 64 dies during construction, it will be replaced with a 72" Coast Live Oak.

In response to Tom Klope's and the ASCC's recommendations we have removed from the previous planting plan a total of 8 Coast Live Oaks from the North and East property boundaries. We removed 3 Coast Live Oaks from the North property line and introduced four (4) *Arbutus marina*. The *Arbutus marina* were placed in the neighbors view corridor as requested by Thomas Klope. While the *Arbutus marina* is not native, they are similar to the native *Madrone* species. We have selected trees of various heights and sizes to create a more natural screen. We have also confirmed that with the appropriate irrigation and drainage, the *Botryosphaeria* fungus can be mitigated. The revised plan also includes two (2) California Buckeye trees to provide seasonal change and also to emulate the indigenous landscape of the Westridge area. In addition, we are adding to the neighbor's existing plants to fill in the understory level screen with Pacific Wax Myrtle and *Prunus Illicifolia*.

Also, per Tom Klope's recommendation, we have included two (2) additional Redwoods that are placed next to the existing Redwoods on the Holland-Yate's property. This would again soften the distinction of the landscape between the two properties in an informal natural manner. On the North property line we have retained three (3) Coast Live Oaks from the previous plan. Two (2) of the Coast Live Oaks are placed below the existing Redwoods and will provide excellent screening to the lanai area. The third (3rd) Coast Live Oak was strategically positioned outside the neighbor's view corridor, and placed close to the garage (nearly 23' off the property line) as to not impact the garden. The inclusion of this tree is critical to landscape theme as it breaks-up the massing of the of the *Arbutus marina* trees and creates a more natural transition to the existing Coast Live Oaks that are on the corners of the Wells and Holland Yates parcels. This Coast Live Oak also helps to integrate the new planting with the existing oaks that surround the property. Additional Pacific Wax Myrtles were also added in with *Arbutus marinas* for lower screening.

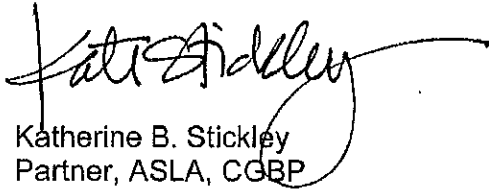
On the Eastern property line we removed five (5) Coast Live Oaks form the previous plan to avoid interrupting the feeling of the pasture extending into the Wells property.

The lighting plan has been updated to show switching, pool lights and additional safety lights along the paths and driveway. In order to avoid create an overall soft glow in the pool, a very small, under 2" diameter, light was selected and placed every 8' per pool contractor's recommendation. Path lights were added from the dining terrace steps to the office. The BK light that was selected is 3 watts and will spread light just across the path to provide enough light to find your way to and from the office in the dark. These path lights with be controlled by vacancy sensors on a 5-minute delay. Because the upper portion of the driveway is shrouded in tree canopy, lights have been added into the walls along the driveway. These are to be set low, 12" above finished grade to cast just enough light onto the driveway for way-finding when

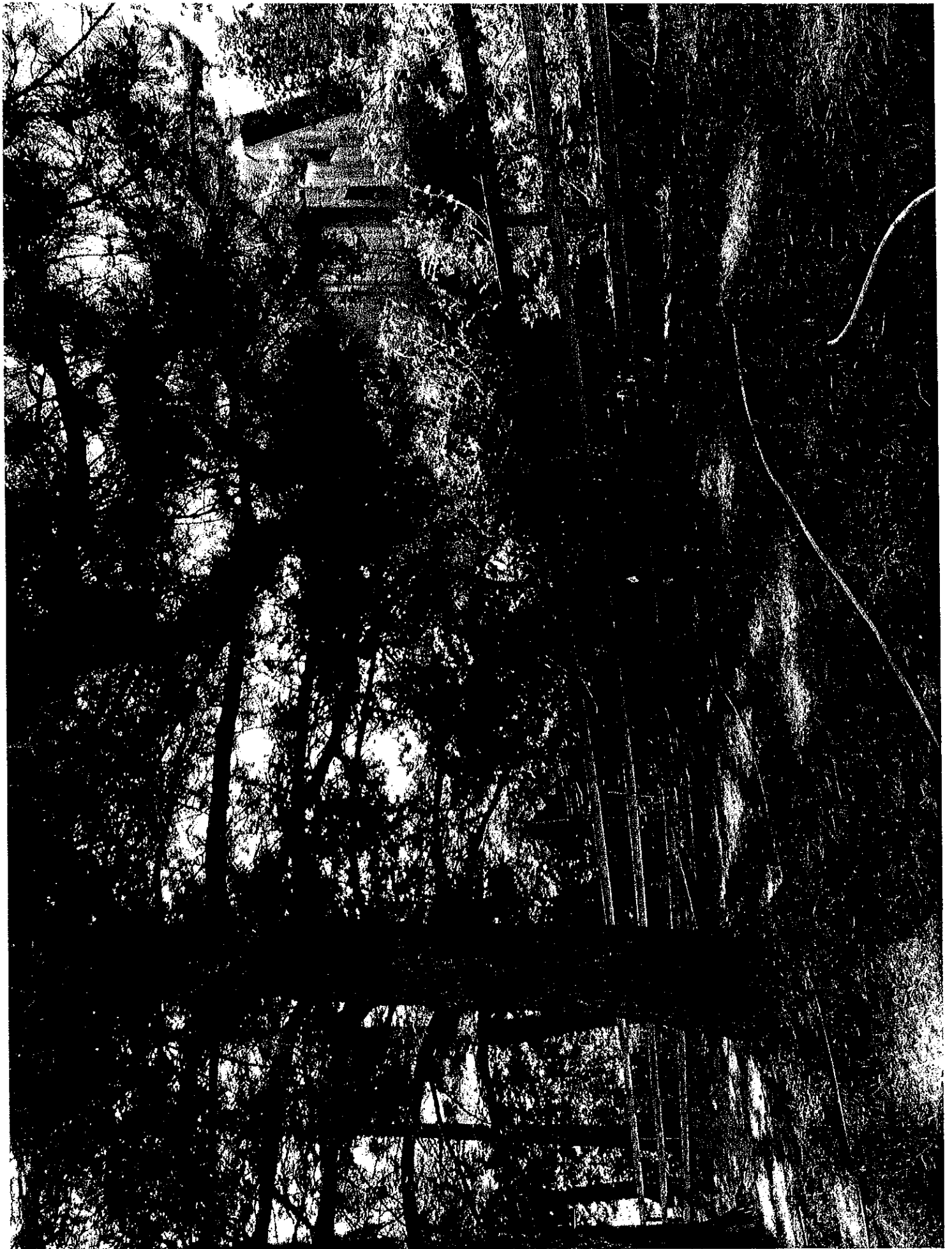
walking or on a bicycle. The upper portion of the driveway is tucked behind the tree canopy of neighboring properties and will not affect any off site views. These driveway wall lights will be on a vehicle loop detector with a 5-minute delay.

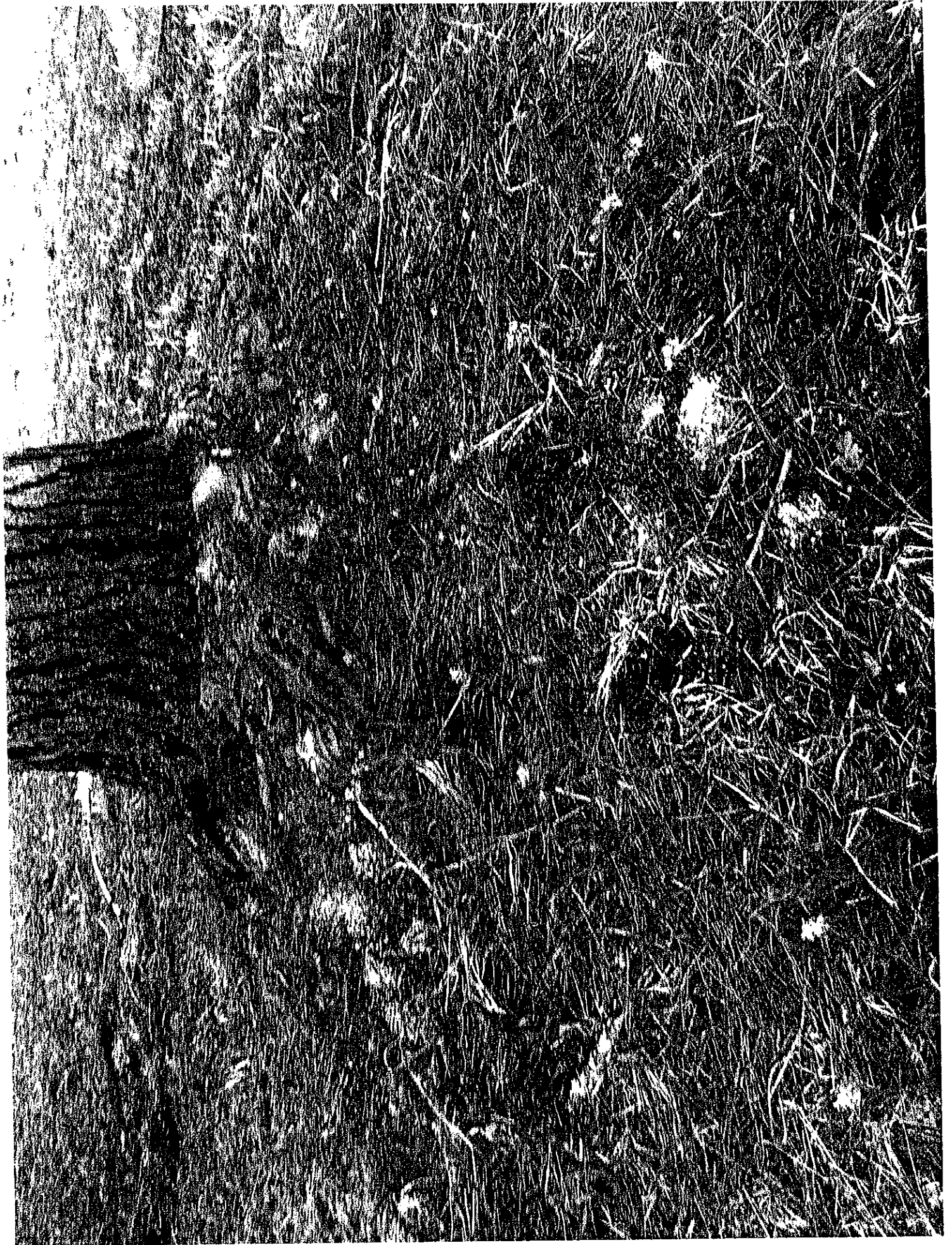
The overall planting and lighting approach and the recent modifications create a natural transition between 5 Naranja and the adjacent properties, while at the same time creating appropriate screening for privacy and safe passage for the residents and their guests.

Respectfully submitted,



Katherine B. Stickle
Partner, ASLA, CGBP







NED PATCHETT CONSULTING

Arboricultural Consultant
Certified Arborist WE-4597A
www.nedpatchettconsulting.com



Proposal and Contract

Mike Maffia
5 Naranja Way
Portola Valley, CA 94028

Date: September 25, 2013

Dear: Mike

The following is a proposal to provide arborist services for your project located at 5 Naranja Way in Portola Valley, CA.

I propose to furnish all materials and labor necessary to perform the following work and complete the project in a substantial and workman like manner. Please sign the **Proposal and Contract** and attached **Arborist Disclosure Statement** and return it to me by fax, e-mail or mail, as I require a signed contract prior to scheduling your work.

Scope of Work

1. Treatment of (1) Monterey pine tree with Astro insecticide for pine beetle control.
Cost: \$200
2. Installation of a battery powered irrigation valve and drip irrigation system below the dripline of (1) Monterey pine tree. I will need a functioning hose bib for this system to work and I am not sure on the exact location of a hose bib relative to the tree. Depending on the distance it may affect the price. The drip system that we install will be sufficient to connect to the future irrigation clock. **Cost: \$450-550**
3. Application of 3-4 inches of mulch below the dripline on (1) Monterey pine tree. I will also apply Azomite Soil Sweetener and Root Growth Enhancer below the layer of mulch to stimulate beneficial microbes and bacteria. **Cost: \$380**
4. Deep root fertilization with 200 gallons of Green Belt 22-14-14 fertilizers. This work should be performed in fall and again in spring. **Cost per treatment: \$300**

830 Buena Vista Street in Moss Beach, CA 94038

Office: 650.728.8308 Fax: 650.897.8025

Contractor License # 892928

ned@arboristconsultant.com

Page 1 of 3

NED PATCHETT CONSULTING

Arboricultural Consultant
Certified Arborist WE-4597A
www.nedpatchettconsulting.com



Terms

Any additions, alterations or deviations from the above Scope of Work will become an extra charge over the costs mentioned in this contract. Authorized services outside of the Scope of Work will be billed separately on a time and materials basis.

I require a signed contract in order to schedule work and payment in full upon completion of the project unless otherwise stated in the proposal.

Respectfully Submitted,

Ned Patchett

You are authorized to furnish all materials and labor required to complete the work mentioned in the above proposal, for which I agree to pay the amount in said proposal, and according to the terms thereof, I have read the conditions of proposal and contract and agree to same. This proposal is valid for 7 days only.

ACCEPTED SIGNATURE

_____, Please Print Name

Date _____, 2013

830 Buena Vista Street in Moss Beach, CA 94038

Office: 650.728.8308 Fax: 650.897.8025

Contractor License # 892928

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Page 2 of 3

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Arborist Disclosure Statement

Arborists are tree specialists who use their education, knowledge, training, and experience to examine trees. They recommend measures to enhance the beauty and health of trees and attempt to reduce the risk of living near trees. Clients may choose to accept or disregard the recommendations of the arborist or to seek additional advice.

Arborists cannot detect every condition that could possibly lead to the structural failure of a tree. Trees are living organisms that fail in ways we do not fully understand. Conditions are often hidden within trees and below the ground. Arborists cannot guarantee that a tree will be healthy or safe under all circumstances or for a specified period of time. Likewise, remedial treatments like any medicine cannot be guaranteed.

Treatment, pruning, and removal of trees may involve considerations beyond the scope of the arborist's services such as property boundaries, property ownership, site lines, disputes between neighbors, and other issues. Arborists cannot take such considerations into account unless complete and accurate information is disclosed to the arborist. An arborist should then be expected to reasonably rely upon the completeness and accuracy of the information provided.

Trees can be managed, but they cannot be controlled. To live near trees is to accept some degree of risk. The only way to eliminate all risk associated with trees is to eliminate all trees.

Please sign and date that you have read the Arborist Disclosure Statement.

830 Buena Vista Street in Moss Beach, CA 94038
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ned@arboristconsultant.com

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Arboricultural Consultant
Certified Arborist WE-4597A
www.nedpatchettconsulting.com



Proposal and Contract

Mike Maffia
5 Naranja Way
Portola Valley, CA 94028

Date: October 3, 2013

Dear: Mike

The following is a proposal to provide arborist services for your project located at 5 Naranja Way in Portola Valley, CA.

I propose to furnish all materials and labor necessary to perform the following work and complete the project in a substantial and workman like manner. Please sign the **Proposal and Contract** and attached **Arborist Disclosure Statement** and return it to me by fax, e-mail or mail, as I require a signed contract prior to scheduling your work.

Scope of Work

1. Treatment of (1) coast live oak tree (Tree 59) with Cleary 3336 for control of **Cryptocline cinerascens** and other twig blight pathogens in fall of 2013. **Cost: \$400**
2. Removal of dead and infected branches 2 inches in diameter and larger on Tree 59. **Cost: \$500**
3. Treatment of (6) coast live oak trees along property line between Maffia and Yates property with Agri-fos and Penetra-bark to reduce the chances of SOD infection. **Cost: \$300**

Terms

Any additions, alterations or deviations from the above Scope of Work will become an extra charge over the costs mentioned in this contract. Authorized services outside of the Scope of Work will be billed separately on a time and materials basis.

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I require a signed contract in order to schedule work and payment in full upon completion of the project unless otherwise stated in the proposal.

Respectfully Submitted,

Ned Patchett

You are authorized to furnish all materials and labor required to complete the work mentioned in the above proposal, for which I agree to pay the amount in said proposal, and according to the terms thereof, I have read the conditions of proposal and contract and agree to same. This proposal is valid for 7 days only.

ACCEPTED SIGNATURE

_____, Please Print Name

Date _____, 2013

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Page 2 of 3



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Trees can be managed, but they cannot be controlled. To live near trees is to accept some degree of risk. The only way to eliminate all risk associated with trees is to eliminate all trees.

Please sign and date that you have read the Arborist Disclosure Statement.



**FREYER
LAURETA, INC.**

CIVIL ENGINEERS • SURVEYORS • CONSTRUCTION MANAGERS

Below is a narrative explaining the proposed stormwater management for the Maffia Residence project site located at 5 Naranja Way, Portola Valley, CA:

The project site is situated in a natural valley and is at the receiving end of offsite stormwater runoff generated from a watershed area (about 41.8 acres) extending from East of Mapache Drive to West of Westridge Drive/Paloma Road. The offsite stormwater runoff is conveyed through the project site via an existing rock-lined ditch that connects to an existing storm drain system along Mapache Drive. Ultimately, the drainage crosses under Mapache Drive via a storm drain pipe and eventually empties into Corte Madera Creek (See Exhibit I).

According to the preliminary drainage analysis that we have completed as well as comments from various neighbors during ASCC meetings, the northwest corner of the project site as well as downstream properties have issues with flooding during the rainy season. The preliminary drainage analysis indicates that the existing rock-lined drainage ditch through the subject property does not have the capacity to convey offsite stormwater runoff across the northwest corner of the site to the existing culvert along Mapache Drive which often results in sheet flow over Mapache Drive.

The frequent drainage problem in this area has become a concern for the greater community and as recommended by the Westridge Architectural Supervising Committee, it is necessary for the Town of Portola Valley to get involved in order to resolve this community-wide problem. It was suggested that the Town perform overall drainage studies for the watershed area mentioned above. The 5 Naranja Way project cannot totally resolve the community-wide drainage problem; however the proposed drainage solution has been designed in accordance with the Town of Portola Valley drainage guidelines and has been reviewed by the Town Engineer. The drainage solution for this project will insure that the stormwater flow discharging from the subject property into the existing drainage system along Mapache Drive is not increased and, if possible, will improve upon the existing conditions. The project drainage analysis and design has been evaluated in two areas:

Offsite Stormwater:

The existing rock-lined ditch, which currently conveys offsite stormwater runoff through the property, will be replaced by a new corrugated storm drain pipe to accommodate the proposed new single family home development. The offsite stormwater runoff will now be carried through the property via a 36" diameter corrugated metal storm drain pipe which daylights into a new bioswale at the northwest corner of the site. The bioswale will consist of shrubs and drain rocks that will absorb stormwater energy while also retaining and percolating excess stormwater before it is discharged into the existing ditch along Mapache Drive.

The proposed 36" storm drain pipe and bioswale will reduce or maintain the travel time as the existing rock-lined ditch. Furthermore, the bioswale will provide the same ponding condition as the existing drainage system. This additional storage from the bioswale will restrict additional flow draining to existing ditch along Mapache Drive which prevents more flooding downstream. Overall, the design will provide a well-defined drainage channel that will maintain the same travel time as existing ditch. Offsite drainage calculations have also been provided as part of this report (See attached Exhibit II).

Onsite Stormwater:

The new single family home development will generate additional stormwater runoff from the proposed impervious surfaces such as the driveway, autocourt hardscape and roofs. According to the Town of Portola Valley drainage guidelines, excess stormwater runoff generated within the property is required to be managed on site.

This proposed project intends to use an underground detention system to manage the additional stormwater runoff noted above. A stormwater detention vault is an underground structure designed to manage and store excess stormwater runoff on a developed site. Due to the sloping topography of the project site as well as the low impact development guidelines set forth by the Town of Portola Valley, building a surface facility such as a detention basin was not an appropriate solution. Due to the site constraints and a property that is already prone to flooding during

the rainy season, it was determined that the best way to manage excess stormwater was to design a system that could detain excess stormwater in a vault or similar underground storage system and limit increased stormwater flow to an area already prone to flooding.

The proposed stormwater detention vault allows for large flows of stormwater typical of a 100-year storm event to enter the vault, but limits the outflow to a pre-existing flow or less typical of a 10-year (average) storm event. This is achieved by providing a large intake opening with a much smaller outfall opening at the lowest point of the structure. Storage vaults can be constructed from a variety of materials including corrugated metal pipe, steel, and plastic as well as pre-cast or poured in place concrete (See attached Exhibit III). Onsite detention calculations have also been provided as part of this report.

The proposed stormwater management plan will capture and store any additional onsite stormwater generated by new impervious surfaces for a finite period of a time and release it at a decreased flow rate (aka. metering) through a landscaped drainage swale where it can be further slowed and absorbed before ultimately being conveyed to the existing ditch along Mapache Drive. The proposed measures to improve the existing way in which stormwater is conveyed through the site as well as the introduction of a new stormwater detention system will ensure that the proposed development will not introduce additional stormwater runoff to Mapache Drive during a rain event and will likely improve upon the existing condition.

Sincerely,
FREYER & LAURETA, INC.

i) Offsite Drainage:

The project is replacing the existing drainage channel at the site to a underground storm drain pipe. Calculations will be shown to prove the stormdrain pipe is adequately sized.

Offsite Peak Flow Calculation:

Time of Concentration, t_c

Kerby-Kirpich Method

$t_c = t_{ov} + t_{ch}$ Where: t_{ov} = Overland Flow Time
 t_{ch} = Channel Flow Time

The Kerby Method (Overland Flow)

$t_{ov} = K(L * N)^{0.467} * S^{-0.235}$ Where: K = Units Conversion Coefficient ($K = 0.828$)
 L = The Overland Flow Length in Feet
 N = Dimensionless Retardance Coefficient
 $N = 0.02$ (Pavement)
 $N = 0.40$ (Pasture, average grass)
 S = Dimensionless Slope of Terrain Conveying the Overland Flow

Overland Flow (Grass)

$t_{ov} = K(L * N)^{0.467} * S^{-0.235}$
Where: $K = 0.828$ $S = (\text{Highest Elevation} - \text{Lowest Elevation})/L$
 $L = 460$ feet $S = (552 - 536)/460$
 $N = 0.40$ $S = 0.035$

$t_{ov} = 0.828(460 * 0.40)^{0.467} * 0.035^{-0.235}$
 $t_{ov} = \boxed{21 \text{ minutes}}$

Overland Flow (Pavement)

$t_{ov} = K(L * N)^{0.467} * S^{-0.235}$
Where: $K = 0.828$ $S = (\text{Highest Elevation} - \text{Lowest Elevation})/L$
 $L = 850$ feet $S = (536 - 485)/850$
 $N = 0.02$ $S = 0.06$

$t_{ov} = 0.828(850 * 0.02)^{0.467} * 0.06^{-0.235}$
 $t_{ov} = \boxed{6 \text{ minutes}}$

The Kirpich Method (Channel Flow)

$t_{ch} = K(L)^{0.770} * S^{-0.385}$ Where: K = Units Conversion Coefficient ($K = 0.0078$)
 L = The Channel Flow Length in Feet
 S = Dimensionless Main Channel Slope

Channel Flow

$t_{ch} = K(L)^{0.770} * S^{-0.385}$
Where: $K = 0.0078$ $S = (\text{Highest Elevation} - \text{Lowest Elevation})/L$
 $L = 1,260$ feet $S = (485 - 413)/1260$
 $S = 0.057$

$t_{ch} = 0.0078(1,260)^{0.770} * 0.057^{-0.385}$
 $t_{ch} = \boxed{6 \text{ minutes}}$

Total $t_c = \boxed{33 \text{ minutes}}$

Weighted Existing Runoff Coefficient:

Surface	Runoff Coefficient, C	Area, SF
Driveway, Deck and Roof	0.9	262,000
Pervious Surface	0.35	1,558,800
Total		1,820,800

$$\text{Weighted C} = \frac{(0.9 \times 262,000) + (0.35 \times 1,558,800)}{1,820,800}$$

$$= \boxed{0.43}$$

Area	Runoff Coefficient C	Intensity - 100 Year * I (in/hr)	Total Area A (acre)	Flow Rate Q (cfs)
Offsite	0.43	2.35	41.8	42.2

* Precipitation frequency per NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 6, Version 2

* Time of Concentration @ 30 minutes

Existing Open Channel Capacity Analysis:

$$Q = VA$$

$$Q = \frac{1.49 \times r^{2/3} \times S^{1/2} \times A}{n}$$

Where: n = Mannings Roughness Coefficient

S = Slope

A_{flow} = Flow Area

W_{top} = Channel Top Width

W_{bottom} = Channel Bottom Width

P_w = Wetted Perimeter

Q = Flow

V = Velocity

Existing Upper Section Open Channel:

$$S = 3.00\%$$

$$n = 0.035$$

$$Q = 42.2 \text{ cfs}$$

$$W_{\text{top}} = 6 \text{ ft}$$

$$W_{\text{bottom}} = 4.5 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Channel Depth} = 3.3 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Flow Depth} = 1.31 \text{ ft}$$

$$A_{\text{flow}} = 6.29 \text{ SF}$$

$$P_w = 7.19 \text{ ft}$$

$$V = \boxed{6.74 \text{ ft/s}}$$

Proposed Storm Drain Capacity Analysis:

Proposed 36" Circular Pipe

$$Q = VA$$

$$Q = \frac{1.49 \times r^{2/3} \times S^{1/2} \times A}{n}$$

$$\text{Slope, } S = 1.10\%$$

$$n = 0.022$$

$$Q = 42.2 \text{ cfs}$$

$$\text{Flow Depth} = 2.51 \text{ ft}$$

$$A_{\text{flow}} = 6.32 \text{ SF}$$

$$P_w = 6.93 \text{ ft}$$

$$V = \boxed{6.68 \text{ ft/s}}$$

Landscape Swale Open Channel:

$$S = 0.50\%$$

$$n = 0.035$$

$$Q = 42.2 \text{ cfs}$$

$$W_{\text{top}} = 15 \text{ ft}$$

$$W_{\text{bottom}} = 3 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Channel Depth} = 2 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Flow Depth} = 1.91 \text{ ft}$$

$$A_{\text{flow}} = 13.02 \text{ SF}$$

$$P_w = 11.54 \text{ ft}$$

$$V = \boxed{3.26 \text{ ft/s}}$$

Maffia Residence Project
 5 Naranja Way, Portola Valley, CA
 8-Oct-13

Preliminary Onsite Detention Calculation

Existing Onsite Flow Calculation:

10-Year, 10 min time of concentration

Weighted Existing Runoff Coefficient:

Surface	Runoff Coefficient, C	Area, SF
Driveway, Deck and Roof	0.9	13,000
Pervious Surface	0.35	96,422
Total		109,422

$$\text{Weighted C} = \frac{(0.9 \times 13,000) + (0.35 \times 96,422)}{109,422}$$

$$= 0.42$$

Existing Flow:

Area	Runoff Coefficient C	Intensity - 10 Year * I (in/hr)	Total Area		Flow Rate Q (cfs)
			A (SF)	A (acre)	
Existing Onsite Condition	0.42	2.77	109,422	2.51	2.92

* Precipitation frequency per NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 6, Version 2

Proposed Onsite Flow Calculation:

100-Year, 10 min time of concentration

Weighted Proposed Runoff Coefficient:

Surface	Runoff Coefficient, C	Area, SF
Driveway, Deck and Roof	0.9	21,000
Pervious Surface	0.35	88,422
Total		109,422

$$\text{Weighted C} = \frac{(0.9 \times 21,000) + (0.35 \times 88,422)}{109,422}$$

$$= 0.46$$

Proposed Flow:

Area	Runoff Coefficient C	Intensity - 100 Year * I (in/hr)	Total Area		Flow Rate Q (cfs)
			A (SF)	A (acre)	
Proposed Onsite Condition	0.46	4.18	109,422	2.51	4.83

* Precipitation frequency per NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 6, Version 2

Modified Rational Method (MRM) Maximum Storage Volume Calculations

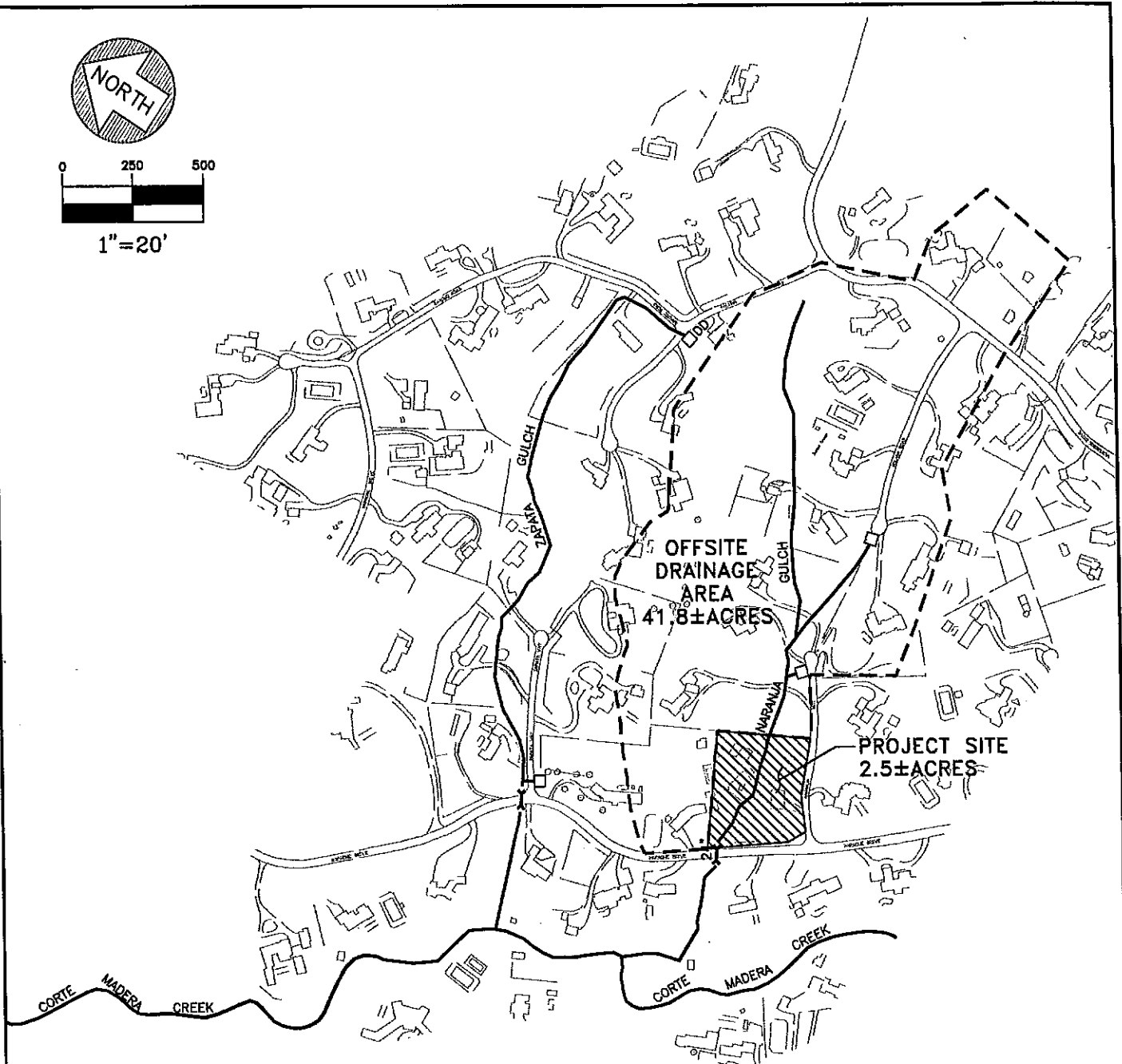
Time of Concentration		Runoff Coefficient	Intensity - 100 Year	Area	Peak Flow	Volume of Runoff	Release Flow, 10-Year	Release Flow Volume	Required Storage Volume
Tc		C	I (in/hr)	A (acre)	Q (cfs)	V (ft ³)	Q (cfs)	V (ft ³)	V (ft ³)
5	min	0.46	5.83	2.51	6.73	2019	2.92	876	1143
10	min	0.46	4.18	2.51	4.83	2896	2.92	1752	1144
15	min	0.46	3.37	2.51	3.89	3502	2.92	2628	874
30	min	0.46	2.35	2.51	2.71	4884	2.92	5256	-372
60	min	0.46	1.66	2.51	1.92	6900	2.92	10512	-3612
2	hr	0.46	1.20	2.51	1.39	9976	2.92	21024	-11048
3	hr	0.46	1.01	2.51	1.17	12594	2.92	31536	-18942
6	hr	0.46	0.739	2.51	0.85	18430	2.92	63072	-44642
12	hr	0.46	0.513	2.51	0.59	25588	2.92	126144	-100556
24	hr	0.46	0.328	2.51	0.38	32720	2.92	252288	-219568

Note:

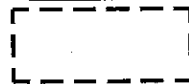
The proposed detention system will detain storm runoff greater than 10-Year storm and will release at the runoff rate of pre-existing flow (10-Year storm event). Per calculations shown above, the required storage volume for the onsite detention system is about 1,144 cubic feet.



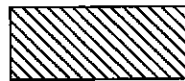
1"=20'



LEGEND



OFFSITE DRAINAGE AREA



PROJECT SITE
(ON-SITE DRAINAGE AREA)



EXISTING DRAINAGE CHANNEL



CIVIL ENGINEERS • SURVEYORS • CONSTRUCTION MANAGERS
144 North San Mateo Drive • San Mateo, CA 94401
(650)344-9901 • Fax (650)344-9920 • www.freyerlaureta.com

MAFFIA RESIDENCE
5 NARANJA WAY
PORTOLA VALLEY, CA
EXHIBIT I
DRAINAGE MAP



MAPACHE DRIVE

NEW LANDSCAPE
SWALE
 $V=3.26$ ft/s

EXISTING STORM
DRAIN DITCH
 $V=6.74$ ft/s

NEW STORM
DRAIN PIPE
 $V=6.68$ ft/s

NARANJA WAY

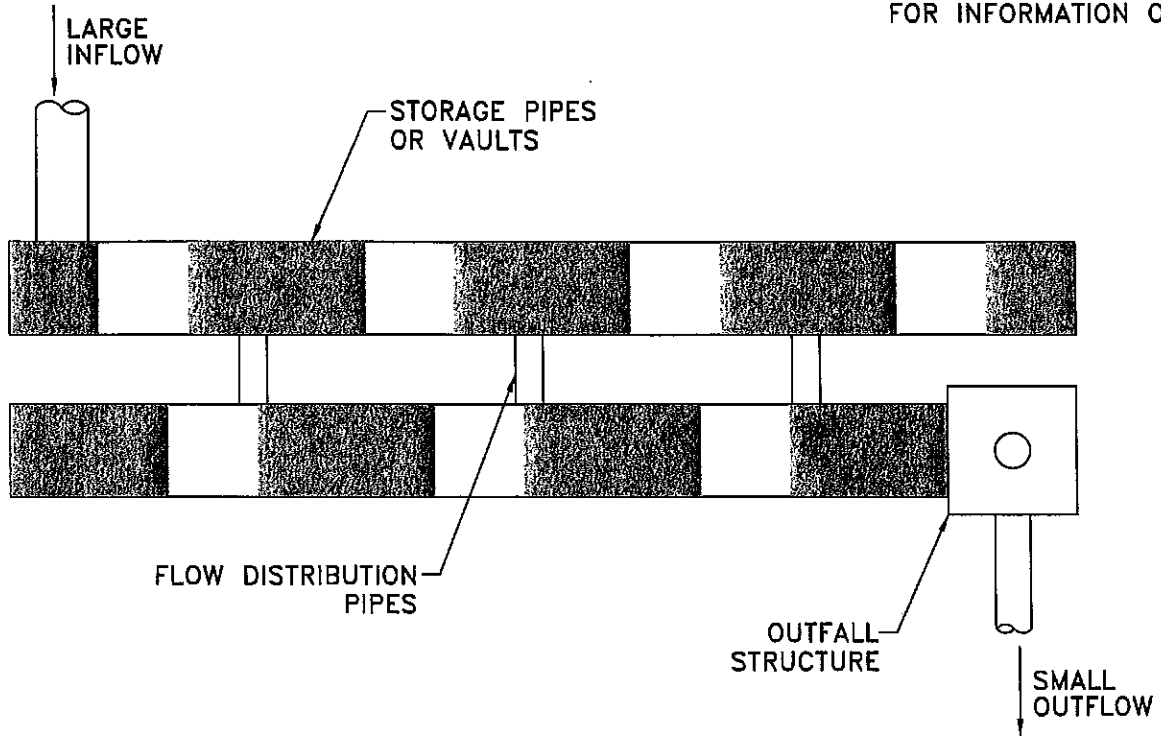


**FREYER &
LAURETA, INC.**

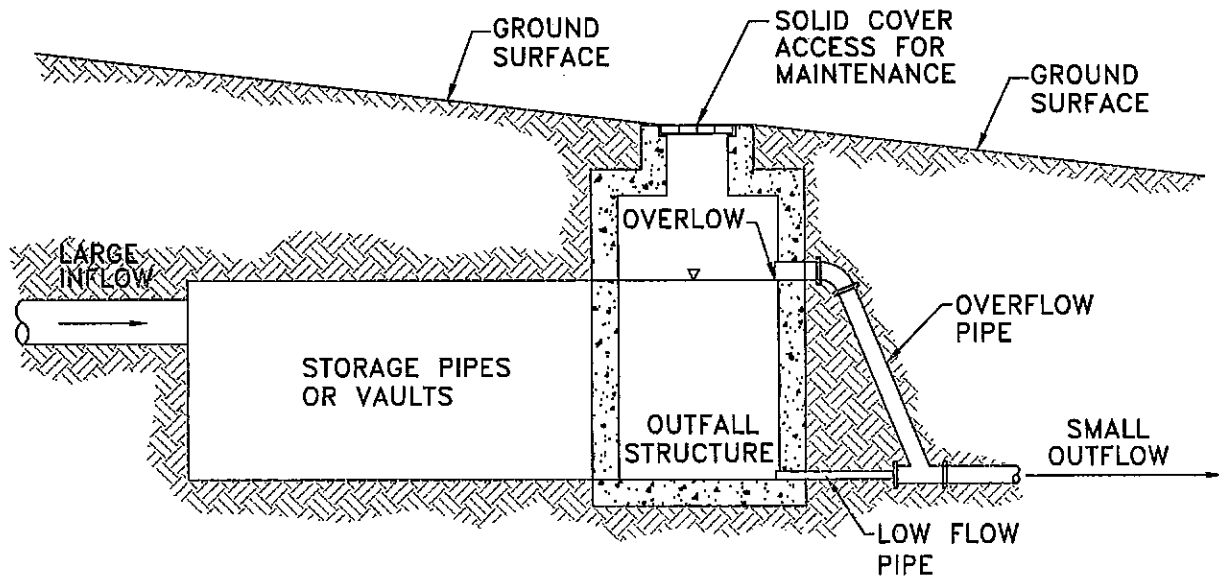
CIVIL ENGINEERS • SURVEYORS • CONSTRUCTION MANAGERS
144 North San Mateo Drive • San Mateo, CA 94401
(650)344-9901 • Fax (650)344-9920 • www.freyerlaureta.com

MAFFIA RESIDENCE
5 NARANJA WAY
PORTOLA VALLEY, CA
EXHIBIT II
STORM DRAIN PIPE REPLACEMENT

FOR INFORMATION ONLY



PLAN VIEW (N.T.S.)



TYPICAL SECTION (N.T.S.)



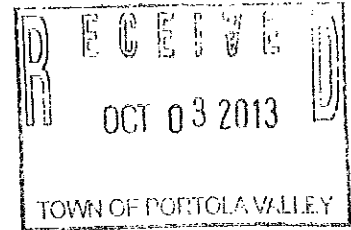
**FREYER &
LAURETA, INC.**

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144 North San Mateo Drive • San Mateo, CA 94401
(650)344-9901 • Fax (650)344-9920 • www.freyerlaureta.com

MAFFIA RESIDENCE
5 NARANJA WAY
PORTOLA VALLEY, CA
EXHIBIT III
STORMWATER DETENTION SYSTEM

RECEIVED

OCT - 7 2013

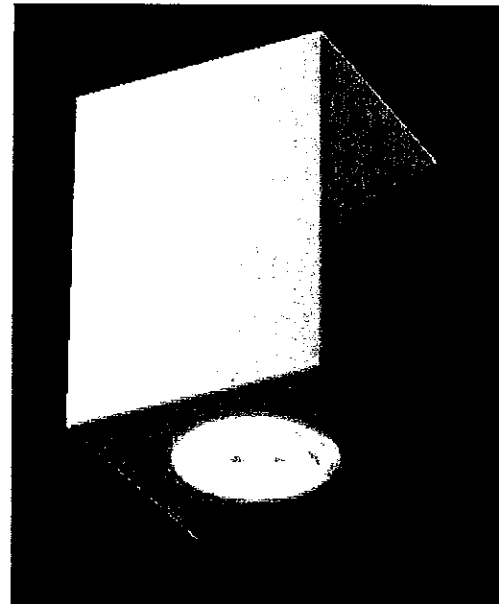


SPANGLE ASSOC.

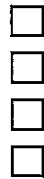
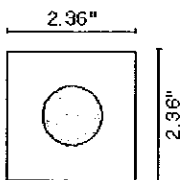
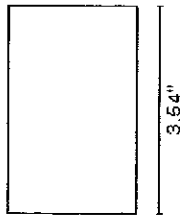
Quadro LED Up or Down Wall Luminaire

Tech - Specs

Wall lamp for indoor and outdoor use
IP54 Rated
Integrated electronic control gear
Complies with LM79 and LM80



12°/30°



1 x LED · 2W · 500mA ·

- 56-5224us W3 1 x 12°
- 56-5225us W3 1 x 30°
- 56-5226us W5 1 x 12°
- 56-5227us W5 1 x 30°

W3 = LED 2900K

W5 = LED 5000K

Job Name:

MAPPIA RESIDENCE

Fixture Type:

ARBOR LIGHT

Job Name:

Fixture Type:



sales@designplan.com

www.designplan.com

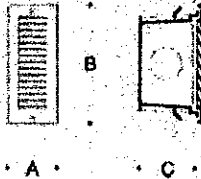
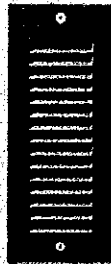
79 Trenton Ave

Frenchtown, NJ 08825

Tel: 908-996-7710

Fax: 908-9967042

[Back to Recessed Luminaires](#)



Recessed wall with louvers

Designed for low mounting heights for interior and exterior locations featuring shielded asymmetrical light distribution.

Recessed low voltage luminaires with die-cast aluminum faceplate. Etched tempered glass diffuser.

See individual product page for LED driver and color temperature information.

Fluorescent units include integral electronic ballasts.

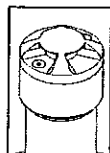
U.L. listed, suitable for wet locations.

Protection class: IP64

Finish: Standard BEGA colors.

Click product # for details

			Lamp	β	Temp°C	A	B	C
2185LED	EXPRESS	ADA	3.4W LED			3 1/8	7 1/2	4
2099LED	EXPRESS	ADA	10.1W LED			4 7/8	13	4
2098P	EXPRESS	ADA	(1) 6W CF Iwin-2p			3 1/8	7 1/2	4
3008P	EXPRESS	ADA	(1) 18W CF Iwin-4p			4 7/8	13	4



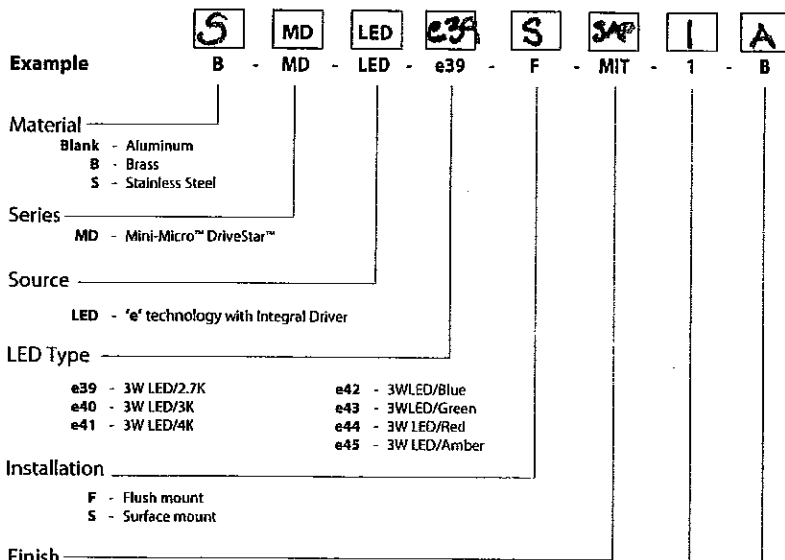
BKSSL
BROADWAY LIGHTING

the power of

MINI-MICRO™ DRIVESTAR™

PROJECT:	MAFFIA RESIDENCE
TYPE:	
CATALOG NUMBER:	
SOURCE:	
NOTES:	PATH LIGHT

CATALOG NUMBER LOGIC



Aluminum Finish			Brass Finish		Premium Finish		
Powder Coat Color	Satin	Wrinkle	Machined	MAC	ABP	CMG	RMG
Bronze	BZP	BZW	Polished	POL	AMG	CRI	SDS
Black	BLP	BLW	Mitique™	MIT	AQW	CRM	SMG
White (Gloss)	WHP	WHW	Stainless Finish		BCM	HUG	TXF
Aluminum	SAP	---	Machined	MAC	BGE	MDS	WCP
Verde	---	VER	Polished	POL	BPP	NBP	WIR
			Brushed	BRU <small>interior use only</small>	CAP	OCP	<small>Also available in RAL Finishes See submittal SUB-1439-00</small>

Optical Openings
1 - Single 2 - 2 at 180° 4 - 4 at 90°

Faceplate Style
A - Solid B - Round Accent

LM79 DATA

BK No.	CCT(Typ.)	Input Watts	CRI (Typ.)
e39	2700K White	2.8	90
e40	3000K White	2.8	90
e41	4000K White	2.8	75
e42	Blue (460nm)	2.8	~
e43	Green (525nm)	2.8	~
e44	Red (625nm)	2.8	~
e45	Amber (592nm)	2.8	~

L70 DATA

Minimum Rated Life (hrs.) 70% of Initial Lumens (L70)
50,000
50,000
50,000
50,000
50,000
50,000
50,000

*OPTICAL DATA

Beam Type	Angle
Radial	360°h x 270°v
Radial	360°h x 270°v
Radial	360°h x 270°v
Radial	360°h x 270°v
Radial	360°h x 270°v
Radial	360°h x 270°v
Radial	360°h x 270°v

B-K LIGHTING

40429 Brickyard Drive • Madera, CA 93636 • USA
559.438.5800 • FAX 559.438.5900
www.bklighting.com • info@bklighting.com

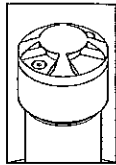
SUBMITTAL DATE


6-27-12

DRAWING NUMBER

SUB001068

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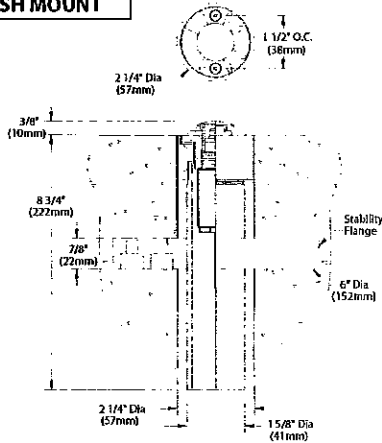


the power of 

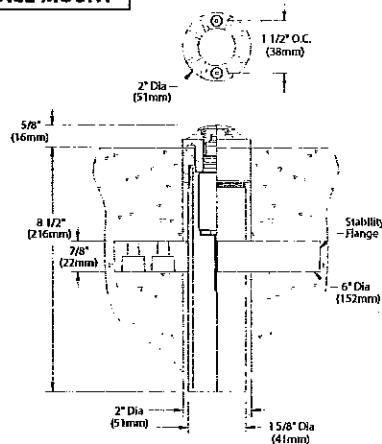
MINI-MICRO™ DRIVESTAR™

PROJECT:	
TYPE:	

FLUSH MOUNT

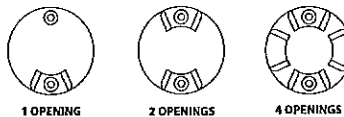


SURFACE MOUNT



FACEPLATE DETAIL

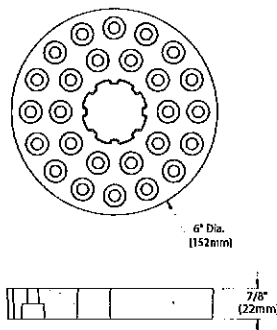
STYLE 'A'



STYLE 'B'



STABILITY FLANGE



All dimensions indicated on this submittal are nominal. Contact Technical Sales if you require more stringent specifications.

SPECIFICATIONS

GreenSource Initiative™

Metal and packaging components are made from recycled materials. Manufactured using renewable solar energy, produced onsite. Returnable to manufacturer at end of life to ensure cradle-to-cradle handling. Packaging contains no chlorofluorocarbons (CFC's). Use of this product may qualify for GreenSource efficacy and recycling rebate(s). Consult www.bklighting.com/greensource for program requirements.

Materials

Furnished in Copper-Free Aluminum (Type 6061-T6), Brass (Type 360) or Stainless Steel (Type 304).

Body

Fully machined from solid billet. Unibody design provides enclosed, water-proof wiring and integral heat sink for maximum component life. High temperature, silicone 'O' Ring provides water-tight seal. Provided with hard-coat (Type III) black anodize finish for maximum corrosion resistance. Weather-tight cable connector with 14" 18Ga, 2 wire low voltage cable.

Housing

Fixture provided with 1-5/8" dia., Schedule 80 PVC housing for direct burial into soil or concrete. 6" dia., molded stability flange projects into substrate to simplify installation and reinforce housing stability.

Faceplate

Machined from solid, copper-free aluminum, brass or stainless steel. Available with one, two, or four optical openings. Specify solid faceplate (A) or center aperture (B). Countersunk holes provide for flush hardware mounting.

Lens

Shock resistant, tempered, translucent glass lens is factory adhered to faceplate and provides hermetically sealed optical compartment.

BKSSL™

Integrated solid state system with 'e' technology is scalable for field upgrade. Modular design with electrical quick disconnects permit field maintenance. High power, forward throw source complies with ANSI C78.377 binning requirements. Exceeds ENERGY STAR® lumen maintenance requirements. LM-80 certified components. Side emitting optical grade lens delivers high efficiency, radial light distribution.

Integral non-dimming driver. Minimum 50,000 hour rated life at 70% of initial lumens (L70). BKSSL technology provides long life, significant energy reduction and exceptional thermal management.

Installation

Flush Mount features integral concrete pour collar. Top edge of collar to be installed flush with finished grade. Collar material and finish to match faceplate. (2) Threaded holes for faceplate installation. Faceplate style 'A' is suitable for walk-over and drive-over applications to 35,000 lbs. GVW.

Surface Mount features fully machined copper-free aluminum installation collar. Provided with hard-coat (Type III) black anodize finish for maximum corrosion resistance. (2) Threaded holes for faceplate installation.

Transformer

For use with 12VAC  remote transformer.

Wiring

Teflon® coated, 18AWG, 600V, 250° C rated and certified to UL 1659 standard.

Hardware

Tamper-resistant, stainless steel hardware. Faceplate screws are additionally black oxide treated for additional corrosion resistance.

Finish

StarGuard®, our exclusive RoHS compliant, 15 stage chromate-free process cleans and conversion coats aluminum components prior to application of Class 'A' TGIC polyester powder coating. Brass components are available in powder coat or handcrafted metal finish. Stainless steel components are available in handcrafted metal finish. (Brushed finish for interior use only).

Warranty

5 year limited warranty.

Certification and Listing

ITL tested to IESNA LM-79. Lighting Facts Registration per USDOE (www.lightingfacts.com). ETL Listed to ANSI/UL Standard 1838 and UL Subject 8750 and Certified to CAN/CSA Standard C22.2 No. 9. RoHS compliant. Suitable for use in wet locations. Suitable for ground-mounted recessed. IP66 Rated. Made in USA.



*Teflon is a registered trademark of DuPont Corporation.
*Energy Star is a registered trademark of the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

B-K LIGHTING	40429 Brickyard Drive • Madera, CA 93636 • USA	SUBMITTAL DATE	DRAWING NUMBER
	559.438.5800 • FAX 559.438.5900	6-27-12	SUB001068
	www.bklighting.com • info@bklighting.com		

LED

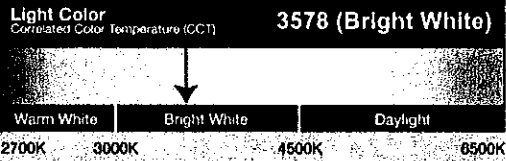
Lighting Facts

Lighting facts®

A Program of the U.S. DOE

Light Output (Lumens)	43
Watts	3.29
Lumens per Watt (Efficacy)	13

Color Accuracy Color Rendering Index (CRI)	82
---	----



Warranty**	Yes
------------	-----

All results, except LED Lumen Maintenance, are according to IESNA LM 79-2008
Approved Method for the Electrical and Photometric Testing of Solid State Lighting
The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) provides product test data and results.

** See www.lightingfacts.com/products for details.

Registration Number: GCXY-6GWKLA (7/6/2012)

Model Number: MD-LED-e41

Type: Outdoor path-step mini light

DESCRIPTION

660-WP Floating Shield Wall Sconce features bronze construction with a fully enclosed lamp compartment.

Catalog #		Type
Project	MARRA RESIDENCE	
Comments		Date
Prepared by		

SPECIFICATION FEATURES

Material

Solid bronze shield with open top, sides and bottom.

Finish

Natural bronze or two component polyurethane paint, 2.5 mil nominal thickness for superior protection against fade and wear.

Standard: Natural Bronze (NBZ) [Sustainable Design].

Note: Bronze will weather to a dark bronze patina.

Premium: Aluminum Paint (ALP), Black Paint (BK), Bronze Metallic Paint (BM), Dark Platinum Paint (DP), Gold Metallic Paint (GM), Graphite Metallic Paint (GRM), Grey Paint (GY), Verdigris (VG), White Paint (WH) or Custom Color (CC).

Optics

Refer to www.shaperlighting.com for complete photometrics.

Ballast

Integral electronic HPF, multi-volt 120/277V (347V Canada), thermally protected with end-of-life circuitry to accommodate the specified lamp wattage.

Lamp/Socket

One (1) 26W (G24q-3) or 32W [GX24q-3] triple CFL lamp or one (1) 60W A-19 lamp. CFL socket injection molded plastic. INC socket fired ceramic rated for 660W-250V. Lamps furnished by others.

Installation

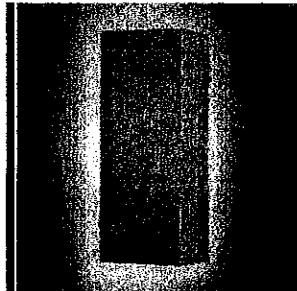
Supplied with a universal circular strap for a standard 4" J-box or stucco ring.

Labels

U.L. and C.U.L. listed for wet location.

Modifications

Shaper's skilled craftspeople with their depth of experience offer the designer the flexibility to modify standard exterior wall luminaires for project specific solutions. Contact the factory regarding scale options, unique finishes, mounting, additional materials/colors, or decorative detailing.



660-WP SERIES

Exterior Wall Luminaire
Floating Shield



ORDERING INFORMATION

Sample Number: 660-WP-CFL/1/26-277V-BK

660	WP	CFL/1/26	120	NBZ
Series 660 = Floating Shield	Mounting Type WP = Exterior Wall	Lamp CFL/1/26 CFL/1/32 INC/1/60	Voltage 120V 277V ¹ 347V ¹	Finish ^{2,3} Standard NBZ = Natural Bronze Premium ALP = Aluminum Paint BK = Black BM = Bronze Metallic Paint CC = Custom Color DP = Dark Platinum Paint GM = Gold Metallic Paint GRM = Graphite Metallic Paint GY = Grey VG = Verdigris WH = White

* MODIFIED TO ELIMINATE LIGHT SPILL FROM TOP + SIDES

Notes:

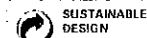
- ¹ Available with CFL only.
- ² Premium TGIC polyester powder coat paint, 2.5 mil nominal thickness for superior protection against fade and wear.
- ³ Bronze will weather to a dark bronze patina.



Specifications and dimensions subject to change without notice.
Consult your representative for additional options and finishes.



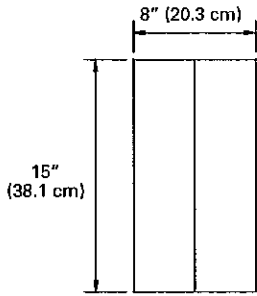
Shaper Lighting certifies that its products satisfy the requirements of Section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act also known as the ARRA Buy American provision.



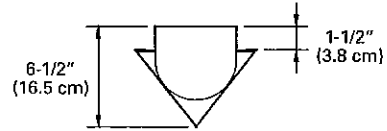
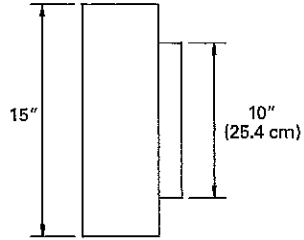
Shaper has a long-standing history of offering environmentally friendly fixtures. The copper and bronze alloys used in our exterior luminaires feature up to 98% recycled content, contribute less undesirable air emissions compared to painted aluminum, and are easy to recycle.

660-WP SERIES EXTERIOR WALL

MOUNTING TYPE

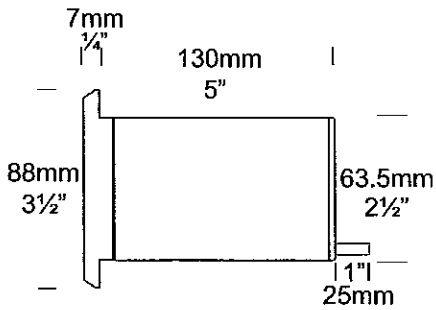
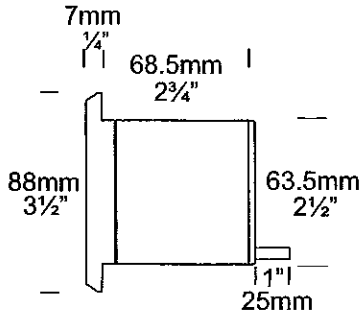


660-WP STANDARD

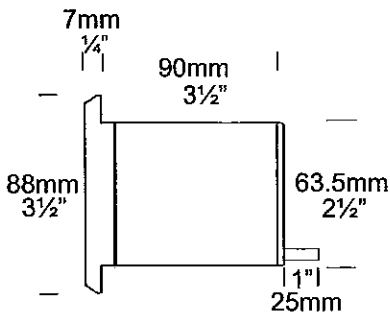


Step Lite Louvre Square

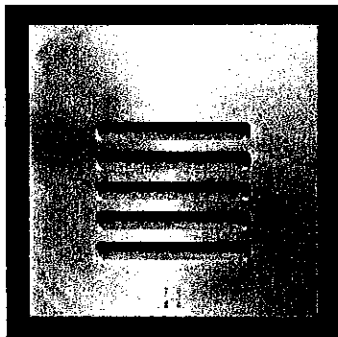
Cat. No. SLLUSQ
Cat. No. SLLUSQFL
Cat. No. SLLUSQGU



Fluorescent Option



GU10 Option



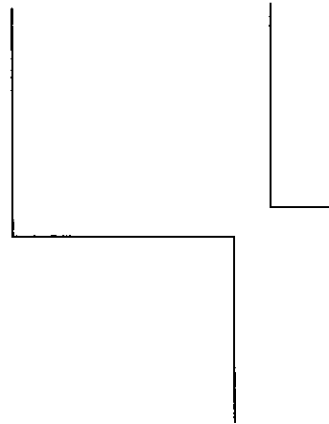
The Step Lite Louvre Square has an 88mm (3½") square flange with a flush surface look with no protrusions. The 45 degree louvre eliminates all upward light making this luminaire ideal for illumination of steps and low level features such as exterior paved areas.

A 110/240 volt fluorescent option is available which offers excellent light output, low energy usage and very low heat generation, this changes the luminaire to an IP66 rating.

A GU10 version of this luminaire is also available for line voltage lamps. However, a longer luminaire body is needed to accommodate the longer lamp.

Ordering Information

Luminaire Type	Material	Accessories
SLLUSQ - Step Lite Louvre Square	COP - Copper SS - 316 Stainless Steel	CJK150 - Cable Joint Kit FL - Fluorescent Option LENSSTEPF - Frosted Lens Sican - Step Lite Canister Flucan - Fluorescent Canister PVC Canss - 316 Stainless Steel Canister GU - GU10 Option



For LED options, refer to page 10.4 (dedicated LED), 10.4.3 (6 watt), 10.4.4 (3 watt) or <http://hunza.co.nz/l.html>

Ordering Example: SLLUSQ SS - Step Lite Louvre Square in 316 Stainless Steel

SLLUSQFL COP - Step Lite Louvre Square in Copper with Fluorescent option

SLLUSQGU COP - Step Lite Louvre Square GU10 in Copper

CJK150 - Cable Joint Kit

(Accessories ordered separately)

HUNZA™ PURE OUTDOOR LIGHTING

HUNZA FACTORY
130 Felton Mathew Ave
Glen Innes
Auckland 1072
New Zealand

Ph: 64-9-528 9471
Fax: 64-9-528 9361
hunza@hunza.co.nz
www.hunza.co.nz

INTERNATIONAL CONTACTS:
www.hunza.co.nz/contacts.php

Specifications may change without notice.
Manufactured in New Zealand.
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Ver 1.4

Luminaire Construction

CNC machined from one of the following metals:

Copper: 63.5mm (2½") x 10.5mm (13/32"). End cap - solid copper 63.5mm (2½") rod. Flange 90mm x 90mm (3½" x 3½") bar.

316 Stainless Steel: 9mm (11/32"). End cap - solid 316 stainless steel 63.5mm (2½") rod. Flange 90mm x 90mm (3½" x 3½") bar.

Mounting

Designed to fit through a 66mm (2 5/8") hole and be fixed into position by two screws in the flange or a Step Lite canister (see accessories) can be used which maintains the aesthetic look of the flange by eliminating the two screw holes in the flange.

Features

Lens:
3mm (1/8") thick clear tempered shatter resistant glass.

Lifetime Warranty.

Gaskets:
Silicone, iron impregnated 220°C (428°F).

Lamp Holder:
GU5.3 & GU10 - 350°C (662°F) ceramic multi contact lamp holder with 250°C (480°F) teflon cables.

Fluorescent:
E27 PET 210°C (410°F) base mount. E26 available in the USA.

Accessories:

Cable Joint Kit (Cat. CJK150)
Not approved for USA /Canada.
Fluorescent Option 8 watt 240 volt (Cat. FL) IP66.
Fluorescent Canister, PVC (Cat. FluCan).
Frosted Lens (Cat. LENSSTEPF).
Step Canister (Cat. Sican).
316 Stainless Canister for use in lime stone etc. (Cat. Canss).
GU10 Option (Cat. GU).

Standards

EN60598

IP66/IP68



UL1838

Luminaire Weight

12 volt

Cop 1.350kg (2lb 15oz)

SS 1.040 (2lb 4oz)

Fluorescent IP66

Cop 2.300kg (5lb 1oz)

SS 1.675 (3lb 11oz)

Power Supply

HUNZA™ Inground or Wall Mount Transformer: not included.

USA and Canada:

HUNZA™ Wall Mount Transformer: not included.

Luminaire: supplied with

Halogen

MR16 GU5.3 20watt lamp max.

Fluorescent

E27 - 110/240 volt self ballasted lamp.

GU10 - GU10 25 or 35 watt lamp max.

LED - Refer to previous page.

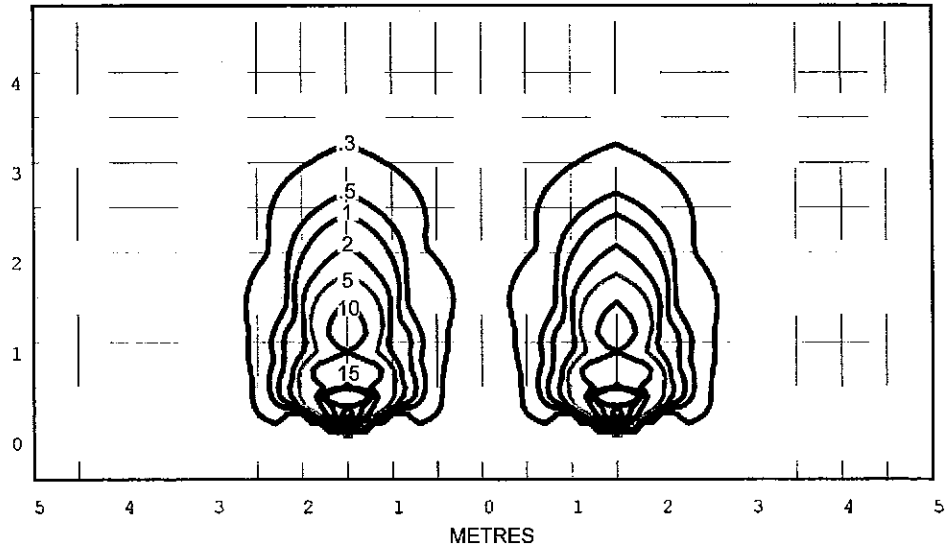
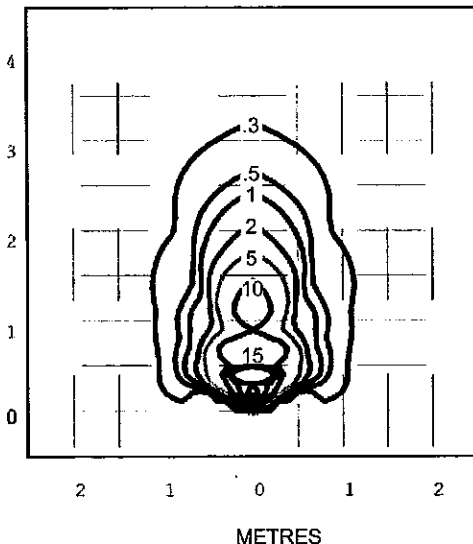
USA and Canada:

MR16 GU5.3 20 watt lamp max.

GU10 Halogen - Lamp not supplied

LED - Refer to previous page.

Step Lite Louvre Square Lux MR16 BAB 20 watt lamp - Lens height 400mm (15¾")



Isolux Lumens Plot - Footcandles = Isolux figures divided by 10.76

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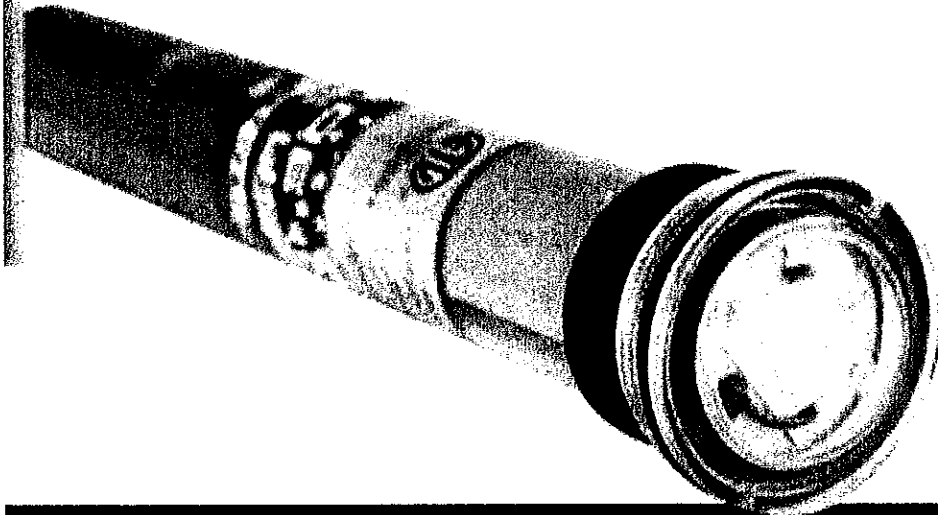
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A Division of Next Step Products

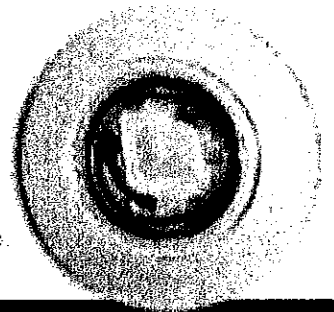
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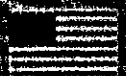
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Only 20 Watts

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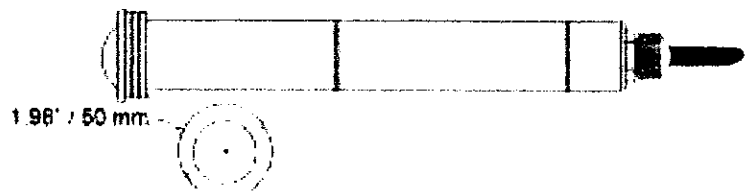
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- Part No. MBPRO-100 100ft of power cord
- Part No. MBPRO-150ft 150ft of power cord
- Requires 18" of 1/2" conduit from wat fitting



12.17" / 309 mm



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MEMORANDUM

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

TO: ASCC
FROM: Tom Vlastic, Town Planner
DATE: September 19, 2013
RE: Agenda for September 23, 2013 Regular ASCC Meeting

NOTICE: A special ASCC field meeting has been scheduled for Monday, September 23, 2013 for continued consideration of plans for residential redevelopment of 5 Naranja Way. The field meeting will begin at 4:00 p.m. at the site. An evaluation of the current status of the project and, particularly, revised plans and materials is provided under agenda item 4a. **Maffia.**

The following comments are offered on the items listed on the September 23, 2013 ASCC agenda.

4a. CONTINUED ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW FOR NEW RESIDENCE WITH DETACHED OFFICE, POOL AND POOL CABANA, AND SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT X9H-657, 5 NARANJA WAY, MAFFIA

On August 27, 2013, the ASCC and Planning Commission conducted a preliminary review of this proposal for residential redevelopment of the subject 2.5-acre Westridge subdivision property. A summary of the preliminary review is contained in the attached August 27th meeting minutes. At the conclusion of the August 27th evening ASCC meeting, project consideration was continued to the regular September 9th ASCC meeting and eventually to the 9/23 meeting to permit time for revised plans to be prepared. For background, in addition to the 8/27 meeting minutes, attached is the staff report prepared for the August 27th meeting.

In response to the preliminary input, the revised plans and materials listed below have been provided with the hope that the ASCC can complete action on the architectural review request at the conclusion of the September 23rd review. The planning commission public hearing on the site development permit will likely be scheduled for the October 16th regular commission meeting. This will allow time for, particularly, the public works director to consider and reach conclusions relative to the revised grading and drainage plans and data.

As noted at the head of this memorandum, the 9/23 continued review will start with a second, 4:00 p.m. site meeting. This will permit the opportunity for ASCC members and others interested in the project to better appreciate the project revisions including changes to the proposed west side pool, pool house and terraces and to the grading and drainage plans. We understand that the pool and terrace grading/cabana story poles and site markings are being adjusted to reflect the project revisions to facilitate the site meeting and, also, Westridge Architectural Supervising Committee (WASC) review. While the house and garage footprints have been somewhat moved further from the northern property line as discussed below, the story poles for these locations have not been modified due to the relatively minor change in what would be demonstrated by the story pole modeling. (We understand that input from the WASC on the revised plans may not be available until the Monday ASCC meeting.)

The revised project is presented on the following enclosed plans unless otherwise noted dated September 12, 2013 and prepared by BAR Architects:

Title Sheet (with house and garage perspective rendering)
Sheet G0.01, General Information
Sheet G0.02, GreenPoint Rated Checklist (Main House)
Sheet G0.03, GreenPoint Rated Checklist (Office)
Sheet R1.00, Topographic Survey/Tree Survey Map, L. Wade Hammond

Civil Plans, Freyer & Laureta, Inc., Civil Engineers, 9/12/13:

Sheet C01, Grading & Drainage Plan (with septic data)
Sheet C-02, Erosion Control Plan
Sheet DT01, Detail Sheet
Sheet DT02, Detail Sheet

Landscape Plans, Arterra Landscape Architects, 9/12/13:

Sheet L1.0, Tree Protection and Removal Plan, Ned Patchett Consulting
Sheet L3.0, Planting Plan
Sheet L5.0, Exterior Lighting Plan

Architectural Plans, Bar Architects, 9/12/13:

Sheet A1.00, Overall Site Plan and Project Information
Sheet A1.01, Site Plan
Sheet A1.51, Main House Overall Floor Plan
Sheet A1.51, Accessory Structure Overall Floor and Roof Plans
Sheet A1.53, Main House Overall Roof Plan
Sheet A3.01, Main House Exterior Elevations
Sheet A3.02, Main House Exterior Elevations
Sheet A3.03, Accessory Structure Exterior Elevations
Sheet A3.21, Main House Building Sections
Sheet A3.22, Main House Building Sections
Sheet A3.23, Main House Building Sections
Sheet A3.24, Main House Building Sections
Sheet A3.25, Accessory Structures Building Sections

In support of the revised plans the applicant has provided the following materials that are attached unless otherwise noted:

- September 17, 2013 letter from the project architect describing the plan revisions made since the original plan submittal and, particularly, since the August 27, 2013 preliminary review meetings.
- Preliminary Drainage Analysis, Freyer & Laureta, Inc., received by email 9/12/13
- "Drainage Narrative," Freyer & Laureta, Inc., received by email 9/17/13
- September 17, 2013 memo from project arborist Ned Patchett commenting on the condition of the two large pines along the northerly boundary and partially responding to comments in the attached September 12, 2013 email from Linda Yates with 9/9/13 letter from Michael P. Young, Urban Tree Management. (The letter from Mr. Young includes a reference map and disclosure statement.)

Still part of the application are the following materials from the original submittal:

- Cut sheets for the proposed exterior light fixtures received June 17, 2013 (attached).
- Colors and materials board, BAR Architects, 6/17/13, (to be presented at the 9/23/13 meeting).
- Arborist's report, Ned Patchett, Certified Arborist, June 28, 2013 (attached).

The following comments are offered to assist the ASCC consider and potentially act on the revised plans and materials:

1. **Overview of plan revisions and how they respond to preliminary review comments.** The plan changes are, for the most part, described in the 9/17/13 letter from the project architect. The revisions include, as directed by the ASCC and in response to WASC input, modifications to the pool location and west side terraces and grading and to the pool cabana design. They also further attempt to address the concerns of the north side neighbors relative to visual relationships, screening and privacy. Additional comments and requests from Ms. Yates are set forth in the attached email dated September 19, 2013.

The significant, i.e., four-foot, lowering of the garage height and reducing it in length by two feet reduce the mass and scale of the structure and ensure that views from the neighboring property are over the garage. This in combination with, particularly, the removal of pines and more exotic trees along the Mapache frontage of the parcel and on the southern slopes will open views to the western hillsides from the house level of the property to the north.

In response to the neighbor's concerns over privacy and view impacts along the northern boundary, the proposed house and garage have been moved from one to two feet further to the south and the garage length has been reduced by two feet. The garage is now at least 34 feet from the northerly boundary and the offset house walls are 30 to 34 feet away from the property line. The required setback from the property line is 20 feet.

In order to address the concern over the linear nature of the northern project exposure, the garage height has been lowered to now under 18 feet from finished grade, its length reduced by two feet, and the structure is cut into the slope to maintain a low profile. Further, the garage has a 30-foot separation from the main house and the main house wing to the west has a maximum 17-foot height to the ridgeline. The revised pool cabana plan moves the structure 35 feet west of the

main house, reduces its length by 12 feet, lowers the finish floor by four feet, and the effective elevation height by three feet.

In addition to the siting, height and other changes cited above, the landscape plan proposes to accommodate for the loss of the two large pines, i.e., trees #63 & #64, with significant new screen tree and shrub planting. Included are the following:

- One (1) 72-inch box Live Oak
- Five (5) 48-inch box Live Oaks
- Four (4) 36-inch box dogwoods
- One (1) 24-inch box Pacific Dogwood
- Three (3) 24-inch box Western Redbuds
- Twenty-one (21) 24-inch box Pacific Wax Myrtles
- Nine (9) 24-inch box Hollyleaf Cherrys

As discussed at the preliminary review meeting, the most significant north side planting should be installed early in project construction. Specifically, planting should take place after rough grading along the northerly boundary is completed or sooner where the plant locations don't conflict with the grading plans. Further, as was requested by the north side neighbor (and required of them), there should be sufficient "mock-up" of the garage and north side house elevation to ensure that the new trees are located for maximum screening of sensitive view relationships. Also, the location of the east side great room clerestory windows should be identified so these too would be screened with the new planting. The new trees should be set under the direction of a designated ASCC member and town planner with the modeling recommended above and neighbor input on the process should, at least, be requested.

To further address privacy issues, the proposed pool has been oriented perpendicular to the property line and the pool/cabana complex, originally along the 20-foot setback line, is now no closer than 26 feet to the property boundary. (See also cabana location clarifications provided in the attached 9/18/13 email from the project architect).

The pool cabana has not only been reduced in length, it is now a flat roof, solid stone veneer structure with the building located along the north side of the pool to fully screen the pool from the lower portions of the parcel to the north. The cabana walls will be finished in the same "Elk Mountain" stone veneer proposed for the other site walls. The stone sample is on the project color board found acceptable by the ASCC at the 8/27 meeting.

The lanai at the west end of the northern house wing has been moved, along with the rest of the house, roughly two feet further to the south and away from the northern parcel line. The BBQ/Pizza oven terrace originally planned along the 20-foot setback line with the pizza oven in the setback area, now maintains a 24-foot setback from the property line and the Pizza Oven is least 22 feet from the property line. Attached plan Sheet A3.02 shows how the stone terrace wall/pizza oven would look from the north side. It would provide some screening relative to views from the north to the lanai and, in any case, the lanai is approximately 34 feet from the property line.

The above site plan adjustments provide more opportunity for the grading along the northern boundary planned to accommodate conveyance of drainage. Thus, the more "channel like" condition associated with the original site grading plan can be avoided, particularly along the westernmost areas that will transition to the proposed storm water detention basins.

Other changes include relatively minor refinements to the office siting to reduce grading and better adjust to the hillside slopes, elimination of the driveway entry gate to avoid setback conflicts, and the west side terrace adjustments as described in the 9/17 letter from the project architect. Grading and drainage plan refinements are discussed below, as are changes to the plans for landscaping and exterior lighting. Some comments are also provided relative to the neighbor's concerns over light spill from the house and garage clerestory features.

2. **Grading plan adjustments and drainage plans and data.** The grading plans have primarily been modified consistent with the west side pool area design revisions. These changes, with the stepped terraces, and the minor changes associated with proposed office siting, have allowed the proposed scope of grading to be reduced from 3,063 cubic yards, anticipated with the plans considered at the 8/27 site meeting, to 2,470 cubic yards as shown on enclosed plan sheet C01. The scope of cut was reduced by 96 cubic yards and fill by 497 cubic yards for a total reduction of 593 cubic yards.

The revised grading plans include the proposed storm water detention features at the western end of the property. The two calculation documents prepared by the project civil engineers analyze storm flows associated with the 10-year and 100-year events and conclude that the plans with the *"proposed drainage design will improve the condition by holding the onsite water releasing at a reduced rate at any storm event and provide a well defined storm drain channel with bioswale to reduce overland flow before draining to the existing ditch along Mapache Drive."*

The revised drainage plan and calculations are currently under review by the public works director. The review should be completed prior to the planning commission hearing on the site development permit. It is noted, however, that the consulting engineer for the applicant has, in the past, conducted drainage studies for the town and it is anticipated that there should likely be no significant issues with the plans or calculations. It is also noted that the form of the detention areas is more "organic" and less engineered in appearance than was the case with the detention basin shown on the original site civil engineer grading plans. The revised plans have been reviewed and found acceptable by the town geologist, as evaluated in his attached report dated September 17, 2013.

It is noted that the plans do not attempt to convert portions of the existing rocked drainage channel into a stream, as suggest might be considered during the preliminary review process. This drainage is not identified as a stream on town planning documents, and the swale through the area has been manipulated significantly on this site and upstream over time. The plans as evaluated in the project engineer's report provide for slowing and detention of storm flows to improve outfall and lessen potential for downstream impacts.

3. **Landscape plan revisions.** The key planting plan changes are discussed above and in the 9/17 letter from the project architect. The conservation committee report on the revised plan is presented in the attached September 16, 2013 email from committee chair Judith Murphy. Overall, the plan appears acceptable with the cautions relative to watering and potential oak impacts noted in the review of the conservation committee.

During the project's preliminary review it was suggested that the driveway alignment be reconsidered to save more trees. This would impact the scope of grading and likely driveway grade and radius. The plans have been developed to meet fire truck access requirements to the acceptable turnaround and there is not a great amount of flexibility to satisfy the requirements and also spare trees. As suggested, however, there has been consideration given to relocating some existing trees and this is noted on plan sheets L1.0 and L3.0. The trees to be relocated are not in the driveway area.

4. **Neighbor concerns over clerestory window elements.** The north side neighbors have continued to express concern over the clerestory elements proposed in the garage and the main house great room. The comments in the 9/17 letter from the project architect discuss the changes made to minimize potential for interior light spill through the clerestory elements and clarify the intentions relative to interior lighting. (Refer to the ninth bullet point on page two of the letter.)

Relative to the garage clerestory windows, they are oriented to the south and with the deep recesses and roughly one-foot window height should have minimum if any potential for spilling light to the north. Further, the maximum height of the storage/attic space over the garage is six feet. The space is not for living and the windows will permit day access to the storage space without the need for artificial light. For further assurance against light spill, the switching for any lighting in the storage space should have a timer cut off so that a light is not left on accidentally for long periods.

The clerestory windows over the great room appear to be slightly taller than those in the garage, perhaps up to 18-inches, but represent far less potential for light spill than would be the case with skylights. Further, the west side clerestory windows are not oriented toward the uphill neighbor and, while the east side windows would likely be visible, any light spill would be significantly less than from, for example, the north side windows on the existing residence on the southern hillside of the site. It is also noted that the north side house elevation windows are minimal and that with the design clarifications offered, the clerestory elements appear consistent with town design guidelines.

4. **Lighting plan changes.** The scope of proposed exterior lighting has been reduced as follows:
 - All 12 driveway lights have been eliminated.
 - All four tree "down" lights have been eliminated.
 - Arbor down lights reduced from 11 to 3.
 - Steps lights reduced from 16 to 8.
 - Architectural wall mounted down lights reduced from 14 to 12.

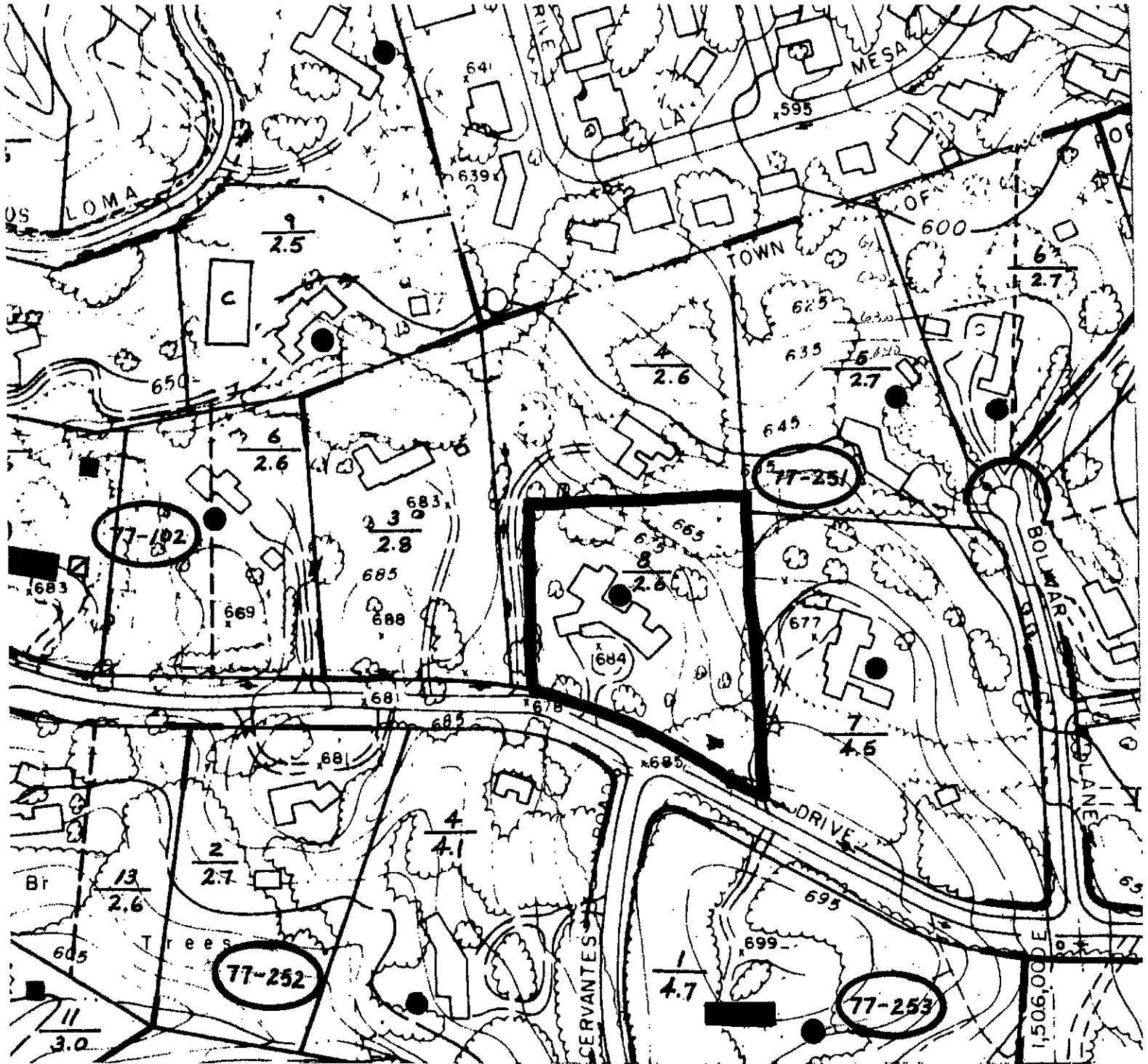
The plans still propose the use of the Cooper Lighting fixture 660-WP series with open top, sides and bottom, i.e., "architectural sconce" identified on Sheet L5.0. One additional such light is proposed, but this is a result of the design change to the cabana and elimination of the three proposed trellis lights with the original design. We don't take issue with the placement of the fixtures, but still have concerns over the open design and potential for light spill. We recommend that instead of the Cooper fixture, the Hunza-wall fixture be used or a different fixture be selected that only directs light down. Otherwise, we believe the revised lighting plans are responsive to the preliminary review comments.

In any case, a final lighting plan should be provided identifying all switching zones and controls and the plan should include pool lighting proposals. Lighting should be manually controlled and the final interior electrical plans should be consistent with the comments in the 9/17/13 letter from the project architect relative to interior clerestory area lighting. Also, the garage storage area lighting should have a timer off control as recommended above.

5. **Site Development Committee project reviews/updates.** The attached August 27, 2013 staff report on the project includes the site development committee reports. The 9/12/13 revised project and grading plans have been circulated to the town geologist, public works director and conservation committee. In addition to the 9/16 email from the conservation committee referenced above, the town geologist has provided the attached updated 9/17/13 report and has found the revised plans conditionally acceptable. Comments from the public works director will be available prior to the planning commission hearing on the site development permit. The plans will also need to be eventually found acceptable by the health officer, and the health officer conditions are to be met prior to issuance of a building permit. The applicant is aware of the outstanding health department conditions relative to septic system design and is assuming the risk that if any issues come up in the health department review that require more significant plan adjustments, town ASCC and planning commission review and action on revised plans may be needed.
6. **Construction staging plans.** Final, detailed construction staging plans will need to be developed and implemented to the satisfaction of planning staff and should be responsive to the on-street parking and other concerns noted in the communications from neighbors and the WASC.

Prior to acting on the architectural review application and forwarding comments and recommendations to the planning commission on the site development permit request, ASCC members should conduct the 9/23 site meeting and consider the above comments and any new information provided at Monday's special afternoon and regular evening meetings.

**ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW FOR HOUSE ADDITIONS &
X9H-656, 468 WESTRIDGE DRIVE, CROUSE/DORAHY**



Vicinity Map

Scale: 1" = 200 feet

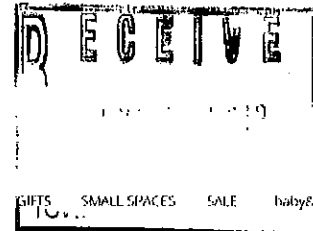
Architectural Review Additions & X9H-656, Crouse/Dorahy

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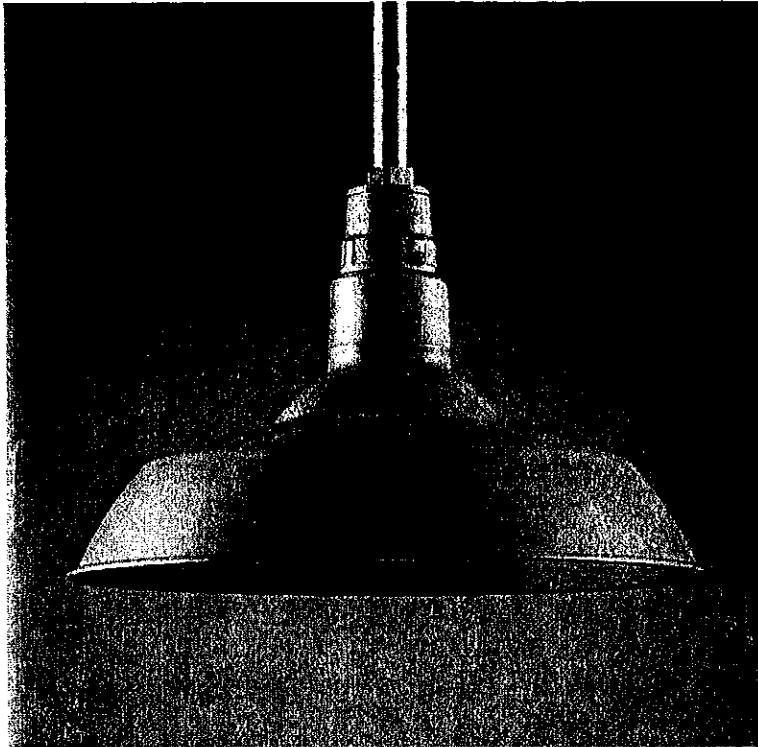


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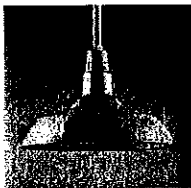
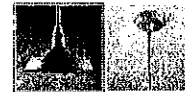
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18" Pendant: 18" diam., 23¾"-83¾"H

22" Pendant: 22" diam., 26¾"-86¾"H

26" Pendant: 26" diam., 29¾"-89¾"H

Installation Instructions >



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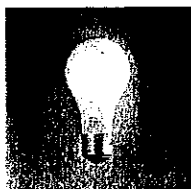
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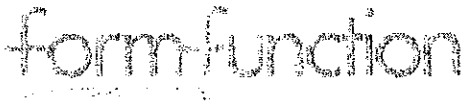
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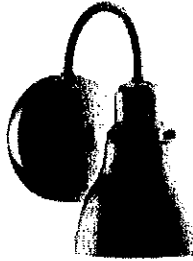
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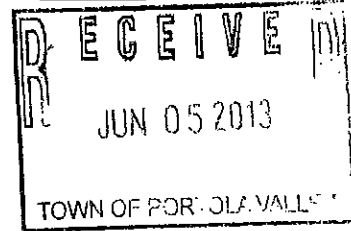
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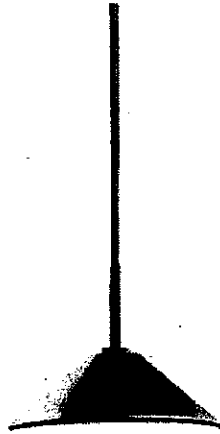
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2 Customer Reviews | Write a Review

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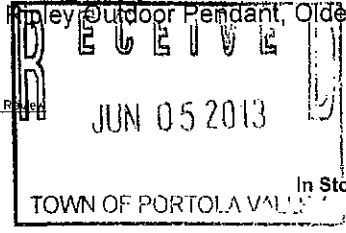
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Dimensions & Weights

Wire Length 5 feet 3 inches
Width 10 inches
Overall Height 3 feet 10 inches
Height 8 inches

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Chair Breen called the regular meeting to order at 7:30 p.m. in the Town Center historic School House meeting room.

Roll Call:

ASCC: Breen, Clark, Hughes, Koch, Ross
Absent: None
Planning Commission Liaison: Gilbert
Town Council Liaison: Wengert
Town Staff: Town Planner Vlastic, Assistant Planner Borck

Oral Communications

Oral communications were requested, but none were offered.

Architectural Review for house additions & Driveway Modifications, and Site Development Permit X9H-656, 468 Westridge Drive, Crouse/Dorahy

Vlastic presented the staff report on this proposal for approval of the addition of 603 sf of floor area to the existing 4,901 sf, single story Ranch style residence on the subject 2.5-acre Westridge Subdivision site. He noted that while the house addition project, including swimming pool replacement, is relatively minimal, as evaluated in the staff report, the more significant part of the proposal is the site development permit for grading to make changes to site driveway access.

Vlastic advised that since the staff report had been prepared the town received a July 20, 2013 project approval letter from the Westridge Architectural Supervising Committee (WASC). He noted that WASC approval is granted with conditions relative to clearing for adequate sight distance associated with the new driveway intersection with Westridge Drive, provisions for trail protection and preservation, and removal of pines and redwoods along the new driveway alignment. Vlastic noted that the WASC condition for tree removal could be a significant factor and that the applicant has not yet provided a response to the request.

Vlastic noted that the WASC letter advises that the new driveway intersection with Westridge raises concerns over adequate sight distance and assumes the town will handle the engineering associated with the proposal. Vlastic explained that the public works director has reviewed the plans and found them conditionally acceptable as noted in the staff report.

Vlastic noted that the staff report suggests a number of conditions should the ASCC find the project acceptable. He advised that these include construction staging and tree protection plans, plan corrections relative to the existing garden and west side sheds, details for the pathway replacements with the new driveway work, final and detailed landscape plan, including plans for removal of trees as requested by the WASC, front yard fence repair plans, final lighting plan, and compliance with all requirements of site development committee members.

ASCC members considered the staff report and the following project plans, unless otherwise noted, dated May 20, 2013 and prepared by CJW Architecture:

Sheet: T-0.1, Title Sheet

Sheet: T-0.4, Build it Green Checklist
Boundary and Topographic Survey, B&H Surveying, Inc., February 2013
Sheet: A1-1.1, Site Plan, Lighting/Landscaping (grading and drainage)
Sheet: A1-1.2, Site Plan – Construction Staging, Tree Protection
Sheet: A1-2.0.1, Existing Floor Plan
Sheet: A-2.1, Floor Plan
Sheet: A-2.4, Roof Plan
Sheet: A1-3.1, Exterior Elevations

Civil/Site Development Permit Plans, Flo-Rite Engineering, 7/3/2013:

Sheet C-1, Title Sheet
Sheet C-2, Notes
Sheet C-3, Grading Plan
Sheet C-4, Details Sheet

In addition to the plans, ASCC members considered the following materials submitted with the project applications:

- Application submittal letter dated June 6, 2013 with comments about interaction with the public works director on the proposed driveway changes.
- Cut sheets for proposed wall mounted and pendant light fixtures, received 6/5/13.
- Arborist Report, McClenahan Consulting LLC, June 4, 2013.
- Completed *Outdoor Water Use Efficiency Checklist*, 6/16/13.
- Exterior "Finish Board," dated 5/10/13.

Geoffrey Crouse, applicant, and project architects Carter Warr and Mark Sutherland presented the proposal to the ASCC. The following comments and clarifications were offered:

- The plans are for adaptive reuse of the property and the driveway plans eliminate a more formal condition and entry gate associated with the existing improvements. The changes are more in keeping with the objectives of the town's site plan and design guidelines.
- The driveway plans were shared at a site meeting with public works director Howard Young and were finalized based on his input. He has approved the proposed driveway changes.
- The plans will be modified to include removal of the pines as requested by the WASC. The request for removal of redwoods is understood and appreciated, and the applicant is willing to work with the ASCC for a plan to remove some or most of the redwoods based on a more specific evaluation of the trees.
- The applicant and design team concur with the recommendations for conditions made by staff.

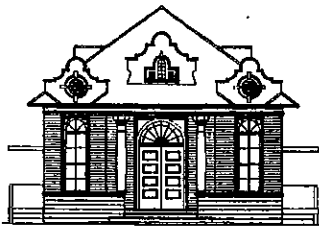
Public comments were requested, but none were offered.

ASCC members briefly discussed the project and supported the proposals for house additions, new pool and driveway changes, subject to the conditions recommended in the staff report. Members also supported the recommendations of the WASC for removal of pine and redwoods, but concurred, that while taking all redwoods out is desirable over the

long run, some phasing of tree removal should be possible based on further analysis and evaluation by the project design team.

Following discussion, Ross moved, seconded by Koch and passed 5-0 approval of the plans and site development permit subject to the following conditions to be met, unless otherwise noted, to the satisfaction of the ASCC, prior to the issuance of project permits:

1. The plans shall be revised to correctly and completely show the plans for the existing west side sheds and garden area addressing the comments in the staff report.
2. The requirements of all site development committee members as referenced in the staff report shall be addressed to the satisfaction of the respective committee member.
3. A final detailed, complete landscaping plan shall be provided addressing the comments in the staff report, including referenced input from the conservation committee, and shall also provide for pine tree removal and, at a minimum, early removal of some of the front yard redwood trees. The plan shall include provisions for eventual removal of all redwoods or include analysis and evaluation as to proposals for preservation of any of the redwood trees.
4. A comprehensive construction staging and tree protection plan shall be provided and, once approved, implemented to the satisfaction of planning staff.
5. A final exterior lighting plan, including all existing house and yard lighting to remain and all proposed new house and yard lighting, shall be provided. The data shall be on one plan sheet, shall include switching circuits for all lights, and shall also include proposed swimming pool lighting.
6. Details for the pathway changes, including grading, needed with the proposed driveway work shall be provided and include scoring for pathway crossing of the driveway surface.
7. All vegetation clearing needed for adequate sight distance at the new driveway intersection with Westridge Drive shall be detailed and shall be subject to review and approval by the public works director prior to presentation to the ASCC with final project plans.
8. Final plans for front yard fence repairs and additions shall be provided.



MEMORANDUM

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

TO: ASCC
FROM: Tom Vlastic, Town Planner
DATE: July 22, 2013
RE: Agenda for July 22, 2013 ASCC Meeting

4b. ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW FOR HOUSE ADDITIONS & DRIVEWAY MODIFICATIONS, AND SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT X9H-656, 468 WESTRIDGE DRIVE, CROUSE/DORAHY

This proposal is for approval of the addition of 603 sf of floor area to the existing 4,901 sf, single story Ranch style residence on the subject 2.5-acre Westridge Subdivision site. The site location and conditions are generally described on the attached vicinity map. The project includes a proposed change to site driveway access and a new swimming pool replacing an existing swimming pool. The new pool would be in essentially the same location as the existing pool.

The house addition would be single story and part of a project that includes house remodeling and some relatively minor changes to the existing roof forms. All floor areas would be well within the limits for the property and the house and pool proposals can be accomplished with only minor grading and/or vegetation impacts.

The proposed driveway work would result in more significant site changes and is also the basis for the requested site development permit. The grading needed to complete the new driveway would be 249 cubic yards of fill that would be delivered to the site. No cut is proposed for the project. Grading proposals in excess of 100 cubic yards, but less than 1,000 cubic yards, require site development permit approval by the ASCC. Our concerns with this project focus on the proposed driveway changes as discussed later in this report.

The project is presented on the following enclosed plans unless otherwise noted, dated May 20, 2013 and prepared by CJW Architecture:

- Sheet: T-0.1, Title Sheet
- Sheet: T-0.4, Build it Green Checklist
- Boundary and Topographic Survey, B&H Surveying, Inc., February 2013
- Sheet: A1-1.1, Site Plan, Lighting/Landscaping (grading and drainage)
- Sheet: A1-1.2, Site Plan – Construction Staging, Tree Protection
- Sheet: A1-2.0.1, Existing Floor Plan
- Sheet: A-2.1, Floor Plan
- Sheet: A-2.4, Roof Plan

Sheet: A1-3.1, Exterior Elevations

Civil/Site Development Permit Plans, Flo-Rite Engineering, 7/3/2013:
Sheet C-1, Title Sheet
Sheet C-2, Notes
Sheet C-3, Grading Plan
Sheet C-4, Details Sheet

In addition to the enclosed plans, the project design team has provided the following attached materials as part of the architectural review application:

- Application submittal letter dated June 6, 2013 with comments about interaction with the public works director on the proposed driveway changes.
- Cut sheets for proposed wall mounted and pendant light fixtures, received 6/5/13.
- Arborist Report, McClenahan Consulting LLC, June 4, 2013.
- Completed *Outdoor Water Use Efficiency Checklist*, 6/16/13.

Also a proposed exterior "Finish Board," dated 5/10/13 has been provided that is discussed below and will be available for reference at the ASCC meeting.

The following comments are offered to assist the ASCC consider and act on this proposal.

- 1. Project description, site conditions, and grading and vegetation impacts.** The comments in this section focus on the house addition and remodeling and the proposed swimming pool modifications. Comments in the next section address the proposed driveway modifications.

The subject site is located immediately north of the intersection of Westridge Drive and Cervantes Road. It has relatively gentle slopes and extensive oak and other tree cover. The existing single story Ranch style residence is located near the center of the property on somewhat of a local knoll and is roughly 6 to 7 feet higher in elevation than the elevation where the property's driveway intersects Westridge Drive.

The site contains the existing house, a detached garage, rear yard swimming pool, and west side storage sheds and vegetable garden. The small shed at the vegetable garden and the fenced garden area are not shown on the project plans. Further, only one of the two "existing" west side sheds shown to be preserved are correctly located on the plans. The second shed is adjacent to the garden and we have asked that the plans be clarified relative to the sheds and garden with the building permit submittal. It is likely that the existing garden shed and garden are to be preserved as they currently exist.

Driveway access to the site and detached, west side garage includes the existing asphalt driveway circle with short connection to Westridge Drive. The "circle" includes the garage access apron and guest parking along the east side of the circle and on the circle in front of the main house entry. Part of the objective of the driveway changes is to eliminate pavement at the front door and enhance the landscape entry to the house. Inside the driveway circle, the current landscaping is mainly small oaks in a more native type setting. No significant changes to the

landscaping in the "circle" are proposed. With the proposal to eliminate the current driveway connection to Westridge Drive, the plan calls for planting of a 36" live oak and native shrubs. These would replace the driveway pavement and an existing iron entry gate.

The proposed house changes include the west side 603 sf bedroom and bath addition and remodeling of the entry, dining, kitchen and family room areas. The remodeling includes changes to the roof form to added interior ceiling volume and dormers to bring light into the interior spaces. With the roof changes, however, the new building height over the remodeled spaces would still be low, i.e., just under 18 feet and within the single story height limits of the zoning ordinance. Further, the massing would not be significantly different than existing conditions. Story pole extensions have been placed on the house to show the proposed roof height addition.

The proposed west side bedroom addition can be accomplished with minimum grading and removal of only one small tree. The addition will be over 40 feet from the closest property line and maintain a low profile consistent with the form of the existing residence. The house addition and remodeling, as discussed further below, appear well designed and consistent with established site and area residential conditions.

It is also noted that the plans call for removal of one redwood tree at the southeast corner of the existing house adjacent to the "cantilevered" window feature, i.e., tree 10 on the site plan. The attached 7/8/13 conservation committee comments take no issue with the proposal to remove this tree. It is also noted that the project arborist has recommended removal of tree 1 just to the southwest of the proposed bedroom addition. This is a 22" ash and at this point the intent is to try and save the tree.

The proposed replacement rectangular swimming pool is located at the rear of the house at the site of the existing kidney shaped pool. The pool project requires no significant change in site contours as the area is level and no significant vegetation would be impacted. A more efficient pool design would result that includes allowance for use of a security pool cover. This avoids the need for a fence and, according to the project architect, no new fencing is proposed with this project.

2. **Proposed driveway changes and grading/side development committee review.** The proposed driveway changes include abandonment of the existing gated asphalt driveway connection to Westridge Drive, landscaping of the abandoned driveway area, and development of a new indirect driveway extension along the east side of the property.

The new driveway intersection with Westridge would be roughly 160 feet to the east. The proposed 12-foot-wide asphalt surface driveway would extend approximately 190 feet from Westridge to the existing driveway circle. The majority of the earthwork for the driveway development would be fill to establish proper grades for access to the street. This fill is mostly from the edge of Westridge Drive to approximately 80 feet into the property. Depths of fill would be a maximum of three to four feet. The grading would also need to accommodate an established trail and some removal of vegetation in the Westridge right of way, including tree 2,

an 11" coast live oak, would be needed for driveway construction and enhanced sight distance.

The driveway plan has been developed to avoid trees on site, but care would be needed in line with project arborist recommendations, to ensure trees are protected from construction impacts. The recommendations are not referenced on the tree protection plan, Sheet: A-1.2, but should be added to the final construction and building permit documents assuming project approval as proposed.

We do have some concerns with the proposed driveway changes. Typically, we would find the changes appropriate to achieve a more indirect and less formal (i.e., than the "circle" with iron entry gate) driveway access. In this case, however, the desire for an indirect path needs to be balanced with the scope of proposed grading, including fill, in the town's right of way and also the addition of at least 1,600 to 1,700 sf of new asphalt driveway surface. Further, the impacts on the existing trail experience in the Westridge trail easement need to be considered. The details for grading to accommodate the trail should be provided to the satisfaction of the public works director and will also likely need to be approved by the Westridge homeowners association, which has benefit to the bridal path easement (see also additional comments below on input from the Westridge Committee and attached July 18, 2012 email from Bill Berry, neighbor at 450 Westridge Drive offering perspectives on the driveway proposal).

Given the above comments, it will be important for the ASCC to carefully consider the driveway proposal prior to acting on it. The proposed new driveway intersection with Westridge Drive and driveway alignment on site have been staked for consideration during site inspections. In addition, the following attached reports have been provided by site development permit committee members on the project:

Public Works Director. Reports dated July 15, and July 16, 2013 setting forth requirements to be met as conditions to site development permit approval. It should be noted that the public works director has found the driveway plans generally acceptable, including the adequacy of site distance at the proposed new intersection with Westridge Drive.

Town Geologist. By memo dated June 24, 2013 the Town Geologist has found the proposed grading project and site development application conditionally acceptable.

Health Officer. By memo dated June 20, 2013, the health officer has raised concerns with the adequacy of septic data for the project. The project design team is working to address these concerns and understands that they will need to be resolved prior to issuance of any project permits. Addressing the requirements of the health officer should be a condition to any ASCC action on this project.

Fire Marshal. By memo dated June 27, 2013, the fire marshal has found the project, including driveway proposal, conditionally acceptable.

Conservation Committee. By memo dated July 8, 2013, the conservation committee has provided comments on the project that are, in general, conditionally supportive. A few questions have been raised, particularly to the scope of eventual site landscaping. A final detailed, complete landscaping plan should be provided

with the building permit plans, and this should be subject to review and approval by a designated ASCC member, and the review of the final plan should include input from the conservation committee.

Trails Committee. By email dated June 14, 2013, the trails committee has advised that the trail over the new driveway should be scored to town standards.

3. **Westridge Architectural Supervising Committee (WASC) review and comments.** We have yet to receive a final written communication from the WASC on this project. We understand from discussions with a committee representative, however, that the committee has found the house plans generally acceptable, but has concerns with the proposed driveway modifications. A written report from the committee based on a recent site meeting is expected to be received prior to the July 22nd ASCC meeting. The concerns of the WASC have been shared with the applicant and project design team.
4. **Compliance with Floor Area (FA), Impervious Surface Area (IS), and height limits.** The total proposed site floor area is 6,421 sf and well below the 7,443 sf limit. The total area proposed in the main house is the same 5,904 sf. This is only 79.3% of the total permitted floor area and is, therefore, well within the 6,327 sf 85% limit.

The total proposed impervious surface (IS) area is 8,779 sf. The allowed IS area is 12,920 sf, thus, the proposal is well below the permitted maximum IS area. It is noted, however, that most of the new driveway surface would be over 100 feet from the garage and, technically, not need to be counted as IS area. This provision was added to the ordinance to accommodate sites where long driveways were needed due to site conditions. It is recognized, however, that no specific factors were articulated to limit application of the 100 foot standard and, therefore, it can be applied to the subject request. Nonetheless, the ASCC should be aware that there would be significant additional driveway surface with the project that is not specifically reflected in the IS calculations on plan Sheet: T-01.

The maximum height of the house with the proposed roof height changes would be just under 18. feet. This is well within the 28- and 34-foot zoning ordinance height limits.

Compliance with required setbacks is demonstrated on Sheet: A-1.1. Including the proposed addition, side and rear yard setbacks are significantly greater than the minimum 20-foot requirement, i.e., at least 43 feet. The existing site structures are no closer to the Westridge Drive frontage than 80 feet whereas a minimum 50-foot setback is required. The proposed addition is over 150 feet from the Westridge Drive frontage.

5. **Proposed architecture, exterior materials and colors.** The existing house has a traditional, Westridge area Ranch style of architecture that would be mostly preserved, but updated somewhat with the proposed small addition and roof modifications. The existing exterior materials and finishes include dark "charcoal" composition shingle roofing, painted board and batten siding, and clad windows with painted trim. With the proposed house additions and modifications, the existing palette of exterior materials would be preserved and the existing roof materials

would be used for the new addition area. The siding would be painted a dark taupe color with a light reflectivity value (LRV) of 25-30% and well under the 40% LRV policy limit. The clad windows and trim would be in a medium taupe/sand color with a LRV at the 50% policy limit. Overall, the proposed house additions and modifications and proposed finishes appear fully consistent with town design guidelines.

6. **Landscaping and fencing.** As noted above, a detailed landscape plan should be provided with the building permit plans to the satisfaction of a designated ASCC member. This should detail front yard plantings and all materials that may need to be removed in the right of way for adequate sight distance assuming the proposed driveway modifications proceed. Further, rear yard plantings around the pool, including any new lawn area, should be clarified.

While a pool cover is proposed for security, and the project architect has advised that no new fencing is planned, there is the need for some repair and additions to the fencing along Westridge Drive. The additions would be likely for the area of the existing driveway opening. In any case, the scope of fencing repair and additions along Westridge should be clarified to the satisfaction of the ASCC.

7. **Exterior Lighting.** Plan Sheet A-1.1 shows the proposed exterior lighting and cut sheets for the proposed fixtures are attached. The plan includes removal of existing spotlights, but is not clear as to the location of the pendant fixtures that are provided with the cut sheets. While the overall approach to lighting appears minimal, yard lighting plans are not included. Eventually, with the final building permit and landscape plans, a complete exterior lighting plan with switching data should be provided to the satisfaction of the ASCC.
8. **"Sustainability" aspects of project.** Pursuant to town green building requirements, the project architect has completed the Build It Green (BIG) GreenPoint rated existing home checklist presented on plan Sheet: T-0.4. In this case, the checklist targets 35 points. The mandated minimum point total for this "Elements" project is 25 and BIG GreenPoint rating would be self-certified. Compliance with checklist provisions is addressed through the town's standard building permit administration process.

Prior to acting on this request, ASCC members should visit the project site and consider the above comments as well as any new information presented at the July 22, 2013 ASCC meeting.

***ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW, ADDITIONS/REMODELING
2 OHLONE, DOWN***



Vicinity Map
 Scale: 1" = 200 feet

Addition, Down
 2 Ohlone
 October 2013

September 6, 2013

Eric and Mary Kay Down.
2 Ohlone
Portola Valley, CA 94028

Re: #13-55

Dear Eric and Mary Kay,

Please be advised that the Design Committee has approved your **Application #13-55 for an exercise room addition and deck expansion** with the conditions that the new addition be painted to match exactly the rest of the house, the deck be stained w/clearcoat to match exactly the existing deck and the residents consult with the Landscape Committee re: the two trees that abut the footprint of the project. Please be aware that an appeal period of five (5) working days follows any decision made by the Design Committee. The appeal period for your application expires on September 13, 2013.

Please note that there can be no deviation from the approved plan without the consent of the Design Committee.

If you have any questions about your application, please do not hesitate to contact the Office at (650) 851-1811.

Thank you very much for working with the Design Committee.

Sincerely,

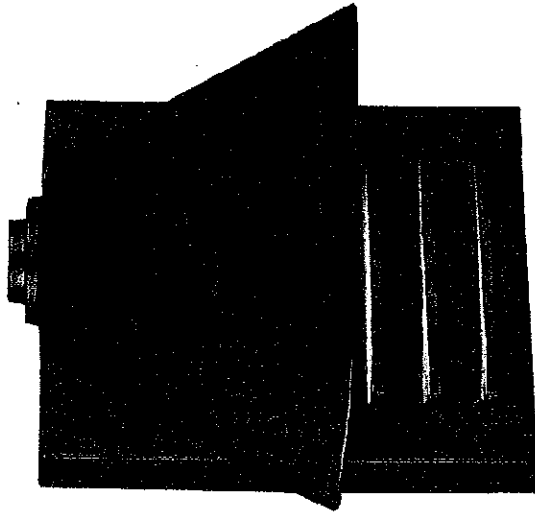
Dana Rhine
Management Office
Portola Ranch Association

OUTDOOR LIGHTING AT DECK

FAIRBANKS DARK SKY BRONZE FINISH 9"
HIGH OUTDOOR WALL LIGHT STYLE # JT5TB

DEEP BRONZE FINISH, THIS WALL LANTERN
HAS AN EYE-CATCHING DESIGN. BEAUTIFY YOUR
HOME WHILE ADDING LIGHT AND SAFETY FROM
THE FAIRBANKS COLLECTION.

BRONZE FINISH.
TAKES ONE 100 WATT BULB (NOT INCLUDED).
10" WIDE.
9" HIGH.
EXTENDS 6" FROM THE WALL.
DARK SKY COMPLIANT.



EXTERIOR LIGHTING CUT SHEET

SEP 11 2013

PROPERTY ADDRESS:
2 OHLONE RD.,
PORTOLA VALLEY, CA

ADDITION FOR:

DOWN RESIDENCE

DATE:
09.10.13

2 Ohlone Rd. Portola Valley Ranch, CA		Points Achieved	Community	Energy	IAC/Health	Resources	Water
		Total Points Available in Site = 6					
B. FOUNDATION		Possible Points					
1. Replace Portland Cement in Concrete with Recycled Flyash or Slag						1	
TBD	a. Minimum 20% Flyash and/or Slag Content					1	
TBD	b. Minimum 30% Flyash and/or Slag Content					1	
2. Moisture Source Verification and Correction (Required for Whole House)		N			R	R	
3. Retrofit Crawl Space to Control Moisture							
TBD	a. Control Ground Moisture with Vapor Barrier				2		
TBD	b. Foundation Drainage System					2	
4. Pest Inspection and Correction						1	
5. Design and Build Structural Pest Controls							
TBD	a. Install Termite Shields & Separate All Exterior Wood-to-Concrete Connections by Metal or Plastic Fasteners/Dividers					1	
TBD	b. All New Plants Have Trunk, Base, or Stem Located At Least 36 Inches from Foundation					1	
6. Radon Testing and Correction or Radon Resistant Construction					1		
		Total Points Available in Foundation = 10					
C. LANDSCAPE		Possible Points					
No	Is the landscape area <15% of the total site area? (only 3 points available in this section for projects with <15% landscape area)						
1. Resource-Efficient Landscapes							
TBD	a. No Invasive Species Listed by Cal-IPC Are Planted						1
TBD	b. No Plant Species Require Shearing					1	
TBD	c. 50% of Plants Are California Natives or Mediterranean Climate Species						3
2. Fire-Safe Landscaping Techniques		1					
3. Minimal Turf Areas							
TBD	a. Turf Not Installed on Slopes Exceeding 10% or in Areas Less than 8 Feet Wide						2
TBD	b. Turf is <25% of Landscaped Area						2
TBD	c. Turf is <10% of Landscaped Area or eliminated						2
4. Shade Trees Planted							
TBD	5. Plants Grouped by Water Needs (Hydrozoning)	1	1				1
6. High-Efficiency Irrigation Systems Installed							
TBD	a. System Uses Only Low-Flow Drip, Bubblers, or Low-flow Sprinklers						2
TBD	b. System Has Smart Controllers						3
7. Compost and Recycle Garden Trimmings on Site							1
8. Mulch in All Planting Beds to the Greater of 2 Inches or Local Water Ordinance Requirement							2
9. Use Environmentally Preferable Materials for Non-Plant Landscape Elements and Fencing						1	
10. Light Pollution Reduced by Shielding Fixtures and Directing Light Downward		1					
11. Rain Water Harvesting System (1 point for ≤ 350 gallons, 2 points for > 350 gallons)							
TBD	a. Cistern(s) is Less Than 750 Gallons						1
TBD	b. Cistern(s) is 750 to 2,500 Gallons						1
TBD	c. Cistern(s) is Greater Than 2,500 Gallons						1
12. Soil Amended with Compost						1	1
		Total Points Available in Landscape = 32					

2 Ohlone Rd. Portola Valley Ranch, CA

		Points Achieved	Community	Energy	IAQ/Health	Resources	Water
D. STRUCTURAL FRAME & BUILDING ENVELOPE			Possible Points				
1. Optimal Value Engineering							
TBD	a. Place Rafters & Studs at 24-Inch On Center Framing					1	
TBD	b. Size Door & Window Headers for Load					1	
TBD	c. Use Only Jack & Cripple Studs Required for Load					1	
2. Use Engineered Lumber							
TBD	a. Engineered Beams & Headers					1	
TBD	b. Insulated Headers			1			
TBD	c. Engineered Lumber for Floors					1	
TBD	d. Engineered Lumber for Roof Rafters					1	
TBD	e. Engineered or Finger-Jointed Studs for Vertical Applications					1	
TBD	f. Oriented Strand Board for Subfloor					1	
TBD	g. Oriented Strand Board Wall and Roof Sheathing					1	
3. FSC Certified Wood							
TBD	a. Dimensional Lumber, Studs, and Timber					4	
TBD	b. Panel Products					2	
4. Solid Wall Systems (includes SIPs, ICFs, & Any Non-Stick Frame Assembly)							
TBD	a. Floors			2		2	
TBD	b. Walls			2		2	
TBD	c. Roofs			2		2	
5. Reduce Pollution Entering the Home from the Garage							
TBD	a. Tightly Seal the Air Barrier between Garage and Living Area				1		
Yes	b. Install Garage Exhaust Fan OR Have a Detached Garage	1			1		
6. Energy Heels on Roof Trusses (75% of Attic Insulation Height at Outside Edge of Exterior Wall)				1			
7. Overhangs and Gutters							
TBD	a. Minimum 16-Inch Overhangs and Gutters					1	
TBD	b. Minimum 24-Inch Overhangs and Gutters			1			
8. Retrofit/ Upgrade Structure for Lateral Load Reinforcement for Wind or Seismic							
TBD	a. Partial Lateral Load Reinforcement Upgrades/ Retrofits					1	
TBD	b. Lateral Load Reinforcement Upgrades/ Retrofits for Entire home					2	
TBD	9. Sound Exterior Assemblies (Required for Whole House)	N				R	
Total Points Available in Structural Frame & Building Envelope = 36		1					
E. EXTERIOR FINISH			Possible Points				
TBD	1. Recycled-Content (No Virgin Plastic) or FSC-Certified Wood Decking					2	
TBD	2. Rain Screen Wall System Installed					2	
TBD	3. Durable & Noncombustible Cladding Materials					1	
TBD	4. Durable & Fire-Resistant Roofing Materials or Assembly					2	
Total Points Available in Exterior Finish = 7							
F. INSULATION			Possible Points				
1. Install Insulation with 30% Post-Consumer Recycled Content							
TBD	a. Walls and Floors					1	
TBD	b. Ceilings					1	
2. Install Insulation that is Low-Emitting (Certified CA Residential Section 01350)							
TBD	a. Walls and Floors			1			
TBD	b. Ceilings			1			
TBD	3. Inspect Quality of Insulation Installation before Applying Drywall			1			
Total Points Available in Insulation = 5							

2 Ohlone Rd. Portola Valley Ranch, CA		Points Achieved	Community	Energy	IAC/Health	Resources	Water
G. PLUMBING			Possible Points				
1. Distribute Domestic Hot Water Efficiently							
TBD	a. Insulate All Accessible Hot Water Pipes (prerequisite for 1b. and 1c.)			1			1
TBD	b. Locate Water Heater Within 12' Of All Water Fixtures, as measured in plan			1			1
TBD	c. Install On-Demand Circulation Control Pump			1			1
≥90%	2. High-Efficiency Toilets (Dual-Flush or ≤ 1.28 gpf)	2					2
3. Water Efficient Fixtures							
Yes	a. All Fixtures Meet Federal Energy Policy Act (Toilets: 1.6 gpf, Sinks: 2.2 gpm, Showers: 2.5 gpm) (Required For Whole House)	Y					R
≥90%	b. High-Efficiency Showerheads Use ≤ 2.0 gpm at 80 psi	3					3
≥90%	c. Bathroom Faucets Use ≤ 1.5 gpm	2		1			1
Yes	4. Plumbing Survey (No Plumbing Leaks) (Required for Whole House and Elements)	Y					R
Total Points Available in Plumbing = 13		7					
H. HEATING, VENTILATION & AIR CONDITIONING			Possible Points				
1. General HVAC Equipment Verification and Correction							
Yes	a. Visual Survey of Installation of HVAC Equipment (Required for Whole House and Elements)	Y		R			
TBD	b. Conduct Diagnostic Testing to Evaluate System			2			
TBD	c. Conduct Flow Hood Test and Assess Delivery of Air			1			
TBD	d. Air Conditioning Compressor Operates Properly and Refrigerant Charge is Optimal			1			
TBD	2. Design and Install HVAC System to ACCA Manuals J, D and S			4			
3. Sealed Combustion Units							
TBD	a. Furnaces				2		
TBD	b. Water heaters				2		
TBD	4. Zoned, Hydronic Radiant Heating			1	1		
TBD	5. High Efficiency Air Conditioning Air conditioning with Environmentally Responsible Refrigerants		1				
6. Effective Ductwork Installation							
TBD	a. New Ductwork and HVAC unit Installed Within Conditioned Space			1			
TBD	b. Duct Mastic Used on All Ducts, Joints and Seams			1			
TBD	c. Ductwork System is Pressure Relieved			1			
TBD	7. High Efficiency HVAC Filter (MERV 6+)				1		
Yes	8. No Fireplace OR Sealed Gas Fireplaces with Efficiency Rating ≥80% using CSA Standards	1			1		
9. Effective Exhaust Systems Installed in Bathrooms and Kitchens							
≥90%	a. ENERGY STAR Bathroom Fans Vented to the Outside	1			1		
75%	b. All Bathroom Fans are on Timer or Humidistat	0.75			1		
Yes	c. Kitchen Range Hood Vented to the Outside	1			1		
10. Mechanical Ventilation System for Cooling Installed							
TBD	a. ENERGY STAR Ceiling Fans & Light Kits in Living Areas & Bedrooms			1			
TBD	b. Whole House Fan			1			
11. Mechanical Ventilation for Fresh Air Installed							
TBD	a. Compliance with ASHRAE 62.2 Mechanical Ventilation Standards (as adopted in Title 24 Part 6)				1		
TBD	b. Advanced Ventilation Practices (Continuous Operation, Some Limit, Minimum Efficiency, Minimum Ventilation Rate, Homeowner Instructions)				1		
TBD	c. Outdoor Air Ducted to Bedroom and Living Areas of Home			1	1		
12. Carbon Monoxide							
Yes	a. Carbon Monoxide Testing and Correction (Required for Whole House)	Y			R		
Yes	b. Carbon Monoxide Alarm(s) Installed	1			1		
Yes	13. Combustion Safety Backdraft Test (Required for Whole House and Elements)	Y			R		
Total Points Available in Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning = 30		4.75					
I. RENEWABLE ENERGY			Possible Points				
1. Offset Energy Consumption with Onsite Renewable Generation (Solar PV, Solar Thermal, Wind)							
Enter % total energy consumption offset, 1 point per 4% offset				25			
Total Points Available in Renewable Energy = 25							

2 Ohlone Rd. Portola Valley Ranch, CA

		Points Achieved	Community	Energy	IAQ/Health	Resources	Water
J. BUILDING PERFORMANCE			Possible Points				
TBD	1. Energy Survey and Education (Required for Elements or Meet J3)	N		R			
	2. Energy Upgrades (Available for Elements Rating Only, Mutually Exclusive with J3. 2 point minimum and 6 point maximum credit required) TIER 1: Practices in Tier 1 Are Worth Full Value (1 point)						
TBD	a) Attic Insulation up to or Exceeding Current Code			1			
TBD	b) Crawl Space Insulation up to or Exceeding Current Code			1			
TBD	c) Wall Insulation up to or Exceeding Current Code			1			
TBD	d) High Efficiency Furnace (90% AFUE Minimum)			1			
TBD	e) Seal Ducts and Duct Leakage is <15%			1			
TBD	f) 14 SEER, 11.5 EER Air Conditioning Unit (in climate zones 2,4,8-15)			1			
TBD	g) House Passes Blower Door Test With ≤0.5 ACH or a 50% Improvement			1			
	TIER 2: Practices in Tier 2 Are Worth Half Value (0.5 points)						
TBD	h) High Efficiency Water Heater ≥.62EF			0.5			
TBD	i) Radiant Barrier in Attic			0.5			
TBD	j) Windows Upgraded to Current Code Requirements, Which are Typically Dual Pane			0.5			
TBD	k) Duct insulation to Code			0.5			
TBD	l) Programmable Thermostat			0.5			
TBD	m) 14 SEER, 11.5 EER Air Conditioning unit (in climate zones 1,3,5,6,7,16)			0.5			
	3. Meet Energy Budget for Home Based on Year (Based GreenPoint Rated Index, Includes Blower Door Test) (Required for Whole House, Available for Elements)			10+			
TBD	4. Design and Build Zero Energy Homes			5			
TBD	5. Comprehensive Utility Bill Analysis			1			
Total Points Available in Building Performance = 16+							
K. FINISHES			Possible Points				
TBD	1. Entryways Designed to Reduce Tracked in Contaminants				1		
	2. Low/No-VOC Paint						
TBD	a. Low-VOC Interior Wall/Ceiling Paints (<50 gpl VOCs regardless of sheen)				1		
TBD	b. Zero-VOC: Interior Wall/Ceiling Paints (<5 gpl VOCs (flat))				2		
TBD	3. Coatings Meet SCAQMD Rule 1113 for Low VOCs				2		
TBD	4. Low-VOC Caulks & Construction Adhesives (Meet SCAQMD Rule 1168)				2		
TBD	5. Recycled-Content Paint					1	
	6. Environmentally Preferable Materials for Interior Finish: A) FSC Certified Wood B) Reclaimed Materials C) Rapidly Renewable D) Recycled-Content E) Finger-Jointed or F) Local						
50%	a. Cabinets	0.5				1	
50%	b. Interior Trim	0.5				1	
25%	c. Shelving	0.25				1	
25%	d. Doors	0.25				1	
50%	e. Countertops	0.5				1	
Yes	7. For Newly Installed Products, Reduce Formaldehyde in Interior Finish – Meet Current CARB Airborne Toxic Control Measure (ATCM) for Composite Wood Formaldehyde Limits by Mandatory Compliance Dates (Required for Whole Building & Elements) (EPA IAP)	Y			R		
	8. Reduce Formaldehyde in Interior Finish - Exceed Current CARB ATCM for Composite Wood Formaldehyde Limits Prior to Mandatory Compliance Dates						
50%	a. Doors	0.5			1		
50%	b. Cabinets and Countertops	1			2		
TBD	c. Interior Trim and Shelving				1		
TBD	9. After installation of finishes, Test of Indoor Air Shows Formaldehyde Level <27ppb				3		
Total Points Available in Finishes = 21		3.5					
L. FLOORING			Possible Points				
TBD	1. Environmentally Preferable Flooring: A) FSC-Certified Wood B) Reclaimed or Refinished C) Rapidly Renewable D) Recycled-Content, E) Exposed Concrete F) Local <i>Flooring Adhesives Must Have <70 gpl VOCs and sealer must meet SCAQMD Rule 1113.</i>					4	
TBD	2. Thermal Mass Floors			1			
TBD	3. Flooring Meets CA Section 01350 or CRI Green Label Plus Requirements				2		
Total Points Available in Flooring = 7							

2 Ohlone Rd. Portola Valley Ranch, CA

		Points Achieved	Community	Energy	IAQ/Health	Resources	Water
M. APPLIANCES AND LIGHTING		Possible Points					
Yes	1. ENERGY STAR Dishwasher (Must Meet Current Specifications) (Mutually Exclusive with J3)	2		1			1
TBD	2. ENERGY STAR Clothes Washing Machine with Water Factor of 6 or Less			1			2
TBD	a. Meets CEE Tier 2 Requirements (Modified Energy Factor 2.0, Water Factor 6.0)						2
TBD	b. Meets CEE Tier 3 Requirements (Modified Energy Factor 2.2, Water Factor 4.5)						2
TBD	3. ENERGY STAR Refrigerator Installed			1			
TBD	a. ENERGY STAR Qualified & < 25 cu.ft.Capacity (Mutually Exclusive with J3)			1			
TBD	b. ENERGY STAR Qualified & < 20 cu.ft Capacity (Mutually Exclusive with J3)						
TBD	4. Built-In Recycling & Composting Center					2	
TBD	a. Built-In Recycling Center					1	
TBD	b. Built-In Composting Center						
TBD	5. Electrical Survey (Required for Whole House)	N				R	
TBD	6. Verification of Entire Electrical System					2	
50%	7. Energy Efficient Lighting	0.5		1			
TBD	8.Low- Mercury Lamps (Linear and Compact Fluourescent)					1	
50%	9. Lighting Controls Installed	0.5		1			
Total Points Available in Appliances and Lighting = 13+		3					
N. OTHER		Possible Points					
Yes	1. Incorporate GreenPoint Checklist in Blueprints Or Distribute Checklist (Required for Whole House and Elements)	Y		R			
TBD	2. Develop Homeowner Manual of Green Features/Benefits			1			1
TBD	3. Hazardous Waste Testing				1		
TBD	a. Lead Testing Interior, Exterior and Soil				1		
TBD	b. Asbestos Testing and Remediation				1		
TBD	4. Gas Shut Off Valve (motion/ non-motion)				1	1	
Total Points Available in Other = 6							
P. INNOVATIONS		Possible Points					
AA. Community: No Innovation Measures At This Time							
A. Site							
TBD	1. Cool Site		1				
B. Foundation: No Innovation Measures At This Time							
C. Landscaping							
TBD	1. Irrigation System Uses Recycled Wastewater						1
D. Structural Frame and Building Envelope							
TBD	1. Design, Build and Maintain Structural Pest and Rot Controls					1	
TBD	a. Locate All Wood (Siding, Trim, Structure) At Least 12 Inches Above Soil					1	
TBD	b. All Wood Framing 3 Feet from the Foundation is Treated with Borates (or Use Factory-Impregnated Materials) OR Walls are Not Made of Wood				1		
TBD	2. Use Moisture Resistant Materials and Practices in Wet Areas of Kitchen, Bathrooms, Utility Rooms, and Basements				1		
3. Use FSC-Certified Engineered Lumber							
TBD	a. Engineered Beams and Headers					1	
TBD	b. Insulated Engineered Headers					1	
TBD	c. Wood I-Joists or Web Trusses for Floors					1	
TBD	d. Wood I-Joists for Roof Rafters					1	
TBD	e. Engineered or Finger-Jointed Studs for Vertical Applications					1	
TBD	f. Roof Trusses					1	
E. Exterior Finish							
TBD	1. Green Roofs (25% or Roof Area Minimum)		2	2			

2 Ohlone Rd. Portola Valley Ranch, CA		Points Achieved	Community	Energy	IAQ/Health	Resources	Water
F. Insulation: No Innovation Measures At This Time							
G. Plumbing							
TBD	1. Graywater Pre-Plumbing (Includes Clothes Washer at Minimum)						1
TBD	2. Graywater System Operational (Includes Clothes Washer at Minimum)						2
TBD	3. Innovative Wastewater Technology (Constructed Welland, Sand Filter, Aerobic System)						1
TBD	4. Composting or Waterless Toilet						1
TBD	5. Install Drain Water Heat-Recovery System			1			
H. Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC)							
TBD	1. Humidity Control Systems (Only in California Humid/Marine Climate Zones 1,3,5,6,7)				1		
I. Renewable Energy: No Innovation Measures At This Time							
J. Building Performance							
TBD	1. Test Total Supply Air Flow Rates			1			
TBD	2. Energy Budget Analysis (J3) Completed By CEPE			1			
K. Finishes: No Innovation Measures At This Time.							
L. Flooring: No Innovation Measures At This Time.							
M. Appliances: No Innovation Measures At This Time.							
N. Other							
TBD	1. Homebuilder's Management Staff Are Certified Green Building Professionals		1				
TBD	2. Comprehensive Owner's Manual and Homeowner Education Walkthroughs		1				
3. Additional Innovations: List innovative measures that meet green building objectives. Points will be assessed by Build It Green and the GreenPoint Rater.							
TBD	a. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
TBD	b. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
TBD	c. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
TBD	d. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
TBD	e. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
TBD	f. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
TBD	g. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
TBD	h. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
Total Points Available in Innovation = 26+							
Summary							
Total Available Points		224+	25	83	46	76	47
Minimum Points Required (Whole House)		50		20	5	6	8
Minimum Points Required (Elements)		25		8	2	2	4
Total Points Achieved		49		31	7	20	7

***ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW, ADDITIONS/REMODELING,
VARIANCE X7E-135 AND X9H-662
3 GROVE COURT, CIANCUTTI***



Vicinity Map Architectural Review Additions, Remodeling, X7E-135, X9H-662, Ciancutti
Scale: 1" = 200 feet 3 Grove Court, Town of Portola Valley
October 2013

NO.	
REVISIONS	
DATE	

PROJECT NO. FLO1301053
DATE: 8/10/2013
DRAWN BY: VMM
CHECKED BY: VMM
SCALE: 1"=20'

PORTOLA VALLEY

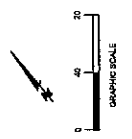
SAN MATEO COUNTY

CALIFORNIA

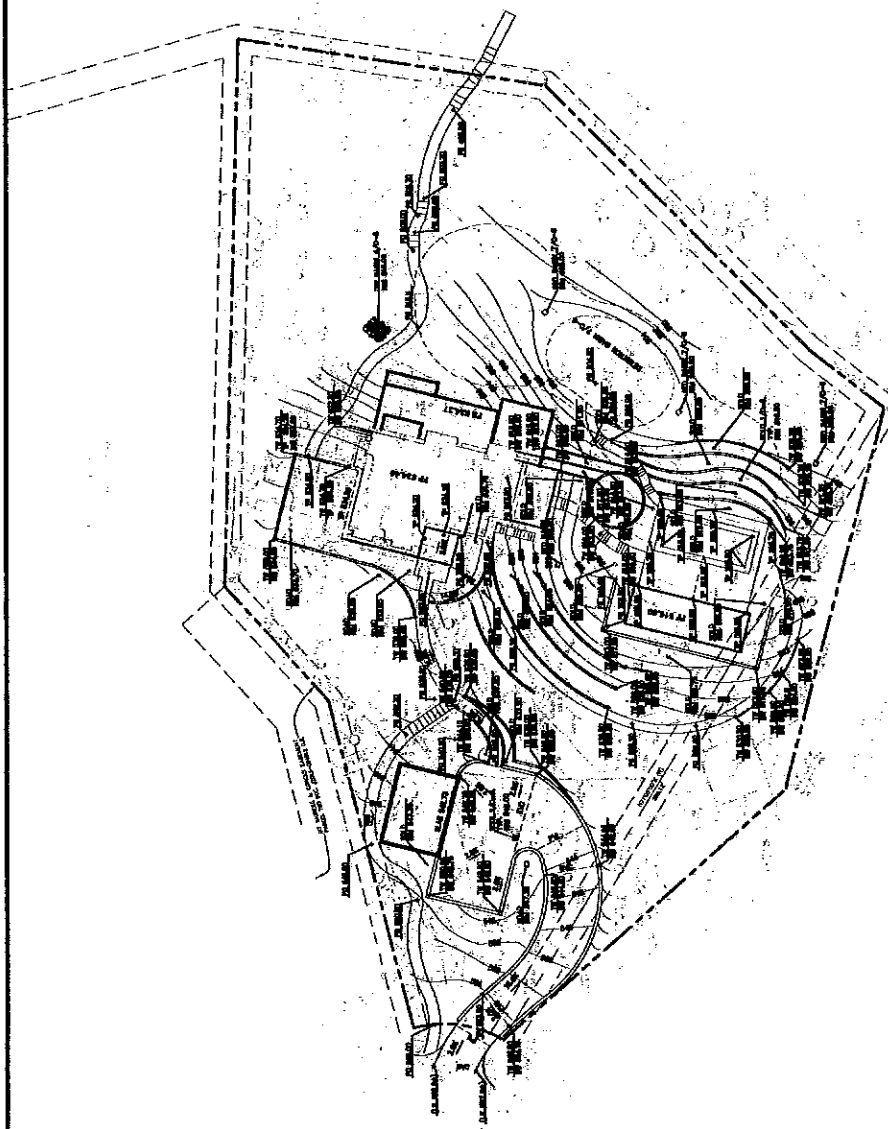
GRADING PLAN CIANCOTTI RESIDENCE 3 GROVE COURT



FLO-RITE ENGINEERS
LAND ENGINEERS AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
FLO-RITE ENGINEERS, INC.
SAN JOSE, CALIF. 95128
P.O. BOX 2345
FAX: (408) 297-4250



SEE SHEETS C-1
FOR LEGEND AND
C-2 FOR NOTES



NO.	REVISIONS	DATE:

PROJECT NO. FLO1301068
DATE: 08/02/2013
DRAWN BY: [blank]
CHECKED BY: [blank]
SCALE: 1"=20'
DATE: 08/02/2013

PORTOLA VALLEY

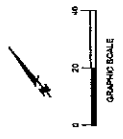
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CALIFORNIA

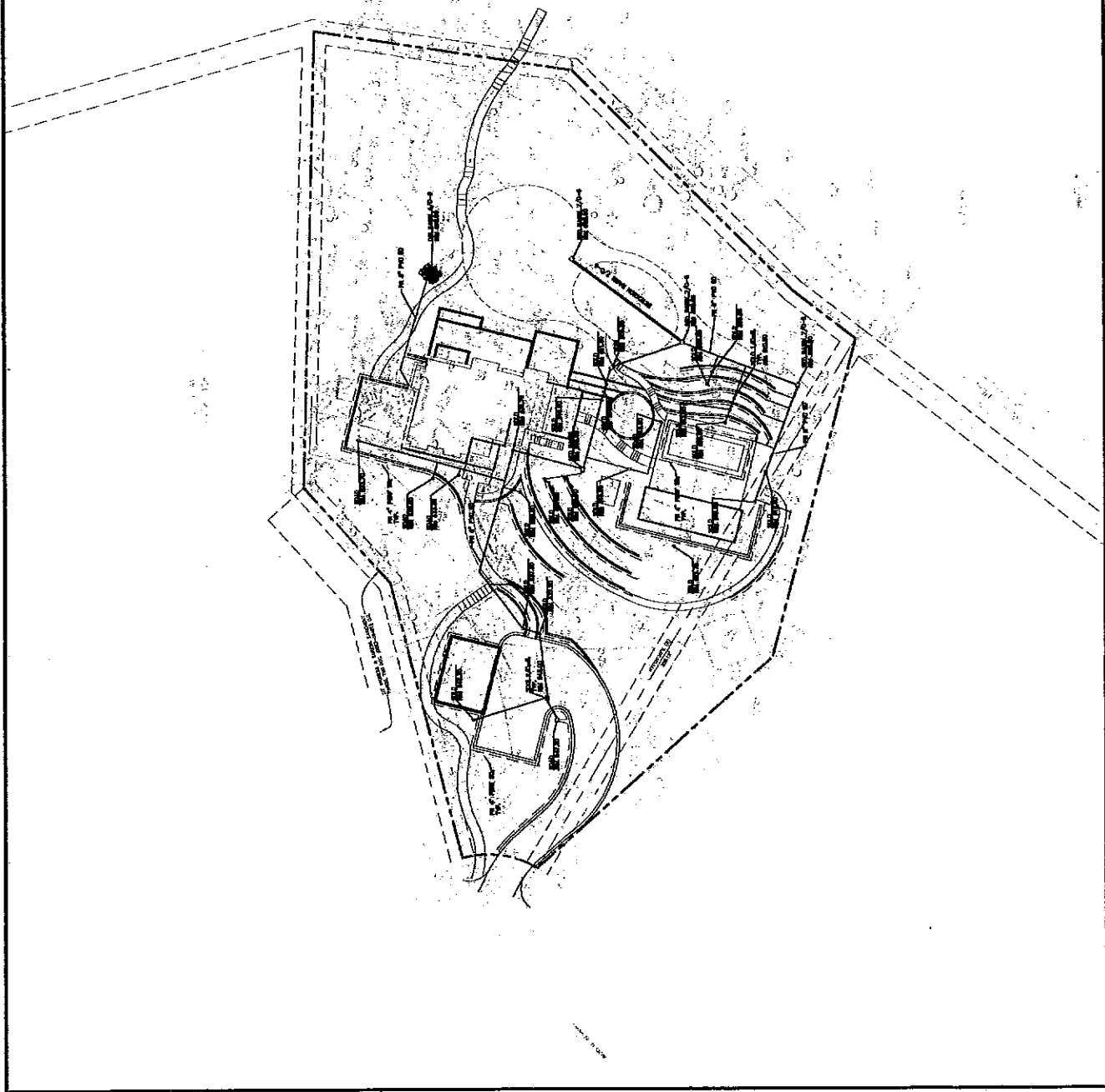
UTILITY PLAN CIANCUTTI RESIDENCE 3 GROVE COURT



FLO-RITE ENGINEERS
DAVID K. RASMUSSEN, ENGINEER
P.O. BOX 2459
SAN JOSE, CA 95151
PHONE: (408) 982-7440
FAX: (408) 979-8760



SEE SHEETS C-1
FOR LEGEND AND
C-2 FOR NOTES

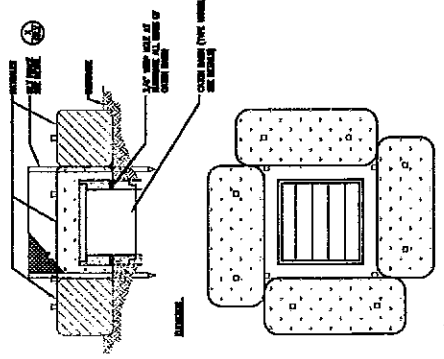
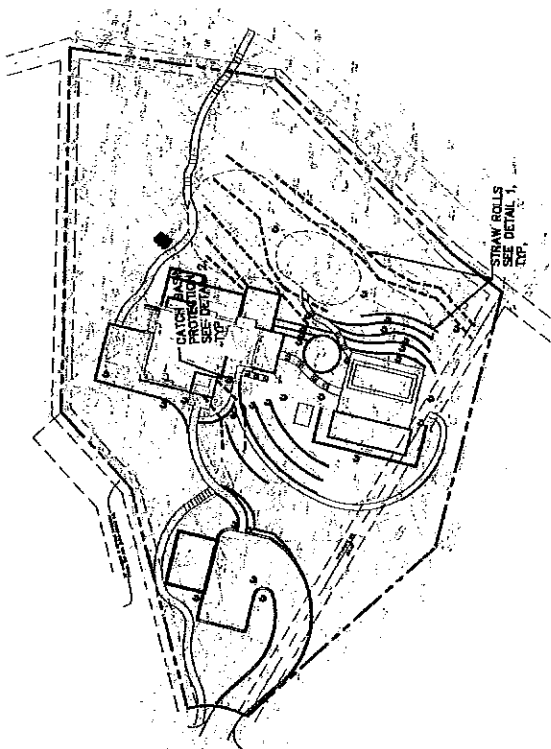




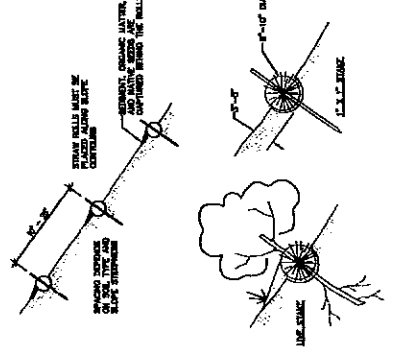
NO.	REVISIONS	DATE

PROJECT NO. F-01307-083
 DRAWING NO. ER020103
 SHEET NO. 5
 TOTAL SHEETS 5
 DATE 11/11/08

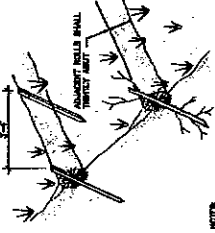
AS SHOWN
 C-5



1 CATCH BASIN PROTECTION



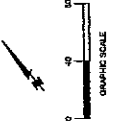
2 STRAW ROLL

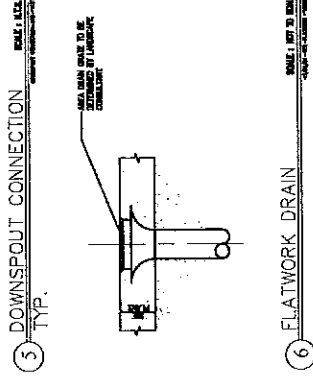
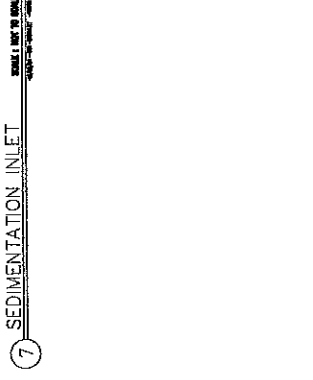
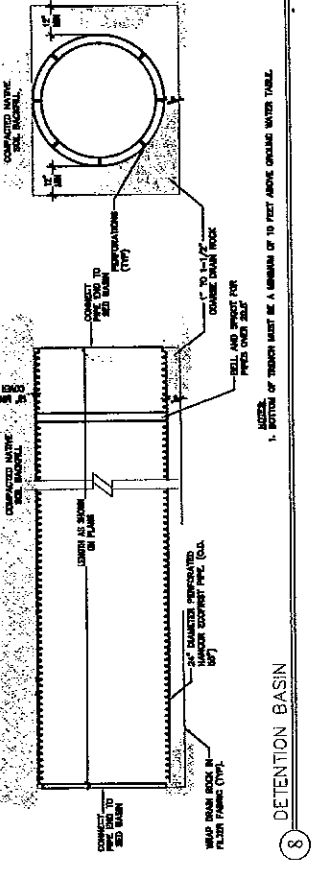
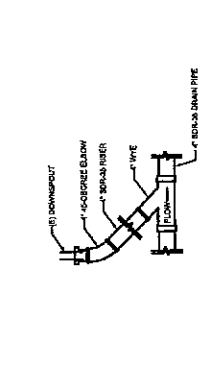
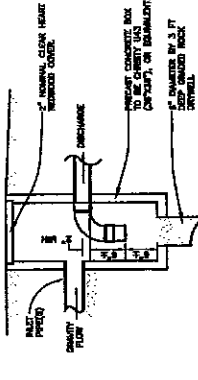
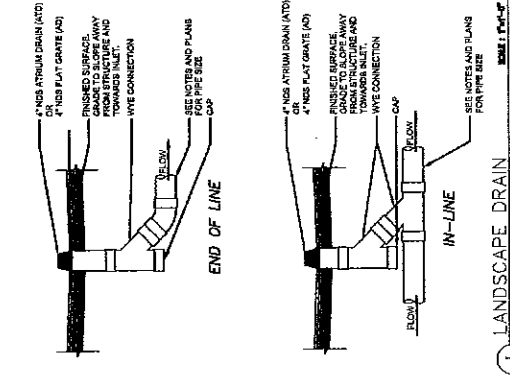
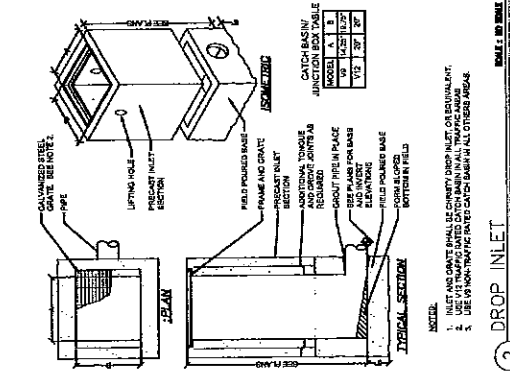
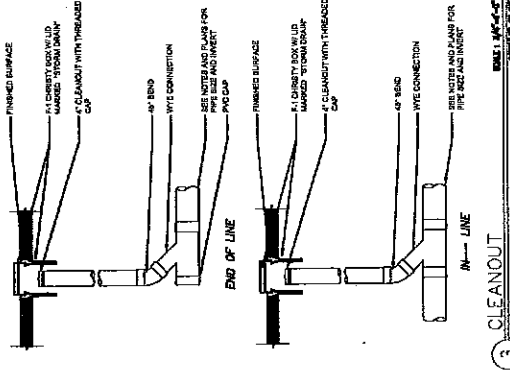
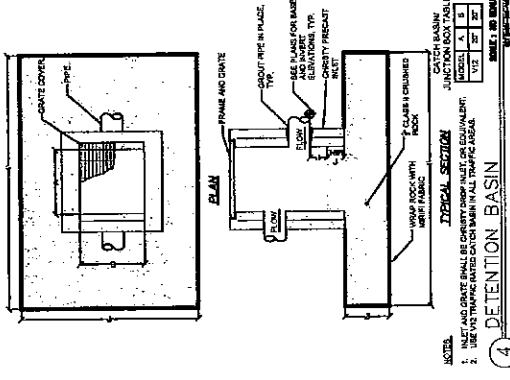


- NOTES:
1. STRAW ROLL INSTALLATION SHALL BE ACCORDING TO THE STRAW ROLL MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS. STRAW ROLL SHALL BE INSTALLED IN A MANNER TO PREVENT EROSION OF ANY TYPE ON CONCRETE OR ASPHALT SURFACES. STRAW ROLL SHALL BE INSTALLED TO FULL WIDTH OF PAVED SURFACE.
 2. VERTICAL BRACING FOR STRAW INSTALLATIONS SHALL BE 12\"/>



SEE SHEETS C-1
 FOR LEGEND AND
 C-2 FOR NOTES



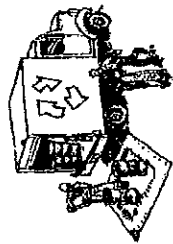


Construction Best Management Practices (BMPs)

Construction projects are required to implement the stormwater best management practices (BMP) on this page, as they apply to your project, all year long.

Water Pollution Prevention Program
Clean Water, Healthy Community

Materials & Waste Management



Non-Hazardous Materials

- Store and cover stockpiles of sand, dirt or other construction material in traps when rain is forecast or if the material is being stockpiled within 14 days.
- Use fine dust (overseal) reclaimed water for dust control.

Hazardous Materials

- Label all hazardous materials and hazardous wastes, such as pesticides, paints, thinners, solvents, fuel oil, and antifreeze in accordance with EPA, county, state and federal regulations.
- Store hazardous materials and wastes in water tight containers, store in appropriate secondary containment, and use spill containment and/or every work day or during wet weather or when rain is forecast.
- Follow manufacturer's application instructions for hazardous materials, waste, spill, leaks, etc.
- Apply chemical materials more than necessary. Do not apply chemical materials when rain is forecast within 24 hours.
- Arrange for appropriate disposal of all hazardous wastes.

Waste Management

- Cover waste disposal containers securely with tarps at the end of every work day and during wet weather.
- Check waste disposal containers frequently for leaks, and to make sure they are not overfilled. Never hose down a dumpster on the construction site.
- Clean or replace portable toilets and inspect them frequently for leaks and spills.
- Dispose of all wastes and debris properly. Recycle materials and wastes that can be recycled (such as asphalt, concrete, aggregate base materials, wood, pop cans, pipes, etc.)
- Dispose of liquid residues from paints, thinners, solvents, glues, and cleaning fluids as hazardous waste.

Construction Barricades and Perimeter

- Establish and maintain effective perimeter controls and stabilize all construction activities and exits to sufficiently control erosion and sediment discharges from site and tracking off site.
- Sweep or vacuum any street tracking immediately and expose sediment source to prevent further tracking. Notify those down streets to clean up tracking.

Equipment Management & Spill Control



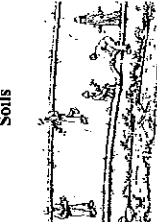
Maintenance and Parking

- Designate an area, lined with appropriate BMPs, for vehicle and equipment parking and storage.
- Perform major maintenance, repair jobs, and vehicle and equipment washing off site.
- If recycling or vehicle maintenance must be done onsite, work in a bermed area away from storm drains and over a drip pan big enough to collect liquids. Recycle or dispose of fluids as hazardous waste.
- If vehicle or equipment cleaning must be done onsite, clean with water only in a bermed area that will not allow rinse water to run into gutters, streets, storm drains, or surface waters.
- Do not clean vehicle or equipment onsite using sweep, selt-cans, degreasers, steam cleaning equipment, etc.

Spill Prevention and Control

- Keep well cleanup materials (rags, absorbents, etc.) available at the construction site at all times.
- Inspect vehicles and equipment frequently for and repair leaks promptly. Use drip pans to catch leaks until repairs are made.
- Clean up spills or leaks immediately and dispose of cleanup materials properly.
- Do not hose down surfaces where fluids have been applied, filter, and/or reapp.
- Sweep up spilled dry materials immediately. Do not try to wash them away with water, or bury them.
- Clean up spills on dirt roads by digging up and properly disposing of contaminated soil.
- Report significant spills immediately. You are required by law to report all significant releases of hazardous materials, including oil. To report a spill: 1) Dial 911 or your local emergency response number; 2) Call the Governor's Office of Emergency Services Warning Center (801) 852-7591 (24 hours).

Earthwork & Contaminated Soils



Erosion Control

- Schedule grading and excavation work for dry weather only.
- Stabilize all denuded areas, install and maintain temporary erosion controls (such as erosion control fabric or straw fiber mats) until vegetation is established.
- Seed or plant vegetation for erosion control on any exposed soil or bare construction in that immediately planted.

Sediment Control

- Protect storm drain inlets, gutters, ditches, and drainage areas with appropriate BMPs, such as silt bags, filter rolls, berms, etc.
- Prevent sediment from migrating offsite by installing sediment control devices such as filter rolls, silt fences, or sediment basins.
- Escp excess soil on the site where it will not collect into the street.
- Transfer excavated materials to dump trucks on the site, not in the street.
- Contaminated Soils
- If any of the following conditions are met, test for the presence of petroleum and contact the Regional Water Quality Control Board:
 - Unusual soil conditions, discoloration, or odor.
 - Abandoned underground tanks.
 - Abandoned wells.
 - Batted barrels, drums, or tanks.

Paving/Asphalt Work

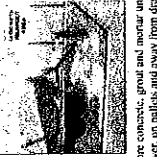


- Avoid paving and seal coating in wet weather. Seal coating should be done before fresh pavement will have time to cure.
- Cover storm drain inlets and manholes, when applying seal coat, seal coats, slurry seal, fill seal, etc.
- Collect and recycle or appropriately dispose of excess abrasive gravel or sand. Do NOT sweep or wash it into gutters.
- Do not use water to wash down fresh asphalt concrete pavement.

Sanitizing & Asphalt/Concrete Removal

- Completely cover or bermside storm drains, manholes, and catch basins with fabric, catch basin inlet filters, or gravel bags to keep slurry out of face storm drain system.
- Shovel, absorb, or vacuum saw-cut slurry and dispose of all waste as soon as you are finished in one location or at the end of each work day (whichever is sooner).
- If sawcut slurry enters a catch basin, clean it up immediately.

Concrete, Grout & Mortar Application



- Store concrete, grout and mortar under cover on pallets and away from drainage areas. These materials must never reach a storm drain.
- Wash out concrete equipment/trucks offsite or in a contained area, so there is no discharge into the underlying soil or onto surrounding areas. Let concrete harden and dispose of the garbage, residue and wash water from washing appropriate aggregate concrete and remove it for appropriate disposal offsite.

Dewatering



- Effectively manage all runoff, all discharges from the site, and all runoff that water from offsite away from all disassembled areas or otherwise ensure compliance.
- When dewatering, notify and obtain approval from the local municipality before discharging water to a street gutter or storm drain. Pollution or sediment trap through a basin, tank, or sediment trap may be required.
- In areas of known contamination, testing is required prior to reuse or discharge of groundwater. Consult with the local municipality or state health department for testing and how to interpret results. Contaminated groundwater must be treated or hauled off-site for proper disposal.

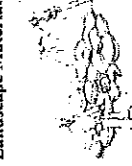
Painting & Paint Removal



- Painting cleanup
 - Never clean brushes or rinse paint containers into a street, gutter, storm drain, or surface waters.
 - For water-based paints, paint out brushes or rollers into a plastic bag and dispose of in the trash.
 - For oil-based paints, paint out brushes or rollers into a plastic bag and dispose of in the trash.
- Collect the wash water from washing residue and unsoluble thinners/solvents as hazardous waste.

- Paint removal
 - Chemical paint stripping results and chips and dust from marine paints or paints containing lead or tributyltin must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
 - Paint chips and dust from non-hazardous dry stripping and sand blasting may be swept up or collected in plastic drop cloths and disposed of as trash.

Landscaping Materials



- Contain stockpiled landscaping materials by storing them under tarps when they are not actively being used.
- Stock erodible landscape material on pallets. Cover or store these materials when they are not actively being used or applied.
- Discontinue application of any erodible landscape material within 2 days before a forecast rain event or during wet weather.

Storm drain polluters may be liable for fines of up to \$10,000 per day!



P R O J E C T
Private Residence
3 Grove Ct
Petaluma Valley, CA
APN: 079-030-170

A R C H I T E C T
Jeffrey Mahoney
54 Wood Lane
Fairfax, CA
C-28390



**Existing
Site Plan**

R E V I S I O N S
ASCC-02/7/13

ASCC PERMIT SET

1/16" = 1'-0"
SCALE

A2.1
SHEET



P R O J E C T
Private Residence
3 Grove Ct
Palo Alto Valley, CA
APN 079-030-170

A R C H I T E C T
Jeffrey Maloney
54 Wood Lane
Fairfax, CA
C - 28590



Proposed Site Plan

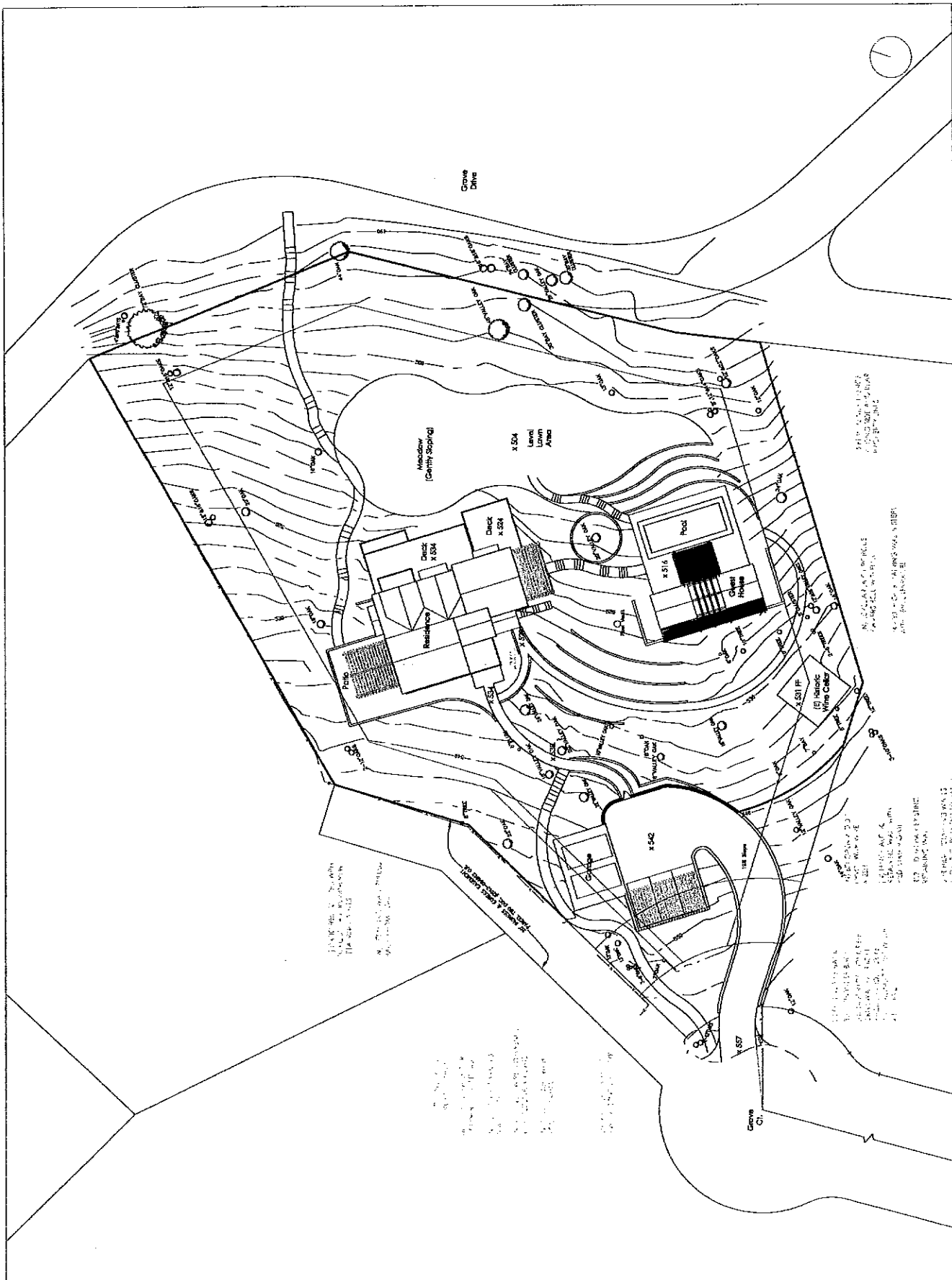
R E V I S I O N S
ASCC-9/27/13
ASCC-9/25/13

ASCC PERMIT SET

1/16" = 1'-0"
SCALE

A2.2

SHEET



P R O J E C T

Private Residence
3 Grove Ct
Portola Valley, CA
APN 079-08C-170

A R C H I T E C T

Jeffrey Mahoney
54 Wood Lane
Palo Alto, CA
C - 28390

**Proposed
Landscape Plan**

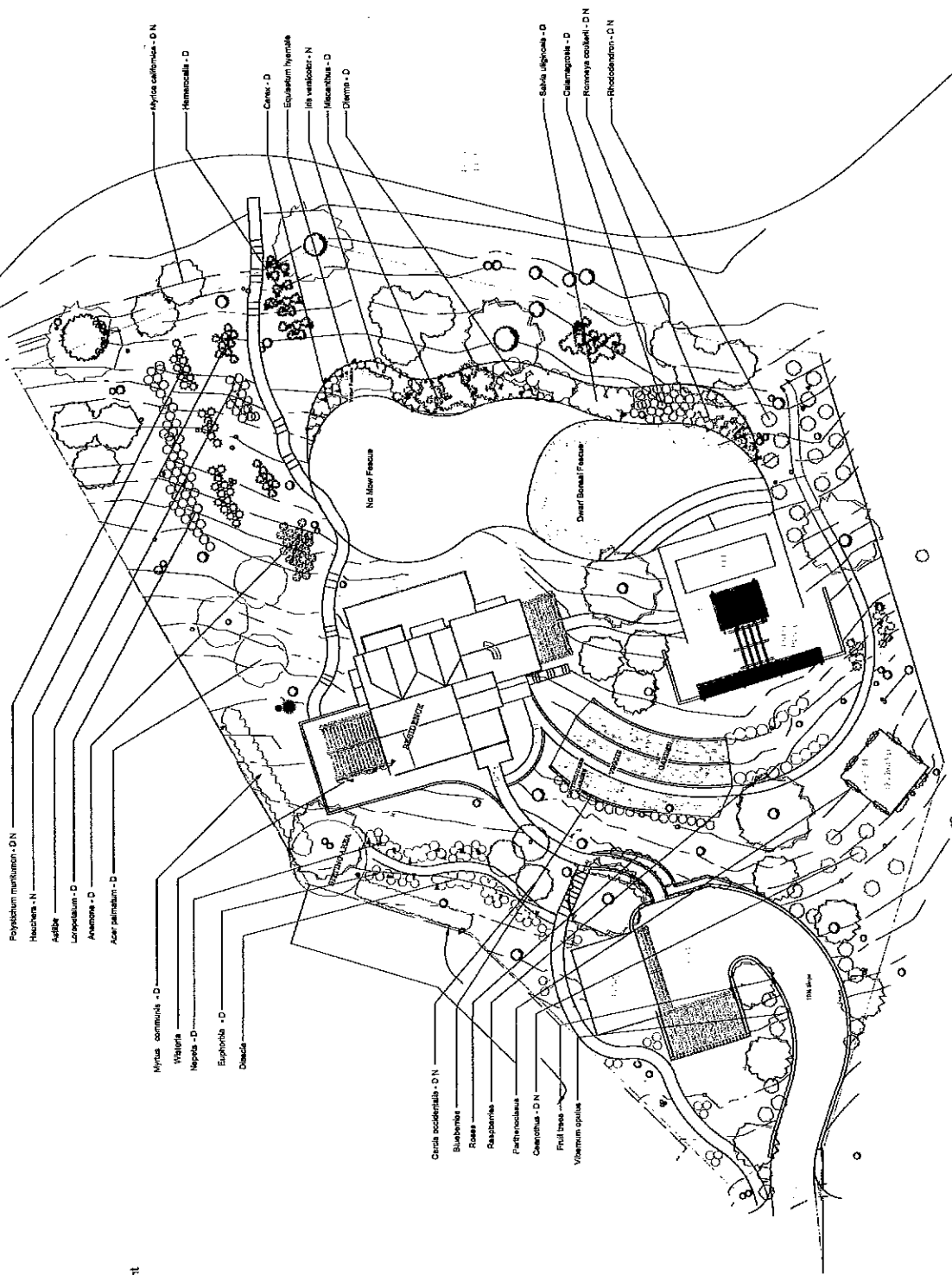
REVISIONS

9/25/13

PRELIMINARY

1/16" = 1'-0"
SCALE

A2.3
SHEET



LEGEND
D - Drought Tolerant
N - Native

Psychidium maritimum - D,N

Hedera - N

Aspidistra

Lycopodium - D

Anemone - D

Aster palmatum - D

Myrica carolinensis - D

Walteria

Nepeta - D

Euphorbia - D

Dielsia

Cercia occidentalis - D,N

Berberis

Roses

Ruscus

Parthenoclelea

Osbeckia - D,N

Prick tree

Viburnum opulus

Myrica carolinensis - D,N

Hemerocallis - D

Canes - D

Equisetum hyemale

Iris versicolor - N

Miscanthus - D

Dierna - D

Sabal uliginosa - D

Chamaecyparis - D

Rosa rugosa - D,N

Rhododendron - D,N

P R O J E C T

Private Residence
3 Grove Ct
Petaluma Valley, CA
APN 079-090-170

A R C H I T E C T

Jeffrey Mahaney
54 Wood Lane
Fairfax, CA
C-28390



**Proposed
Irrigation Plan**

R E V I S I O N S

ASCC Permit - 8/27/13

A S S C P E R M I T S E T

1/16" = 1'-0"

SCALE

A2.4

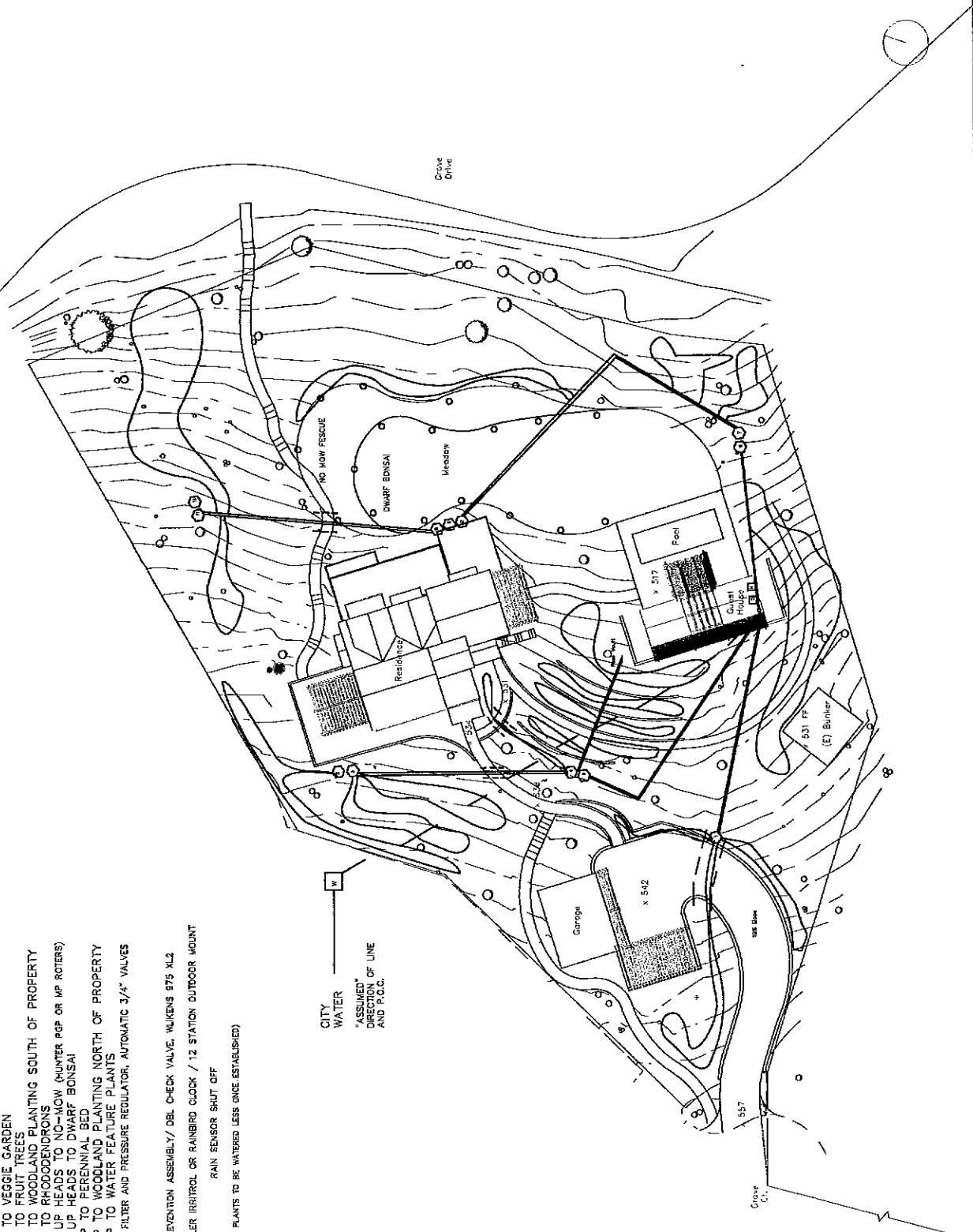
SHEET

- VALVE 1 - DRIP TO DRIVEWAY PLANTS
 - VALVE 2 - DRIP TO MYRTLES
 - VALVE 3 - DRIP TO FRONT BED
 - VALVE 4 - DRIP TO VEGGIE GARDEN
 - VALVE 5 - DRIP TO FRUIT TREES
 - VALVE 6 - DRIP TO WOODLAND PLANTING SOUTH OF PROPERTY
 - VALVE 7 - DRIP TO RHODODENDRONS
 - VALVE 8 - DRIP TO NO-MOW (HUNTER PGP OR MP ROTERS)
 - VALVE 9 - DRIP TO DWARF BONSAI
 - VALVE 10 - DRIP TO PERENNIAL BED
 - VALVE 11 - DRIP TO WOODLAND PLANTING NORTH OF PROPERTY
 - VALVE 12 - DRIP TO WATER FEATURE PLANTS
- ALL VALVES IN BOXES WITH FILTER AND PRESSURE REGULATOR, AUTOMATIC 3/4" VALVES

- 3" SLEEVES
- BACK FLOW PREVENTION ASSEMBLY/ DBL CHECK VALVE, WALKENS 975 XL2
- C CONTROLLER IRRITROL OR RAINBRO CLOCK / 12 STATION OUTDOOR MOUNT
- R RAIN SENSOR SHUT OFF

(NATIVES & DROUGHT TOLERANT PLANTS TO BE WATERED LESS ONCE ESTABLISHED)

CITY WATER
"ASSUMED"
DIRECTION OF LINE
AND P.C.C.



1

P R O J E C T
 Private Residence
 3 Grove Ct
 Portola Valley, CA
 APN: 079-000-170

A R C H I T E C T
 Jeffrey Michaney
 54 Wood Lane
 Fairfax, CA
 C-28390



**Proposed
 Outdoor Lighting
 Plan**

R E V I S I O N S
 ASCC-9/27/13
 ASCC-7/28/13

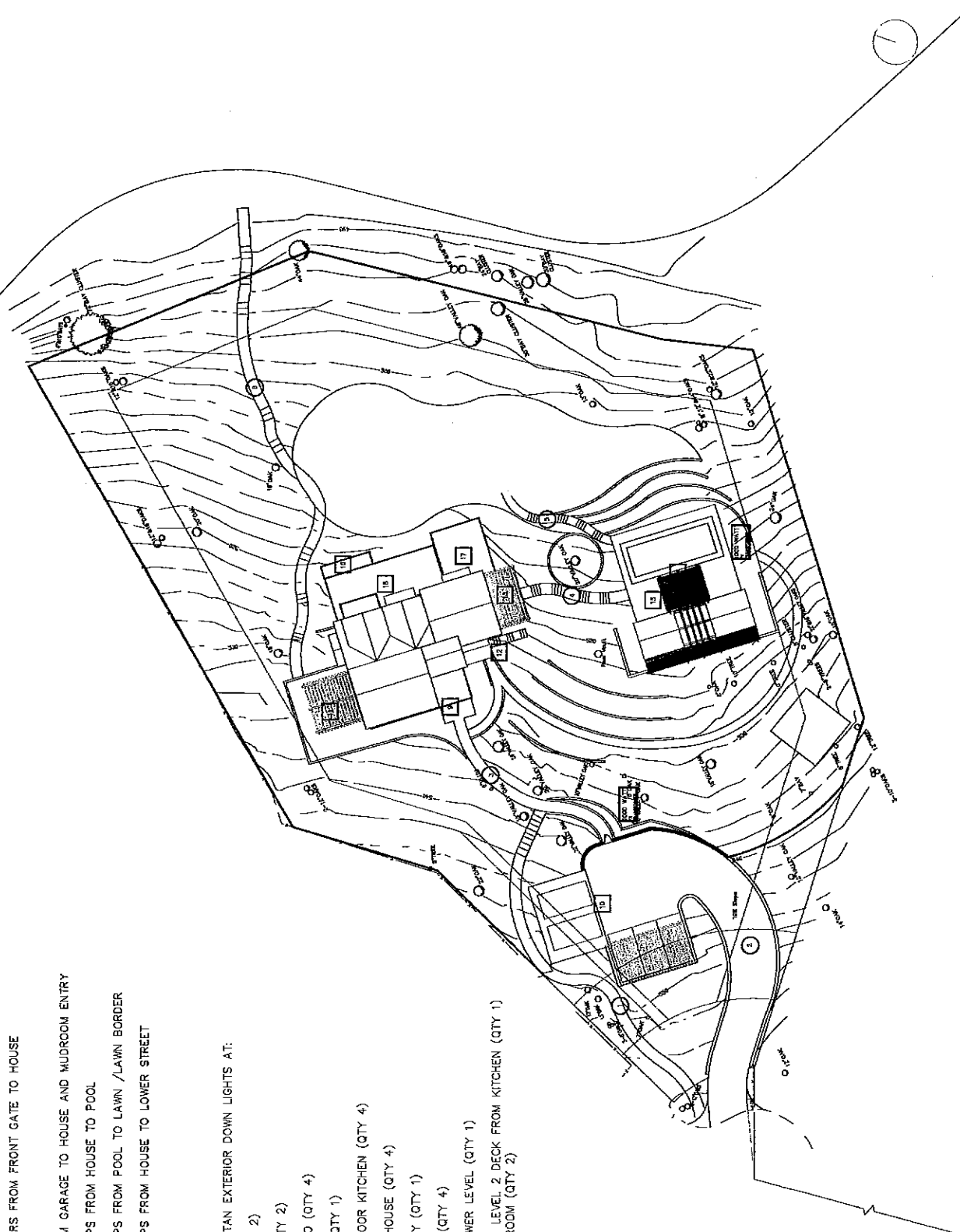
ASCC PERMIT SET

1/16" = 1'-0"
 SCALE

A2.5
 SHEET

- LOW VOLTAGE LIGHTS**
3-K LIGHTING CAMINO STAR STYLE D PATH LIGHTS (Ø 10 FT SPACING) AT:
- 1) ALONG PATH/STAIRS FROM FRONT GATE TO HOUSE
 - 2) ALONG DRIVEWAY
 - 3) ALONG PATH FROM GARAGE TO HOUSE AND MUDROOM ENTRY
 - 4) ALONG PATH/STEPS FROM HOUSE TO POOL
 - 5) ALONG PATH/STEPS FROM POOL TO LAWN /LAWN BORDER
 - 6) ALONG PATH/STEPS FROM HOUSE TO LOWER STREET

- 3-K LIGHTING EL CAPITAN EXTERIOR DOWN LIGHTS AT:**
- 7) FRONT ENTRY (QTY 2)
 - 8) GARAGE DOORS (QTY 2)
 - 1) TRELLIS OVER PATIO (QTY 4)
 - 2) MUDROOM ENTRY (QTY 1)
 - 3) TRELLIS OVER OUTDOOR KITCHEN (QTY 4)
 - 4) TRELLIS AT GUEST HOUSE (QTY 4)
 - 5) GUEST HOUSE ENTRY (QTY 1)
 - 6) LOWER REAR DECK (QTY 4)
 - 7) REAR ENTRY TO LOWER LEVEL (QTY 1)
 - 8) AT DOORS TO REAR LEVEL 2 DECK FROM KITCHEN (QTY 1)
 AND FROM DINING ROOM (QTY 2)



1

PROJECT
 Private Residence
 3 Grove Ct
 Portola Valley, CA
 APR 079-030-170

ARCHITECT
 Jeffrey Michonky
 54 Wood Lane
 Fairfax, CA
 C-28390

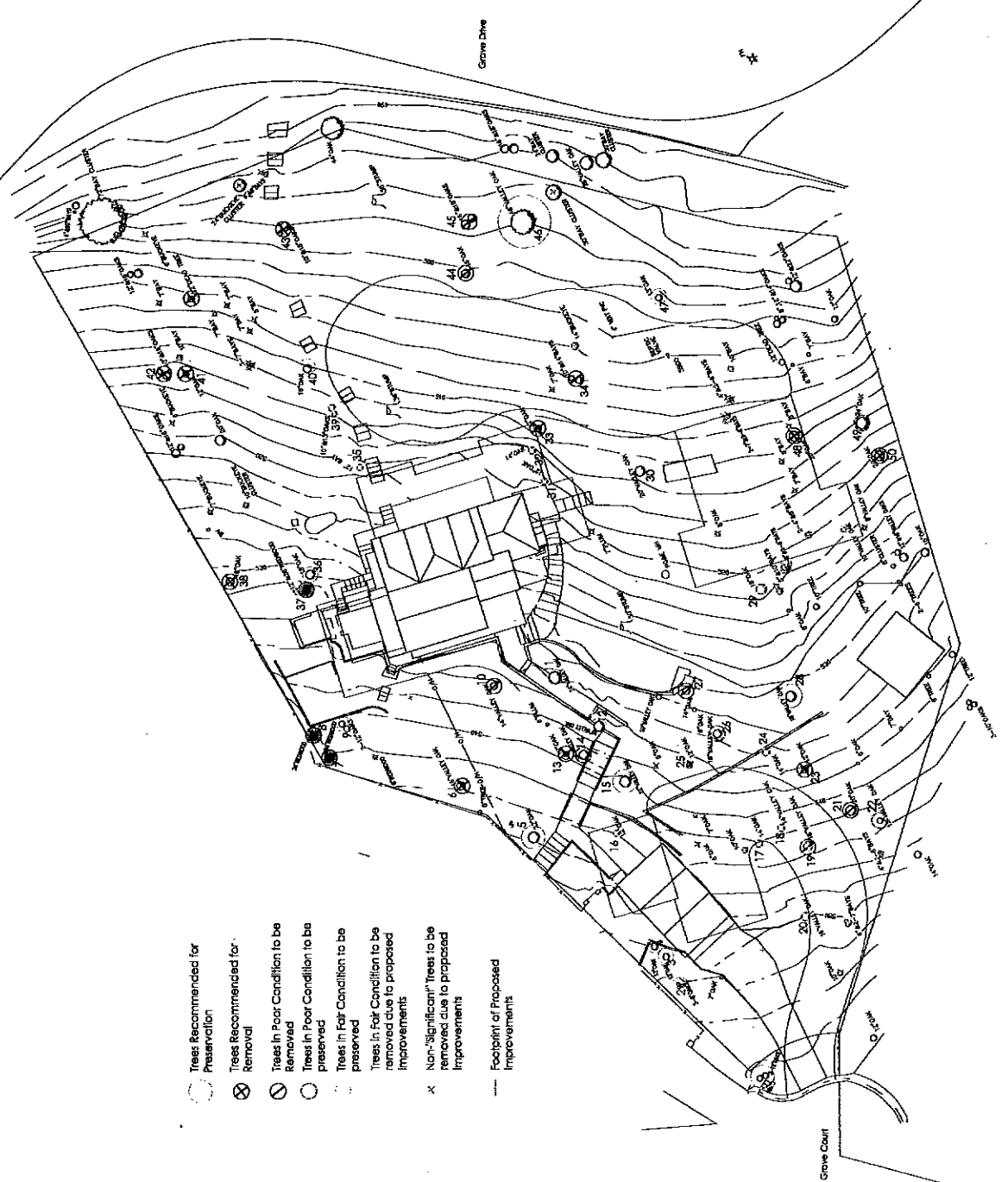
Tree Removal Plan

REVISIONS
 ASCC-02/7/13

ASCC PERMITS SET

1/16" = 1'-0"
 SCALE

A2.6
 SHEET



- Trees Recommended for Preservation
- ⊗ Trees Recommended for Removal
- ⊖ Trees in Poor Condition to be Removed
- Trees in Poor Condition to be preserved
- ⊖ Trees in Fair Condition to be preserved
- Trees in Fair Condition to be removed due to proposed improvements
- x Non-"significant" trees to be removed due to proposed improvements
- Footprint of Proposed Improvements

P R O J E C T
 Private Residence
 3 Grove Ct
 Portola Valley, CA
 APN 079-000-170

A R C H I T E C T
 Jeffrey Mahoney
 54 Wood Lane
 Fairfax, CA
 C-28690

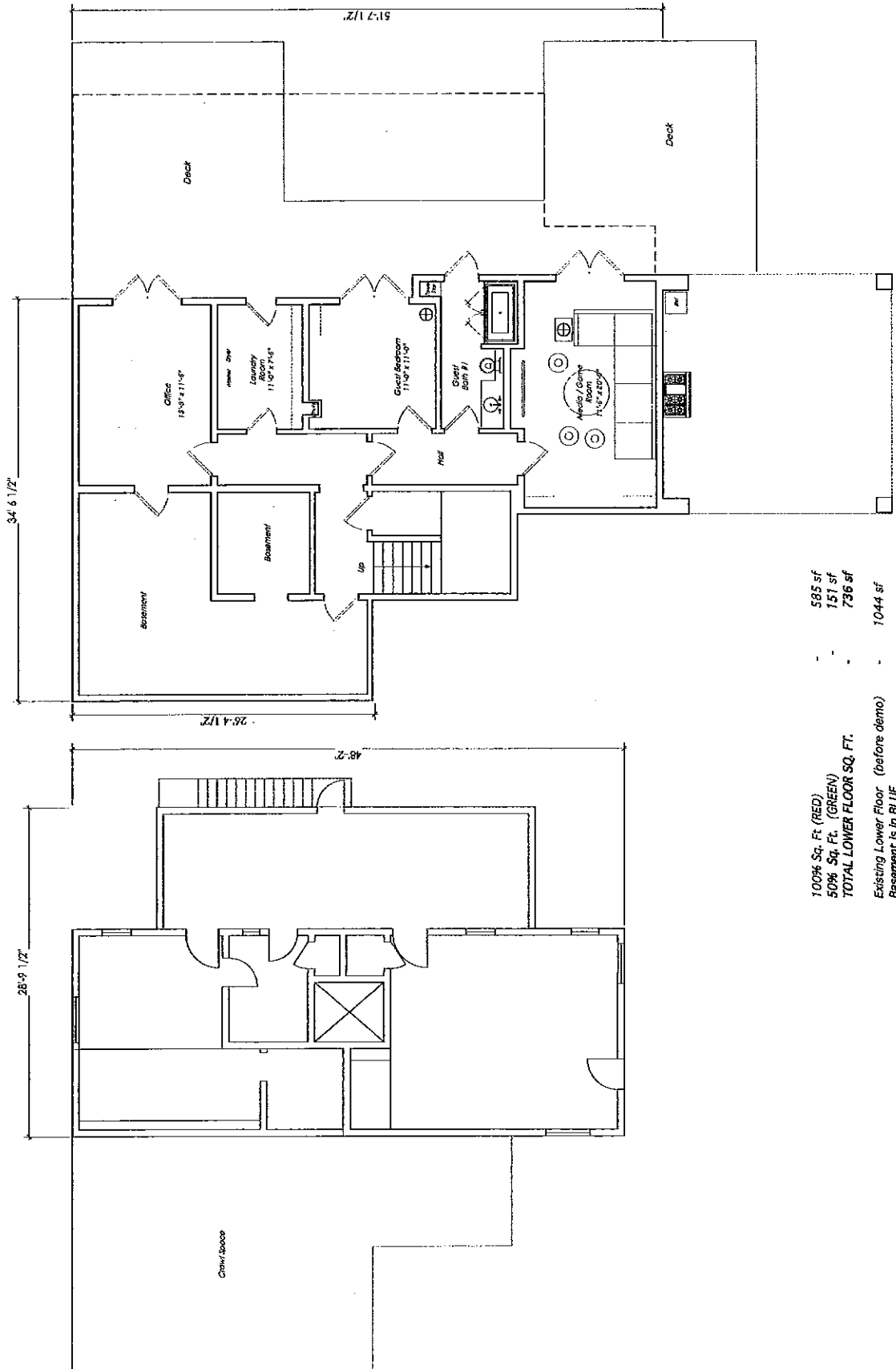


**Existing
 &
 Proposed
 Level 1/Lower
 Floor Plan**

R E V I S I O N S
 ASCC PERMIT 8-27-13
 ASCC PERMIT 9-26-13

ASCC PERMIT SET
 1/4" = 1'-0"
 SCALE

A2.7
 SHEET



100% Sq. Ft. (RED)	585 sf
50% Sq. Ft. (GREEN)	151 sf
TOTAL LOWER FLOOR SQ. FT.	736 sf
Existing Lower Floor (before demo)	1044 sf
Basement is in BLUE	

Proposed Level 1/Lower Floor Plan

Existing Level 1/Lower Floor Plan

PROJECT
 Private Residence
 San Jose, CA
 Palo Alto Valley, CA
 APN 079-030-170

ARCHITECT
 Jeffrey Mathewy
 54 Wood Lane
 Fairfax, CA
 C - 28390

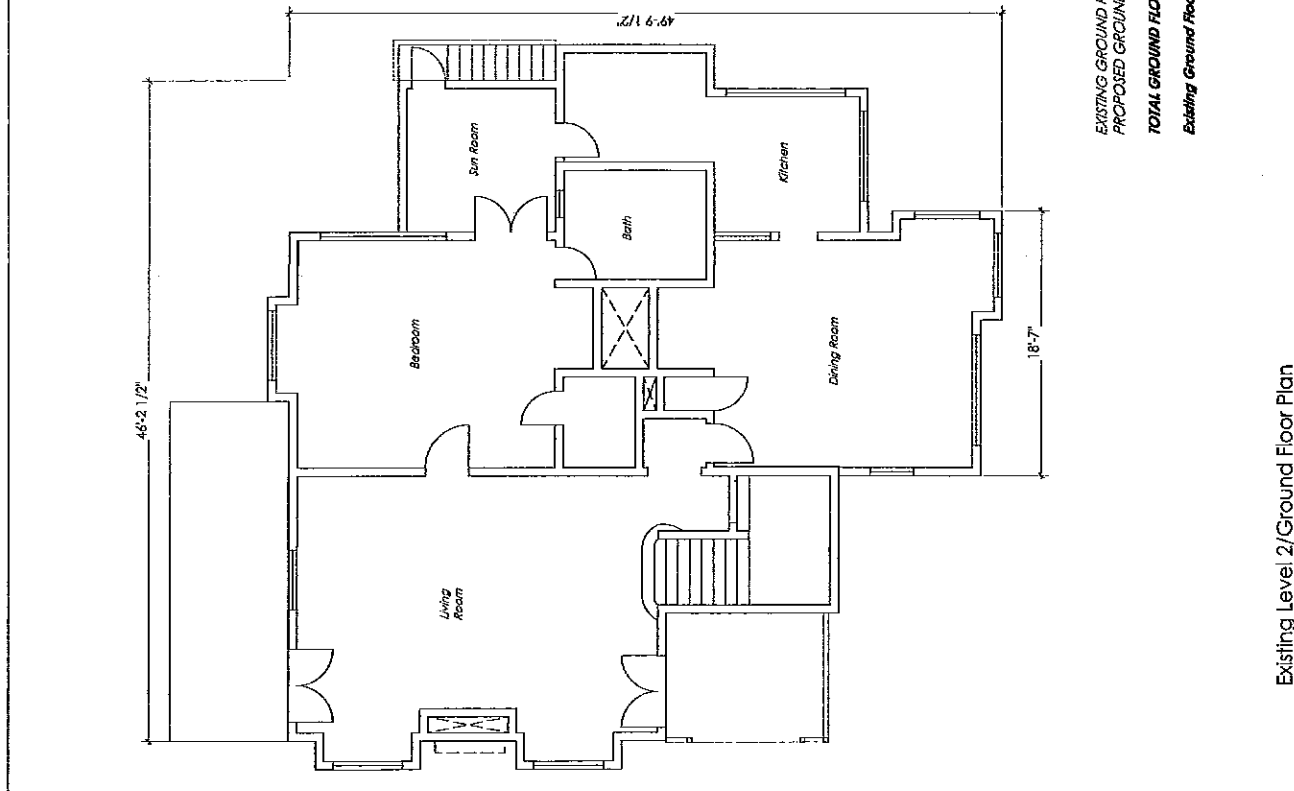
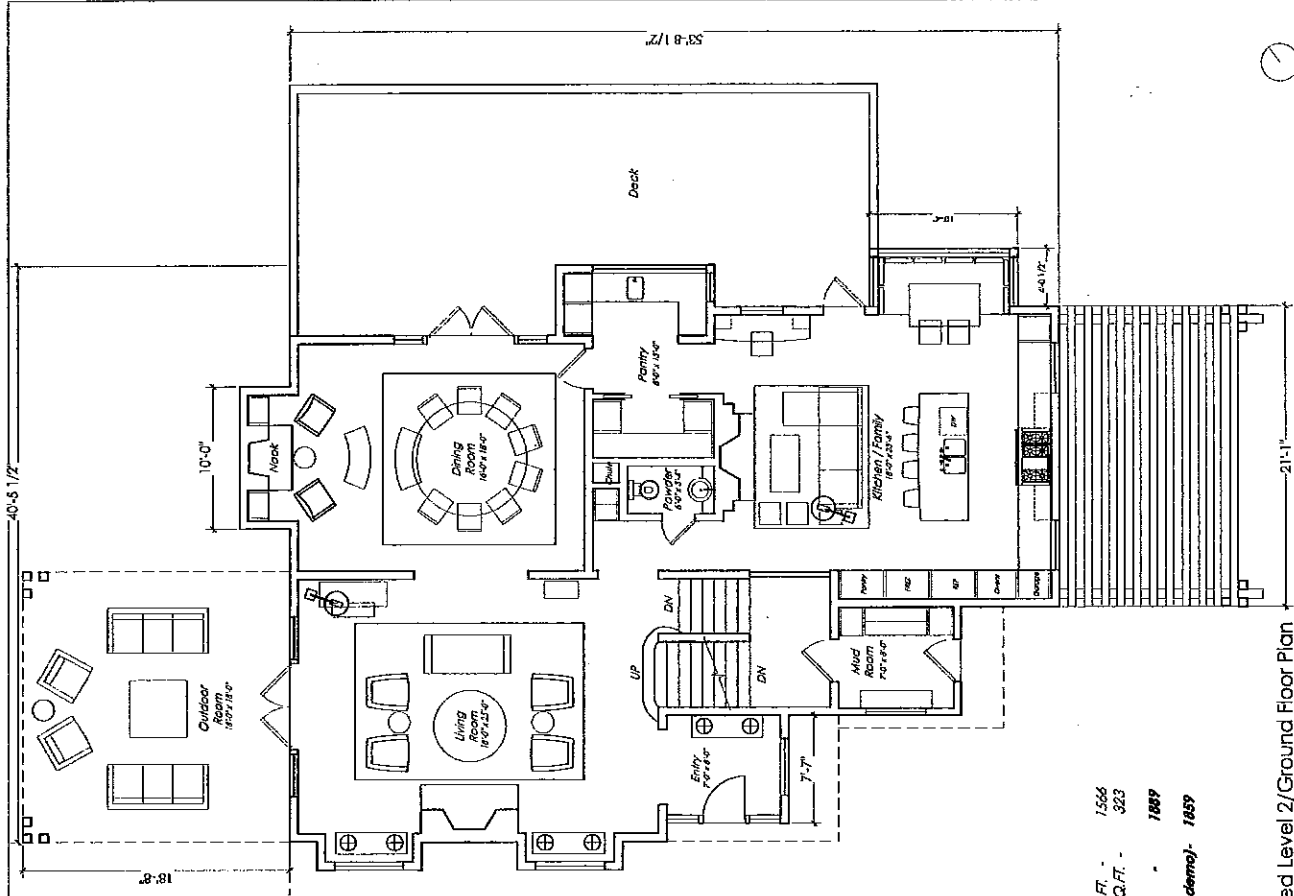


Existing & Proposed Level 2 / Ground Floor Floor Plan

REVISIONS
 ASSC PERMIT 8-27-13
 ASSC PERMIT 7-26-15

ASCC PERMIT SET
 1/4" = 1'-0"
 SCALE

A2.8
 SHEET



EXISTING GROUND FLOOR SQ. FT.	1,566
PROPOSED GROUND FLOOR SQ. FT.	323
TOTAL GROUND FLOOR SQ. FT.	1,889
Existing Ground Floor (before demo)	1,859

Proposed Level 2 / Ground Floor Plan

Existing Level 2 / Ground Floor Plan

P R O J E C T
 Private Residence
 Palo Alto, CA
 APN 079-030-170

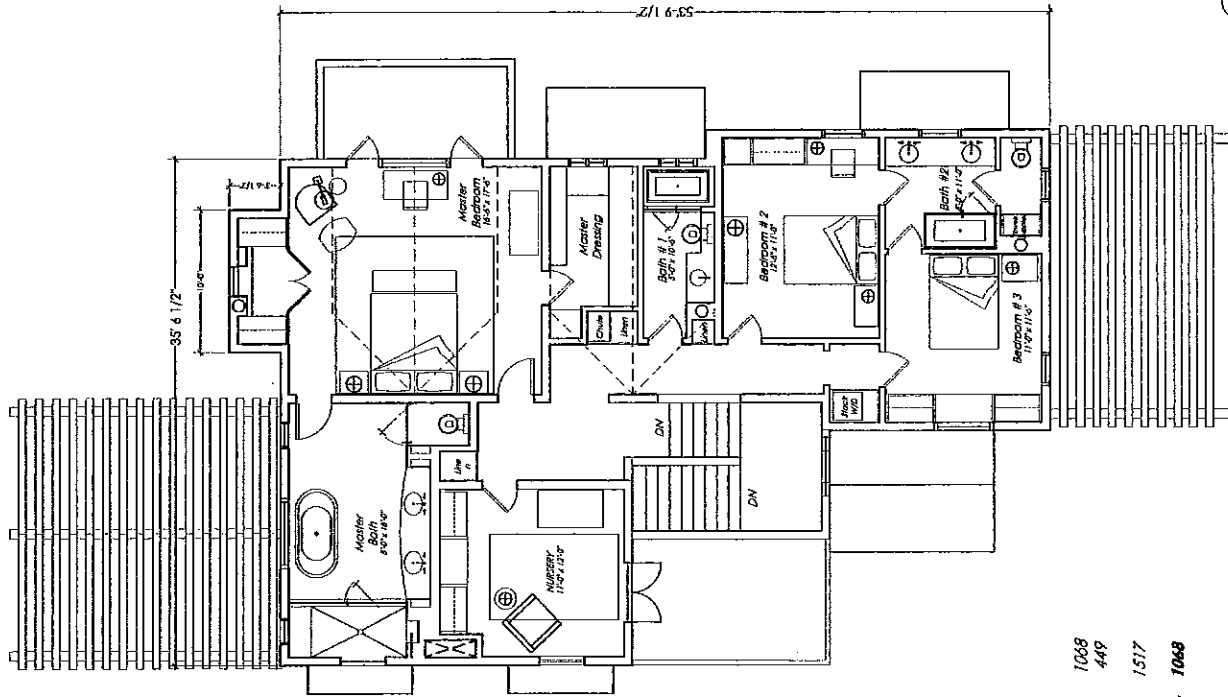
A R C H I T E C T
 Jeffrey Moseley
 54 Wood Lane
 Fairfax, CA
 C - 26890

Existing
 &
 Proposed
 Level 3/Upper
 Floor Plan

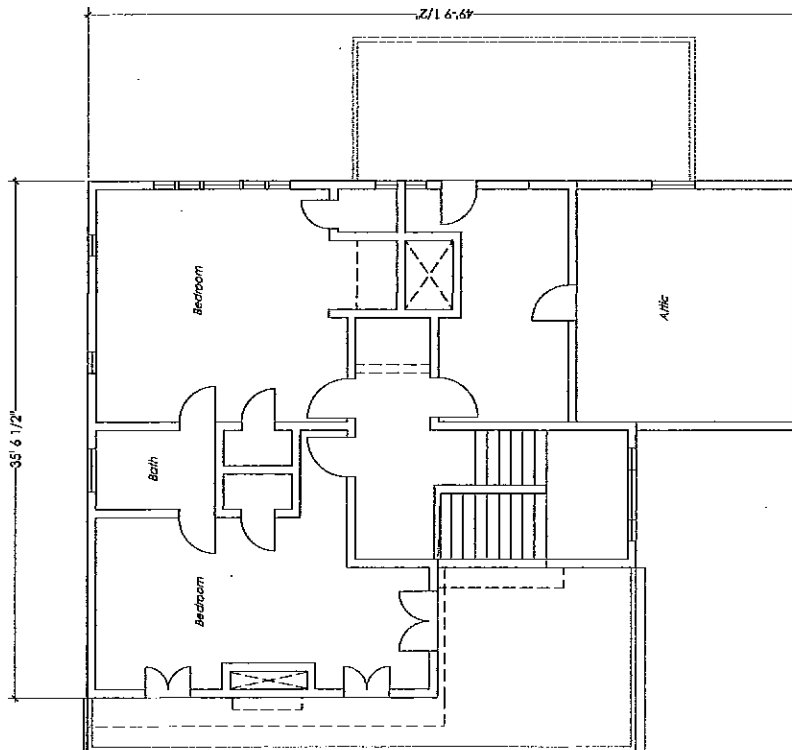
R E V I S I O N S
 ASCC PERMIT B - 27 - 13

ASCC PERMIT SET
 1/4" = 1'-0"
 SCALE

A2.9
 SHEET



Proposed Level 3/Upper Floor Plan



Existing Level 3/Upper Floor Plan

EXISTING UPPER FLOOR SQ. FT. -	1068
PROPOSED UPPER FLOOR SQ. FT. -	449
TOTAL UPPER FLOOR SQ. FT. -	1517
<i>Existing Upper Floor (before demo)-</i>	1068

P R O J E C T

Private Residence
3 Grove Ct
Palo Alto Valley, CA
APN 079-090-170

A R C H I T E C T

Jeffrey Mahaney
54 Wood Lane
Palo Alto, CA
C - 28370

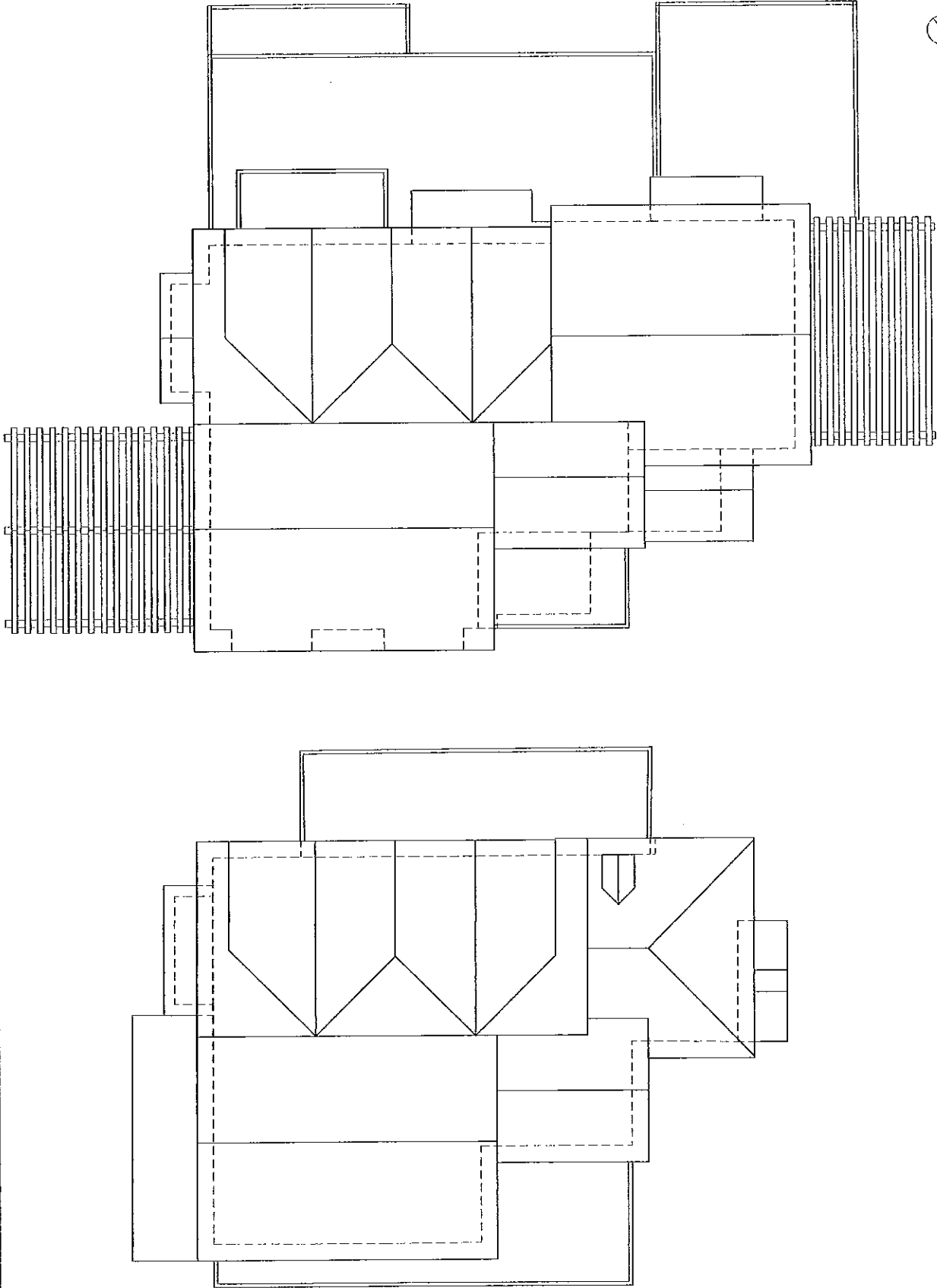


**Existing
&
Proposed
Roof Plan**

R E V I S I O N S
ASCC PERMIT 8-27-13
ASCC PERMIT 9-26-13

ASCC PERMIT SET
1/4" = 1'-0"
SCALE

A2.10
SHEET



Proposed Roof Plan

Existing Roof Plan

P R O J E C T
Private Residence
3 Grove Ct
Portola Valley, CA
APN 079-000-170

A R C H I T E C T
Jeffrey Mahaney
54 Wood Lane
Fairfax, CA
C-25390



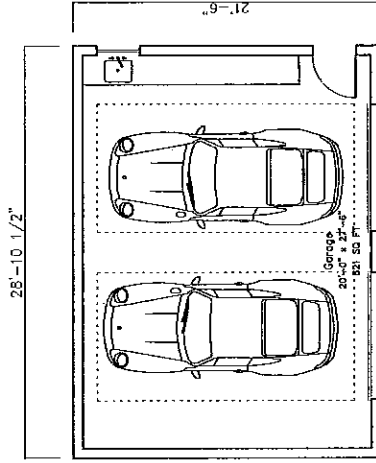
**Existing &
Proposed Plans -
Garage**

R E V I S I O N S
ASCC-10/27/13

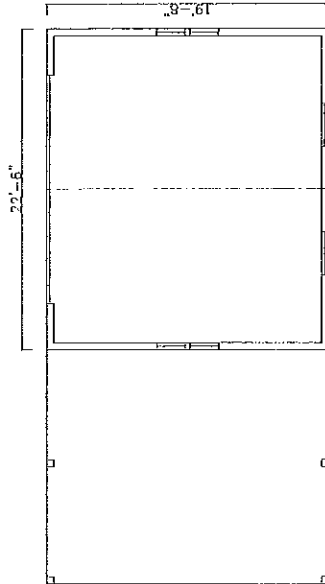
ASCC PERMIT

1/4" = 1'-0"
SCALE

A2.11
SHEET



Proposed Garage Plan



Existing Garage Plan



P R O J E C T
 Private Residence
 3 Grove Ct
 Portola Valley, CA
 APN 079-068-170

A R C H I T E C T
 Jeffrey Mahoney
 54 Wood Lane
 Fairfax, CA
 C - 28390



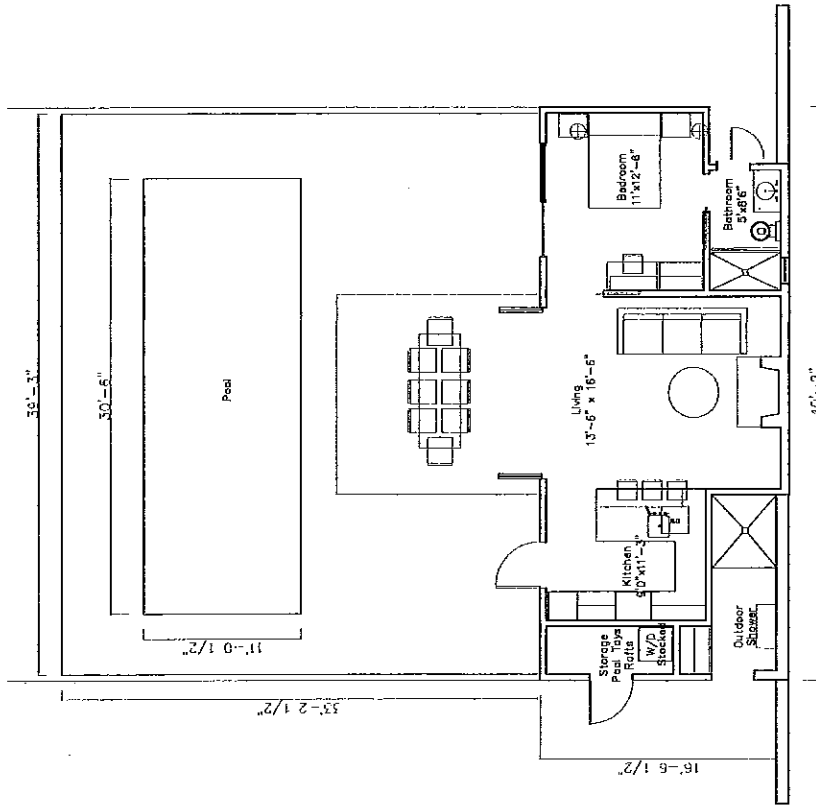
**Proposed Plan -
 Guest House**

REVISIONS
 ASCE 9/26/13
 ASCE 9/26/13

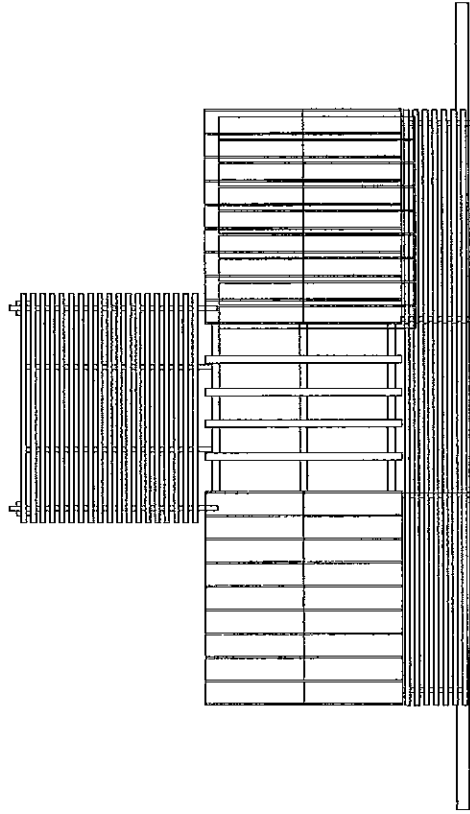
ASCC PERMIT

1/4" = 1'-0"
 SCALE

A2.12
 SHEET



Floor Plan - Proposed Guest House



Roof Plan - Proposed Guest House



PROJECT

Private Residence
3 Grove Ct
Pennington Valley, CA
APN 079-030-170

ARCHITECT

Jeffrey Mahoney
3500 J Street
Fairfax, CA
C - 28390

**Proposed
Story Pole Plan**

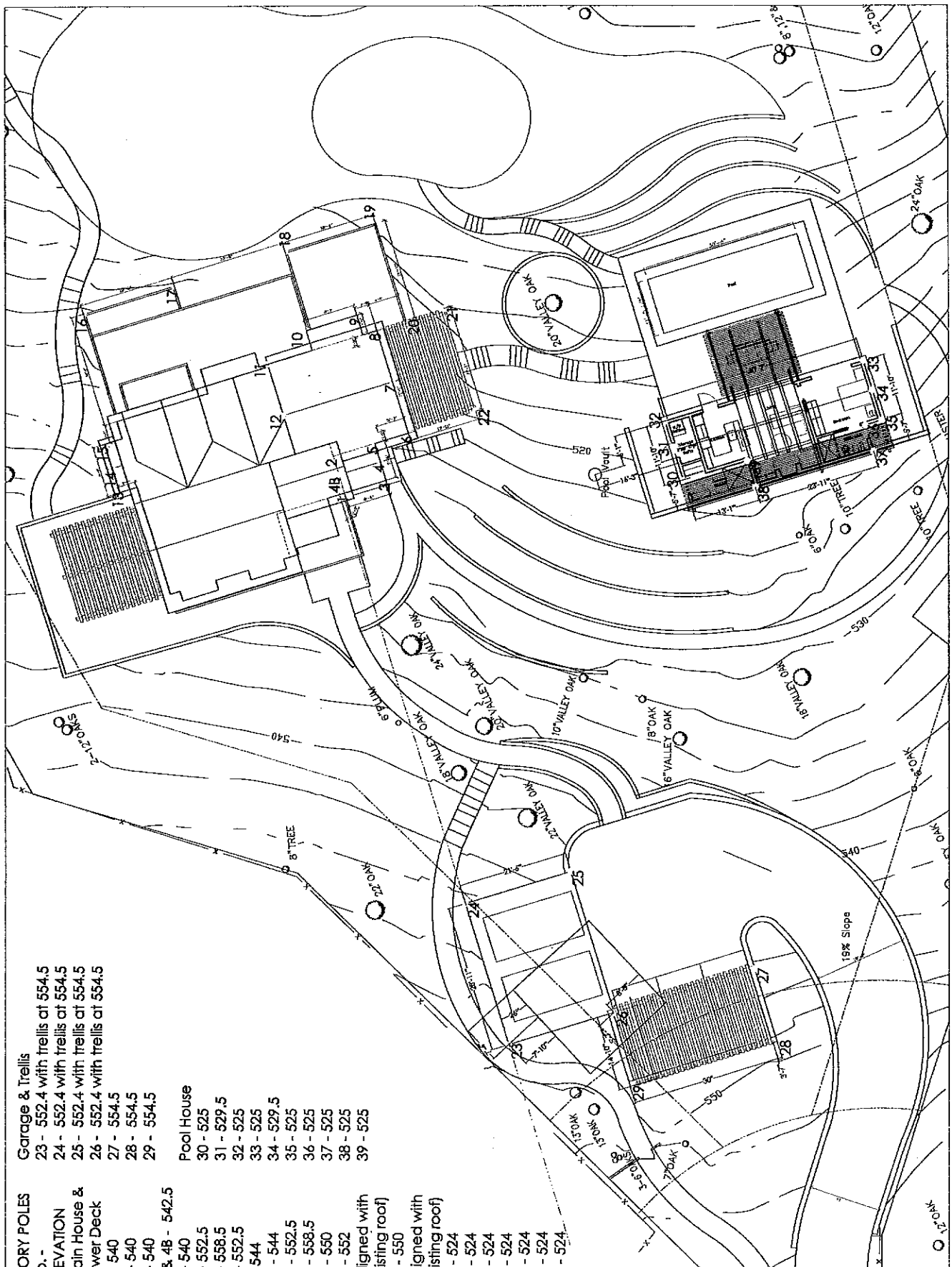
REVISIONS

8/21/13
9/25/13

PRELIMINARY

1/8" = 1'-0"
SCALE

A2.13
SHEET



- Garage & Trellis**
- 23 - 552.4 with trellis at 554.5
 - 24 - 552.4 with trellis at 554.5
 - 25 - 552.4 with trellis at 554.5
 - 26 - 552.4 with trellis at 554.5
 - 27 - 554.5
 - 28 - 554.5
 - 29 - 554.5
- Pool House**
- 30 - 525
 - 31 - 529.5
 - 32 - 525
 - 33 - 525
 - 34 - 529.5
 - 35 - 525
 - 36 - 525
 - 37 - 525
 - 38 - 525
 - 39 - 525

- TORY POLES**
- 0 -
 - 1 - 540
 - 2 - 540
 - 3 - 540
 - 4 - 540
 - 5 - 540
 - 6 - 540
 - 7 - 540
 - 8 - 540
 - 9 - 540
 - 10 - 540
 - 11 - 540
 - 12 - 540
 - 13 - 540
 - 14 - 540
 - 15 - 540
 - 16 - 540
 - 17 - 540
 - 18 - 540
 - 19 - 540
 - 20 - 540
 - 21 - 540
 - 22 - 540
 - 23 - 540
 - 24 - 540
 - 25 - 540
 - 26 - 540
 - 27 - 540
 - 28 - 540
 - 29 - 540
 - 30 - 540
 - 31 - 540
 - 32 - 540
 - 33 - 540
 - 34 - 540
 - 35 - 540
 - 36 - 540
 - 37 - 540
 - 38 - 540
 - 39 - 540

19% Slope

P R O J E C T

Privata Residence
3 Grove Ct
Petaluma Valley, CA
APN 079-090-170

A R C H I T E C T

Jeffrey Mahoney
54 Wood Lane
Petaluma, CA
C-28390

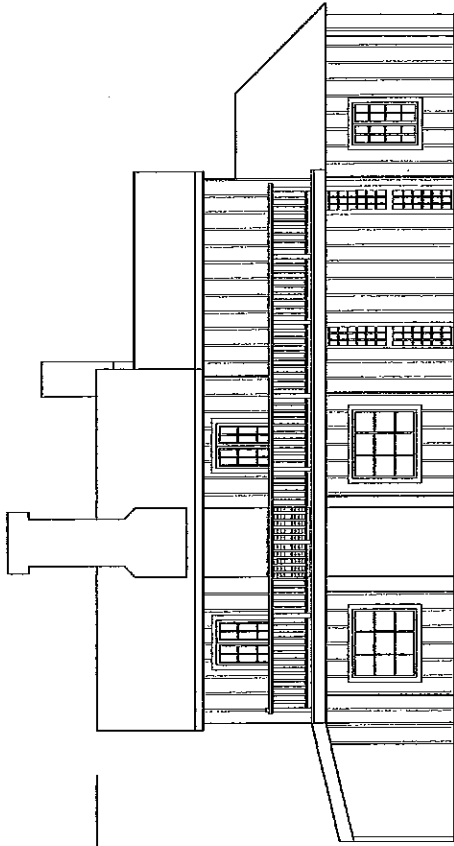


**Existing
Exterior
Elevations**

R E V I S I O N S
ASCC/PBMM 8-07-13

ASSOC PERMIT SET
1/4" = 1'-0"
SCALE

A3.1
SHEET

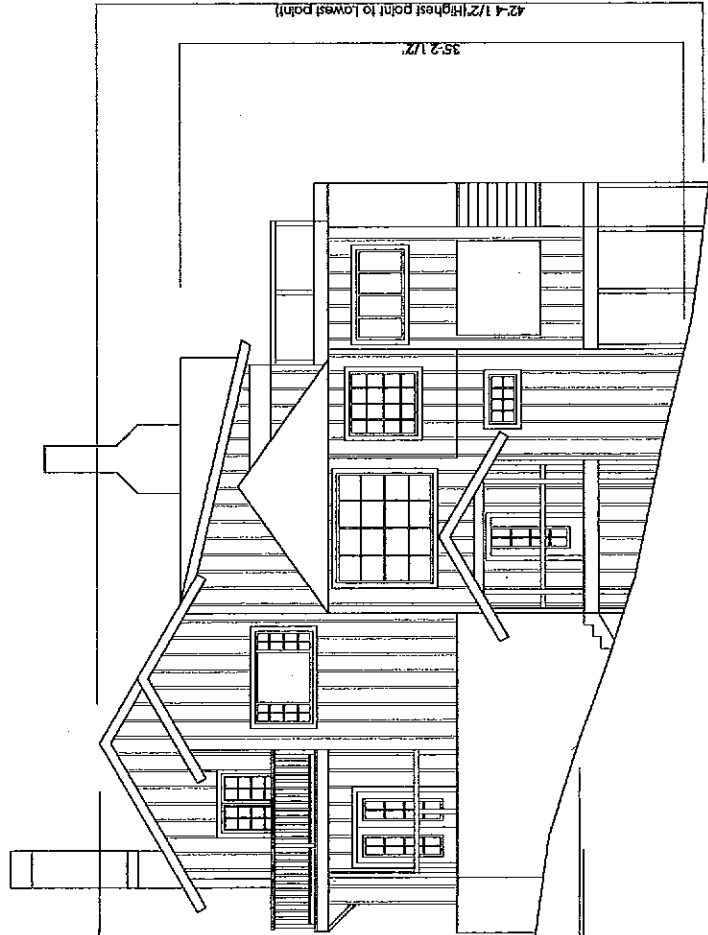


ROOF
+255.37 (elev 554.47)

LEVEL 2 CEILING
+187 (elev 553.12)

LEVEL 2 FF
+107 (elev 544.37)

LEVEL 1 FF
+07 (elev 534.37)



ROOF
+255.37 (elev 554.47)

LEVEL 2 CEILING
+187 (elev 553.12)

LEVEL 2 FF
+107 (elev 544.37)

LEVEL 1 FF
+07 (elev 534.37)

BASEMENT FF
-8'10" (elev 525.54)

P R O J E C T
Pinnacle Residence
3 Grove Ct
Palo Alto, CA
APN 077-030-170

A R C H I T E C T
Jeffrey Maloney
54 Wood Lane
Fairfax, CA
C - 28390

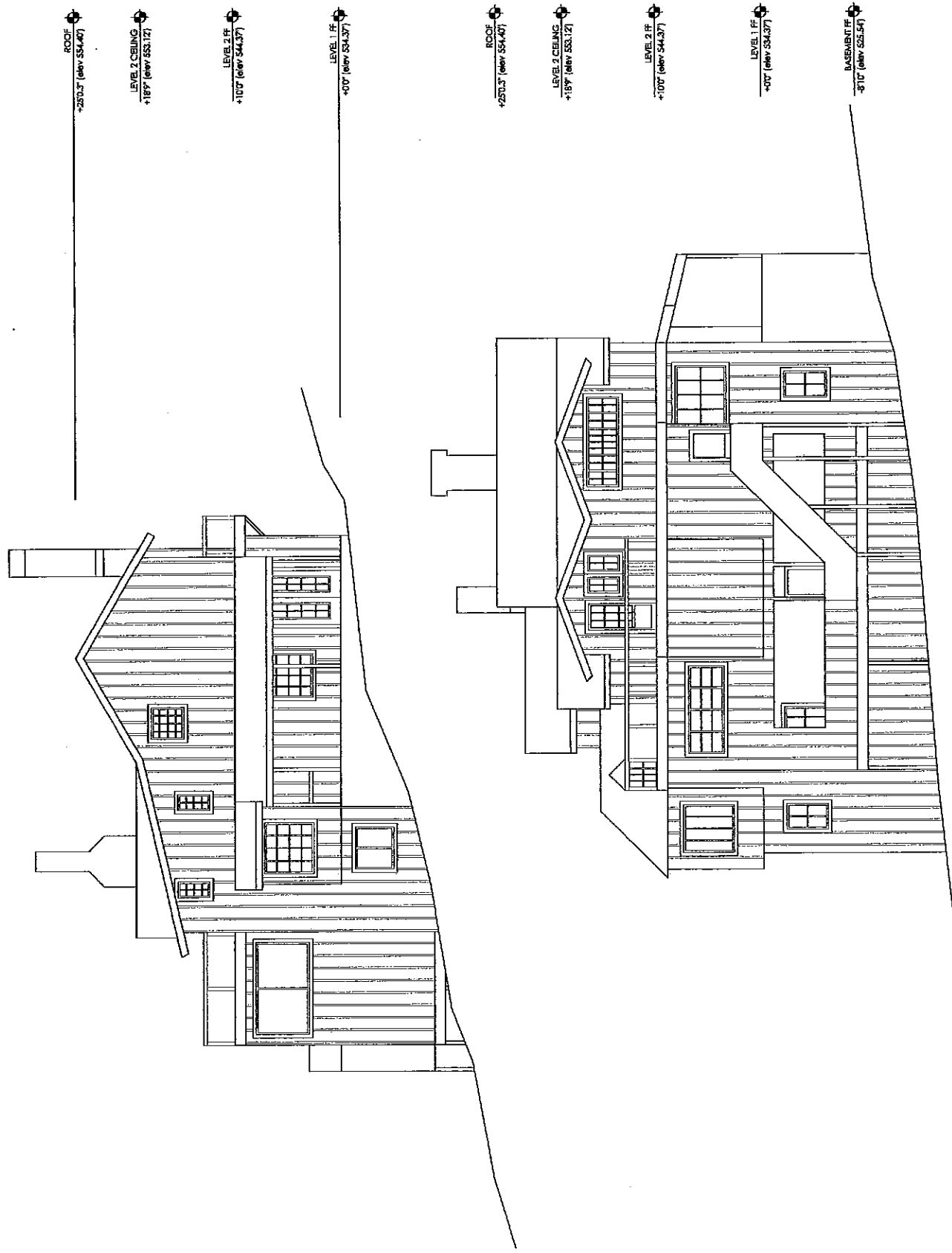


**Existing
Exterior
Elevations**

R E V I S I O N S
ASCC PERMIT B-27-13

ASCC PERMIT SET
1/4" = 1'-0"
SCALE

A3.2
SHEET



P R O J E C T
Private Residence
3 Grove Ct
Portola Valley, CA
APN 079-008-170

A R C H I T E C T
Jeffrey Mahoney
54 Wood Lane
Palo Alto, CA
C-25390



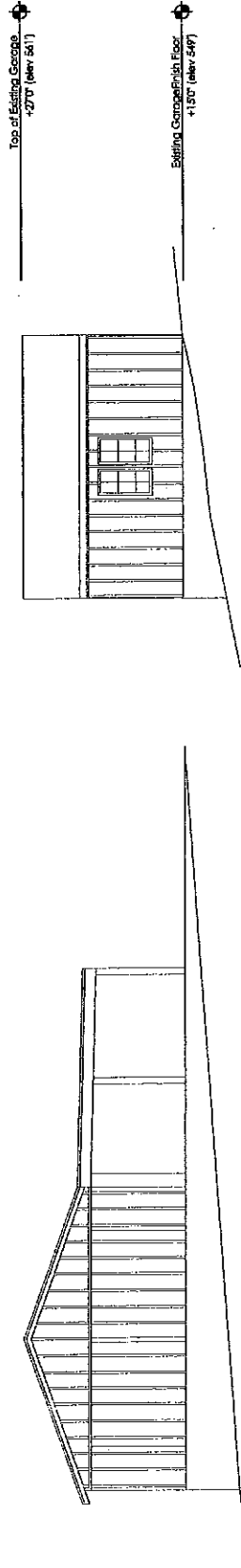
Existing Elevations - Garage

R E V I S I O N S
ASCC- 9/27/10

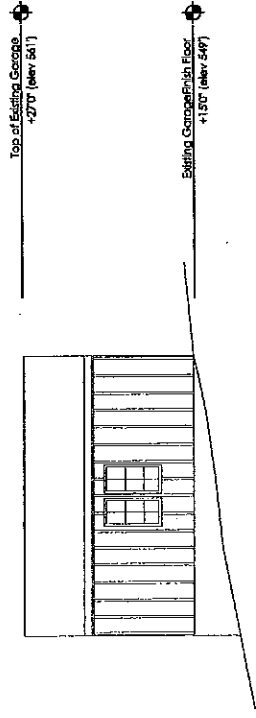
ASCC PERMIT

1/4" = 1'-0"
SCALE

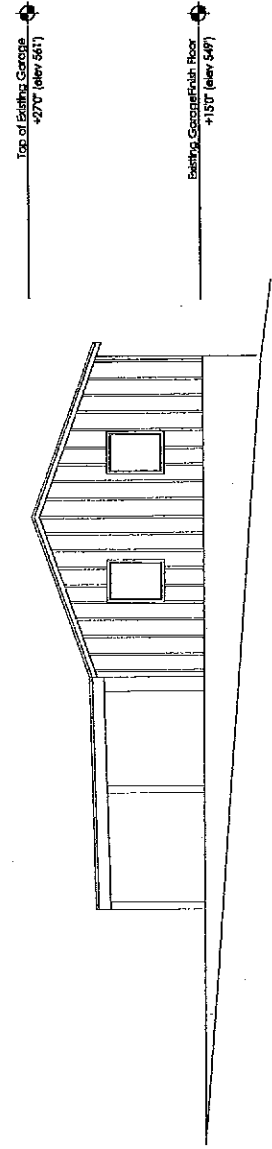
A3.3
SHEET



Existing Garage West Elevation



Existing Garage North Elevation



Existing Garage East Elevation

PROJECT
Plymouth Residence
3000 S. Canyon Ct.
Petaluma, CA
APN 079-000-170

ARCHITECT
Jeffrey Mahoney
34 Wood Lane
Folsom, CA
C-28390

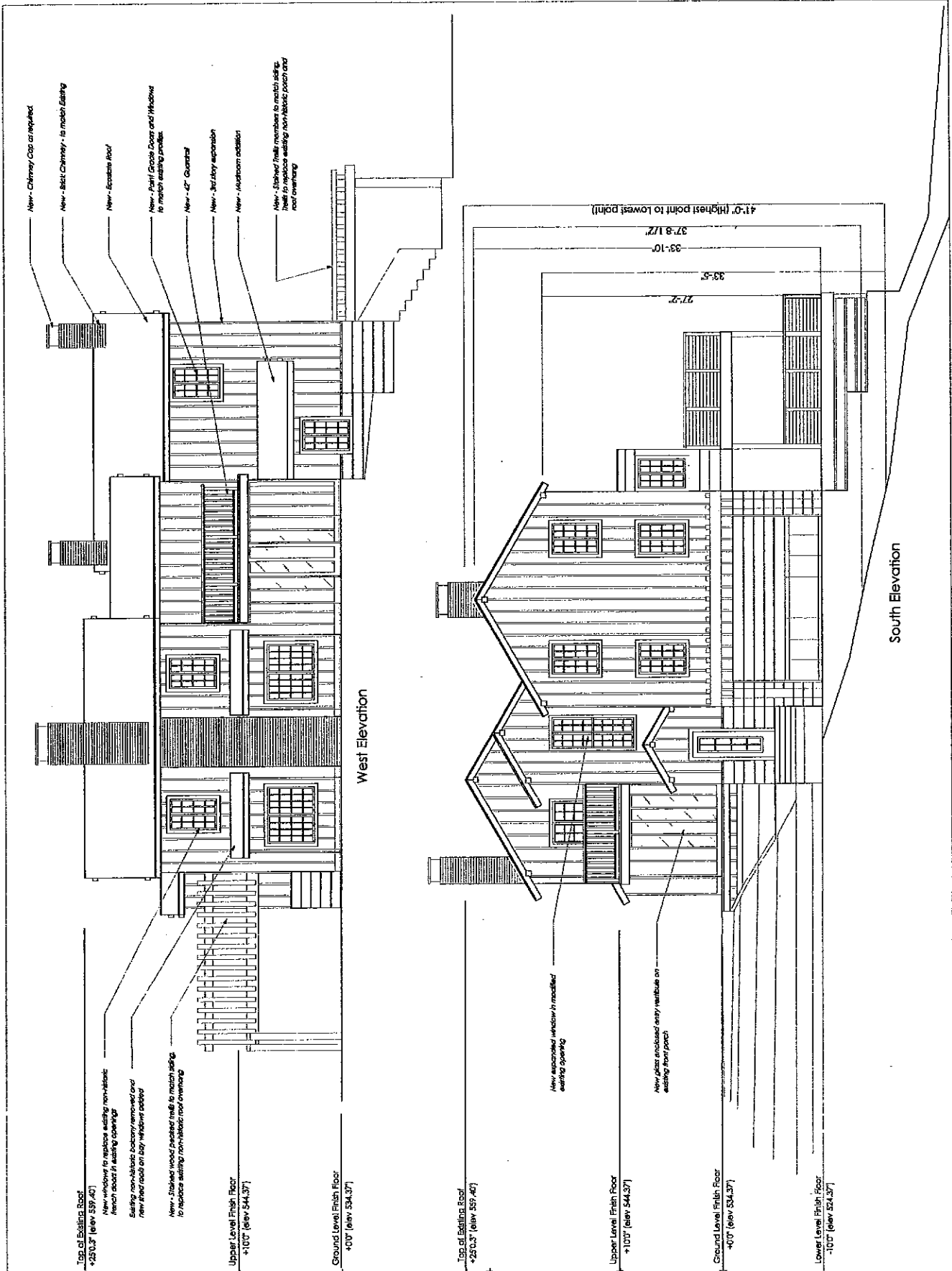


**Proposed
Exterior
Elevations**

REVISIONS
ASCC PERMIT 1-27-13
ASCC PERMIT 1-28-13

ASCC PERMIT SET
1/4" = 1'-0"
SCALE

A3.4
SHEET



P R O J E C T
 Private Residence
 30000 CI
 Portola Valley, CA
 APN 079-090-170

A R C H I T E C T
 Jeffrey Mahoney
 54 Wood Lane
 Portola, CA
 C - 28390

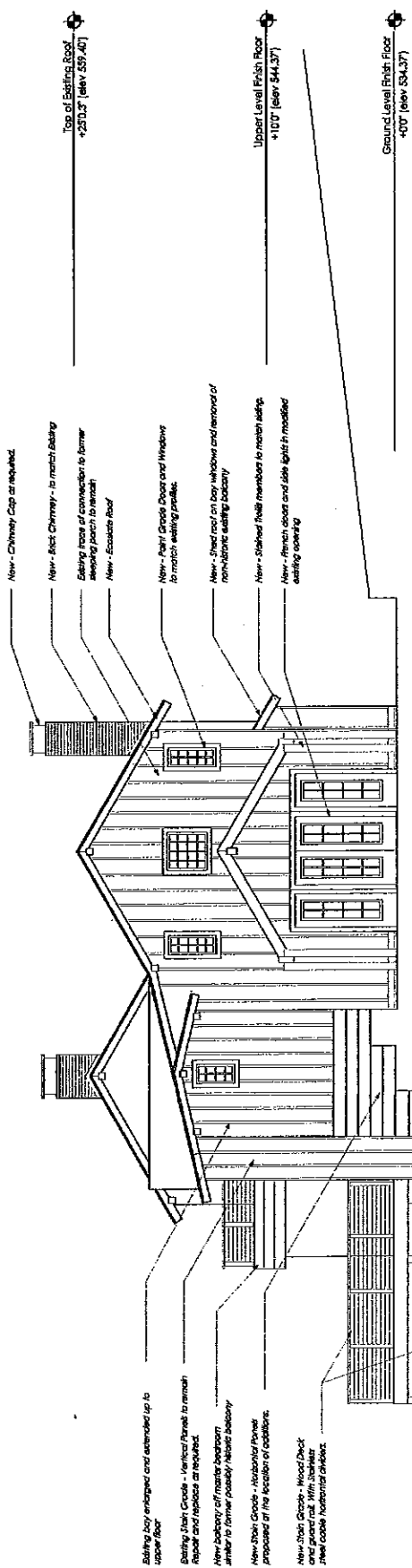


**Proposed
 Exterior
 Elevations**

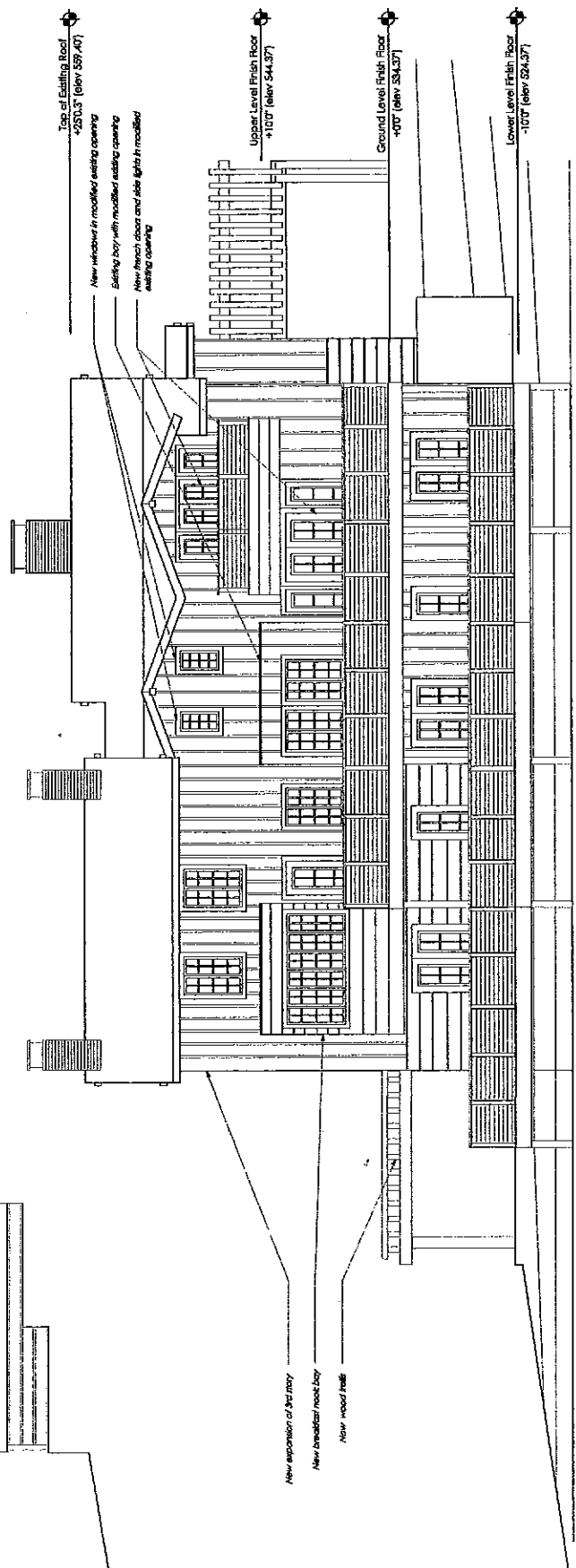
R E V I S I O N S
 ASCC FB#M1 8-27-13
 ASCC FB#M1 7-24-13

ASCC FB#M1 SET
 1/4" = 1'-0"
 SCALE

A3.5
 SHEET



North Elevation



East Elevation

P R O J E C T
 Private Residence
 3 Grove Ct
 Portola Valley, CA
 APN 079-030-170

A R C H I T E C T
 Jeffrey Mahoney
 54 Wood Lane
 Fairfax, CA
 C-28990



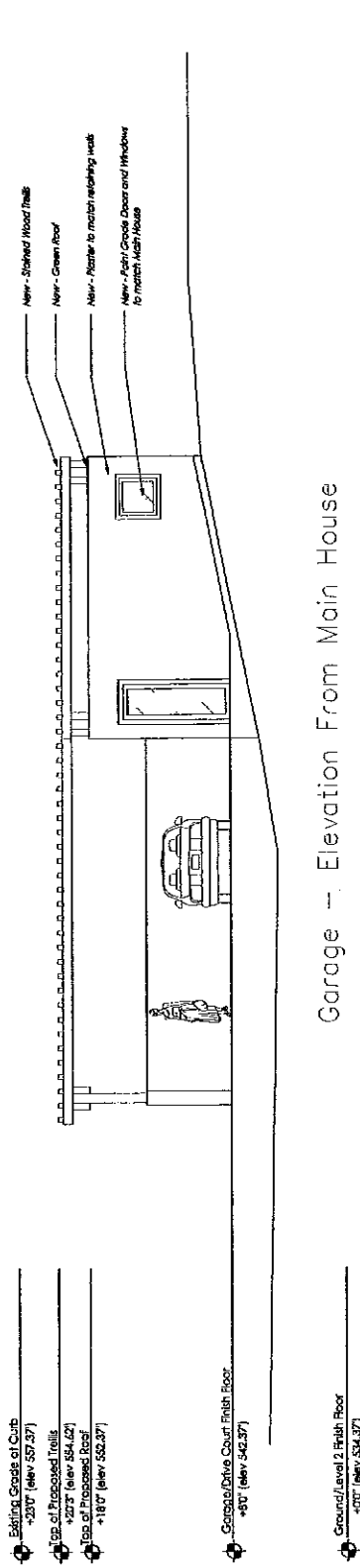
**Proposed
 Elevations -
 Garage**

R E V I S I O N S
 ASCC-#2718

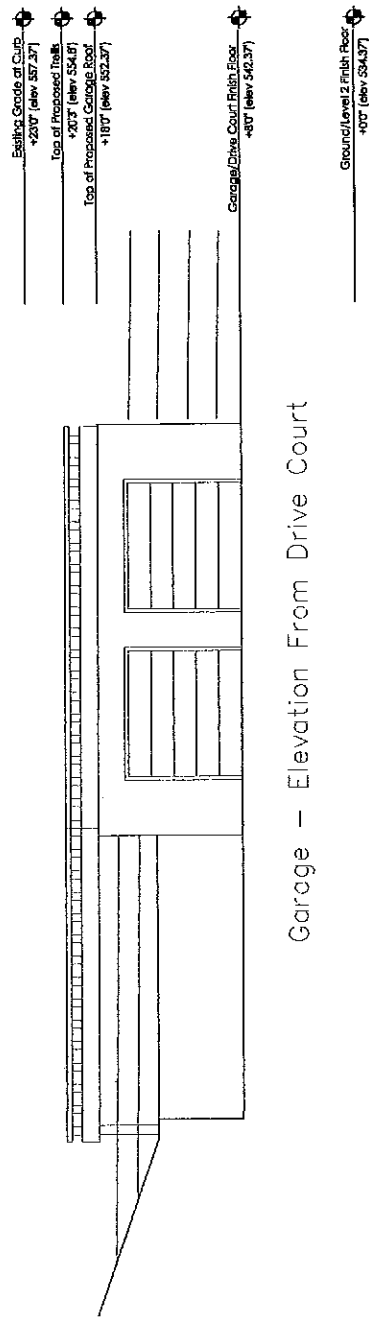
ASCC PERMIT

1/4" = 1'-0"
 SCALE

A3.6
 SHEET



Garage - Elevation From Main House



Garage - Elevation From Drive Court

P R O J E C T
 Pivato Residence
 3 Canyon Ct
 Portola Valley, CA
 APN 079-030-170

A R C H I T E C T
 Jeffrey McManey
 54 Wood Lane
 Fairfax, CA
 C-28590



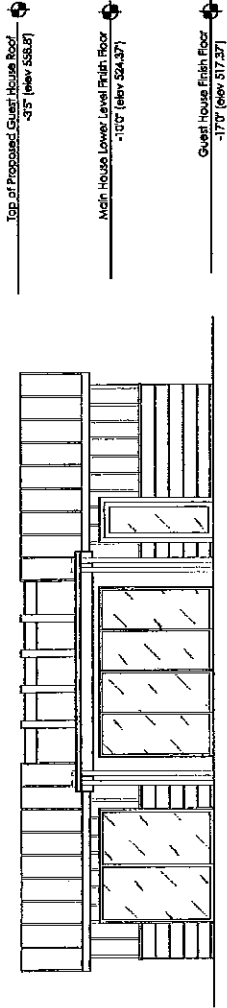
Proposed Elevations - Guest House

R E V I S I O N S
 ASCC - 12/27/13

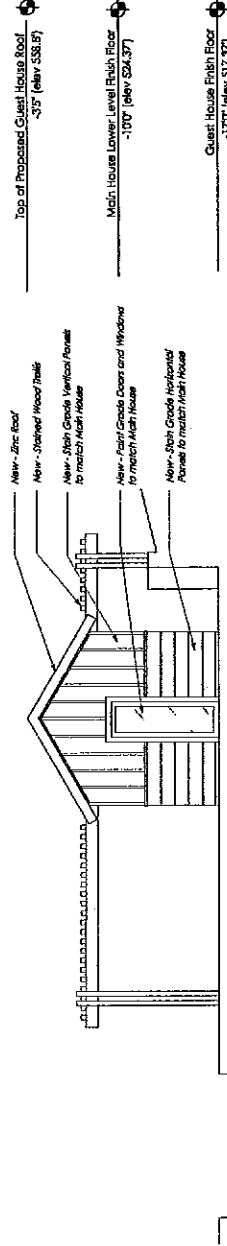
ASCC PERMIT

1/4" = 1'-0"
 SCALE

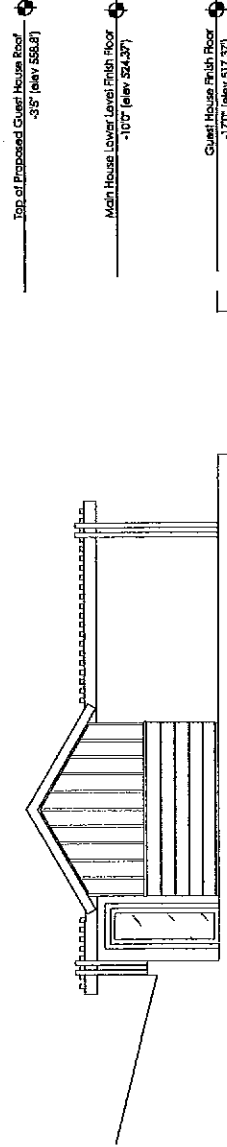
A3.7
 SHEET



East Elevation (View From Pool)



North Elevation

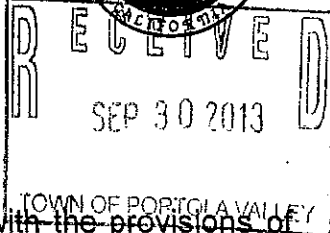


South Elevation

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

VARIANCE PERMIT APPLICATION

RECEIVED



FEE _____ DEPOSIT _____

OCT - 2 2013

DATE 9/30/13

APPLICATION NO. X7E-135

SPANGLE ASSOQ.

The undersigned hereby makes application for a Variance in accordance with the provisions of the Zoning Ordinance (Ord.1967-80) and any amendments thereto, and submits the following information for consideration:

1) **APPLICANT:** NAME: Jeffrey Mahaney, Architect

STREET ADDRESS: 54 Wood Lane Fairfax, CA 94930

MAILING ADDRESS IF DIFFERENT: _____

TELEPHONE: Work: 415 706 9912 Home: _____

Fax: _____ Email: jeffrey.mahaney@yahoo.com

Applicant is Owner _____; Authorized Agent of Owner (If agent, complete item 2)

2) **PROPERTY OWNER:** Crystal and John Ciancutti

STREET ADDRESS: 3 Grove Court Portola Valley, CA

MAILING ADDRESS: 12 Tynan Way Portola Valley, CA 94028

TELEPHONE: 650 530 2020 Fax: _____

Email: cciancutti@gmail.com

3) **DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY:** STREET ADDRESS: 3 Grove Court Portola Valley, CA

SUBDIVISION NAME _____ LOT NO. _____ BLOCK NO. _____

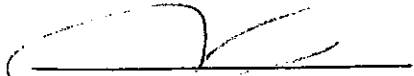
ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NO. 079-030-170 ZONING DISTRICT R-E/1

4) **REQUESTED VARIANCE DESCRIPTION:** See attached for additional detail. 1. Corner of garage within required side setback; 2. Proposed parking spaces and trellis within required front setback; 3. Roof peak of proposed 3rd story expansion 37'-8.5" above existing grade; 4. 4.9% increase in Adjusted Maximum Floor Area, and Main House & 400 sf of garage account for 89.5% of AMFA; 5. Preserve Historic Wine Cellar without including area in square footage total for site.

5) **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:** List each additional item submitted as part of this application: See attached for Supplemental Information including Detailed Description of Variances Requested, Reason for Variance Request, and Additional Information.

I, the undersigned, do hereby certify that the facts and information contained in this application are accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed at Kentfield, California on 9/30/13 (date).


Signature of agent or owner

Note: This application cannot be received unless it is accompanied by the required filing fee and deposit for services. Following receipt, the application will be reviewed for completeness and will only be placed on the Board of Adjustment agenda when it is found to be complete under the terms of the Zoning Ordinance.

The following information is required to be submitted as a part of this application:

- A) An accurate map of the property showing any existing and proposed buildings, with scale and north arrow.
- B) Information demonstrating that:
 1. That there are exceptional or extraordinary circumstances or conditions applying to the property involved or to the intended use of the property, that do not apply generally to other property or uses in the same district.
 2. That owing to such exceptional or extraordinary circumstances that literal enforcement of the provisions of the ordinance would result in practical difficulty or unnecessary hardship.
 3. That such variance is necessary for the preservation of a substantial property right of the petitioner, possessed by other property in the same district.
 4. That the granting of such variance will not be materially detrimental to the public welfare or injurious to the property or improvements in the vicinity or in the district in which the property of the applicant is located.
 5. That the granting of the variance will not constitute a grant or special privilege inconsistent with the limitations on other properties classified in the same zoning district.
 6. That the granting of such variance will be in harmony with the general purpose and intent of this ordinance and the General Plan.

The Board of Adjustment must find that the facts of the case support all of the above findings (B.1. – B.6.) in order to grant the variance.

3 Grove Court – Variance Application Supplemental Information

9/30/13

Detailed Description of Variances Requested:

1. Garage in side setback in area, narrowest point between proposed garage and property line is 5 ft.

Notes:

- a. Garage is partially underground and the top of the garage will be at 3 ft above grade with an open trellis extending to 5 ft from existing grade at the closest point to the property line. Thus, the top of trellis above the garage would not be higher than a 6 ft fence along the property line.
 - b. Proposed garage is at an angle to the property line, aligned with existing house, limiting the impact of the encroachment on the setback area.
 - c. Proposed Garage location overlaps with existing garage and parking area along property line, which is also within setback.
 - d. The triangular shape of the lot adjacent to street, and steep topography limit driveway options.
 - e. The proposed garage location and driveway would resolve long-standing issues with 4 Grove Ct regarding the driveway easement and eliminate the need for the current shared driveway configuration.
2. Proposed required parking spaces with trellis above encroach on the 50 ft front setback by 5 -10 ft.

Note:

- a. The proposed parking spaces are below existing grade, with a proposed trellis above extending 5-6 ft above existing grade. The top of the proposed trellis is lower than the existing grade at the street.
3. Roof peak of the proposed 3rd story expansion is 37' 8.5" from existing grade, greater than the allowed 28 ft. However, this does not increase the overall height of the building as measured from lowest point to highest point.

Note:

- a. With three stories on a sloping site, the existing building is already taller than allowed, with an overall height of 41 ft from lowest point to highest point.

- b. As a historic building, options for appropriately adding functional bedroom space are limited. Repeating the peaked roof angle of the existing structure results in a higher roof, but is in keeping with the historic character of the house.
 - c. Proposed grading and a proposed deck at ground level will reduce the apparent height of the 3rd story expansion to 33'10" at the peak and 27'2" at the eaves.
4. Proposed plans include 4.9% more floor area than Adjusted Maximum Floor Area. Proposed plans include floor area for the main house and 400 sf of garage that totals 89.5% of AMFA .

Notes:

- a. Main house and 400 sf of garage: 4542 sf = 89.5% of current AMFA of 5071 sf
 - b. Total floor area: 5721sf = current AMFA of 5071 + 4.9% increase
 - c. The AMFA of 5071sf for the site includes a reduction due to the slope, geologic and flood boundaries on the site.
5. Proposed plans include preserving the Historic Wine Cellar, but not including the area of the Wine Cellar in the total floor area calculation for the site as the space is partially underground, within the side setback, and not usable as occupiable space.

Reason for Variance Request:

- All of the variances requested are necessary due to the exceptional conditions arising from the existing historic residence, as specifically noted above.
- Given the footprint, location, and height of the historic residence, as well as the topography of the site, literal enforcement of the relevant ordinance would prevent the property owners from renovating the structure to meet a contemporary family's needs while also preserving the historic character of the three story house.
- The granting of this variance would have no detrimental impact on the public or improvements in the vicinity, to the contrary, it would allow for a historic structure to be preserved for the benefit of the community.
- Granting this variance would not be inconsistent with the limitations on other properties in the zoning district, as other properties do not require preserving the character of historic building with three existing stories.
- Granting this variance would allow for a series of small deviations from the relevant ordinances that would still be in line with the purpose and intent of the ordinance and General Plan.

Additional Information:

The owners are committed to preserving the historic character of the property and have already demonstrated their willingness to engage the community and work through a variety of challenges particular to the property, above and beyond a typical renovation project. Below are notes detailing a timeline of events since they purchased the home on 4/30/13.

- Visited Nancy Lund @ Town Archive. (5/9/13)
- Visited San Mateo County offices to try to locate original builders permit, (unfortunately it was not found). Got assessor records from 1940s-on. (8/13)
- Contacted Wells Fargo historical services with shipping label information. (8/13 and 9/13)
- Contacted local architecture archivists to try to find original plans by Charles Hodges (no luck). (7/13)
- Invited neighbors to visit house and review proposed plans. (8/25)
- Had 80,000+ bees removed and relocated by Art Hall. (8/26-8/28)
- Met with Simpson brothers and Joanne Klebe to hear stories about growing up at the house in the 1950s and 1960s. (9/8)
- Met with Nancy Lund (9/20)
- Met with Arnold sisters (lived at 3 Grove Ct while 4 Grove Court was remodeled in the 40s). (9/23/13)
- Have been in discussion with neighbors at 4 Grove Ct regarding the existing easement and possible alternatives to the current driveway configuration and usage. (May – Sept)
- Reached out to neighbors about connecting to the sewer and the potential to coordinate with other property owners. (Sept)
- Have an old growth redwood tree found in the Mendocino river set aside for use in renovating the house.

ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR GRANTING OF VARIANCES
Town of Portola Valley

In order to grant a variance the board of adjustment must make findings in support of the requirements of Section 18.68.070 (zoning) of the municipal code. The town attorney has advised that, for conformity with state law, these findings be considered by the board of adjustment assuming word deletions as follows:

18.68.070 Findings and decision. A. The board of adjustment shall grant the requested variance in whole or in part, if from the facts presented in connection with the application, or at the public hearing, it appears and the board of adjustment specifies in its findings the facts which establish ~~beyond reasonable doubt:~~

1. That there are exceptional or extraordinary circumstances or conditions applying to the property involved or to the intended use of the property, that do not apply generally to other property or uses in the same district;
 2. That owing to such exceptional or extraordinary circumstances the literal enforcement of the provisions of the title would result in practical difficulty or unnecessary hardship;
 3. That such variance is necessary for the preservation of a ~~substantial~~ property right of the petitioner, possessed by other property in the same district;
 4. That the granting of such variance will not be materially detrimental to the public welfare or injurious to the property or improvements in the vicinity or in the district in which the property of the applicant is located;
 5. That the granting of such variance will not constitute a grant of special privilege inconsistent with the limitations on other properties classified in the same zoning district;
 6. That the granting of such variance will be in harmony with the general plan and intent of this title and the general plan.
- B.* If the facts do not establish that all of the six conditions set forth in subsection A of this section apply to the subject case, the board of adjustment will deny the requested variance.



ARBOR RESOURCES

professional consulting arborists and tree care

AUG 29 2013

TREE SURVEY REPORT

RECEIVED

SEP 11 2013

SPANGLE ASSOC.

3 GROVE COURT PORTOLA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

Submitted to:

Mr. and Mrs. Ciancutti
3 Grove Court
Portola Valley, CA 94028

Prepared by:

David L. Babby
Registered Consulting Arborist® #399
Board-Certified Master Arborist® #WE-4001B

August 22, 2013

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<u>SECTION</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
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2.0	TREE COUNT AND COMPOSITION	2
3.0	SUITABILITY FOR PRESERVATION	3
4.0	ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITING CONDITIONS	4

EXHIBITS

<u>EXHIBIT</u>	<u>TITLE</u>
A	TREE INVENTORY TABLE (seven sheets)
B	SITE MAP (one sheet)

1.0 INTRODUCTION

I have been retained by Mr. and Mrs. Ciancutti to prepare this *Tree Survey Report* in connection with the future redevelopment and site improvement of their residential property at **3 Grove Court**, Portola Valley. Specific tasks assigned to perform are as follows:

- Visit the site on August 19, 2013 to identify 50 trees regulated by the Town and "significant trees" pursuant to Section 15.12.060(28a) of the Town Code.
- Determine each tree's trunk diameter at 54 inches above natural grade; all diameters are rounded to the nearest inch, and tree listed with more than one diameter are formed by multiple trunks or leaders at 54 inches high.
- Ascertain each tree's health and structural integrity, and assign an overall condition rating (e.g. good, fair, poor or dead).
- Determine each tree's suitability for preservation (e.g. good, moderate or low).
- Provide any relevant comments about existing conditions surrounding or pertaining to each tree.
- Sequentially assign numbers to each tree, and plot them on a copy of the *Boundary and Topographic Survey* by B & H Surveying, Inc., dated June 2013, and presented in Exhibit B.
- Affix round metallic tags with engraved, corresponding numbers to the trees' trunks or major limbs.
- Prepare a written report that presents the aforementioned information, and submit via email as a PDF document.

2.0 TREE COUNT AND COMPOSITION

Fifty (50) trees of five various species were inventoried for this report. They are sequentially numbered as 1 thru 50, and the table below identifies their name, assigned numbers, counts and percentages.

NAME	TREE NUMBER(S)	COUNT	% OF TOTAL
blue oak	6, 10, 19-21, 23, 27, 28, 38	9	18%
California bay tree	34, 35	2	4%
coast live oak	1-5, 9, 11, 13, 16, 24, 25, 29, 31-33, 36, 39-45, 47, 48, 50	26	52%
coast redwood	7, 8, 37	3	6%
valley oak	12, 14, 15, 17, 18, 22, 26, 30, 46, 49	10	20%
Total		50	100%

As illustrated in the above table, the site is populated predominantly by native oaks (90% of total), with the majority being coast live oaks (52%).

Specific information regarding each tree is presented within the table in **Exhibit A**, and their approximate locations and assigned numbers are shown on the site map in **Exhibit B**.

Each inventoried tree is regulated by Town Code as a **significant tree**.

Trees #23 (12" blue oak) is not shown on the topographic survey, and its location, as pointed to on the map in Exhibit B, is intended to be roughly approximate and not construed as being surveyed.

3.0 SUITABILITY FOR TREE PRESERVATION

Each tree has been assigned either a “good,” “moderate” or “low” suitability for preservation rating as a means to cumulatively measure its health, structural integrity, anticipated life span, location, size and species. A description of these ratings are presented on the following page; note that the “good” category comprises **five trees** (or 10%), the “moderate” category **32 trees** (or 64%), and the “low” category **13 trees** (or 26%).

Good: These trees offer a good potential of contributing long-term to the site. They exhibit vigorous health, have seemingly stable structures, and can be regarded as the most suitable for retention and protection.

- Applies to **#1, 5, 15, 28 and 46.**

Moderate: These trees contribute to the site but at insignificant levels, and frequent care is required during their remaining life span. Their retention and protection may or may not be suitable depending upon the particular tree, level of maintenance required, site conditions, and surrounding targets (existing and future).

- Applies to trees **#2-4, 9-12, 14, 16-22, 24-26, 29-32, 34-37, 39, 40, 44, 45, 47 and 49.**

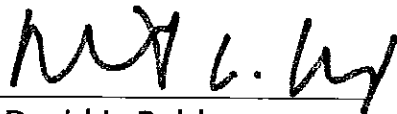
Low: These trees are the least suitable for retention due to being predisposed to decline and/or structural defects that are expected to worsen regardless of tree care measures employed. Removal of these trees should be considered at this time.

- Applies to trees **#6-8, 13, 23, 33, 38, 41-43, 48 and 50.**

4.0 ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITING CONDITIONS

- All information presented herein covers only those trees that were examined, and reflects the size, condition and areas viewed of those trees at the time of my observations on 9/19/13.
- My observations were performed visually without probing, coring, dissecting or excavating. I cannot, in any way, assume responsibility for any defects that could only have been discovered by performing the mentioned services in the specific area(s) where a defect was located.
- The assignment pertains solely to trees listed in Exhibit A. I hold no opinion towards other trees on or surrounding the project area.
- I cannot provide a guarantee or warranty, expressed or implied, that deficiencies or problems of any trees or property in question may not arise in the future.
- No assurance can be offered that if all my recommendations and precautionary measures (verbal or in writing) are accepted and followed, that the desired results may be achieved.
- All information presented on the plans reviewed is assumed to be correct. I cannot guarantee or be responsible for the accuracy of information provided by others.
- I assume no responsibility for the means and methods used by any person or company implementing the recommendations provided in this report.
- The information provided herein represents my opinion. Accordingly, my fee is in no way contingent upon the reporting of a specified finding, conclusion or value.
- The tree numbers shown on the site map in Exhibit B are intended to only approximate a tree's trunk location, and should not be construed as having been surveyed.
- This report is proprietary to me and may not be copied or reproduced in whole or part without prior written consent. It has been prepared for the sole and exclusive use of the parties to who submitted for the purpose of contracting services provided by David L. Babby.
- If any part of this report or copy thereof be lost or altered, the entire evaluation shall be invalid.

Prepared By:



David L. Babby

Registered Consulting Arborist® #399

Board-Certified Master Arborist® #WE-4001B

Date: August 22, 2013



EXHIBIT A:

TREE INVENTORY TABLE

(seven sheets)



TREE INVENTORY TABLE

TREE/ TAG NO.	TREE NAME	Trunk Diameter (in.)	Canopy Spread (ft.)	Health Condition (100%=Best, 0%=Worst)	Structural Integrity (100%=Best, 0%=Worst)	Overall Condition (Good/Fair/Poor/Dead)	Suitability for Preservation (Good/Moderate/Low)
1	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	14, 12, 9	45	80%	50%	Fair	Good

Comments: Adjacent to water meters. The 14" trunk has significant decay. Household electrical drop is routed through the canopy.

2	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	6, 6, 4	20	60%	40%	Fair	Moderate
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Comments: Household electrical drop is routed through canopy. Weak attachment between the 6" trunks.

3	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	14	25	50%	50%	Fair	Moderate
---	--	----	----	-----	-----	------	----------

Comments: Household electrical drop is routed through canopy.

4	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	14	35	40%	50%	Poor	Moderate
---	--	----	----	-----	-----	------	----------

Comments: Household electrical drop is routed through canopy. Canopy is asymmetrical, growing away from #3. Sparse canopy with deadwood. Base of trunk is 6" from rock wall, wall, concrete path, and is adjacent to garage.

5	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	22	30	60%	60%	Fair	Good
---	--	----	----	-----	-----	------	------

Comments: Household electrical drop is routed through a section of its canopy.

6	blue oak (<i>Quercus douglasii</i>)	18	35	30%	50%	Poor	Low
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Comments: Very sparse. Buried root collar. As with most all inventoried oaks at this site, it has been excessively pruned in the past.

7	coast redwood (<i>Sequoia sempervirens</i>)	24	40	30%	60%	Poor	Low
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Comments: Large deadwood. Extremely sparse.



TREE INVENTORY TABLE

TREE/ TAG NO.	TREE NAME	Trunk Diameter (in.)	Canopy Spread (ft.)	Health Condition (100%=Best, 0%=Worst)	Structural Integrity (100%=Best, 0%=Worst)	Overall Condition (Good/Fair/Poor/Dead)	Suitability for Preservation (Good/Moderate/Low)
8	coast redwood (<i>Sequoia sempervirens</i>)	26	25	20%	30%	Poor	Low

Comments: The majority of its entire trunk leans (away from #7), a condition, for a redwood that indicates it having potentially partially uprooted; the side of the trunk opposite the the lean is covered by shrubs, so cannot be verified. Large deadwood and canopy is extremely sparse.

9	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	15, 12	35	50%	50%	Fair	Moderate
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Comments: Sparse canopy. Grows with a lean away from a previous tree, #7 and 8, and towards the existing home.

10	blue oak (<i>Quercus douglasii</i>)	16	40	40%	50%	Poor	Moderate
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Comments: Sparse canopy.

11	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	27	40	60%	60%	Fair	Moderate
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Comments: Has a bulge along lower trunk, indicative of a past wound or crack. Grows beneath #12's canopy. Base of trunk is surrounded by adjacent path.

12	valley oak (<i>Quercus lobata</i>)	24	40	50%	50%	Fair	Moderate
----	---	----	----	-----	-----	------	----------

Comments: Adjacent staircase and path buckled.

13	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	12	15	30%	30%	Poor	Low
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Comments: Extremely sparse canopy. Form is suppressed. Has a buried root collar. Has a cavity at approximately 15 feet high.

14	valley oak (<i>Quercus lobata</i>)	19	30	40%	50%	Poor	Moderate
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Comments: Sparse canopy. Base of trunk abuts adjacent path. Has a partially buried root collar.



TREE INVENTORY TABLE

TREE/ TAG NO.	TREE NAME	Trunk Diameter (in.)	Canopy Spread (ft.)	Health Condition (100%=Best, 0%=Worst)	Structural Integrity (100%=Best, 0%=Worst)	Overall Condition (Good/Fair/Poor/Dead)	Suitability for Preservation (Good/Moderate/Low)
15	valley oak (<i>Quercus lobata</i>)	24	40	60%	60%	Fair	Good

Comments: Deadwood. Canopy is one-sided.

16	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	12	25	50%	60%	Fair	Moderate
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Comments: Has a one-sided canopy due to a prior adjacent tree.

17	valley oak (<i>Quercus lobata</i>)	15	30	50%	50%	Fair	Moderate
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Comments: Leans out towards existing garage.

18	valley oak (<i>Quercus lobata</i>)	14	25	60%	40%	Fair	Moderate
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Comments: A large cavity at ten feet high due to a prior codominant limb failing or being removed sometime ago.

19	blue oak (<i>Quercus douglasii</i>)	20	25	50%	40%	Poor	Moderate
----	--	----	----	-----	-----	------	----------

Comments: Formed by codominants with included bark at their attachment. Canopy is asymmetrical. Covered in dead poison oak vines.

20	blue oak (<i>Quercus douglasii</i>)	17	40	60%	50%	Fair	Moderate
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Comments: Has a buried root collar.

21	blue oak (<i>Quercus douglasii</i>)	20	40	40%	50%	Poor	Moderate
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Comments: Sparse canopy with deadwood. History of past limb failure.

22	valley oak (<i>Quercus lobata</i>)	12	20	40%	50%	Poor	Moderate
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Comments: Sparse canopy.



TREE INVENTORY TABLE

TREE/ TAG NO.	TREE NAME	Trunk Diameter (in.)	Canopy Spread (ft.)	Health Condition (100%=Best, 0%=Worst)	Structural Integrity (100%=Best, 0%=Worst)	Overall Condition (Good/Fair/Poor/Dead)	Suitability for Preservation (Good/Moderate/Low)
23	blue oak <i>(Quercus douglasii)</i>	12	20	40%	40%	Poor	Low

Comments: Codominants originate seven feet above grade. Tree is suppressed and declining.
Has been added to the topo.

24	coast live oak <i>(Quercus agrifolia)</i>	14	30	50%	60%	Fair	Moderate
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Comments:

25	coast live oak <i>(Quercus agrifolia)</i>	13	25	70%	50%	Fair	Moderate
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Comments: Has a buried root collar.

26	valley oak <i>(Quercus lobata)</i>	19	35	40%	50%	Poor	Moderate
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Comments: Has a very sparse canopy. Formed by codominant tops.

27	blue oak <i>(Quercus douglasii)</i>	14	20	30%	50%	Poor	Low
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Comments: Base of trunk abuts existing brick bbq. Canopy is extremely sparse.

28	blue oak <i>(Quercus douglasii)</i>	20	45	70%	80%	Good	Good
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Comments:

29	coast live oak <i>(Quercus agrifolia)</i>	18	35	60%	50%	Fair	Moderate
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Comments:

30	valley oak <i>(Quercus lobata)</i>	20	55	70%	50%	Fair	Moderate
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Comments: Formed by codominant tops.



TREE INVENTORY TABLE

TREE/ TAG NO.	TREE NAME	Trunk Diameter (in.)	Canopy Spread (ft.)	Health Condition (100%=Best, 0%=Worst)	Structural Integrity (100%=Best, 0%=Worst)	Overall Condition (Good/Fair/Poor/Dead)	Suitability for Preservation (Good/Moderate/Low)
31	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	13	35	80%	50%	Fair	Moderate
<p>Comments: Has an asymmetrical, one-sided canopy away from #32. Buried root collar. A large limb was previously cut along main stem at approximately six feet high.</p>							
32	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	14	35	60%	50%	Fair	Moderate
<p>Comments: Buried root collar along uphill side.</p>							
33	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	12	30	50%	30%	Poor	Low
<p>Comments: Previous trunk failed in past, leaving a large decaying hollow at base.</p>							
34	California bay tree (<i>Umbellularia californica</i>)	14, 11	35	40%	50%	Poor	Moderate
<p>Comments:</p>							
35	California bay tree (<i>Umbellularia californica</i>)	12	25	60%	60%	Fair	Moderate
<p>Comments: Asymmetrical canopy.</p>							
36	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	19	30	70%	60%	Fair	Moderate
<p>Comments: Asymmetrical canopy away from #37.</p>							
37	coast redwood (<i>Sequoia sempervirens</i>)	26, 12	40	40%	50%	Poor	Moderate
<p>Comments:</p>							
38	blue oak (<i>Quercus douglasii</i>)	18	25	20%	50%	Poor	Low

Comments: One-sided canopy that grows nearly horizontal towards uphill. Old concrete chunks around most of the trunk's base. Canopy is extremely sparse.



TREE INVENTORY TABLE

TREE/ TAG NO.	TREE NAME	Trunk Diameter (in.)	Canopy Spread (ft.)	Health Condition (100%=Best, 0%=Worst)	Structural Integrity (100%=Best, 0%=Worst)	Overall Condition (Good/Fair/Poor/Dead)	Suitability for Preservation (Good/Moderate/Low)
39	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	13, 9	35	60%	40%	Fair	Moderate
Comments: The 9" trunk is dead. The upper section of the 13" trunk has a decaying wound due to past limb failure.							
40	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	16	30	50%	50%	Fair	Moderate
Comments: Has a cavity at base, possibly from soil eroding away from around the buttress roots.							
41	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	13	30	10%	10%	Poor	Low
Comments: Has a massive, decaying cavity along the entire trunk (a prior trunk ripped from the tree many years ago). Remove.							
42	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	19, 18	30	50%	30%	Poor	Low
Comments: The 19" trunk (downhill direction) is dead and should be removed; it is lying on an adjacent, small bay tree. The 18" trunk appears sound.							
43	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	19, 18	35	70%	20%	Poor	Low
Comments: Massive, decaying cavity at base has severely compromised structure. Remove tree or avoid establishing any target beneath.							
44	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	16	25	50%	40%	Poor	Moderate
Comments: Narrow canopy.							
45	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	19, 12	35	50%	40%	Poor	Moderate
Comments: The 12" trunk is dead.							



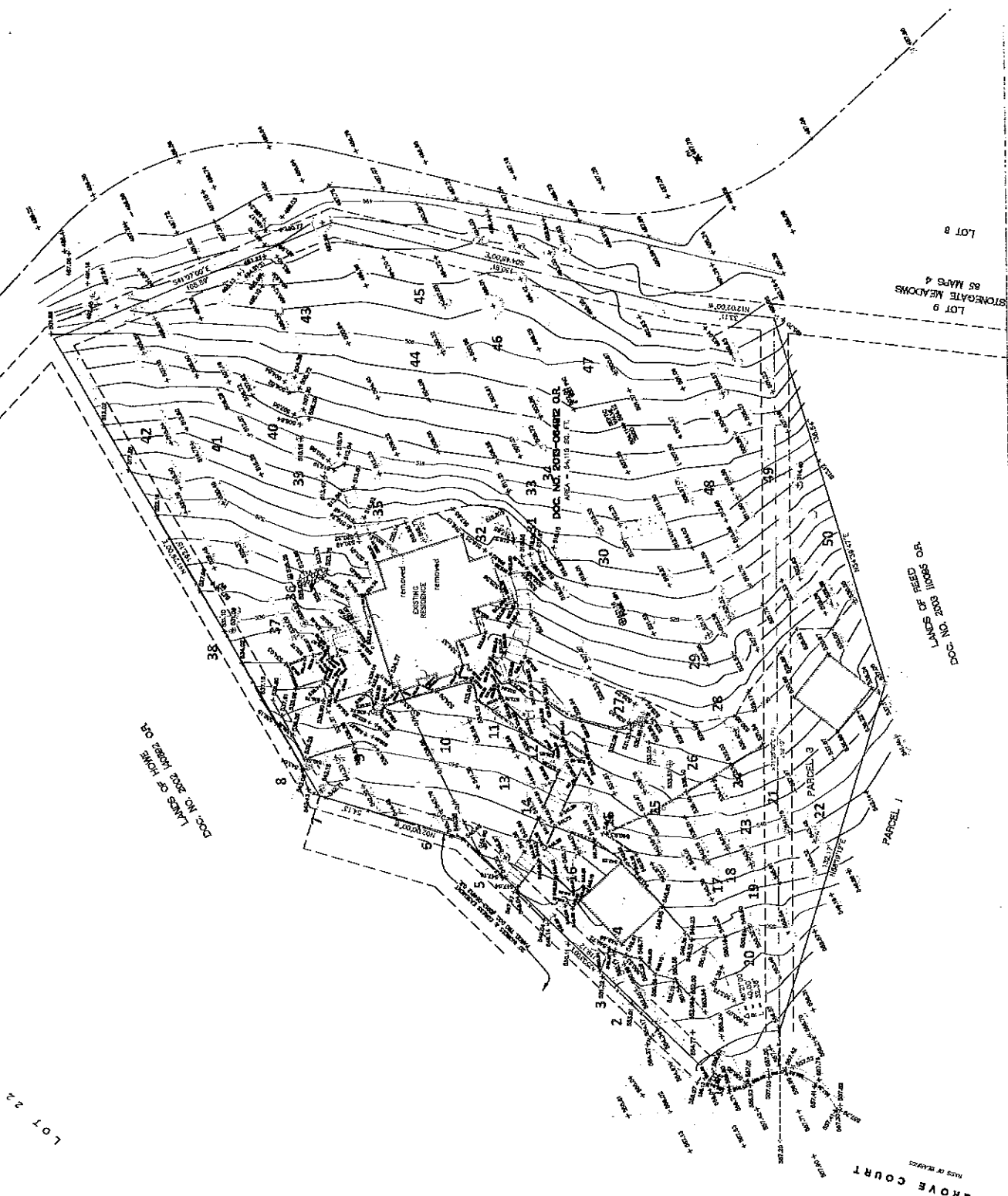
TREE INVENTORY TABLE

TREE/ TAG NO.	TREE NAME	Trunk Diameter (in.)	Canopy Spread (ft.)	Health Condition (100%=Best, 0%=Worst)	Structural Integrity (100%=Best, 0%=Worst)	Overall Condition (Good/Fair/Poor/Dead)	Suitability for Preservation (Good/Moderate/Low)
46	valley oak (<i>Quercus lobata</i>)	52	90	70%	70%	Good	Good
Comments: Massive valley oak. Somewhat sparse. Formed by codominants at ten feet high.							
47	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	13	25	70%	50%	Fair	Moderate
Comments: Narrow canopy.							
48	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	20	-	0%	0%	Dead	Low
Comments: Tree has been dead for many years.							
49	valley oak (<i>Quercus lobata</i>)	25	65	45%	50%	Poor	Moderate
Comments: Sparse canopy.							
50	coast live oak (<i>Quercus agrifolia</i>)	12	20	30%	40%	Poor	Low
Comments: Suppressed canopy beneath #4's. Trunk and canopy are covered in poison oak.							

EXHIBIT B:

SITE MAP

(one sheet)



GRAPHIC SCALE
 1 inch = 100 ft.

BASE OF ELEVATIONS
 ELEVATIONS ARE BASED UPON TYPICAL PORTUGAL VALLEY AVENUE.
 ± 1/4" = 1/2" INCHES ONE WITH HATCHES IN DOWN HILL.
 ELEVATION = 487.28'

BASE OF BEARINGS
 THE BEARING OF THE LINE FROM THE POINT OF BEGINNING TO THE POINT OF ENDING IS THE BEARING OF THE LINE.
 THE BEARING OF THE LINE FROM THE POINT OF BEGINNING TO THE POINT OF ENDING IS THE BEARING OF THE LINE.

- LEGEND**
- FOUND EQUIPMENT AS NOTED
 - OPEN WELL
 - OPEN CISTERN
 - OPEN TANK
 - OPEN PIT
 - OPEN DRAIN
 - OPEN GULLY
 - OPEN CHANNEL
 - OPEN DITCH
 - OPEN TRENCH
 - OPEN CUT
 - OPEN FILL
 - OPEN BANK
 - OPEN SLOPE
 - OPEN GRADE
 - OPEN ROAD
 - OPEN DRIVE
 - OPEN WALKWAY
 - OPEN PATH
 - OPEN FENCE
 - OPEN BOUNDARY
 - OPEN CORNER
 - OPEN MARKER
 - OPEN MONUMENT
 - OPEN SURVEY
 - OPEN ADJACENT
 - OPEN PROPERTY
 - OPEN INTEREST
 - OPEN CLAIM
 - OPEN RIGHT
 - OPEN TITLE
 - OPEN EASEMENT
 - OPEN ENCUMBRANCE
 - OPEN LIEN
 - OPEN TAX
 - OPEN DEBT
 - OPEN OBLIGATION
 - OPEN LIABILITY
 - OPEN RISK
 - OPEN LOSS
 - OPEN DAMAGE
 - OPEN INJURY
 - OPEN HARM
 - OPEN INTERFERENCE
 - OPEN OBSTRUCTION
 - OPEN HINDERANCE
 - OPEN IMPEDIMENT
 - OPEN BARRIAGE
 - OPEN OBSTACLE
 - OPEN HURDLE
 - OPEN TRAP
 - OPEN PITFALL
 - OPEN SNARE
 - OPEN GUESS
 - OPEN CONJECTURE
 - OPEN OPINION
 - OPEN BELIEF
 - OPEN FAITH
 - OPEN TRUST
 - OPEN CONFIDENCE
 - OPEN ASSURANCE
 - OPEN PROMISE
 - OPEN VOW
 - OPEN OATH
 - OPEN SWEAR
 - OPEN CURSE
 - OPEN BLESSING
 - OPEN PRAYER
 - OPEN SUPPLICATION
 - OPEN PETITION
 - OPEN REQUEST
 - OPEN DEMAND
 - OPEN REQUIREMENT
 - OPEN NECESSITY
 - OPEN URGENCY
 - OPEN EMERGENCY
 - OPEN DISTRESS
 - OPEN MISERY
 - OPEN PAIN
 - OPEN SUFFERING
 - OPEN GRIEF
 - OPEN SORROW
 - OPEN GRIEVANCE
 - OPEN ANGER
 - OPEN RAGE
 - OPEN FURY
 - OPEN WRATH
 - OPEN VENGEANCE
 - OPEN REVENGE
 - OPEN RETALIATION
 - OPEN REPRISAL
 - OPEN PUNISHMENT
 - OPEN PENALTY
 - OPEN FINE
 - OPEN AMOUNT
 - OPEN SUM
 - OPEN QUANTITY
 - OPEN MEASURE
 - OPEN WEIGHT
 - OPEN VOLUME
 - OPEN CAPACITY
 - OPEN POWER
 - OPEN FORCE
 - OPEN STRENGTH
 - OPEN ENERGY
 - OPEN VIGOR
 - OPEN VITALITY
 - OPEN HEALTH
 - OPEN WELL-BEING
 - OPEN COMFORT
 - OPEN HAPPINESS
 - OPEN JOY
 - OPEN GLADNESS
 - OPEN CHEER
 - OPEN MIRTH
 - OPEN LAUGHTER
 - OPEN SMILE
 - OPEN GRIN
 - OPEN GIGGLE
 - OPEN CHuckle
 - OPEN Tickle
 - OPEN Scratch
 - OPEN Rub
 - OPEN Massage
 - OPEN Touch
 - OPEN Feel
 - OPEN Sense
 - OPEN Perception
 - OPEN Awareness
 - OPEN Knowledge
 - OPEN Understanding
 - OPEN Wisdom
 - OPEN Reason
 - OPEN Logic
 - OPEN Intellect
 - OPEN Mind
 - OPEN Soul
 - OPEN Spirit
 - OPEN Heart
 - OPEN Emotion
 - OPEN Feeling
 - OPEN Passion
 - OPEN Desire
 - OPEN Want
 - OPEN Need
 - OPEN Lack
 - OPEN Wanting
 - OPEN Craving
 - OPEN Longing
 - OPEN Yearning
 - OPEN Hoping
 - OPEN Expecting
 - OPEN Anticipating
 - OPEN Dreaming
 - OPEN Imagining
 - OPEN Fantasizing
 - OPEN Daydreaming
 - OPEN Reverie
 - OPEN Trance
 - OPEN Ecstasy
 - OPEN Rapture
 - OPEN Bliss
 - OPEN Paradise
 - OPEN Heaven
 - OPEN Hell
 - OPEN Purgatory
 - OPEN Limbo
 - OPEN Limbo
 - OPEN Hell
 - OPEN Heaven
 - OPEN Paradise
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 - OPEN Rapture
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 - OPEN Trance
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 - OPEN Yearning
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 - OPEN DITCH
 - OPEN CHANNEL
 - OPEN GULLY
 - OPEN DRAIN
 - OPEN PIT
 - OPEN TANK
 - OPEN CISTERN
 - OPEN WELL
 - OPEN EQUIPMENT AS NOTED

UTILITY NOTE
 ALL UTILITIES SHOWN ON THIS SURVEY ARE BASED ON THE RECORDS OF THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION AND THE RECORDS OF THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. THE LOCATION OF UTILITIES SHOWN ON THIS SURVEY IS NOT GUARANTEED BY THE SURVEYOR.

BOUNDARY AND TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY
 LANDS OF DAN/UTTI
 DOCUMENT #2013-084612 O.R.
 BEING LOT 36 & PORTION OF LOT 27
 TRACT NO. 608 STONEGATE SUBDIVISION OF
 MAPS 4 & 5 OF THE COUNTY OF SAN JOAQUIN
 VOLUME 28 OF MAPS AT PAGES 31 & 33
 ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBERS: 079-030-1170
 (3 GROVE COURT)

B. & H. SURVEYING, INC.
 PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYING

GreenPoint Rated Existing Home Checklist



A home is only GreenPoint Rated if all features are verified by a Certified GreenPoint Rater through Build It Green. GreenPoint Rated is provided as a public service by Build It Green, a professional non-profit whose mission is to promote healthy, energy and resource efficient buildings in California.

This checklist is used to track projects seeking a Whole House or Elements Label using the GreenPoint Rated Existing Home Rating System. The minimum requirements for each label are listed in the project summary at the end of this checklist. Selected measures can be awarded points allocated by the percentage of presence of the measure in the home. The measure or practice must be found in at least 10% of the home to earn points.

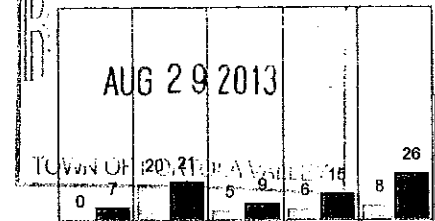
Column A is a dropdown menu with the options of "Yes", "No", or "TBD" or a range of percentages to allocate points. Select the appropriate dropdown and the appropriate points will appear in the yellow "points achieved" column.

The criteria for the green building practices listed below are described in the GreenPoint Rated Existing Home Rating Manual, available at www.builditgreen.org/greenpointrated

GreenPoint Rated Existing Home Checklist version 2.1

Enter Label: **Whole House**

Points Achieved: **78**



Project Name		Points Achieved	Community	Energy	IAQ/Health	Resources	Water
AA. COMMUNITY			Possible Points				
No	1. Home is Located within 1/2 Mile of a Major Transit Stop		2				
1	2. Compact Development & House Size			2		2	
TBD	a. Density of 10 Units per Acre or Greater (Enter units/acre)						
	b. Home Size Efficiency (5 points is average, points awarded based on home size)					1-9	
	3. Pedestrian and Bicycle Access/ Alternative Transportation		RECEIVED SEP 11 2013 SPANGLE ASSOC.				
	a. Site has Pedestrian Access Within 1/2 Mile of neighborhood services:						
	TIER 1: 1) Day Care 2) Community Center 3) Public Park						
	4) Drug Store 5) Restaurant 6) School						
	7) Library 8) Farmer's Market 9) After School Programs						
	10) Convenience Store Where Meat & Produce are Sold						
	TIER 2: 1) Bank 2) Place of Worship 3) Laundry/Cleaners						
	4) Hardware 5) Theater/Entertainment 6) Fitness/Gym						
	7) Post Office 8) Senior Care Facility 9) Medical/Dental						
	10) Hair Care 11) Commercial Office of Major Employer 12) Full Supermarket						
No	5 Services Listed Above (Tier 2 Services count as 1/2 Service Value)	1					
No	10 Services Listed Above (Tier 2 Services count as 1/2 Service Value)	1					
TBD	b. Access to A Dedicated Pedestrian Pathway to Places of Recreational Interest within 1/2 Mile	1					
No	c. At Least Two of the Following Traffic-Calming Strategies Installed within 1/4 mile:	1					
	Designated Bicycle Lanes are Present on Roadways;						
	Ten-Foot Vehicle Travel Lanes;						
	Street Crossings Closest to Site are Located Less Than 300 Feet Apart;						
	Streets Have Rumble Strips, Bulbouts, Raised Crosswalks or Refuge Islands						
	4. Safety & Social Gathering						
Yes	a. Front Entrance Has Views from the Inside to Outside Callers	1	1				
No	b. Front Entrance Can be Seen from the Street and/or from Other Front Doors		1				
No	c. Porch (min. 100sf) Oriented to Streets and Public Spaces		1				
	5. Diverse Households						
Yes	a. Home Has at Least One Zero-Step Entrance (prerequisite for 5b. And 5c.)	1	1				
TBD	b. All Main Floor Interior Doors & Passageways Have a Min. 32-Inch Clear Passage Space		1				
Yes	c. Home includes at Least a Half-Bath on the Ground Floor with Blocking for Grab Bars	1	1				
TBD	d. Lot Includes Full-Function Independent Rental Unit		1				
Total Points Available in Community = 26		3					
A. SITE			Possible Points				
Yes	1. Protect Existing Topsoil from Erosion and Reuse after Construction	2	1				1
	2. Divert Construction and Demolition Waste						
Yes	a. Divert All Cardboard, Concrete, Asphalt and Metals (Required for both Whole House and Elements, if Applicable)	Y				R	
TBD	b. Divert 25% C&D Waste Excluding All Cardboard, Concrete, Asphalt and Metals					2	
TBD	3. Construction IAQ Management Plan				2		

Project Name		Points Achieved	Community	Energy	IAQ/Health	Resources	Water
Total Points Available in Site = 6		2					
B. FOUNDATION		Possible Points					
1. Replace Portland Cement in Concrete with Recycled Flyash or Slag						1	
TBD	a. Minimum 20% Flyash and/or Slag Content					1	
TBD	b. Minimum 30% Flyash and/or Slag Content					1	
Yes	2. Moisture Source Verification and Correction (Required for Whole House)	Y			R	R	
3. Retrofit Crawl Space to Control Moisture							
Yes	a. Control Ground Moisture with Vapor Barrier	2			2		
Yes	b. Foundation Drainage System	2				2	
TBD	4. Pest Inspection and Correction					1	
5. Design and Build Structural Pest Controls							
TBD	a. Install Termite Shields & Separate All Exterior Wood-to-Concrete Connections by Metal or Plastic Fasteners/Dividers					1	
Yes	b. All New Plants Have Trunk, Base, or Stem Located At Least 36 Inches from Foundation	1				1	
TBD	6. Radon Testing and Correction or Radon Resistant Construction				1		
Total Points Available in Foundation = 10		5					
C. LANDSCAPE		Possible Points					
No	Is the landscape area <15% of the total site area? (only 3 points available in this section for projects with <15% landscape area)						
1. Resource-Efficient Landscapes							
Yes	a. No Invasive Species Listed by Cal-IPC Are Planted	1					1
Yes	b. No Plant Species Require Shearing	1				1	
Yes	c. 50% of Plants Are California Natives or Mediterranean Climate Species	3					3
Yes	2. Fire-Safe Landscaping Techniques	1	1				
3. Minimal Turf Areas							
Yes	a. Turf Not Installed on Slopes Exceeding 10% or in Areas Less than 8 Feet Wide	2					2
Yes	b. Turf is <25% of Landscaped Area	2					2
TBD	c. Turf is <10% of Landscaped Area or eliminated						2
Yes	4. Shade Trees Planted	3	1	1			1
Yes	5. Plants Grouped by Water Needs (Hydrozoning)	2					2
6. High-Efficiency Irrigation Systems Installed							
Yes	a. System Uses Only Low-Flow Drip, Bubblers, or Low-flow Sprinklers	2					2
Yes	b. System Has Smart Controllers	3					3
Yes	7. Compost and Recycle Garden Trimmings on Site	1					1
≥90%	8. Mulch in All Planting Beds to the Greater of 2 Inches or Local Water Ordinance Requirement	2					2
TBD	9. Use Environmentally Preferable Materials for Non-Plant Landscape Elements and Fencing					1	
Yes	10. Light Pollution Reduced by Shielding Fixtures and Directing Light Downward	1	1				
11. Rain Water Harvesting System (1 point for ≤ 350 gallons, 2 points for > 350 gallons)							
Yes	a. Cistern(s) is Less Than 750 Gallons	1					1
TBD	b. Cistern(s) is 750 to 2,500 Gallons						1
TBD	c. Cistern(s) is Greater Than 2,500 Gallons						1
TBD	12. Soil Amended with Compost					1	1
Total Points Available in Landscape = 32		25					

Project Name		Points Achieved	Community	Energy	IAQ/Health	Resources	Water
D. STRUCTURAL FRAME & BUILDING ENVELOPE			Possible Points				
1. Optimal Value Engineering							
TBD	a. Place Rafters & Studs at 24-Inch On Center Framing					1	
TBD	b. Size Door & Window Headers for Load					1	
TBD	c. Use Only Jack & Cripple Studs Required for Load					1	
2. Use Engineered Lumber							
TBD	a. Engineered Beams & Headers					1	
TBD	b. Insulated Headers			1			
TBD	c. Engineered Lumber for Floors					1	
TBD	d. Engineered Lumber for Roof Rafters					1	
TBD	e. Engineered or Finger-Jointed Studs for Vertical Applications					1	
TBD	f. Oriented Strand Board for Subfloor					1	
TBD	g. Oriented Strand Board Wall and Roof Sheathing					1	
3. FSC Certified Wood							
≥90%	a. Dimensional Lumber, Studs, and Timber	4				4	
25%	b. Panel Products	0.5				2	
4. Solid Wall Systems (includes SIPs, ICFs, & Any Non-Stick Frame Assembly)							
No	a. Floors			2		2	
No	b. Walls			2		2	
No	c. Roofs			2		2	
5. Reduce Pollution Entering the Home from the Garage							
TBD	a. Tightly Seal the Air Barrier between Garage and Living Area				1		
Yes	b. Install Garage Exhaust Fan OR Have a Detached Garage	1			1		
TBD	6. Energy Heels on Roof Trusses (75% of Attic Insulation Height at Outside Edge of Exterior Wall)			1			
7. Overhangs and Gutters							
TBD	a. Minimum 16-Inch Overhangs and Gutters					1	
TBD	b. Minimum 24-Inch Overhangs and Gutters			1			
8. Retrofit/ Upgrade Structure for Lateral Load Reinforcement for Wind or Seismic							
Yes	a. Partial Lateral Load Reinforcement Upgrades/ Retrofits	1				1	
Yes	b. Lateral Load Reinforcement Upgrades/ Retrofits for Entire home	2				2	
Yes	9. Sound Exterior Assemblies (Required for Whole House)	Y				R	
Total Points Available in Structural Frame & Building Envelope = 36		8.5					
E. EXTERIOR FINISH			Possible Points				
TBD	1. Recycled-Content (No Virgin Plastic) or FSC-Certified Wood Decking					2	
TBD	2. Rain Screen Wall System Installed					2	
TBD	3. Durable & Noncombustible Cladding Materials					1	
≥90%	4. Durable & Fire-Resistant Roofing Materials or Assembly	2				2	
Total Points Available in Exterior Finish = 7		2					
F. INSULATION			Possible Points				
1. Install Insulation with 30% Post-Consumer Recycled Content							
TBD	a. Walls and Floors					1	
TBD	b. Ceilings					1	
2. Install Insulation that is Low-Emitting (Certified CA Residential Section 01350)							
TBD	a. Walls and Floors			1			
TBD	b. Ceilings			1			
TBD	3. Inspect Quality of Insulation Installation before Applying Drywall			1			
Total Points Available in Insulation = 5							

Project Name

Project Name		Points Achieved	Community	Energy	IAQ/Health	Resources	Water
G. PLUMBING		Possible Points					
1. Distribute Domestic Hot Water Efficiently							
≥50%	a. Insulate All Accessible Hot Water Pipes (prerequisite for 1b. and 1c.)	2		1			1
No	b. Locate Water Heater Within 12' Of All Water Fixtures, as measured in plan			1			1
TBD	c. Install On-Demand Circulation Control Pump			1			1
≥90%	2. High-Efficiency Toilets (Dual-Flush or ≤ 1.28 gpf)	2					2
3. Water Efficient Fixtures							
Yes	a. All Fixtures Meet Federal Energy Policy Act (Toilets: 1.6 gpf, Sinks: 2.2 gpm, Showers: 2.5 gpm) (Required For Whole House)	Y					R
TBD	b. High-Efficiency Showerheads Use ≤ 2.0 gpm at 80 psi						3
TBD	c. Bathroom Faucets Use ≤ 1.5 gpm			1			1
Yes	4. Plumbing Survey (No Plumbing Leaks) (Required for Whole House and Elements)	Y					R
Total Points Available in Plumbing = 13		4					
H. HEATING, VENTILATION & AIR CONDITIONING		Possible Points					
1. General HVAC Equipment Verification and Correction							
Yes	a. Visual Survey of Installation of HVAC Equipment (Required for Whole House and Elements)	Y		R			
TBD	b. Conduct Diagnostic Testing to Evaluate System			2			
TBD	c. Conduct Flow Hood Test and Assess Delivery of Air			1			
TBD	d. Air Conditioning Compressor Operates Properly and Refrigerant Charge is Optimal			1			
TBD	2. Design and Install HVAC System to ACCA Manuals J, D and S			4			
3. Sealed Combustion Units							
TBD	a. Furnaces				2		
TBD	b. Water heaters				2		
TBD	4. Zoned, Hydronic Radiant Heating			1	1		
TBD	5. High Efficiency Air Conditioning Air conditioning with Environmentally Responsible Refrigerants		1				
6. Effective Ductwork Installation							
Yes	a. New Ductwork and HVAC unit Installed Within Conditioned Space	1		1			
TBD	b. Duct Mastic Used on All Ducts, Joints and Seams			1			
TBD	c. Ductwork System is Pressure Relieved			1			
TBD	7. High Efficiency HVAC Filter (MERV 6+)				1		
TBD	8. No Fireplace OR Sealed Gas Fireplaces with Efficiency Rating ≥60% using CSA Standards				1		
9. Effective Exhaust Systems Installed in Bathrooms and Kitchens							
TBD	a. ENERGY STAR Bathroom Fans Vented to the Outside				1		
TBD	b. All Bathroom Fans are on Timer or Humidistat				1		
Yes	c. Kitchen Range Hood Vented to the Outside	1			1		
10. Mechanical Ventilation System for Cooling Installed							
TBD	a. ENERGY STAR Ceiling Fans & Light Kits in Living Areas & Bedrooms			1			
TBD	b. Whole House Fan			1			
11. Mechanical Ventilation for Fresh Air Installed							
TBD	a. Compliance with ASHRAE 62.2 Mechanical Ventilation Standards (as adopted in Title 24 Part 6)				1		
TBD	b. Advanced Ventilation Practices (Continuous Operation, Some Limit, Minimum Efficiency, Minimum Ventilation Rate, Homeowner Instructions)				1		
TBD	c. Outdoor Air Ducted to Bedroom and Living Areas of Home			1	1		
12. Carbon Monoxide							
Yes	a. Carbon Monoxide Testing and Correction (Required for Whole House)	Y			R		
Yes	b. Carbon Monoxide Alarm(s) Installed	1			1		
Yes	13. Combustion Safety Backdraft Test (Required for Whole House and Elements)	Y			R		
Total Points Available in Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning = 30		3					
I. RENEWABLE ENERGY		Possible Points					
1. Offset Energy Consumption with Onsite Renewable Generation (Solar PV, Solar Thermal, Wind)							
Enter % total energy consumption offset, 1 point per 4% offset				25			
Total Points Available in Renewable Energy = 25							

Project Name

Project Name		Points Achieved	Community	Energy	IAQ/Health	Resources	Water
J. BUILDING PERFORMANCE			Possible Points				
Yes	1. Energy Survey and Education (Required for Elements or Meet J3)	Y		R			
	2. Energy Upgrades (Available for Elements Rating Only, Mutually Exclusive with J3. 2 point minimum and 6 point maximum credit required)						
	TIER 1: Practices in Tier 1 Are Worth Full Value (1 point)						
Yes	a) Attic Insulation up to or Exceeding Current Code			1			
Yes	b) Crawl Space Insulation up to or Exceeding Current Code			1			
Yes	c) Wall Insulation up to or Exceeding Current Code			1			
Yes	d) High Efficiency Furnace (90% AFUE Minimum)			1			
TBD	e) Seal Ducts and Duct Leakage is <15%			1			
TBD	f) 14 SEER, 11.5 EER Air Conditioning Unit (in climate zones 2,4,8-15)			1			
TBD	g) House Passes Blower Door Test With ≤0.5 ACH or a 50% Improvement			1			
	TIER 2: Practices in Tier 2 Are Worth Half Value (0.5 points)						
Yes	h) High Efficiency Water Heater ≥.62EF			0.5			
TBD	i) Radiant Barrier in Attic			0.5			
Yes	j) Windows Upgraded to Current Code Requirements, Which are Typically Dual Pane			0.5			
Yes	k) Duct insulation to Code			0.5			
Yes	l) Programmable Thermostat			0.5			
TBD	m) 14 SEER, 11.5 EER Air Conditioning unit (in climate zones 1,3,5,6,7,16)			0.5			
500	3. Meet Energy Budget for Home Based on Year (Based GreenPoint Rated Index, Includes Blower Door Test) (Required for Whole House, Available for Elements)	13		10+			
TBD	4. Design and Build Zero Energy Homes			5			
TBD	5. Comprehensive Utility Bill Analysis			1			
Total Points Available in Building Performance = 16+		13.4					
K. FINISHES			Possible Points				
TBD	1. Entryways Designed to Reduce Tracked In Contaminants				1		
	2. Low/No-VOC Paint						
≥90%	a. Low-VOC Interior Wall/Ceiling Paints (<50 gpl VOCs regardless of sheen)	1			1		
≥90%	b. Zero-VOC: Interior Wall/Ceiling Paints (<5 gpl VOCs (flat))	2			2		
TBD	3. Coatings Meet SCAQMD Rule 1113 for Low VOCs				2		
TBD	4. Low-VOC Caulks & Construction Adhesives (Meet SCAQMD Rule 1168)				2		
TBD	5. Recycled-Content Paint					1	
	6. Environmentally Preferable Materials for Interior Finish: A) FSC Certified Wood B) Reclaimed Materials C) Rapidly Renewable D) Recycled-Content E) Finger-Jointed or F) Local						
TBD	a. Cabinets					1	
TBD	b. Interior Trim					1	
TBD	c. Shelving					1	
TBD	d. Doors					1	
TBD	e. Countertops					1	
Yes	7. For Newly Installed Products, Reduce Formaldehyde in Interior Finish – Meet Current CARB Airborne Toxic Control Measure (ATCM) for Composite Wood Formaldehyde Limits by Mandatory Compliance Dates (Required for Whole Building & Elements) (EPA IAP)	Y			R		
	8. Reduce Formaldehyde in Interior Finish - Exceed Current CARB ATCM for Composite Wood Formaldehyde Limits Prior to Mandatory Compliance Dates						
TBD	a. Doors				1		
TBD	b. Cabinets and Countertops				2		
TBD	c. Interior Trim and Shelving				1		
TBD	9. After Installation of Finishes, Test of Indoor Air Shows Formaldehyde Level <27ppb				3		
Total Points Available in Finishes = 21		3					
L. FLOORING			Possible Points				
TBD	1. Environmentally Preferable Flooring: A) FSC-Certified Wood B) Reclaimed or Refinished C) Rapidly Renewable D) Recycled-Content, E) Exposed Concrete F) Local Flooring Adhesives Must Have <70 gpl VOCs and sealer must meet SCAQMD Rule 1113.					4	
TBD	2. Thermal Mass Floors			1			
TBD	3. Flooring Meets CA Section 01350 or CRI Green Label Plus Requirements				2		
Total Points Available in Flooring = 7							

Project Name		Points Achieved	Community	Energy	IAQ/Health	Resources	Water
M. APPLIANCES AND LIGHTING			Possible Points				
Yes	1. ENERGY STAR Dishwasher (Must Meet Current Specifications) (Mutually Exclusive with J3)			1			1
	2. ENERGY STAR Clothes Washing Machine with Water Factor of 6 or Less						
Yes	a. Meets CEE Tier 2 Requirements (Modified Energy Factor 2.0, Water Factor 6.0)	3		1			2
TBD	b. Meets CEE Tier 3 Requirements (Modified Energy Factor 2.2, Water Factor 4.5)						2
	3. ENERGY STAR Refrigerator Installed						
Yes	a. ENERGY STAR Qualified & < 25 cu.ft.Capacity (Mutually Exclusive with J3)			1			
TBD	b. ENERGY STAR Qualified & < 20 cu.ft Capacity (Mutually Exclusive with J3)			1			
	4. Built-In Recycling & Composting Center						
Yes	a. Built-In Recycling Center	2				2	
Yes	b. Built-In Composting Center	1				1	
Yes	5. Electrical Survey (Required for Whole House)	Y				R	
TBD	6. Verification of Entire Electrical System					2	
≥90%	7. Energy Efficient Lighting	1		1			
TBD	8.Low- Mercury Lamps (Linear and Compact Fluorescent)					1	
≥90%	9. Lighting Controls Installed	1		1			
Total Points Available in Appliances and Lighting = 13+		8					
N. OTHER			Possible Points				
Yes	1. Incorporate GreenPoint Checklist in Blueprints Or Distribute Checklist (Required for Whole House and Elements)	Y		R			
TBD	2. Develop Homeowner Manual of Green Features/Benefits			1			1
	3. Hazardous Waste Testing						
TBD	a. Lead Testing Interior, Exterior and Soil				1		
Yes	b. Asbestos Testing and Remediation	1			1		
TBD	4. Gas Shut Off Valve (motion/ non-motion)				1	1	
Total Points Available in Other = 6		1					
P. INNOVATIONS			Possible Points				
AA. Community: No Innovation Measures At This Time							
A. Site							
TBD	1. Cool Site		1				
B. Foundation: No Innovation Measures At This Time							
C. Landscaping							
TBD	1. Irrigation System Uses Recycled Wastewater						1
D. Structural Frame and Building Envelope							
1. Design, Build and Maintain Structural Pest and Rot Controls							
TBD	a. Locate All Wood (Siding, Trim, Structure) At Least 12 Inches Above Soil					1	
TBD	b. All Wood Framing 3 Feet from the Foundation is Treated with Borates (or Use Factory-Impregnated Materials) OR Walls are Not Made of Wood				1		
TBD	2. Use Moisture Resistant Materials and Practices in Wet Areas of Kitchen, Bathrooms, Utility Rooms, and Basements				1		
3. Use FSC-Certified Engineered Lumber							
TBD	a. Engineered Beams and Headers					1	
TBD	b. Insulated Engineered Headers					1	
TBD	c. Wood I-Joists or Web Trusses for Floors					1	
TBD	d. Wood I-Joists for Roof Rafters					1	
TBD	e. Engineered or Finger-Jointed Studs for Vertical Applications					1	
TBD	f. Roof Trusses					1	
E. Exterior Finish							
TBD	1. Green Roofs (25% or Roof Area Minimum)		2	2			

Project Name		Points Achieved	Community	Energy	IAQ/Health	Resources	Water
F. Insulation: No Innovation Measures At This Time							
G. Plumbing							
TBD	1. Graywater Pre-Plumbing (Includes Clothes Washer at Minimum)						1
TBD	2. Graywater System Operational (Includes Clothes Washer at Minimum)						2
TBD	3. Innovative Wastewater Technology (Constructed Wetland, Sand Filter, Aerobic System)						1
TBD	4. Composting or Waterless Toilet						1
TBD	5. Install Drain Water Heat-Recovery System			1			
H. Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC)							
TBD	1. Humidity Control Systems (Only in California Humid/Marine Climate Zones 1,3,5,6,7)				1		
I. Renewable Energy: No Innovation Measures At This Time							
J. Building Performance							
TBD	1. Test Total Supply Air Flow Rates			1			
TBD	2. Energy Budget Analysis (J3) Completed By CEPE			1			
K. Finishes: No Innovation Measures At This Time.							
L. Flooring: No Innovation Measures At This Time.							
M. Appliances: No Innovation Measures At This Time.							
N. Other							
TBD	1. Homebuilder's Management Staff Are Certified Green Building Professionals		1				
TBD	2. Comprehensive Owner's Manual and Homeowner Education Walkthroughs		1				
3. Additional Innovations: List innovative measures that meet green building objectives. Points will be assessed by Build It Green and the GreenPoint Rater.							
TBD	a. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
TBD	b. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
TBD	c. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
TBD	d. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
TBD	e. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
TBD	f. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
TBD	g. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
TBD	h. Describe Innovation Here and Enter Possible Points in Columns L-P						
Total Points Available in Innovation = 26+							
Summary							
Total Available Points		224+	25	83	46	76	47
Minimum Points Required (Whole House)		50		20	5	6	8
Minimum Points Required (Elements)		25		8	2	2	4
Total Points Achieved		78	7.0	21.4	9.0	14.5	26.0

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EL CAPITAN™

EC

SPAWATT ASSOC.

OPTICS



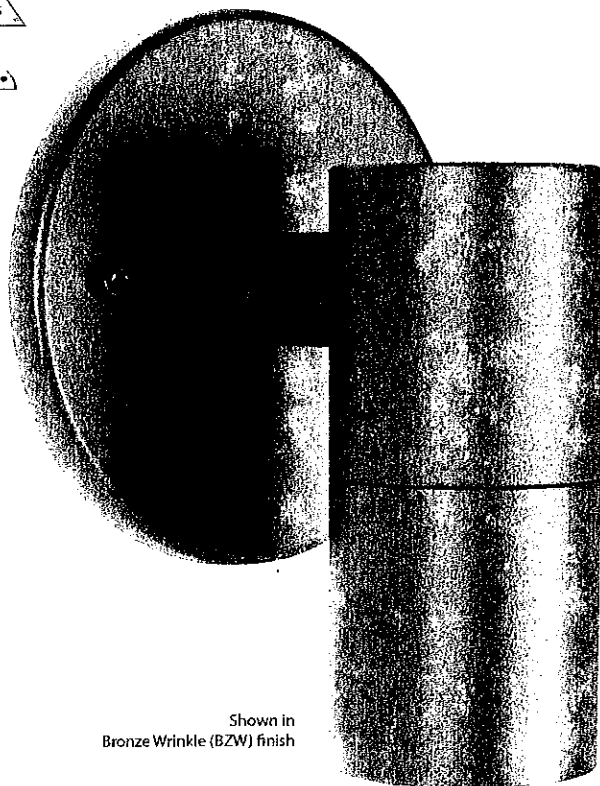
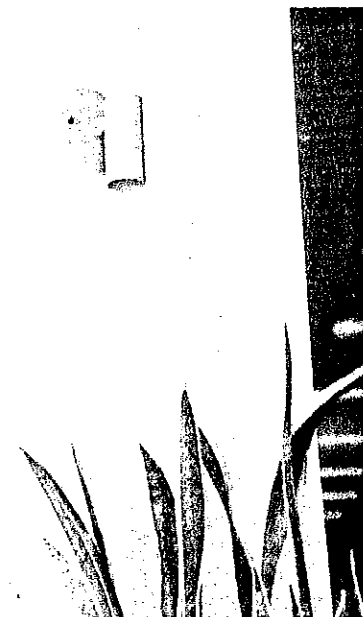
MATERIAL



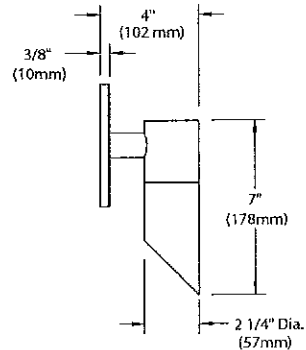
VOLTAGE



El Capitan™ is designed as a clean and effective wall mounted fixture and is configurable as an uplight or downlight. Choose from three cap styles offering different cutoff options. El Capitan™ features a completely sealed optical compartment and is suitable for indoor and outdoor use. Meets A.D.A requirements. Keyword EC



Shown in Bronze Wrinkle (BZW) finish



ARCHITECTURAL SURFACE



[PRODUCTS](#) [IMAGES](#) [ABOUT US](#) [AGENT LOCATOR](#) [YOUR ACCOUNT](#) [ARCH](#)



[PRODUCT LOCATOR](#) [CATEGORY](#) [SOURCE](#) [MATERIAL](#) [STANDARD / CUSTOM](#)

[Documentation](#) [Product Images](#) [Project Images](#) [Rep Tools](#)

El Capitan™ Series Solid State (BKSSL™)

[Features](#) [For Use With](#)

Manufactured within GreenSource Initiative™ guidelines.

Made from recycled materials.

Processed using renewable solar energy generated on-site at our Madera, CA facility.

Returnable at end of life to ensure cradle-to-cradle handling.

Furnished in copper-free aluminum (Type 6061-T6).

Fully machined from solid billet.

Unibody design provides enclosed, water-proof wireway and integral heat sink for maximum component life.

High temperature, silicone 'O' Ring provides water-tight seal.

Fully machined cap.

Flush mounted lens.

Choose from 45° cutoff ('A' or 'D'), 1" deep bezel with 90° cutoff ('B' or 'E'), or flush lens ('C') cap styles.

'A' and 'B' caps include weep-hole for water and debris drainage, while 'D' and 'E' caps exclude weep-hole and are for interior use only.

Shock resistant, tempered, clear glass lens is factory adhered to fixture cap and provides hermetically sealed optical compartment.

Specify soft focus (#12) or rectilinear (#13) lens.

Integrated solid-state system with 'e' technology is scalable for field upgrade.

Modular design with electrical quick disconnects permit field maintenance.

Exceeds ENERGY STAR® lumen maintenance requirements.

LM-80 certified.

Integral driver.

Minimum 50,000 hour rated life at 70% of initial lumens (L70).

LED Color – 2700K, 3000K or 4000K white light or various colors (Blue, Red, Amber and Green).

Adjust-e-Lume™ (pat. pending) allows dynamic lumen response at the individual fixture. Indexed (100% to 25% norm.) lumen output. Maintains output at desired level or may be changed as conditions require.

For use with 12VAC BKSSL™ remote transformer.

5" dia., machined canopy with stainless steel universal mounting ring permits mounting to 4" octagonal junction box (by others).

Teflon® coated wire, 18AWG, 600V, 250° C rated and certified to UL 1659 standard.

Tamper-resistant, stainless steel hardware. Canopy mounting screws are additionally black oxidized.

Lighting Facts listed.

c ETL us Listed – Five (5) Year Limited Warranty

Exclusive StarGuard® corrosion protection.

Choose from Eight (8) standard and 20 premium Class 'A' TGIC Polyester Powder Coat finishes.

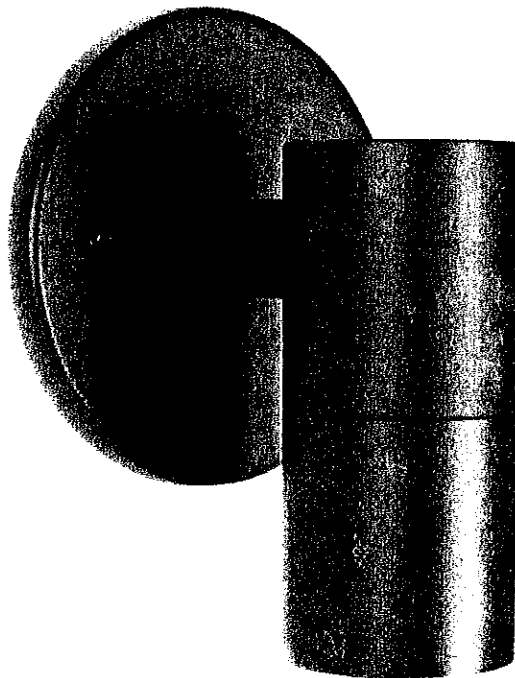
Five (5) Year limited warranty.

RoHS compliant.

ADA compliant.

c ETL us listed.

Made in USA.



El Capitan™



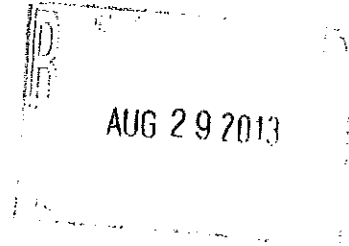
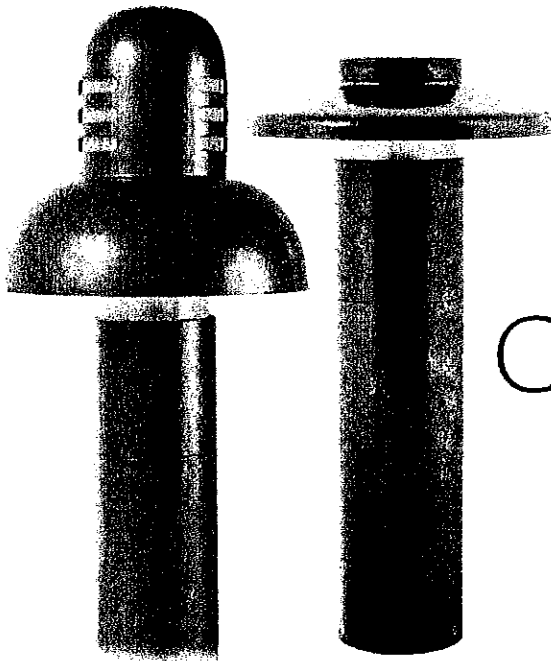
PRODUCT LOCATOR CATEGORY SOURCE MATERIAL STANDARD / CUSTOM

Camino Star™ Solid State (BKSSL™) Documentation Product Images Project Images Rep Tools
 Features For Use With

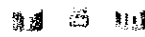
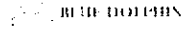
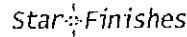
Manufactured within GreenSource Initiative™ guidelines.
 Made from recycled materials.
 Processed using renewable solar energy generated on-site at our Madera, CA facility.
 Returnable at end of life to ensure cradle-to-cradle handling.
 Furnished in copper-free aluminum (Type 6061-T6). Style 'D' is available in brass (Type 360).
 Eight fully machined cap styles provide wide assortment of visual effects.
 Cap styles 'C', 'D', 'E', 'G', 'H', and 'K' each feature a frosted Pyrex® lens. Fully adjustable, stainless steel cutoff shield minimizes aperture brightness.
 Cap styles 'G1' and 'G2' offer frosted acrylic uplight opening for way-finding in addition to pathlight.
 Body fully machined from solid billet.
 Design provides enclosed, water-proof wireway and integral heat sink for maximum component life.

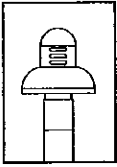
High temperature, silicone 'O' Ring provides water-tight seal.
 3WBKSSL™ solid-state system with 'e' technology is scalable for field upgrades.
 Exceeds ENERGY STAR® lumen maintenance requirements.
 LM-80 certified.
 Integral driver.
 Minimum 50,000 hour rated life at 70% of initial lumens (L70).
 LED Color – 2700K, 3000K or 4000K white light or various colors (Blue, Red, Amber and Green)
 For use with 12VAC remote transformer.
 Available with optional integral, low voltage, magnetic transformer.
 Machined anchor base with 7/8" dia. slip conduit hole and (3) 3/16" dia. anchor bolt holes (hardware by others).

Available in standard increments to facilitate fixture elevation above grade.
 Optional 12" or 18" Power Pipe™ for direct burial into soil or concrete.
 Power Pipe™ additionally features optional 6" diameter, molded stability flange, which simplifies installation and projects into substrate to reinforce housing stability.
 Tamper-resistant, stainless steel hardware.
 Exclusive StarGuard® corrosion protection.
 Choose from eight (8) standard and 20 premium Class 'A' TGIC Polyester Powder Coat finishes.
 Five (5) year limited warranty.
 RoHS compliant.
 c ETL us listed.
 Made in USA.



Camino Star™





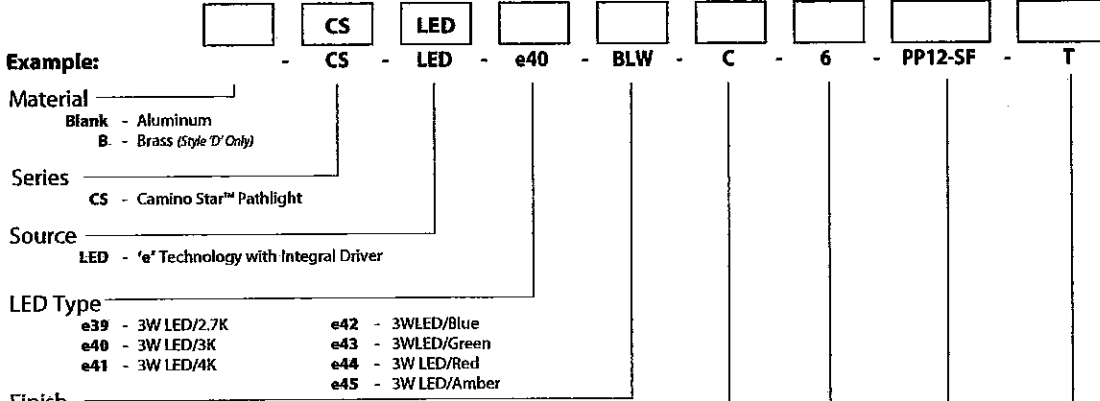
BKSSL
SOLID STATE LIGHTING

the power of

CAMINO STAR™

PROJECT:	
TYPE:	
CATALOG NUMBER:	
SOURCE:	
NOTES:	

CATALOG NUMBER LOGIC



Aluminum & Brass Finishes			Brass Finishes		Premium Finish		
Powder Coat Color	Satin	Wrinkle	Machined	MAC	ABP	CMG	RMG
Bronze	BZP	BZW	Polished	POL	AMG	CRI	SDS
Black	BLP	BLW	Mitique™	MIT	AQW	CRM	SMG
White (Gloss)	WHP	WHW			BCM	HUG	TXF
Aluminum	SAP	—			BGE	MDS	WCP
Verde	—	VER			BPP	NBP	WIR
					CAP	OCP	<i>Also available in RAL Finishes See submittal SUB-1439-00</i>

Style: C, D*, E, G, G1, G2, H, K
**Also available in Brass*

Base (Specify in inches): 6 - 6" with Anchor Base (Standard) 18 - 18" with Anchor Base
12 - 12" with Anchor Base 24 - 24" with Anchor Base

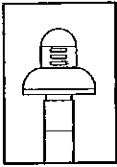
Mounting Options: PP12 - 12" Power Pipe™ Stake Mounting
PP18 - 18" Power Pipe™ Stake Mounting
SF - Stability Flange (for use with Power Pipe™)

Transformer Options: T - Integral TR20 Electronic Transformer (105-300 VAC, 50/60 Hz, Non-Dimming)

LM79 DATA				L70 DATA		*OPTICAL DATA	
BK No.	CCT (Typ.)	Input Watts	CRI (Typ.)	Minimum Rated Life (hrs.) 70% of Initial Lumens (L70)		Beam Type	Angle
e39	2700K White	2.8	90	50,000		Radial	360°h x 270°v
e40	3000K White	2.8	90	50,000		Radial	360°h x 270°v
e41	4000K White	2.8	75	50,000		Radial	360°h x 270°v
e42	Blue (460nm)	2.8	~	50,000		Radial	360°h x 270°v
e43	Green (525nm)	2.8	~	50,000		Radial	360°h x 270°v
e44	Red (625nm)	2.8	~	50,000		Radial	360°h x 270°v
e45	Amber (592nm)	2.8	~	50,000		Radial	360°h x 270°v

B-K LIGHTING	40429 Brickyard Drive • Madera, CA 93636 • USA 559.438.5800 • FAX 559.438.5900 www.bklighting.com • info@bklighting.com	SUBMITTAL DATE	DRAWING NUMBER
		8-21-13	SUB001110

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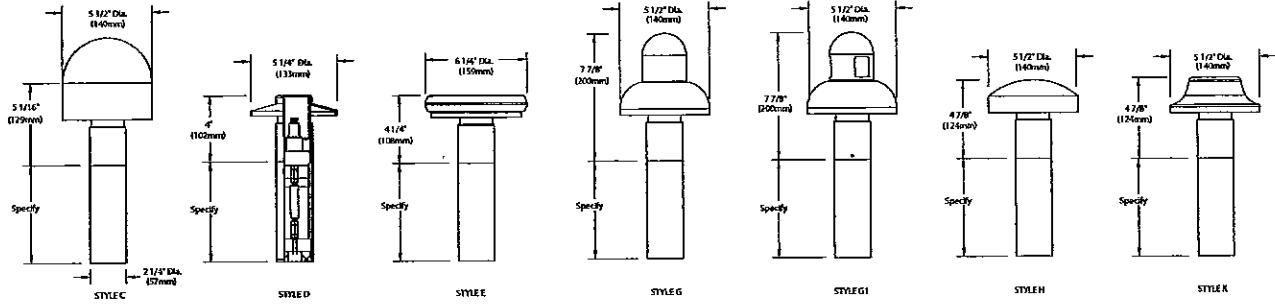
BKSSL
SOLID STATE LIGHTING

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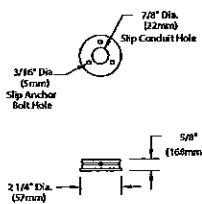
CAMINO STAR™

PROJECT:	
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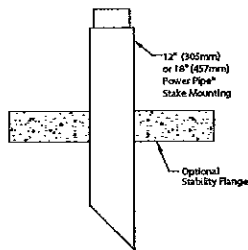
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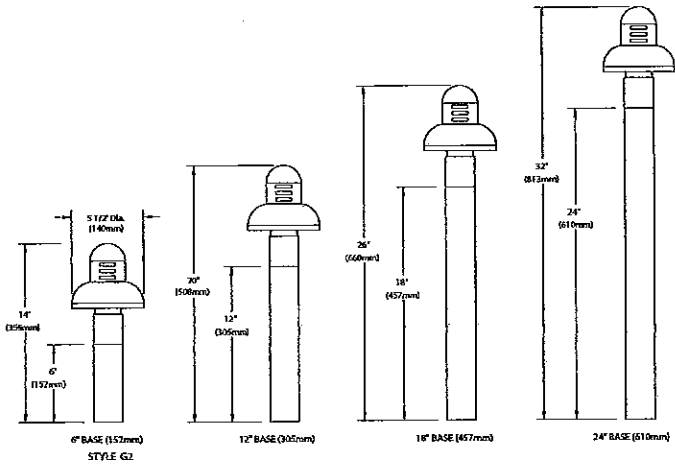
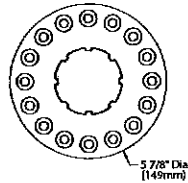
ANCHOR BASE



POWER PIPE™ MOUNTING OPTION



OPTIONAL STABILITY FLANGE



All dimensions indicated on this submittal are nominal. Contact Technical Sales if you require more stringent specifications.

SPECIFICATIONS

GreenSource Initiative™

Metal and packaging components are made from recycled materials. Manufactured using renewable solar energy, produced onsite. Returnable to manufacturer at end of life to ensure cradle-to-cradle handling. Packaging contains no chlorofluorocarbons (CFC's). Use of this product may qualify for GreenSource efficacy and recycling rebate(s). Consult www.bklighting.com/greensource for program requirements.

Materials

Furnished in Copper-Free Aluminum (Type 6061-T6). Style 'D' is additionally available in Brass (Type 360).

Style

Fully machined cap styles provide wide assortment of visual effects. Style 'C', 'D', 'E', 'G', 'H', and 'K' feature feature frosted Pyrex® lens. Fully adjustable, stainless steel cutoff shield minimizes aperture brightness. Style 'G1' and 'G2' additionally offer frosted acrylic upright opening for way-finding in addition to pathlight.

Body

Fully machined from solid billet. Design provides enclosed, water-proof wireway and integral heat sink for maximum component life. High temperature, silicone 'O' Ring provides water-tight seal.

BKSSL™

Integrated solid state system with 'e' technology is scalable for field upgrade. Modular design with electrical quick disconnects permit field maintenance. High power, forward throw source complies with ANSI C78.377 blinning requirements. Exceeds ENERGY STAR® lumen maintenance requirements. LM-80 certified components. Side emitting optical grade lens delivers high efficiency, radial light distribution.

Integral non-dimming driver. Minimum 50,000 hour rated life at 70% of initial lumens (L70). BKSSL technology provides long life, significant energy reduction and exceptional thermal management.

Installation

Machined anchor base with 7/8" dia. slip conduit hole and [3] 3/16" dia. anchor bolt holes (hardware by others). Available in standard increments to facilitate fixture elevation above grade. Optional 12" or 18" Power Pipe™ for direct burial into soil or concrete. Power Pipe™ additionally features optional 6" diameter, molded stability flange, which simplifies installation and projects into substrate to reinforce housing stability.

Transformer

For use with 12VAC remote transformer. Also available with optional integral, TrE20 electronic transformer, 105-300VAC primary voltage. 50/60Hz. Non Dimming. 20VA maximum load.

Wiring

Teflon® coated, 18AWG, 600V, 250° C rated and certified to UL 1659 standard.

Hardware

Tamper-resistant, stainless steel hardware.

Finish

StarGuard®, our exclusive RoHS compliant, 15 stage chromate-free process cleans and conversion coats aluminum components prior to application of Class 'A' TGIC polyester powder coating. Brass components are available in powder coat or handcrafted metal finish.

Warranty

5 year limited warranty.

Certification and Listing

ETL tested to IESNA LM-79. Lighting Facts Registration per USDOE (www.lightingfacts.com). ETL Listed to ANSI/UL Standard 1598 and UL Subject 8750. Certified to CAN/CSA Standard C22.2 No. 250. RoHS compliant. Suitable for indoor or outdoor use. Suitable for use in wet locations. Suitable for installation within 4' of the ground. IP66 Rated. Made in USA.



*Teflon is a registered trademark of DuPont Corporation.
*Energy Star is a registered trademark of the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
*Pyrex is a registered trademark of Corning Incorporated.

OUTDOOR WATER USE EFFICIENCY CHECKLIST

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To Be Completed by Applicant

Page 1 of 2

I certify that the subject project meets the specified requirements of the Water Conservation in Landscaping Ordinance.

Signature: *Jeff Mahaney*

Date: 9/3/13

11 2013
SPANGLE ASSOC.

Project Information

Single Family Multi-Family Commercial Institutional Irrigation only Industrial Other: 415

Applicant Name (print): Ciancutti/Jeff Mahaney Contact Phone #: (Tahoe Service) 750.3337

Project Site Address: 3 Grove Court, Portola Valley

Project Area (sq.ft. or acre): 1.25 Acres # of Units: 2 # of Meters: 2

	Total Landscape Area (sq.ft.):	Agency Review	(Pass)	(Fail)
	<u>8556</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Turf Irrigated Area (sq.ft.): <u>1000</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Non-Turf Irrigated Area (sq.ft.): <u>5890</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Special Landscape Area (SLA) (sq.ft.): <u>1536</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Water Feature Surface Area (sq.ft.): <u>130</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Landscape Parameters

Landscape Parameter	Requirements	Project Compliance	(Pass)	(Fail)
Turf	Less than 25% of the landscape area is turf	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No, See Water Budget	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	All turf areas are > 8 feet wide	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	All turf is planted on slopes < 25%	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Turf	At least 80% of non-turf area is native or low water use plants	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No, See Water Budget	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Hydrozones	Plants are grouped by Hydrozones	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Mulch	At least 2-inches of mulch on exposed soil surfaces	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Irrigation System Efficiency	70% ETo (100% ETo for SLAs)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	No overspray or runoff	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Irrigation System Design	System efficiency > 70%	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Automatic, self-adjusting irrigation controllers	<input type="checkbox"/> No, not required for Tier 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Moisture sensor/rain sensor shutoffs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	No sprayheads in < 8-ft wide area	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Irrigation Time	System only operates between 8 PM and 10 AM	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Metering	Separate irrigation meter	<input type="checkbox"/> No, not required because < 5,000 sq.ft. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Swimming Pools / Spas	Cover highly recommended	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No, not required	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Recirculating	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Water Features	Less than 10% of landscape area	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Documentation	Checklist	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>
Landscape and Irrigation Design Plan		<input type="checkbox"/> Prepared by applicant <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prepared by certified professional	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Water Budget (optional)	<input type="checkbox"/> Prepared by applicant <input type="checkbox"/> Prepared by certified professional	<input type="checkbox"/>
Audit	Post-installation audit completed		<input type="checkbox"/> Completed by applicant <input type="checkbox"/> Completed by certified professional	<input type="checkbox"/>

Carol Borck <cborck@portolavalley.net>

September 25, 2013 4:01 PM

to: "Tom Vlastic (vlastic@spangleassociates.com)" <vlastic@spangleassociates.com>, Karen Kristiansson <KKristiansson@portolavalley.net>, "cciancutti@gmail.com" <cciancutti@gmail.com>, "meganks@gmail.com" <meganks@gmail.com>, "jeffrey.mahaney@yahoo.com" <jeffrey.mahaney@yahoo.com>
FW: Comments on Site Development Permit X9H-662; 3 Grove Court

Please find comments from the Town Historian below on the proposed project.

Carol

From: Tor/Nancy Lund [mailto:thelunds@ix.netcom.com]

Sent: Wednesday, September 25, 2013 2:54 PM

To: Carol Borck

Subject: Comments on Site Development Permit X9H-662; 3 Grove Court

Hello Carol:

I have reviewed the plans and met at the house site twice with Crystal Ciancutti. I appreciate the respect the Ciancuttis have shown for our historic building. I understand that they will reuse as much of the existing fabric of the building as is possible.

The changes they propose to the residence do not, in my view, harm its historic integrity.

I suggest that the remodeling process might be a good time for the placement of an historic marker, perhaps in the right-of-way and perhaps in conjunction with the residents of 4 Grove Court. These buildings were the headquarters of one of our early estates, Catoctin, and part time residence of William Fitzhugh, a man of accomplishment, well known in his time.

Nancy Lund

Town Historian

October 3, 2013

Town of Portola Valley - Architecture & Site Control Commission
765 Portola Road
Portola Valley, CA 94028

Re: Variance Application for Renovation and Addition to 3 Grove Court

Below is a copy of the letter John & Crystal Ciancutti sent to previous owners of 3 Grove Ct when they first made an offer on the house. We have included this for your reference with regard to the Variance Application, in case it may be relevant background.

Kind Regards,

Megan Kelly-Sweeney

In 1977, my father bought an old Victorian farmhouse just outside of the town of Mendocino, California. He always loved the country, and the house reminded him of a family place in rural Pennsylvania near where he grew up.

The house was built in 1863. It was a farm and cattle ranch supporting the local community of lumberjacks harvesting redwood to build (and rebuild, and rebuild) San Francisco. The man who had it built was named Homer. A few years into his venture, Homer expanded his operation into beer making. His beer was so popular that to this day the gulch just south of Mendocino is called Brewery Gulch.

When my father bought Homer's place, the truth is it was pretty run down. He called the house "the Old Dame," because she had great character, but was also a bit finicky. The state of the house was such that the kitchen was unusable. For the first six months we lived there (including our first winter) we cooked every meal on a little Hibachi grill out on the deck.

I was five years old, and I was in heaven.

Every year since that first winter, my father has had work done on the house, by his own hand or by others. In the 1990s, he met some workers who were in town to retrofit the bridge into town to make it earthquake safe. They told him that their project had been delayed, because they kept finding these hundred year old redwood logs lodged in the mud at the base of Big River. My dad offered to buy the logs on the spot.

My father has been a woodworker his whole life, and he knew that redwood doesn't waterlog like most wood. Sure enough, once he had hauled the logs off the beach and to his property, and milled one using a portable mill he rented, he found that the gorgeous first

growth redwood was as beautiful as the day it was felled more than a century earlier.

My father did some research into the local laws, and found that submerged redwood logs were fair for salvage. The logs were being cut down up-river, and thrown in the water to get to sea where they'd be taken down to San Francisco. The logs were collected at temporary dams set up on the river; redwood is a heavy wood, and some logs would sink at these dams and get caught in the mud.

My father designed and built a custom watercraft. He welded an a-frame of metal beams onto two large corrugated pipes filled with buoyant foam and then sealed. On the a-frame he set up two winches. He stuck a motor on the back, and along with a friend would motor up Big River and go poling for first growth redwood. I thought he was crazy. But it was the only way to get first growth redwood, and the trees were helping nobody nor the environment sitting at the bottom of the river. Once the craft had proven river-worthy on a few trips, I would sometimes join him. It was fun, strange, curious work.

He used the redwood to finish restoring the Old Dame. He was able to match the original boards where water or bugs had gotten to them over the decades. He hand-built new window frames for every window in the house. He has enough redwood that to this day he sells it to guitar makers and cabinet makers from all over the world (<http://www.redwoodsavagesales.com/>).

When I walked into your house this week, I remembered that first time I saw our home in Mendocino. The red brick chimney peeking over the trees, the big 12x1 redwood panels in all the first floor rooms. If houses could have siblings, then these two are at least cousins.

Do we eventually come to resemble our parents? I don't know. But I can say that the idea of working on your beautiful house, restoring it, making it truly grand, is an exciting prospect for us. Something wonderful can be returned to the world. I even have great access to the first growth redwood to complement the existing paneling. I hope this vision excites you like it excites us. You can drive for hours and not pass a special house. We don't want to pass this one up.

-John & Crystal

Tom Vlastic
Town of Portola Valley Building & Planning Department
765 Portola Road
Portola Valley, CA. 94028

October 3, 2013

Dear Tom and Staff,

In preparing historic documentation for the proposed renovation and addition at 3 Grove Ct, we received some input and guidance with regard to the CEQA process that I thought might be helpful to share with you, both so you can understand our thinking and in case it aids your staff's process. We have made an effort to demonstrate how the renovation at 3 Grove Ct. is consistent with the historical preservation and rehabilitation standards from the Town of Portola Valley General Plan and the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation of Historic Properties. Since we have placed a strong emphasis on preserving the historical character of the building, we have been advised to suggest that the Town might consider applying a categorical exemption from CEQA, if appropriate, rather than going through the Mitigated Negative Declaration process. If staff and commissions conclude that the project complies with the Secretary of Interior's Standards or that the project otherwise has no significant impacts generally, one of a two of categorical CEQA exemptions could apply. One possibility is a categorical exemption for historic rehabilitation, the other is categorical exemption for renovations and additions of existing structures. Applying an exemption may be a simpler and faster process than complying with the various procedures that come with a Mitigated Negative Declaration.

As you know, our intention has been to design the project to avoid substantial impacts to the historical character of the building. As a result, we feel that the proposed project complies with the Secretary of Interior's Standards as well as the Town's standards. Having discussed these issues with a consultant, my understanding is that projects that conform to the Secretary of Interior's Standards are generally categorically exempt from CEQA (under Class 31 exemptions) and also would only have less than significant effects under the CEQA Guidelines. So, if staff concludes that the rehabilitation project does meet the Secretary of Interior Standards, the categorical exemption for historic rehabilitations may apply.

As a second approach, the project's consistency with the Town's standards suggests that the project would not have significant effects on the historical resources under the Town's policies. My understanding is that the Town has discretion to determine whether a project has a significant effect, provided there is substantial evidence. So if the Town views this project's historical impacts as being less than significant, the project could fit under the categorical exemption that covers renovations and additions of existing structures or facilities (Class 1). If the renovations don't constitute a significant

impact or a substantial adverse change, the exceptions for such projects would not remove the exemption.

If staff's review finds that the proposed project may have significant historical impacts, then evaluating mitigations in the context of an initial study and Mitigated Negative Declaration would be the next step, but if not, applying an exemption may be an appropriate way to proceed.

Please do not hesitate to contact me with any further questions or if you would like to discuss any details further.

Kind Regards,

Megan Kelly-Sweeney

3 Grove Court, Portola Valley

October 4, 2013

Historic Resource Documentation - Draft

Historic Background

The house at 3 Grove Court, formerly part of the Catoctin Estate along with 4 Grove Court, is recognized by the Town as an historic resource in the Historic Element of the General Plan. The Historic Resources Inventory describes the building as follows, “#3 had a billiard/sitting room, two bedrooms and a screened porch on the street floor. The upstairs had two bedrooms, a bath and a sewing room. Servants’ quarters, a wine cellar, washroom, and storage rooms remain under the rear of the house. A wing of two bedrooms and a bath, which no longer stands, connected the two buildings.”

Current Condition & Proposed Use

The current condition of the house requires significant repairs, replacement of some features, and the removal of a previous non-historic addition currently in disrepair. The proposed use will remain residential, though the addition of a kitchen as well as other typical modern features will be necessary as the current kitchen is part of the non-historic addition proposed to be removed. Given the current condition of the house and the need for an addition, rehabilitation is most appropriate and we have thus made every effort to follow the Rehabilitation Standards outlined in *The Secretary of the Interior’s Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties*. For reference, *The Secretary of the Interior’s Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties*, notes that “Rehabilitation is defined as the act or process of making possible a compatible use for a property through repair, alterations, and additions while preserving those portions or features which convey its historical, cultural, or architectural values.”

Historic Features and Materials of 3 Grove Ct

In the following, we “identify the form and detailing of those architectural materials and features that are important in defining the building’s historic character,” as per *The Secretary of the Interior’s Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties*. Please see attached historic photos for reference.

Roof

The simple gabled roof, including its angle and extended purlin detail, is repeated in both the main volume of the house, as well as the roof over the stairway, and is visible on the south and north facades. The lower roof on the south façade over the area of the proposed kitchen has a gable at a similar angle, but with a hip that appears out of character with the rest of the building, and is not believed to be historical. While historical photos of this side of the house have not been found despite numerous efforts, former residents have indicated that changes to the façade of this room did occur. On the east façade, the shallower angled gables of the large dormers extend perpendicular to the primary roof gable, so only one roof angle is seen on each façade. This gabled roof structure with extended purlins is a character-

defining design element that we propose to preserve where it exists and respect in the proportions of the proposed addition. The original chimneys are no longer present having been replaced by metal chimneys that are not in keeping with the historic character of the house. The roof material has long since been replaced with modern standard composite shingle roofing, and the original material appears that it may have been some type of shingle, but is not clear from the available photographs.

Windows

The windows are characterized by their small panes, wood frames, and flat wood trim with a very simple profile above a thicker wood sill and as seen both in the existing building and historic photos, which contribute to the historic character of the building.

Entrances & Porches

The existing entry porch with deck above remains as seen in historical photos, with the addition of a non-historic balcony extending along the west façade. Historical documents indicate that a rear porch or deck was originally present along the east façade in the area later enclosed to create a kitchen. The entry porch and rear deck both contribute to defining the historic character of the building.

Exterior Materials

The wood board and batten siding contributes to the historic character of the building and in some places the original siding is still present, (as evidenced by the vestige of the connection with the original sleeping porch visible on the north side of the house).

Interiors

While the interiors necessarily must change to accommodate the needs of a contemporary family as well as code and green building requirements, the owners are committed to preserving and rehabilitating the historic interior redwood paneling both in place, and for reuse in the house or elsewhere.

Summary of Proposed Exterior Changes

- New Windows:
 - Living Room Doors opening onto Patio
(Note: Brick is known to not be original, per interview with former residents)
 - Living room windows to be replaced with casement windows with panes more similar to original proportion in existing opening.
 - Stairwell window expanded in keeping with historic character.
 - East & North facade windows adjusted to accommodate reasonable allocation of interior space for bedrooms, bathrooms, kitchen etc.
- Enclosure of Entry Porch
- Expansion of Family Room & 3rd story addition
- Expansion of bay on north facade
- New deck off master bedroom (recreating previously removed historic deck)

- New/replacement deck off Dining & Family Room (similar to historic deck/screened porch, at the location of historic deck)
- New/replacement decks at lower level (similar to historic covered deck, at the location of historic deck)
- New trellis' to the north off living room and to south at outdoor kitchen.
- Railing on deck above entry porch to be modernized for safety in keeping with historic character.
- Removal of existing roof overhang and trellis on north side of building off living room.
- Removal of unsightly, structurally unsound, non-historic rear addition.
- Removal of inappropriate non-historic chimneys.
- Removal of non-historic portion of deck on west facade.

Other aspects of renovation

- Residence will be brought into compliance with green building & energy efficiency standards.
- Residence will be brought into compliance with seismic safety standards.
- Electrical, Plumbing & Mechanical systems will be modernized.
- Historic interior redwood paneling and other details to be preserved for reuse in the house or elsewhere.

Compliance with Town Standards

Below is a table addressing the project's compliance with the standards for an Historic Resource to be preserved as outlined in the Historic Element of the Portola Valley General Plan.

2511 Historic Resource to be Preserved	Response
<p><i>1. A historic resource noted for preservation shall have its exterior appearance retained to the maximum extent possible. This does not preclude:</i></p> <p><i>a. Exterior alterations necessary to ensure safety which conform to the historic character of the resource.</i></p> <p><i>b. Additions which conform to the historic character of the resource.</i></p> <p><i>c. Additions or changes required to conform with the Americans with Disabilities Act.</i></p>	<p>Exterior board and batten siding, character defining historic roof structures, and historic character of doors and windows to be rehabilitated and preserved. Proposed addition is in keeping with the historic character of the resource through the use of a similar roof gable, similarly proportioned divided light windows, and board and batten siding. Removal of unsound, non-historic addition and construction of new decks in the location of historic decks will be in keeping with the historic character.</p>
<p><i>2. Any additions or alterations pursuant to Section 2511.1. shall be accomplished in such a manner that they can be removed at a future time to reveal the historic resource as it appeared prior to such additions or alterations.</i></p>	<p>The proposed addition at the entry will consist of inset walls built between the existing porch floor and the deck above such that it can be removed at a future time. Proposed decks are believed to be in keeping with the historic original, but could also be removed at a future time. A significant number of other alterations including</p>

	replacement of doors and windows, removal of the existing rear kitchen addition, removal of roof overhang over the existing patio and lower level side entry will enhance the historic character of the building by eliminating previous additions and alterations not in keeping with the historic character of the building. The proposed family room/kitchen expansion and 3 rd story addition also affect only an area believed to have little remaining historic character.
3. A historic resource which at some time has been partially or entirely destroyed may be reconstructed to its original design.	See response to item 2 above.
4. A historic resource noted as to be preserved shall not be removed unless one of the following conditions has been determined to exist; however, if one of the conditions is determined to exist, time shall be provided to allow the town to consider alternate ways in which to retain the resource. a. The resource is a potential safety hazard and alterations to provide safety and retain its historic character are unreasonable. b. The resource has been so altered or modified that its historic significance no longer exists. c. Retention of the historic resource is an unreasonable burden on a property owner.	The Ciancuttis are committed to finding a reasonable means to preserve 3 Grove Court and provide a functional home for their family, thus they appreciate the Town's recognition of the added burden of renovating a historic property.
5. It is intended that resources noted as to be preserved should at an appropriate time have a plaque installed in a location visible by the public unless otherwise indicated in the description section of this element.	Owners would be fine with the installation of a plaque at an appropriate location.

Compliance with Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings as described in *The Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties*

Below is a table addressing the project's compliance with the Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings as described in *The Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties*. Compliance with these guidelines is one component of a potential CEQA Exemption or Mitigated Negative Declaration.

Standards for Rehabilitation	Response
1. A property will be used as it was historically or be given a new use that requires minimal change to its distinctive materials, features, spaces, and	Property will be used as it was historically, as a residence.

<i>spatial relationships.</i>	
<i>2. The historic character of a property will be retained and preserved. The removal of distinctive materials or alteration of features, spaces, and spatial relationships that characterize a property will be avoided.</i>	The materials and features that characterize the property and contribute to the building's historical significance will be retained and preserved.
<i>3. Each property will be recognized as a physical record of its time, place, and use. Changes that create a false sense of historical development, such as adding conjectural features or elements from other historic properties, will not be undertaken.</i>	No changes to create false sense of historical development. New additions will be in harmony with historical structure but clearly distinguishable.
<i>4. Changes to a property that have acquired historic significance in their own right will be retained and preserved.</i>	Previous changes have not been recognized as having historical significance in their own right.
<i>5. Distinctive materials, features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a property will be preserved.</i>	Yes, distinctive features such as window trims, roof purlins, and board and batten siding among other architectural features and materials that characterize the property will be preserved.
<i>6. Deteriorated historic features will be repaired rather than replaced. Where the severity of deterioration requires replacement of a distinctive feature, the new feature will match the old in design, color, texture, and, where possible, materials. Replacement of missing features will be substantiated by documentary and physical evidence.</i>	Historic features, such as window trim, will be repaired rather than replaced when possible. When documentation and physical evidence is available, it will be provided to substantiate replacement of missing features. Where documentation is not available, new features are designed to be compatible with the historic structure, and may be removed at a future date, for example new/replacement decks off east façade.
<i>7. Chemical or physical treatments, if appropriate, will be undertaken using the gentlest means possible. Treatments that cause damage to historic materials will not be used.</i>	Yes.
<i>8. Archeological resources will be protected and preserved in place. If such resources must be disturbed, mitigation measures will be undertaken.</i>	Yes, though no archeological resources are anticipated.
<i>9. New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction will not destroy historic materials, features, and spatial relationships that characterize the property. The new work shall be differentiated from the old and will be compatible with the historic materials, features, size, scale and proportion, and massing to protect the integrity of the property and its environment.</i>	New additions are designed to be compatible with the existing historic structure, but are identified by horizontal paneling at the lower level to distinguish the added volumes from the original structure, except for the entry enclosure which will be visually distinct though the extensive use of glass.
<i>10. New additions and adjacent or related new</i>	New additions to the historic building, including

<p><i>construction will be undertaken in a such a manner that, if removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment would be unimpaired.</i></p>	<p>the entry porch enclosure, the extended bay off the master bedroom, and the mudroom could all be removed in the future without impacting the form and integrity of the historic property. The proposed addition to the 3rd story and expansion of the family room/kitchen below makes changes to a wing of the house that has already been significantly compromised such that this wing does not contribute to the historic character and significance of the building, thus “the essential form and integrity of the historic property” would remain unimpaired.</p>
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<p>Recommendations for New Additions to Historic Buildings for Rehabilitation Projects</p>	<p>Response</p>
<p><i>Placing functions and services required for the new use in non-character-defining interior spaces rather than constructing a new addition.</i></p>	<p>Unfortunately, renovating interior spaces for the new programmatic needs is not possible without impacting the proportion of the existing historic interior rooms on the entry level.</p>
<p><i>Constructing a new addition so that there is the least possible loss of historic materials and so that character-defining features are not obscured, damaged, or destroyed.</i></p>	<p>New addition is replacing a non-character-defining façade, and appropriately scaled relative to the historic building</p>
<p><i>Designing a new addition in a manner that makes clear what is historic and what is new.</i></p>	<p>New addition is differentiated from the historic building by the orientation of the lower level siding.</p>
<p><i>Considering the design for an attached exterior addition in terms of its relationship to the historic building as well as the historic district or neighborhood. Design for the new work may be contemporary or may reference design motifs from the historic building. In either case, it should always be clearly differentiated from the historic building and be compatible in terms of mass, materials, relationship of solids to voids, and color.</i></p>	<p>New addition is of appropriate mass and proportion for the historic building and the neighborhood. New addition is differentiated from the historic building by the orientation of the lower level siding, but also remains compatible with the historic character through the use of wood siding, a gable roof at the same angle, similar fenestration pattern, and appropriate massing.</p>
<p><i>Placing a new addition on a non-character-defining elevation and limiting the size and scale in relationship to the historic building.</i></p>	<p>New addition is replacing a non-character-defining façade, and appropriately scaled relative to the historic building.</p>
<p><i>Designing a rooftop addition when required for the new use, that is set back from the wall plane and as inconspicuous as possible when viewed from the street.</i></p>	<p>No rooftop addition.</p>

Additional Information from Past Residents of 3 Grove Ct

Crystal and John Ciancutti, met with the Simpson brothers (Jim, Peter and Chris) and Joanne Klebe on 9/8/13 to hear stories about growing up at 3 Grove Court. The Simpsons moved in to 3 Grove Ct in the early 1950's. The following are relevant details about the house from their conversation. The Simpson brothers relayed that originally the roof deck on the front of the house was only over the front porch, but another deck had been added off the back corner of the master bedroom (above the living room). Their parents combined the two decks into the current one larger deck.

The Simpsons also expanded the kitchen (to include the area where you can see the original exterior siding), and added the external stairs to get to the lower level. When the Simpsons moved in, the wine cellar was part of 2 Grove Court, based on how the estate had been subdivided. Apparently at the time of the subdivision there was still wine (turned to vinegar) and shelving in the cellar. The previous owners of 2 Grove Court made an outrigger out of the wine racks. When that family sold 2 Grove Court, the Simpsons bought the triangle of land that included the cellar.

Underneath the brick patio (which was installed by the Simpsons), there was once a fish pond. The brick seating was there when they moved in, but they don't believe it was original to the house. The dried up ponds were built by Jim Simpson and had a pump system at one point.

The original house had redwood rain gutters. Apparently under the house there is a section that we can look for.

Crystal also met with the Arnold sisters of the Frank Arnold family that purchased the houses at both 3 and 4 Grove Ct after it was subdivided. The Arnold sisters indicated that the large window on the south façade with large square panes was not original. One of the Arnold sisters who is now an architectural historian also noted that this room adjacent to the kitchen, (the proposed family room/kitchen), did not appear to be original. They also noted that there had previously been a deck off the proposed master bedroom, similar to what is proposed.

Additional Historical Information about 3 Grove Court

Nearly all of this history compiled by Crystal Ciancutti is from the report that Dorothy Regnery, (the previous Portola Valley Town Historian), and available in the Town archives. Crystal visited the archives on May 9, 2013.

William M Fitzhugh was a civil engineer and geologist who was involved in a major oil discovery in 1910 in Wyoming and became a prominent San Francisco businessman (the Fitzhugh building was demolished and replaced by Saks Fifth Avenue in 1979). He purchased 81 acres in Portola Valley through a variety of real estate transactions in 1913. The Portola Valley estate was called Catoctin (Fitzhugh was born near Catoctin Furnace, Maryland on a property that later became Camp David), and was a summer destination for his family and friends. The property was never developed as a society "show place". It was to reflect rustic

country living without many flourishes or pretense.

Fitzhugh died in 1929, but his wife Mary lived until 1955. She was never fond of the Portola Valley property, so stopped coming regularly. They had two children - the son, William M. Fitzhugh, Jr., went to Stanford (circa 1929/1930) and hosted "wild parties" at the Portola Valley house.

There were various stories about the stone used along the road/planters/walls which was brought from Mt. Lassen and from ballast removed from ships that had sailed into San Francisco. The main road to the property was roughly the current Stonegate Road. The current Grove Court is the upper end of the main road, lined on one side by the stone planters.

There was a pear orchard planted in the early 1920s. When "Fitzhugh acquired the property, there were only a few scattered oaks on the lower undulating hills. The mid-front south slopes were open and were planted in hay[...]"

The original house was built in 1916 (4 Grove Court) with one bedroom (for William Fitzhugh), a kitchen, and a dining room/living room. (After the estate was subdivided it (and 3 Grove Court) was purchased by the Frank Arnolds, who modified it.) The children, Mrs. Fitzhugh and guests slept in tents on raised wooden flooring among the oak trees. The next summer a "ranch house" and a "sleeping unit" were built southeast of the first house. "Again Frank Fox and his craftsmen were commissioned to build them in addition to a garage. (Misc 31, page 181). All three houses were on the summit of the highest elevation of the property. Although the front was a gradual slope, in contrast at the back was a sharp descent to the "flats." (In the summer of 1917, all electrical and telephone cables were placed underground - this may be linked to the PG&E vault in the middle of the property.) Note: In doing some careful deconstruction to understand how 3 Grove Court was built, we found shipping labels on the back of a piece of trim, which suggests Gus Waller in Redwood City was actually the builder.

Built at the same time but no longer existing between the two houses there was a "sleeping unit", consisting of two rooms with a bath in between for their son and daughter, with an enclosed "sleeping porch" across the back (east). Across the front was an open porch which almost joined the porch of the first house." You can see where this sleeping unit connected to 3 Grove Court with a diagonal roof line that's marked on the siding of 3 Grove Court.

The architecture of 3 Grove Court is credited to Charles Hodges, who was Stanford University's resident architect. "At the opposite end of the porch there were a few steps down for access to [...] 3 Grove Court. One entered the house on the north side (nearest the sleeping unit). On the first floor there was a billiard room, a "sitting room" and two bedrooms with a screened porch across the end. The upper floor was Mrs. Fitzhugh's domain. The second house was modified by the Arnolds and the subsequent owners Allen and Simpson, but without major changes. For example, a kitchen was an essential addition. [...] There was beautiful interior redwood paneling. All of the light fixtures were handmade

of hammered copper. At the time of the sale to Cornish & Carey, Fitzhugh, Jr., removed all the fixtures.[...] unfortunately they were never reused and eventually were discarded.”

The Fitzhughs compared [the architecture of the two houses] to Swiss chalets. Fitzhugh, Jr. recalled that his father had in his possession a large quantity of whiskey in January 1920 before Prohibition. But foreman Nahmens’ version was that Fitzhugh purposefully bought approximately \$60,000 of quality liquor. The liquor was stored [...] in the steep slope near the house and locked behind an iron door. One night much of the liquor cache was removed. Thousands of dollars worth of whiskey was stolen but none of the wines were touched.

The Fitzhugh family sold Catoctin to Cornish & Carey realtors in 1948, which subdivided it into 41 building sites, mostly 1-2.5 acres. Cornish & Carey spent \$200,000 to acquire the land and improve it for subdividing.

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SPRINGFIELD ASSOCIATION



Image 1. Historic Photo from Town Historian of West Façade of 3 Grove Ct, including original porch with deck above, sloped roofs over bays in living room with windows above on upper story, divided light windows with simple wood window trim, shingled roof.

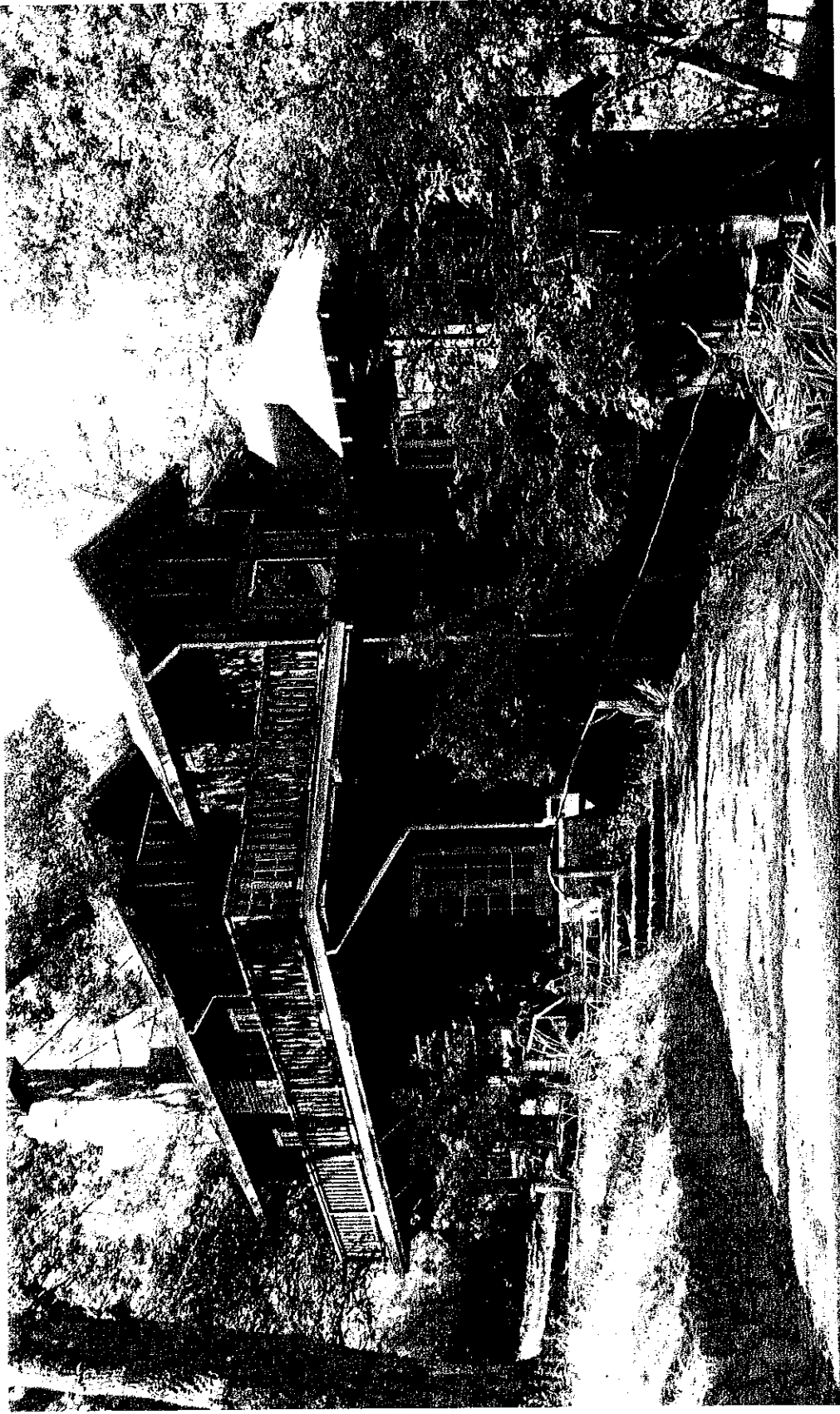


Image 2. View of the south and west facades, note the two gable roofs and non-historic hip roof, as well as the non-historic balcony extending from the deck over the porch.



Image 3. View of the west façade including non-historic extension of deck/balcony over porch, non-historic square window panes in the living room, non-historic metal chimney.



Image 4. Detail of north façade showing former connection point with sleeping porch originally connecting 3 Grove Ct to 4 Grove Ct. as well as historic window trim and extended purlins.

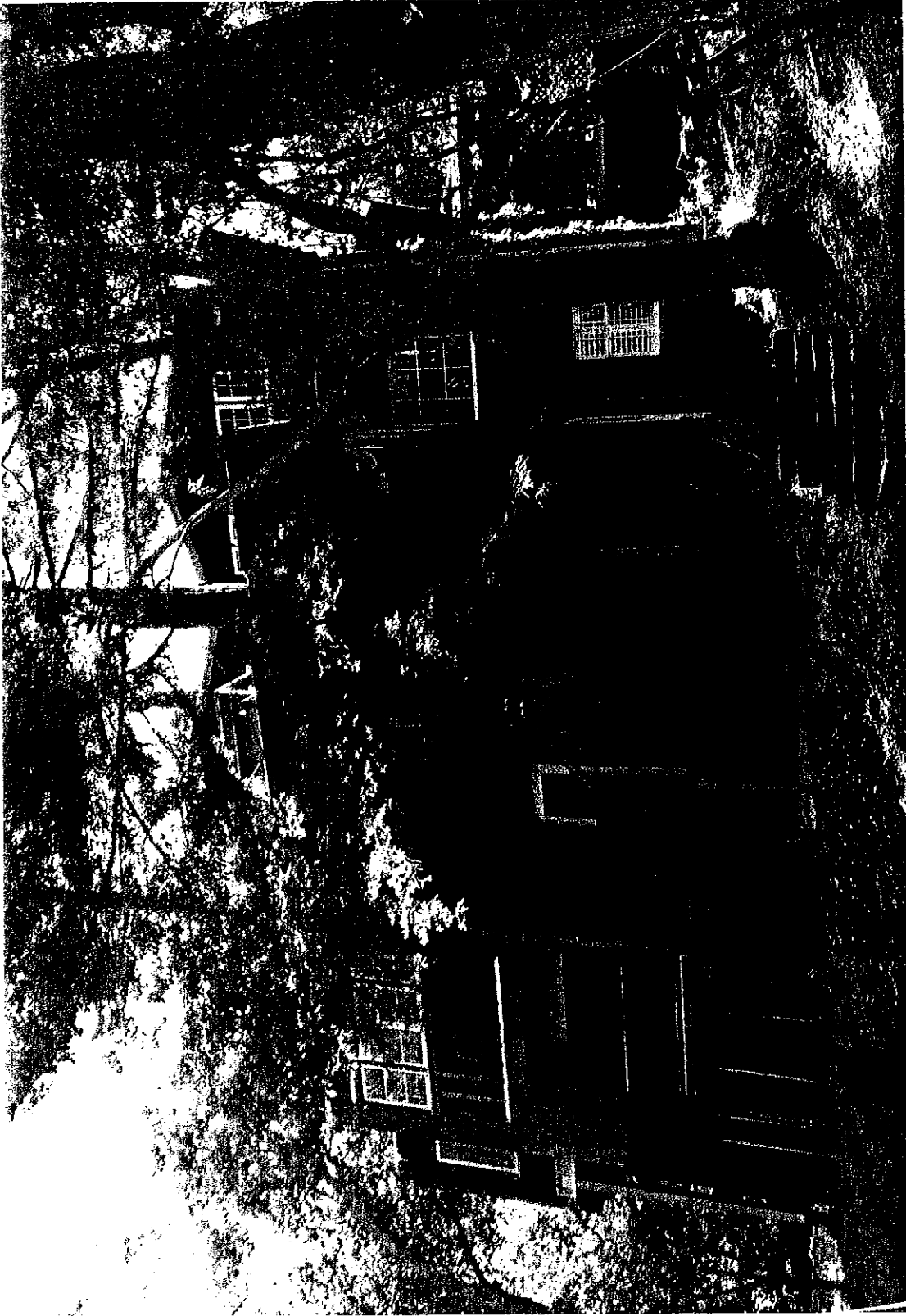


Image 5. View of east façade including previous non-historic kitchen addition to be removed.



Image 6. South façade showing non-historic lower level porch with evidence of previous stairs and possible previous roof line, as well as non-historic square pane window and bay pushed out to roof eave.



Image 7. East façade of area of proposed family room expansion, and south façade of non-historic addition.

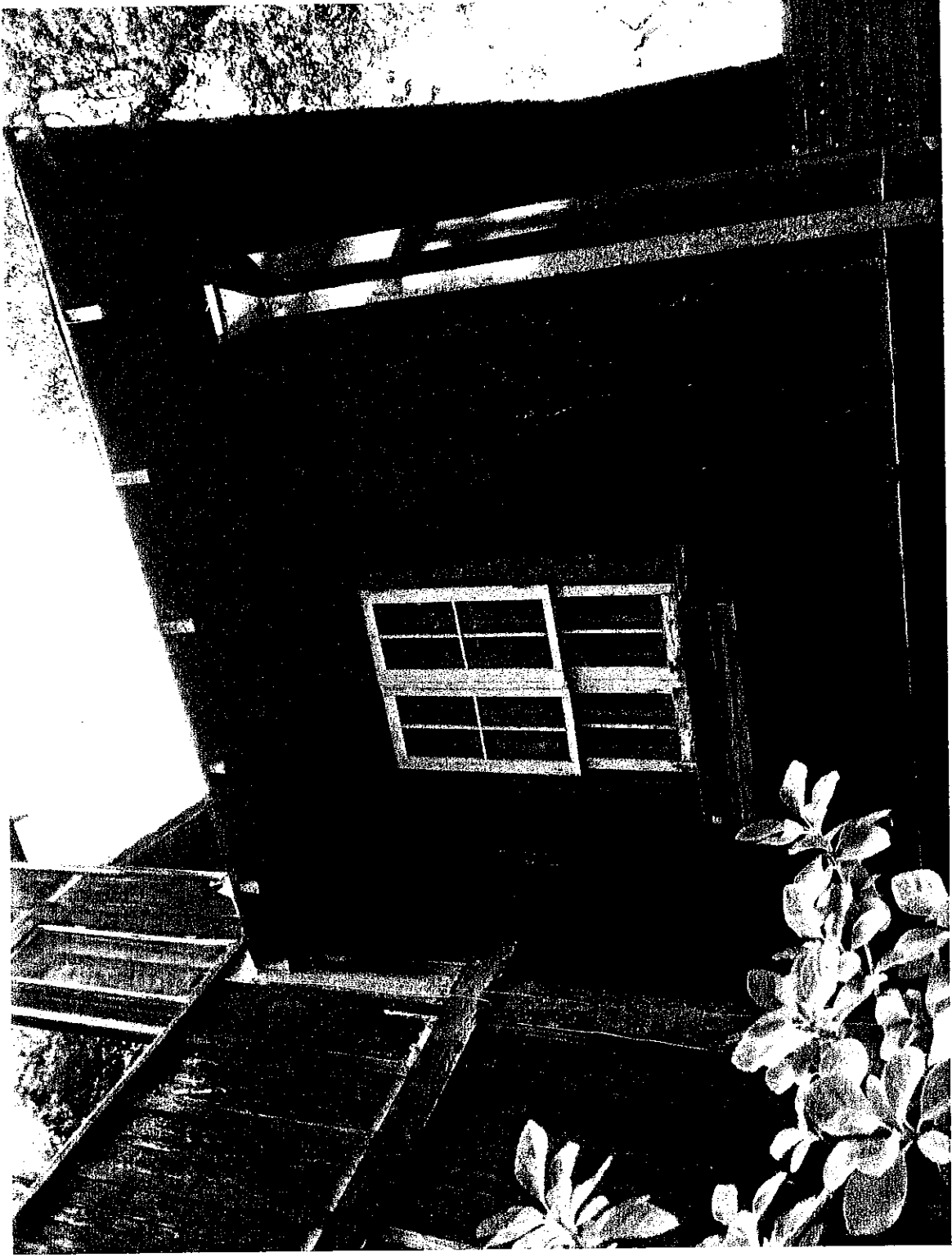


Image 8. West façade of area of proposed family room expansion showing evidence in siding of previous changes to the fenestration as well as oddly placed downspout below roof eave.

Carol Borck <cborck@portolavalley.net>

October 8, 2013 10:25 AM

To: "Tom Vlastic (vlastic@spangleassociates.com)" <vlastic@spangleassociates.com>, Karen Kristiansson <KKristiansson@portolavalley.net>, "Jeffrey.Mahaney@yahoo.com" <jeffrey.mahaney@yahoo.com>, "meganks@gmail.com" <meganks@gmail.com>, "cciancutti@gmail.com" <cciancutti@gmail.com>
FW: 3 Grove Drive, APN 079-030--170

Below are neighbor comments on the proposed project.

Carol

From: david maahs [mailto:pvtrees12@gmail.com]
Sent: Tuesday, October 08, 2013 10:20 AM
To: Carol Borck
Subject: RE: 3 Grove Drive, APN 079-030--170

Dear Planning Director,

I would like to notify the planning commission of our concerns regarding the proposed project. I reviewed the plans today and found that there was very little in the plans to address the concerns of the neighbors who live on Grove Drive, directly below the project.

Within the last 12 months, about 80 percent of the screening vegetation was removed behind this house, exposing it to everyones view who either walks or drives along Grove Drive. Now that there is a proposal to expand the number of structures on the property, we feel that something must be done to mitigate the visual aspects of the project from our street. It seems like the planner only considered the visual aspects of the plan from Grove Court, and completely neglected to address the visual effects of the project from our prospective on Grove Drive.

1. May I suggest that the members of the planning commission walk along Grove Drive and look upward toward the proposed project when they meet on Monday, October 14, 2013 at 4 pm at the site.

In doing so, I would like for them to consider what could be done to decrease the visual aspects of this proposed project from the Grove Drive perspective. When you walk you child to school or drive on our street, we prefer not to look at a large edifice the is obtrusive and out of place for the neighborhood.

2. The current plan has inadequate landscaping provisions to mitigate the visual impact of the proposed structure from our views on Grove Drive. How will this be mitigated?

3. All the other properties and residences on our section of Grove Drive are at least partially obscured from view with landscaping or natural vegetation. This is not the case with this new proposed building project.

Thank you in advance for considering our concerns.

Sincerely,

David Maahs DDS
Rui Hua Yan

360 Grove Drive
Portola Valley CA
94028

650-556-6096

October 3, 2013

Town of Portola Valley - Architecture & Site Control Commission
765 Portola Road
Portola Valley, CA 94028

Re: Permit Application for Renovation and Addition to 3 Grove Court

Below is one additional letter from the neighbors in support of the proposed project at 3 Grove Ct. Please include this letter along with those sent previously for the consideration of ASCC with regard to our permit application.

Kind Regards,

Megan Kelly-Sweeney

meganks@gmail.com
415 336 8239

----- Forwarded message -----

From: elisa fabian
Date: Wed, Oct 2, 2013 at 10:44 AM
Subject: RE: Invitation to 3 Grove Court
To: Crystal Ciancutti

Dear ASCC and Planning Commission,

We recently meet with our new neighbors John and Crystal Ciancutti to go over their plans for 3 Grove Court. Both Mike and I are very excited about what they will be doing. We really enjoyed the fact that they first took the time to extract the bees and save them before construction. Our whole family got a lesson about bee keeping from Art the bee guy. This was the first sign that this new family really cared about the home and property and what the previous owner Tommy would have wanted. The new home we feel we keep in line with this also. They really seem to be thinking about the history of the home and preserving as much as possible while creating something that is user friendly for their growing family... We can't wait to watch this house change yet stay similar over time and we are very excited to be a part of this project.

Sincerely,
Mike and Elisa Fabian

September 18, 2013

Town of Portola Valley - Architecture & Site Control Commission
765 Portola Road
Portola Valley, CA 94028

Re: Permit Application for Renovation and Addition to 3 Grove Court

The owners of 3 Grove Court recently hosted a gathering to share their proposed plans with their neighbors. Below please find copies of five letters from neighbors sent via email after the meeting to the owners of 3 Grove Ct, all in support of the project. We would like to include these letters for the consideration of ASCC along with our permit application.

Kind Regards,

Megan Kelly-Sweeney

meganks@gmail.com
415 336 8239

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Jacqueline Howe
Date: September 15, 2013, 4:41:49 PM PDT
To: Crystal Ciancutti
Reply-To: Jacqueline Howe

Dear John and Crystal,

Thank you so much for inviting our family to your home to see and discuss your plans for your property's renovation. We were very impressed with how much attention you've given to preserving the historic nature of your site, and the consideration you've shown us thus far. In particular, we are very supportive of your new garage and driveway configuration, as it will open up the space between our two properties and ensure a safer, more secure environment for both our families.

We appreciate the consideration you've shown us thus far, and are looking forward to having you as our new neighbors. Good luck with the project!

Bradley and Jacqueline Howe
4 Grove Court, PV

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Lawrence Tesler
Date: Mon, Aug 26, 2013 at 9:18 AM
Subject: Project comments
To: Crystal Ciancutti

Crystal,

We would like to thank you and John for reaching out to neighbors like us on Grove Drive as you embark on an ambitious renovation at 3 Grove Court. Over the years, the structure of the haphazardly constructed historic building has deteriorated, resulting in multiple safety issues and a ramshackle appearance of the back side that overlooks the hill, Grove Trail and our home. Your project would renew and enlarge the house, replace the garage, slightly realign the driveway, add a hillside pool and effect other building and landscape improvements.

Yesterday, we had a chance to see your plans and discuss them with you and your architect. The designs that you showed us would address the issues in a balanced way, saving the historic element while improving safety, environmental impact, appearance and livability.

We were also gratified to discover that you are investigating potential remedies--including slope contour changes--for the longstanding problem of runoff from the hill causing year-round wetness and significant storm water inundation on Grove Drive.

We look forward to further engagement in the planning process as your building addition and landscape improvement plans evolve.

Welcome to the neighborhood,

Larry Tesler and Colleen Barton
351 Grove Drive, Portola Valley

P.S.: Feel free to share this email with other neighbors and the Town.

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Susan Reed
Date: Mon, Aug 26, 2013 at 10:07 AM
Subject: Re: Thanks!
To: Crystal Ciancutti, Kenneth Reed

Hello Crystal,

Thanks to you for the opportunity to look over the plans.

We very much like your approach to the tricky issue of remodeling 3 Grove Ct. Particularly the fact you are going for a modest plan rather than a huge complex.

Your design for the difficult issue of the driveway and garage are particularly appealing.

We absolutely endorse the plans as seen on Sunday.

Sincerely - Ken & Susan Reed (2 Grove Ct.)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: "Moghadam, Hamid"
Date: August 27, 2013, 10:50:05 AM PDT
To: Crystal Ciancutti
Subject: 3 Grove Court

Dear Crystal:

Thank you for sharing your plans for 3 Grove Court. As the owners of 1 Grove Court, we're pleased that the property will be renovated and support your approach. We appreciate being kept in the loop. Please feel free to share this message with the Town.

Best,

Hamid and Tina Moghadam

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Emiko Kim
Date: September 4, 2013, 5:46:32 PM PDT
To: Crystal Ciancutti
Subject: 3 Grove Court, letter to the Town of PV

Dear Town of PV,

I had the pleasure of meeting with Crystal, and reviewing the remodel plans for 3 Grove Court.

I must say, I'm quite excited for this project!

They have taken great care and thoughtful consideration to the original features of this unique property. I believe it will be brought back to life, to shine as the beautiful home I imagine it once was, a glorious place to raise their family.

Crystal and John have my full support, I very much look forward to the transformation!

Sincerely,

Emiko Kim

5 Grove Court



MEMORANDUM

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

TO: Carol Borck, Assistant Planner
FROM: Howard Young, Public Works Director
DATE: 9/19/13
RE: 3 Grove Court

Site Development Grading, Drainage, and erosion Control plan comments:

1. All items listed in the most current "Public Works Site Development Standard Guidelines and Checklist" shall be reviewed and met. Completed checklist shall be submitted with building plans. Document is available on Town website.
2. All items listed in the most current "Public Works Pre-Construction Meeting for Site Development" shall be reviewed and understood. Document is available on Town website.
3. Any revisions to the Site Development permit set shall be highlighted and listed.
4. Insure that storm drain detention basin is adequate to avoid water ponding in the right of way and damaging road base of Grove Drive.
5. Concerning pedestrian trail / stairway access to Grove Drive, any work in the Towns right requires an encroachment permit

Carol Borck <cborck@portolavalley.net>

September 19, 2013 8:48 AM

To: "Tom Vlastic (vlastic@spangleassociates.com)" <vlastic@spangleassociates.com>, Karen Kristiansson <KKristiansson@portolavalley.net>
FW: Ciancutti

Hi - don't know if this was forwarded -

Carol

-----Original Message-----

From: John Wallace [mailto:jwallace@cottonshires.com]
Sent: Monday, September 16, 2013 10:57 AM
To: Carol Borck
Cc: Ryan Reynolds
Subject: Ciancutti

Carol,

We have reviewed the documents for the proposed project at 3 Grove Court, and have discussed the project with the geotechnical consultant (Romig Engineers). The consultant indicated that they are still putting their report together and likely would not have it completed this week. We have some concerns that artificial fill may be proposed for an area designated as "Pd", and have recommended (verbally) that the geotechnical consultant address this issue. Therefore, we do not anticipate that the consultant would get us their report and recommendations soon enough for us to issue a review report before the September 19 date, as mentioned at the bottom of your memorandum. This fill issue could affect grading quantities and the placement of proposed improvements on the property.

John

John M. Wallace
Principal Engineering Geologist
Cotton, Shires and Associates, Inc.
330 Village Lane
Los Gatos, CA 95030
408-354-5542 ph
408-348-5688 cell
jwallace@cottonshires.com

WOODSIDE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

Prevention Division

4091 Jefferson Ave, Redwood City CA 94062 ~ www.woodsidefire.org ~ Fire Marshal Denise Enea 650-851-6206

ALL CONDITIONS MUST MEET WFPD SPECIFICATIONS – go to www.woodsidefire.org for more info

BDLG & SPRINKLER PLAN CHECK AND INSPECTIONS

PROJECT LOCATION: 3 Grove Ct.		Jurisdiction: PV	
Owner/Architect/Project Manager: Ciancutti		Permit#: X9H-662	
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Remodel, new garage and new guest house			
Fees Paid: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> \$YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> See Fee Comments Date: 9/19/13			
Fee Comments: \$60.00 (ASRB review)			
BUILDING PLAN CHECK COMMENTS/CONDITIONS: 1. Must comply to Portola Valley Muni Code 15.04.020E for ignition resistant construction & materials Chapter 7 2010 CBC 2. Address clearly posted and visible from street w/minimum of 4" numbers on contrasting background. 3. Approved spark arrestor on all chimneys including outside fireplace 4. Install Smoke and CO2 detectors per code. 5. NFPA 13D Fire Sprinkler System to be installed, in house and guest house. 6. 100' defensible space around proposed new structure prior to start of construction. 7. Upon final inspection 30' perimeter defensible space will need to be completed. 8. Driveway needs to meet WFD requirements. Grade over 15% will need to be brushed concrete. No grades over 20% 9. Driveways over 150' will need a FD truck turnaround. 10. Fire hydrant must be within 500' of structure measured on approved roadway route prior to construction. 11. A Fire hydrant will be required. There is one in front of #1 Grove Ct. I believe this will be over 500' to the front door of proposed project. Will need to confirm. *** RESUBMIT*** Once all requirements are met this project should be approved.			
Reviewed by: M. Hird		Date: 9/19/13	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Resubmit		<input type="checkbox"/> Approved with Conditions	
<input type="checkbox"/> Approved without conditions			
Sprinkler Plans Approved: -----		Date:	Fees Paid: <input type="checkbox"/> \$350 <input type="checkbox"/> See Fee Comments
As Builts Submitted: -----		Date:	As Builts Approved Date:
Fee Comments:			
Rough/Hydro Sprinkler Inspection By: -----		Date:	
Sprinkler Inspection Comments:			
Final Bldg and/or Sprinkler Insp By: -----		Date:	
Comments:			

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY, SECOND UNIT ZONING PROVISIONS
Amended by Ord. 2011-390, January 26, 2011

18.12.040 Accessory uses permitted. Accessory uses permitted in the R-E district shall be as follows:

A. Accessory uses, as permitted by Section 18.36.040 and Chapter 18.40;

B. One second unit on a parcel of one acre or larger subject to the following provisions:

1. All provisions of Title 18 (Zoning) pertaining to this district prevail unless otherwise provided for in this subsection B.
2. A second unit shall comply with all provisions of the site development and tree protection ordinance, set forth in Chapter 15.12.
3. The parcel already contains an existing single-family dwelling or the second unit is being built simultaneously with a new single-family dwelling that will be the principal dwelling.
4. The second unit is attached to the principal dwelling, at the ground floor level or in a basement, and does not exceed a floor area of four hundred square feet. Second unit floor area is inclusive of any basement area, but exclusive of garage or carport area. Second units that are larger than four hundred square feet in floor area, that require a permit under Chapter 15.12, the Site Development and Tree Protection Ordinance, or that are located above the first story are subject to Architectural and Site Control Commission (ASCC) approval per Chapter 18.64.
5. Whether attached or detached from the principal dwelling, the second unit floor area may exceed four hundred square feet subject to ASCC approval per Chapter 18.64. In such cases, however, the second unit floor area may not exceed seven hundred fifty square feet.
6. Second units up to 750 square feet may be created by converting space within an existing home. When created within the first floor of an existing home, or including an addition of 400 square feet or less, such second units may be permitted solely with a zoning permit, and without review of the ASCC. However, staff at their discretion may refer an application to the ASCC if the application includes proposals for doors, windows or other exterior improvements that could potentially have a significant effect on the aesthetics of the structure.
7. The second unit complies with the definition of dwelling unit in Section 18.04.150.
8. The second unit is served by the same vehicular access to the street as the principal dwelling and complies with off-street parking requirements for dwellings set forth in Section 18.60 except that parking spaces do not have to be covered, guest spaces are not required and tandem parking is permitted.
9. The second unit shall have the same address as the principal dwelling.
10. A second unit shall not exceed a height, as defined in Section 18.54.020, of eighteen feet with a maximum height of twenty-four feet. A second unit may be permitted to a height of twenty-eight feet and a maximum of thirty-four feet subject to ASCC approval per Chapter 18.64.

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY, SECOND UNIT ZONING PROVISIONS
Amended by Ord. 2011-390, January 26, 2011

11. The second unit shall have colors, materials and architecture similar to the principal dwelling. Architecture not similar to the architecture of the principal dwelling is subject to ASCC approval per Chapter 18.64.
12. Color reflectivity values shall not exceed forty percent except that trim colors shall not exceed fifty percent. Roofs shall not exceed fifty percent reflectivity.
13. Exterior lighting on the structure shall not exceed one light fixture per entry door. Each fixture shall be fitted with only one bulb and the bulb wattage shall not exceed seventy-five watts incandescent light if frosted or otherwise diffused, or twenty-five watts if clear. Each fixture shall be manually switched and not on a motion sensor or timer. Path lights, if any, shall be the minimum needed for safe access to the second unit and shaded by fixtures that direct light to the path surface and away from the sky.
14. Landscape plantings shall be selected from the town's list of approved native plants and shall adhere to the town's landscaping guidelines.
15. An application for a second unit shall be referred to the town geologist, director of public works, fire chief and, if dependent on a septic tank and drain field, to the county health officer in accordance with town policies.
16. An application for a second unit shall supply all information required by Section 18.64.040 A.1--13.
17. Second units on parcels with frontage on Portola Road or Alpine Road, both of which are identified as local scenic corridors in the general plan, are subject to ASCC approval per Chapter 18.64 to ensure consistency with the general plan.



MEMORANDUM

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

TO: ASCC
FROM: Karen Kristiansson, Deputy Town Planner
DATE: October 10, 2013
RE: Architectural Review of Plans for House Addition and Interior Remodel for 110 Tan Oak Drive, Gebhart Residence

This proposal is for approval of a 257 sf house addition together with an interior remodel for the existing home on this approximately 0.23 acre parcel at 110 Tan Oak Drive in the Brookside Park neighborhood. To approve this project, the ASCC would need to make the findings for concentration of floor area, as this project would increase the floor area in the main house to 96% of the total allowable for the lot, well over the 85% permitted in the main structure.

The project is presented on the following enclosed plans dated 8/30/13 and prepared by CJW Architecture:

- Sheet T-0.1, Title Sheet
- Sheet T-0.2, Build It Green, Exterior Lighting
- Sheet A-1.1, Site Plan
- Sheet A-2.1, Floor Plans
- Sheet A-3.1, Exterior Elevations

There is also an 8½" x 11" "Finish Board" sheet (attached) with a picture of the existing house and a statement that the project does "propose to match all finishes."

The following comments are offered to assist the ASCC in considering and acting on this proposal.

1. **Project description, site conditions and grading.** The approximately 0.23 acre project parcel is located on the north side of Tan Oak Drive east of Corte Madera Road, as shown on the attached vicinity map. The addition is proposed at the front of the house to extend the existing living room towards the street and convert that wing of the house into a great room with living, dining and kitchen areas.

The addition will be located on an existing landscaped and lawn area on the site, and there will be no grading associated with this project under the definition of the Site

Development Ordinance. A stake will be placed on the property to show how far out from the existing house the addition will extend.

Because this project would require the ASCC to make the findings for concentration of floor area, the conditions on the rest of the property are also important. As shown on the site plan, there is a pool and associated patio on the rear portion of the property extending from the house back to the required rear yard setback.

2. **Compliance with Town requirements regarding height, impervious surface, Build It Green points, and setbacks, and floor area.** The house and proposed addition comply with the height and maximum height limits. There is more impervious surface (IS) on the site than is currently permitted (3,104 sf of existing IS compared to 2,664 permitted); however, the project would not alter the amount of IS on the site.

The completed Build It Green Checklist is on Sheet T-0.2 and shows that the project will achieve a total of 59 points, well over the required 25 points for this "elements" project. This project can be self-certified.

In terms of setbacks, setback averaging provisions were used for the east side of the existing home to permit encroachment of a ground level office and second story deck into the side yard setback area. On the west side, the existing fireplace extends approximately two feet into the required side yard, with about ten square feet in the setback area. As part of this project, the existing fireplace would be replaced with a smaller gas fireplace which would not extend past the eaves of the home and would reduce the amount of fireplace in the setback area to approximately eight square feet. Therefore, the project would bring the home closer to conformity with Town requirements.

3. **Compliance with Floor Area Requirements.** For this site, the Adjusted Maximum Floor Area is 3,178 sf. The existing home has 2,793 sf and would have 3,050 sf with the addition, which is 96% of the allowable floor area. As a result, the ASCC would need to make the four findings set forth in Section 18.48.020 of the zoning ordinance associated with a concentration of floor area (attached). Each of these is discussed below.

Finding A.1: The larger building will result in a superior design for the property in terms of grading, tree removal and use of the property than would be possible without the requested increase.

Use of this site is constrained by the size and the shape of the lot, which is angled outward on the street side of the house and narrower behind the house. There is currently a pool and patio occupying the developable area behind the house. As a result, there is no place on the site where an accessory structure could be reasonably located without significant demolition and site work. Given the size and shape of the lot and current development on the lot, having a larger structure would produce a superior design, particularly in terms of use of the property.

Findings A.2 and A.3 cannot be made for the property because the property does not include steep slopes, areas of unstable geology or areas subject to flooding.

Finding B: The building will not impact significant views enjoyed by neighboring properties to any greater extent than would a design for the project without the increased floor area.

Because of the way that neighboring homes are oriented, the addition will only be visible from the street and not from adjacent homes. The addition is located directly in front of the existing house and will not block any existing views. In addition, because of the topography of the neighborhood there are no significant views that would be affected by this project.

Finding C: The building will not in any substantial way negatively affect neighboring properties to any greater extent than would a design for the project without the increased floor area.

A design for the project with the additional floor area located in an accessory structure would have more impact on neighboring properties during construction. To build an accessory structure behind the house would require significant demolition and site work, as well as construction access through the relatively narrow side yard. Building the addition on the front portion of the property will therefore have less impact on neighboring properties. Also, once it is constructed, the addition would not affect neighboring homes more than a design without the floor area concentration would, because of the way the home and neighboring homes are situated.

Finding D: The building will be in keeping with the character and quality of the neighborhood.

Even with the proposed front addition, the home will conform to front yard setbacks and will have a similar apparent mass as nearby homes. The design is similar to the existing home and in keeping with the character of other homes in the neighborhood. As a result, the proposed building will be in keeping with the character and quality of the neighborhood.

4. **Materials and colors.** The siding of the addition will match what is present today on the front of the living room, and will be painted to match the existing home. The attached Finish Board sheet shows these materials and colors. Given the small size of this project, using the same materials and colors to match the existing house appears reasonable.
5. **Landscaping, lighting and skylights.** No landscaping changes are proposed as part of this project, other than replacement of a portion of the existing lawn and landscaped area with the addition. There are no changes proposed to exterior lighting except at the great room, where existing exterior lights would be removed and the fixture shown in the cut sheet on Sheet T-0.2 would be installed by the side and rear doors to the great room. No landscaping lights are proposed for this project.

Two skylights are proposed for the new great room of the house, one over the kitchen area that is a little less than 3' in length and one over the gathering area which is about 4' long. The skylights will not be visible from neighboring homes, and no lights are proposed for the skylights. The project architect has communicated that if any lights were added in the skylight areas, they would in any case be downlights.

Conclusion

Prior to acting on this request, ASCC members should visit the site and consider the above comments as well as comments presented at the regular ASCC meeting on October 14. In order to approve the project, the ASCC would need to make the four findings for concentration of floor area. As discussed above, it appears that these findings can be made.

Attachments: Vicinity Map
Finish Board Sheet
Zoning Ordinance Section 18.48.020 re: Floor Area Concentration

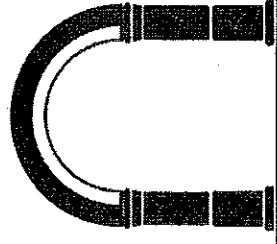
FINISH BOARD



EXISTING RESIDENCE - PROPOSE TO MATCH ALL FINISHES

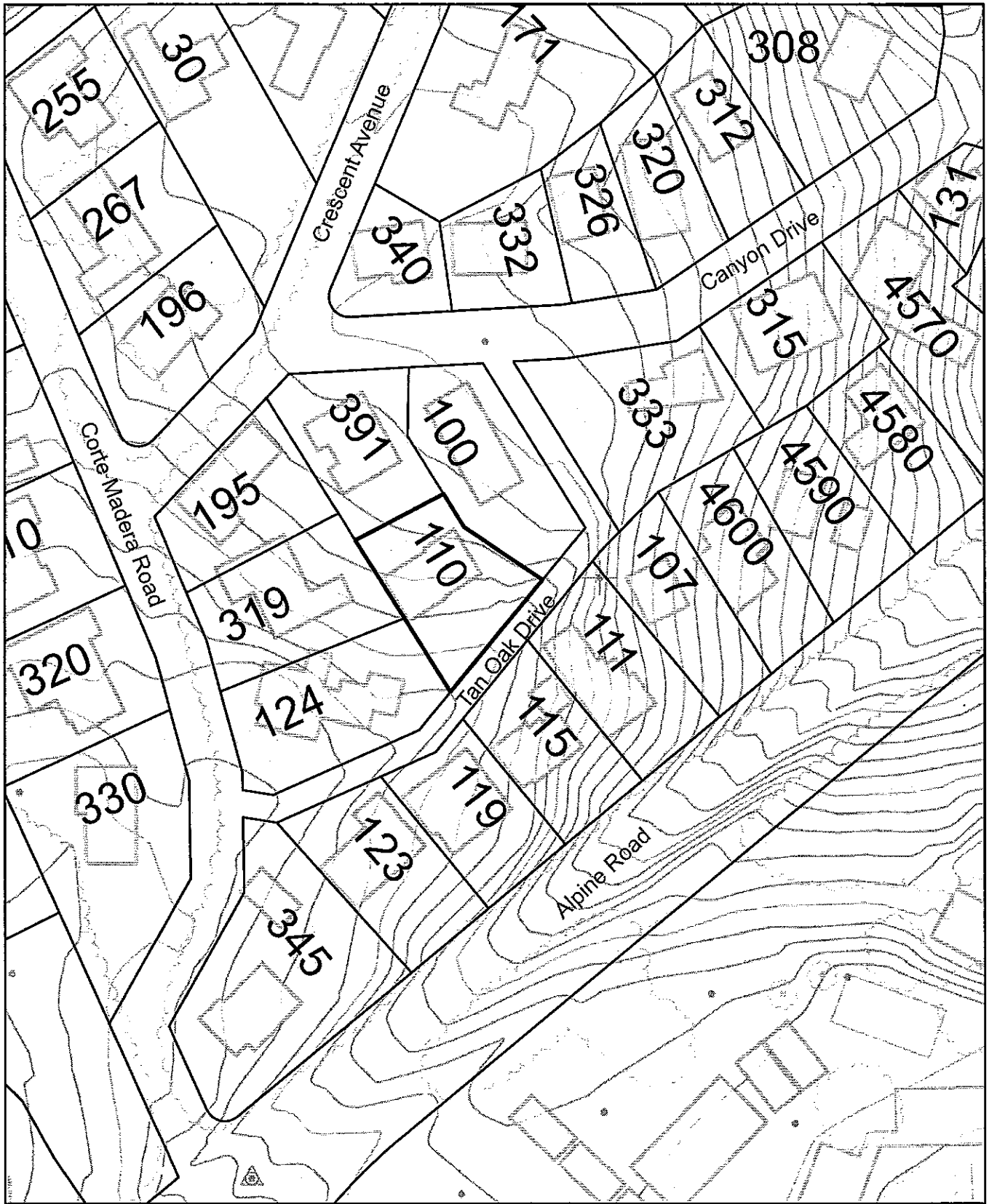
GEBHART RESIDENCE

110 Tan Oak
Portola Valley, California
CIW # 2010.12
9/6/2013



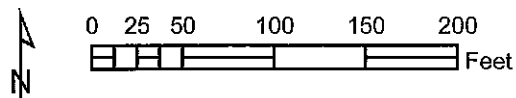
CJW ARCHITECTURE
130 Portola Road, suite A
Portola Valley, CA 94028
(650) 851-9335 / (Fax) 851-9337

SEP 06 2013



Vicinity Map

Architectural Review, Gebhart



APN 079-192-080, 110 Tan Oak Drive
 October 2013

Excerpt from the Portola Valley Municipal Code

18.48.020 - Maximum adjusted floor area.

The architectural and site control commission may allow the eighty-five percent figure stipulated in Line 7 of Table 1A to be increased up to a maximum of one hundred percent when it can make all of the findings set forth below:

- A. Any one of the following:
 - 1. The larger building will result in a superior design for the property in terms of grading, tree removal and use of the property than would be possible without the requested increase.
 - 2. The larger building is appropriate because steep slopes, areas of unstable geology or areas subject to flooding so limit development of the property that in order to develop a reasonable plan for the property it is necessary to concentrate more than eighty-five percent of the floor area in a single building.
 - 3. The larger building is appropriate because the reduction in permitted floor area caused by steep slopes, unstable geology and/or areas subject to flooding so reduces the floor area permitted for any single building that in order to develop a reasonable plan for the property it is necessary to concentrate more than eighty-five percent of the floor area in a single building.
- B. The building will not impact significant views enjoyed by neighboring properties to any greater extent than would a design for the project without the increased floor area.
- C. The building will not in any substantial way negatively affect neighboring properties to any greater extent than would a design for the project without the increased floor area.
- D. The building will be in keeping with the character and quality of the neighborhood.

(Ord. 1998-312 § 3, 1998; Ord. 1995-285 § 1 Exh. A (part), 1995)