

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

7:30 PM – Regular Meeting of the Town Council Wednesday, June 24, 2015 Historic Schoolhouse 765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA 94028

REGULAR MEETING AGENDA

CALL TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL - 7:30 PM

Councilmember Wengert, Councilmember Richards, Councilmember Hughes, Vice Mayor Derwin and Mayor Aalfs

ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

Persons wishing to address the Town Council on any subject may do so now. Please note however, that the Council is not able to undertake extended discussion or action tonight on items not on the agenda.

CONSENT AGENDA

The following items listed on the Consent Agenda are considered routine and approved by one roll call motion. The Mayor or any member of the Town Council or of the public may request that any item listed under the Consent Agenda be removed and action taken separately.

- 1. Approval of Warrant List June 24, 2015 (3)
- Recommendation by Town Attorney Adoption of an Ordinance Adopting Revisions to Title 2 [Administration (15) and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code
 - (a) Second Reading of Title, Waive Further Reading, and Adopt an Ordinance Amending Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code (Ordinance No. ___)
- 3. **Recommendation by Town Planner** Adoption of an Ordinance Amending Title 18 [Zoning], Chapter 18.64 (23) [Architectural and Site Plan Review] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code
 - (a) Second Reading of Title, Waive Further Reading, and Adopt an Ordinance Amending Section 18.64.010 [Applicability-Purpose] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code (Ordinance No. ___)
- 4. Recommendation by Administrative Services Manager Approval of 2015-2016 Appropriations Limit (27)
 - (a) Adoption of a Resolution of the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley Determining and Establishing the Appropriations Limit for 2015-2016 (Resolution No.__)
- 5. Recommendation by Administrative Services Manager Approval of Investment Policy (37)
 - (a) Adoption of a Resolution of the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley Adopting Town Investment Policy (Resolution No. __)
- Recommendation by Administrative Services Manager 2015/2016 Woodside Highlands and Wayside II Road (42)
 Maintenance District Tax Assessments
 - (a) Adoption of a Resolution of the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley Authorizing the San Mateo County Controller to Apply the Special Tax for the Woodside Highlands Road Maintenance District to the 2015-2016 Tax Roll and to Collect the Tax at the same time as General County Taxes (Resolution No.)
 - (b) Adoption of a Resolution of the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley Authorizing the San Mateo County Controller to Apply the Special Tax for the Wayside II Road Maintenance District to the 2015-2016 Tax Roll and to Collect the Tax at the same time as General County Taxes (Resolution No.__)
- 7. Appointment by Mayor Request for Appointment of Delle Maxwell to the Water Conservation Committee (45)

REGULAR AGENDA

8. PRESENTATIONS - None (47)

COMMITTEE REPORTS & REQUESTS

- Cultural Arts Committee Request for Acceptance and Placement of an Art Donation to the Town of Portola (48)
 Valley
- 10. Update on Drought Emergency There are no written materials for this agenda item (52)

STAFF REPORTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- 11. PUBLIC HEARING Adoption of the Fiscal Year 2015-2016 Budget (53)
 - (a) Adoption of a Resolution of the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley Adopting the Operating and Capital Budgets for Fiscal Year 2015-2016 (Resolution No.__)
- 12. Recommendation by Town Clerk Calling of the 2015 Election and Giving Notice of an Election to Elect Two (102) Members to the Town Council and Direct the San Mateo County Chief Elections Officer to Conduct the November 3, 2015 Election for the Town of Portola Valley and a Resolution Approving the November 3, 2015 Election be Conducted Wholly By Mail Pursuant to the Pilot Program Authorized by Assembly Bill 2028
 - (a) Adoption of a Resolution of the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley Calling and Giving Notice of the Holding of a General Municipal Election to be Held on November 3, 2015, for the Purpose of Electing Two Members to the Town Council (Resolution No.)
 - (b) Adoption of a Resolution of the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley Directing the San Mateo County Chief Elections Officer to Conduct the November 3, 2015 Election for the Town of Portola Valley Wholly by Mail (Resolution No.)
- 13. Discussion and Council Action Posting Committee Meeting Minutes (108)

<u>COUNCIL LIAISON COMMITTEE AND REGIONAL AGENCIES REPORTS</u> - There are no written materials for this agenda item

WRITTEN COMMUNICATIONS

- 14. Town Council Digest June 12, 2015 (118)
- 15. Town Council Digest June 19, 2015 (209)

ADJOURNMENT

ASSISTANCE FOR PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, if you need special assistance to participate in this meeting, please contact the Town Clerk at (650) 851-1700. Notification 48 hours prior to the meeting will enable the Town to make reasonable arrangements to ensure accessibility to this meeting.

AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION

Copies of all agenda reports and supporting data are available for viewing and inspection at Town Hall and at the Portola Valley Library located adjacent to Town Hall. In accordance with SB343, Town Council agenda materials, released less than 72 hours prior to the meeting, are available to the public at Town Hall, 765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA 94028.

SUBMITTAL OF AGENDA ITEMS

The deadline for submittal of agenda items is 12:00 Noon WEDNESDAY of the week prior to the meeting. By law no action can be taken on matters not listed on the printed agenda unless the Town Council determines that emergency action is required. Non-emergency matters brought up by the public under Communications may be referred to the administrative staff for appropriate action.

PUBLIC HEARINGS

Public Hearings provide the general public and interested parties an opportunity to provide testimony on these items. If you challenge any proposed action(s) in court, you may be limited to raising only issues you or someone else raised at the Public Hearing(s) described in this agenda, or in written correspondence delivered to the Town Council at, or prior to, the Public Hearing(s).

JUNE 24, 2015

Page 3 Date: 06/19/2015 Time: 8:00 am

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY					Time: Page:	8:00 am 1
Vendor Name	Invoice Description1		Ref No.	Discount Date	<u> </u>	
Vendor Name Line 2	Invoice Description2		PO No.	Pay Date	_	
Vendor Address	Vendor Number		OL LN	Due Date		s Withheld
City	Bank		Check No.	Check Date		int Amount
State/Province Zip/Postal	Invoice Number				Cne	ck Amount
MIKE AGOFF	Spring Instructor Fees		16456	06/24/2015		
	(late reg'n)			06/24/2015		
2341 KEHOE AVENUE	0016		10705	06/24/2015		0.00
SAN MATEO CA 94403	ВОА		49725	06/24/2015		0.00 288.00
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved		288.00
05-58-4246	Description Instructors & Class Refunds		Invoice Amount 288.00	0.00		
00 00 1210	monactors a Glass Holanas					
		Check No.	49725	Total:		288.00
		Total for	MIKE AGOFF			288.00
AMERICAN EAGLE ROOFING	C&D Refund, 12 Applewood		16457	06/24/2015		
AWIERIOAN EAGLE ROOF ING	Cab Relatid, 12 Applewood		10437	06/24/2015		
28 E. 25TH AVENUE	2011			06/24/2015		0.00
SAN MATEO	BOA		49726	06/24/2015		0.00
CA 94403						1,000.00
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved		
96-54-4205	C&D Deposit		1,000.00	0.00		
		Check No.	49726	Total:		1,000.00
		Total for	AMERICAN EAG	GLE ROOFING		1,000.00
ADC	Dhuanzinta faz CMTA project		1/402	0//24/2015		
ARC	Blueprints for SMTA project		16493 00006315	06/24/2015 06/24/2015		
P.O. BOX 192224	0112		00000313	06/24/2015		0.00
SAN FRANCISCO	BOA		49727	06/24/2015		0.00
CA 94119-2224	1208971					651.33
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved		
05-68-4537	SMTA Road Project		651.33	651.33		
		Check No.	49727	Total:		651.33
		Total for	ARC			651.33
A DDANICED ACOMEODT	Town Mars and Office Foundation		1/4/0	07/24/2015		
ARRANGED4COMFORT	Town Manager Office Furniture		16460 00006282	06/24/2015 06/24/2015		
790 LAUREL STREET #10	0502		00000202	06/24/2015		0.00
SAN CARLOS	BOA		49728	06/24/2015		0.00
CA 94070	15-2813-SH					13,634.10
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved		
05-68-4420	Town Center Construction		13,634.10	13,634.09		
		Check No.	49728	Total:		13,634.10
		Total for	ARRANGED4C	OMFORT		13,634.10
	_ — — — — — —					
AT&T	05/06 to 06/05 Statements		16479	06/24/2015		
P.O. BOX 9011	441			06/24/2015 06/24/2015		0.00
CAROL STREAM	BOA		49729	06/24/2015		0.00
IL 60197-9011	Sort		7/12/	0012 1120 10		263.53
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved		
	<u>'</u>					

JUNE 24, 2015

Page 4

Date: 06/19/2015 Time: 8:00 am

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY					Page: 2
Vendor Name Vendor Name Line 2 Vendor Address City	Invoice Description1 Invoice Description2 Vendor Number Bank		Ref No. PO No. Check No.	Discount Date Pay Date Due Date Check Date	Taxes Withheld Discount Amount
State/Province Zip/Postal	Invoice Number				Check Amount
05-64-4318	Telephones		263.53	0.00	
		Check No.	49729	Total:	263.53
		Total for	AT&T		263.53
BACKYARD CARNIVALS	Inflatables for Town Picnic		16495	06/24/2015	
2201 VINICENT DOAD	834		00006314	06/24/2015 06/24/2015	0.00
3381 VINCENT ROAD PLEASANT HILL CA 94523	BOA		49730	06/24/2015	0.00 0.00 3,345.55
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved	.,
05-52-4158	Parks & Recreation Committee		3,345.55	3,345.55	
		Check No.	49730	Total:	3,345.55
		Total for	BACKYARD CA		3,345.55
JANET BANNER	Parking Lot Deposit Refund 5/30/15 Event		16480	06/24/2015 06/24/2015	
171 TRINITY LANE	045			06/24/2015	0.00
PORTOLA VALLEY	BOA		49731	06/24/2015	0.00
CA 94028 GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved	100.00
05-00-2562	Field Deposits		100.00	0.00	
		Charl. Na			
		Check No.	49731	Total:	100.00
		T			100.00
		Total for	JANET BANNER		100.00
BEST BEVERAGE CATERING		Total for	16461	06/24/2015	100.00
485A VALLEY DRIVE	0520	Total for	16461 00006300	06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015	0.00
485A VALLEY DRIVE BRISBANE	0520 BOA	Total for	16461	06/24/2015 06/24/2015	0.00
485A VALLEY DRIVE	0520 BOA E08002	Total for	16461 00006300	06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015	0.00
485A VALLEY DRIVE BRISBANE CA 94005	0520 BOA	Total for	16461 00006300 49732	06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015	0.00
485A VALLEY DRIVE BRISBANE CA 94005 GL Number	0520 BOA E08002 Description		16461 00006300 49732 Invoice Amount 605.50	06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 Amount Relieved 1,087.50	0.00 0.00 605.50
485A VALLEY DRIVE BRISBANE CA 94005 GL Number	0520 BOA E08002 Description	Check No.	16461 00006300 49732 Invoice Amount 605.50 49732	06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 Amount Relieved 1,087.50	0.00 0.00 605.50 605.50
485A VALLEY DRIVE BRISBANE CA 94005 GL Number	0520 BOA E08002 Description		16461 00006300 49732 Invoice Amount 605.50	06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 Amount Relieved 1,087.50	0.00 0.00 605.50
485A VALLEY DRIVE BRISBANE CA 94005 GL Number	0520 BOA E08002 Description	Check No.	16461 00006300 49732 Invoice Amount 605.50 49732	06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 Amount Relieved 1,087.50 Total:	0.00 0.00 605.50 605.50
485A VALLEY DRIVE BRISBANE CA 94005 GL Number 05-52-4147 PAIGE BISHOP 131 GROVELAND STREET PORTOLA VALLEY	0520 BOA E08002 Description Holiday Party	Check No.	16461 00006300 49732 Invoice Amount 605.50 49732 BEST BEVERAG	06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 Amount Relieved 1,087.50 Total:	0.00 0.00 605.50 605.50 605.50
485A VALLEY DRIVE BRISBANE CA 94005 GL Number 05-52-4147 PAIGE BISHOP 131 GROVELAND STREET	0520 BOA E08002 Description Holiday Party Reimb for Concert Banners 712	Check No.	16461 00006300 49732 Invoice Amount 605.50 49732 BEST BEVERAGE	06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 Amount Relieved 1,087.50 Total: GE CATERING 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015	0.00 0.00 605.50 605.50 605.50
485A VALLEY DRIVE BRISBANE CA 94005 GL Number 05-52-4147 PAIGE BISHOP 131 GROVELAND STREET PORTOLA VALLEY CA 94028 GL Number 05-52-4150	0520 BOA E08002 Description Holiday Party Reimb for Concert Banners 712 BOA Description Cultural Arts Committee	Check No.	16461 00006300 49732 Invoice Amount 605.50 49732 BEST BEVERAG 16462 49733 Invoice Amount 329.89	06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 Amount Relieved 1,087.50 Total: GE CATERING 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015	0.00 0.00 605.50 605.50 605.50
485A VALLEY DRIVE BRISBANE CA 94005 GL Number 05-52-4147 PAIGE BISHOP 131 GROVELAND STREET PORTOLA VALLEY CA 94028 GL Number	0520 BOA E08002 Description Holiday Party Reimb for Concert Banners 712 BOA Description Cultural Arts Committee Comm'ty Hall Dep Refund	Check No.	16461 00006300 49732 Invoice Amount 605.50 49732 BEST BEVERAG ————————————————————————————————————	06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 Amount Relieved 1,087.50 Total: GE CATERING 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 Amount Relieved 0.00 06/24/2015	0.00 0.00 605.50 605.50 605.50
485A VALLEY DRIVE BRISBANE CA 94005 GL Number 05-52-4147 PAIGE BISHOP 131 GROVELAND STREET PORTOLA VALLEY CA 94028 GL Number 05-52-4150 PAIGE BISHOP	0520 BOA E08002 Description Holiday Party Reimb for Concert Banners 712 BOA Description Cultural Arts Committee Comm'ty Hall Dep Refund Event 5/23/15	Check No.	16461 00006300 49732 Invoice Amount 605.50 49732 BEST BEVERAG 16462 49733 Invoice Amount 329.89	06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 Amount Relieved 1,087.50 Total: GE CATERING 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 Amount Relieved 0.00 06/24/2015 06/24/2015	0.00 0.00 605.50 605.50 605.50
485A VALLEY DRIVE BRISBANE CA 94005 GL Number 05-52-4147 PAIGE BISHOP 131 GROVELAND STREET PORTOLA VALLEY CA 94028 GL Number 05-52-4150	0520 BOA E08002 Description Holiday Party Reimb for Concert Banners 712 BOA Description Cultural Arts Committee Comm'ty Hall Dep Refund	Check No.	16461 00006300 49732 Invoice Amount 605.50 49732 BEST BEVERAG 16462 49733 Invoice Amount 329.89	06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 Amount Relieved 1,087.50 Total: GE CATERING 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 Amount Relieved 0.00 06/24/2015	0.00 0.00 605.50 605.50 605.50

Invoice Amount

Amount Relieved

GL Number

Description

JUNE 24, 2015

Page 5
Date: 06/19/2015
Time: 8:00 am

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY					Page: 8:00
Vendor Name	Invoice Description1		Ref No.	Discount Date	r ago.
Vendor Name Line 2	Invoice Description2		PO No.		
Vendor Address	Vendor Number		OL LN	Due Date	Taxes Withh
City State/Province Zip/Postal	Bank Invoice Number		Check No.	Check Date	Discount Amo Check Amo
05-00-2561	Community Hall Deposits		900.00	0.00	Onesit 7 une
PAIGE BISHOP	Reimb for Concert Signs		16482	06/24/2015	
	Summer Concert Series			06/24/2015	
131 GROVELAND STREET	712		40700	06/24/2015	0
PORTOLA VALLEY CA 94028	BOA		49733	06/24/2015	0 196
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved	170
05-52-4150	Cultural Arts Committee		196.08	0.00	
		Check No.	49733	Total:	1,425
		Total for	PAIGE BISHOP		1,425 — —— ——
JAIME BOTT	C&D Refund		16463	06/24/2015	
S, MINE DOTT	Od <i>D</i> Molana		10403	06/24/2015	
15 BOW WAY	0455			06/24/2015	0
PORTOLA VALLEY	BOA		49734	06/24/2015	0
CA 94028 GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved	1,800
96-54-4205	C&D Deposit		1,800.00	0.00	
70 01 1200	545 D 5655.K	01 1 11			
		Check No.	49734	Total:	1,800
		Total for 	JAIME BOTT		1,800
DANNA BREEN	Comm'ty Hall Deposit Refund		16483	06/24/2015	
DAWN DREEN	Event 5/19/15		10 100	06/24/2015	
4680 ALPINE ROAD	680			06/24/2015	0
PORTOLA VALLEY	BOA		49735	06/24/2015	0
CA 94028 GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved	500
05-00-2561	Community Hall Deposits		500.00	0.00	
00 00 2001	Community Train Doposits				
		Check No.	49735	Total:	500
		Total for	DANNA BREEN	<u> </u>	500
CALIFORNIA WATER SERVICE CO	Statements 4/11 to 5/11		16500	06/24/2015	
OFOE ALAMEDA DE LAC DIJLOAC	0011			06/24/2015	
3525 ALAMEDA DE LAS PULGAS MENLO PARK	0011 BOA		49736	06/24/2015 06/24/2015	0
CA 94025844	BOA		47730	00/24/2013	4,108
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved	·
05-64-4330	Utilities		4,108.94	0.00	
		Check No.	49736	Total:	4,108
		Total for	CALIFORNIA W	ATER SERVICE CC	4,108
	Diagram Addam A - 15 /D 1 AAV 1		4/400	0//04/2015	
CITY OF EAST PALO ALTO	Dinner Mtg: Aalfs/Derwin/Wengt		16499	06/24/2015 06/24/2015	
ATTN: CITY MANAGER'S OFFICE	887			06/24/2015	0
EAST PALO ALTO	BOA		49737	06/24/2015	0
CA 94303-1148					150
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved	

JUNE 24, 2015

Page 6

Date: 06/19/2015 8:00 am

Time:

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY					Page: 4
Vendor Name	Invoice Description1 Invoice Description2		Ref No. PO No.	Discount Date Pay Date	<u> </u>
Vendor Name Line 2 Vendor Address	Vendor Number		1 0 110.	Due Date	Taxes Withheld
City	Bank		Check No.	Check Date	Discount Amount
State/Province Zip/Postal	Invoice Number		150.00	0.00	Check Amount
05-64-4327	Educ/Train: Council & Commissn		150.00	0.00	
		Check No.	49737	Total:	150.00
		Total for	CITY OF EAST	PALO ALTO	150.00
CITY OF REDWOOD CITY	May IT Support		16464	06/24/2015	
C/O Silvia Vonderlinden	420			06/24/2015 06/24/2015	0.00
REDWOOD CITY	638 BOA		49738	06/24/2015	0.00 0.00
CA 94063	BR36090		17700	33/2 1/23 13	2,029.83
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved	
05-54-4216	IT & Website Consultants		2,029.83	0.00	
		Check No.	49738	Total:	2,029.83
		Total for	CITY OF REDW	OOD CITY	2,029.83
CLEANSTREET	May Street/Litter Clean		16491	06/24/2015	
1937 W. 169TH STREET	0034			06/24/2015 06/24/2015	0.00
GARDENA	BOA		49739	06/24/2015	0.00
CA 90247-5254	78495				1,603.62
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved	
05-66-4342	Landscape Supplies & Services		74.00	0.00	
20-60-4262 22-60-4266	Street Sweeping Litter Clean Up Program		659.52 870.10	0.00 0.00	
		Check No.	49739	- Total:	1,603.62
		Total for	CLEANSTREET		1,603.62
CSG CONSULTANTS INC	Bldg Insp Svcs 4/25 - 5/29		16490	06/24/2015	
	• .			06/24/2015	
1700 S. AMPHLETT BLVD	622		107.10	06/24/2015	0.00
SAN MATEO CA 94402	BOA 030010		49740	06/24/2015	0.00 16,720.00
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved	10,720.00
05-50-4062	Temp Bldg Inspection		16,720.00	0.00	
		Check No.	49740	Total:	16,720.00
		Total for	CSG CONSULT	ANTS INC	16,720.00
DELL MARKETING L.P.	Laptop for CH Audio Visual Sys		16465	06/24/2015	
c/o DELL USA L.P.			00006310	06/24/2015	
P.O. BOX 910916	0194			06/24/2015	0.00
PASADENA CA 91110-0916	BOA XJPCT9X88		49741	06/24/2015	0.00 1,601.94
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved	1,001.74
05-70-4480	CIP14/15 Equipment		1,601.94	1,601.93	
		Check No.	49741	- Total:	1,601.94
		Total for	DELL MARKETI		1,601.94
		1 Otal 101	DELE INIMINIE II	INO L.I .	

JUNE 24, 2015

Page 7
Date: 06/19/2015
Time: 8:00 am

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY Page: 5 Invoice Description1 Ref No. Discount Date Vendor Name Invoice Description2 PO No. Pay Date Vendor Name Line 2 Vendor Number Due Date Taxes Withheld Vendor Address Check No. Check Date Discount Amount Bank City State/Province Zip/Postal Invoice Number Check Amount GO NATIVE INC **ROW Vegetation Maintenance** 16501 06/24/2015 May 2015 06/24/2015 P.O. BOX 370103 632 06/24/2015 0.00 06/24/2015 MONTARA BOA 49742 0.00 CA 94037 2787 7.680.00 **GL Number** Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 20-60-4264 **ROW Tree Trimming & Mowing** 7,680.00 0.00 GO NATIVE INC C1 Trail Invasive Veg Removal 16502 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 P.O. BOX 370103 0.00 632 06/24/2015 MONTARA BOA 49742 06/24/2015 0.00 CA 94037 2789 1,280.00 Invoice Amount **GL Number** Description Amount Relieved 05-60-4272 C-1 Bio Maintenance 1,280.00 0.00 GO NATIVE INC **PVTC Vegetation Maint** 16503 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 P.O. BOX 370103 632 06/24/2015 0.00 BOA 49742 06/24/2015 0.00 **MONTARA** CA 94037 2786 3,160.00 **GL** Number Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 3,160.00 05-66-4342 Landscape Supplies & Services 0.00 Check No. 49742 12,120.00 Total: Total for GO NATIVE INC 12,120.00 JEANNIE GOLDMAN Spring 2015 Instructor Fee 16466 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 741 MANZANITA ROAD 706 06/24/2015 0.00 WOODSIDE BOA 49743 06/24/2015 0.00 CA 94062 10,951.00 GL Number Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 05-58-4246 Instructors & Class Refunds 10,951.00 0.00 49743 Check No. Total: 10,951.00 Total for JEANNIE GOLDMAN 10,951.00 **AMY HARDING** Grove Deposit Refund 16484 06/24/2015 Event 5/31/15 06/24/2015 208 CORTE MADERA 0.00 361 06/24/2015 PORTOLA VALLEY BOA 49744 06/24/2015 0.00 CA 94028 100.00 **GL Number** Invoice Amount Description Amount Relieved 05-00-2562 Field Deposits 100.00 0.00 Check No. 49744 Total: 100.00 **AMY HARDING** Total for 100.00

JUNE 24, 2015

Page 8
Date: 06/19/2015
Time: 8:00 am

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY					Page: 8:00 am
Vendor Name	Invoice Description1		Ref No.	Discount Date	
Vendor Name Line 2	Invoice Description2		PO No.	Pay Date	
Vendor Address	Vendor Number			Due Date	Taxes Withheld
City	Bank		Check No.	Check Date	Discount Amount
State/Province Zip/Postal	Invoice Number				Check Amount
SALLY HARRIS	Soccer Field Deposit Refund		16485	06/24/2015	
120 CODTE MADEDA DOAD	Event 6/10/15			06/24/2015	0.00
120 CORTE MADERA ROAD PORTOLA VALLEY	412 BOA		49745	06/24/2015 06/24/2015	0.00 0.00
CA 94028	DOA		47/43	00/24/2013	100.00
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved	100.00
05-00-2562	Field Deposits		100.00	0.00	
03-00-2302	Tielu Deposits		100.00	0.00	
		Check No.	49745	Total:	100.00
		Total for	SALLY HARRIS		100.00
HILLYARD, INC	Bathroom Tissue		16467	06/24/2015	
·				06/24/2015	
P.O. BOX 874338	531			06/24/2015	0.00
KANSAS CITY	BOA		49746	06/24/2015	0.00
MO 64187-4338	601637681				305.99
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved	
05-66-4340	Building Maint Equip & Supp		102.00	0.00	
05-66-4341	Community Hall		101.99	0.00	
25-66-4340	Building Maint Equip & Supp		102.00	0.00	
		Check No.	49746	Total:	305.99
		Total for	HILLYARD, INC		305.99
J.W. ENTERPRISES	Portable Lavs, 6/11-7/8		16486	06/24/2015	
1689 MORSE AVE	829			06/24/2015 06/24/2015	0.00
VENTURA	BOA		49747	06/24/2015	0.00
CA 93003	184228		7/17/	00/24/2013	242.44
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved	2.2
05-58-4244	Portable Lavatories		242.44	0.00	
		Check No.	49747	- Total:	242.44
		Total for	J.W. ENTERPR	ISES	242.44
JORGENSON SIEGEL MCCLURE &	May Statement		16468	06/24/2015	
FLEGEL	0000			06/24/2015	0.00
1100 ALMA STREET	0089		40740	06/24/2015	0.00
MENLO PARK CA 94025	BOA		49748	06/24/2015	0.00 9,787.50
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved	7,101.30
	Description Town Attornov				
05-54-4182 96-54-4186	Town Attorney Attorney - Charges to Appls		7,230.00 2,557.50	0.00 0.00	
		Check No.	49748	- Total:	9,787.50
		Total for		IEGEL MCCLURE 8	9,787.50
		10141101	JONGLINSON S	ILULL MOULURL 6	9,101.30

JUNE 24, 2015

Page 9
Date: 06/19/2015

Time: 8:00 am TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY Page: 7 Invoice Description1 Ref No. Discount Date Vendor Name Invoice Description2 PO No. Pay Date Vendor Name Line 2 Vendor Number Due Date Taxes Withheld Vendor Address Bank Check No. Check Date Discount Amount City State/Province Zip/Postal Check Amount Invoice Number JOHN KAWA JA C&D Refund, 45 Tagus 16459 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 45 TAGUS COURT 1099 06/24/2015 0.00 PORTOLA VALLEY **BOA** 49749 06/24/2015 0.00 CA 94028 5,000.00 **GL Number** Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 96-54-4205 C&D Deposit 5,000.00 0.00 Check No. 49749 Total: 5,000.00 Total for JOHN KAWAJA 5,000.00 16498 LADERA GARDEN CENTER Flowers 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 3130 LADERA COUNTRY SHOPPER 0490 06/24/2015 0.00 PORTOLA VALLEY **BOA** 49750 06/24/2015 0.00 CA 94028 91.75 GL Number Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 05-64-4336 Miscellaneous 91.75 0.00 Check No. 49750 Total: 91.75 91.75 Total for LADERA GARDEN CENTER LAURENCE MARKS Grove Deposit Refund 16487 06/24/2015 Event 5/9/15 06/24/2015 140 WAYSIDE ROAD 1080 06/24/2015 0.00 PORTOLA VALLEY BOA 49751 06/24/2015 0.00 CA 94028 100.00 **GL Number** Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 05-00-2562 Field Deposits 100.00 0.00 Check No. 49751 Total: 100.00 Total for LAURENCE MARKS 100.00 Grove Deposit Refund JENNIFER MAW 16488 06/24/2015 Event 6/7/15 06/24/2015 7 APPLEWOOD LANE 0446 06/24/2015 0.00 PORTOLA VALLEY BOA 49752 06/24/2015 0.00 CA 94028 100.00 GL Number Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 05-00-2562 Field Deposits 100.00 0.00 Check No. 49752 100.00 Total: JENNIFER MAW 100.00 Total for Water Purification System MERLIN ECO SOLUTIONS 16469 06/24/2015 Balance Due 00006298 06/24/2015 7924 INGALLS 0519 06/24/2015 0.00 **BELDING BOA** 49753 06/24/2015 0.00 MI 48809 4 848.57 GL Number Amount Relieved Description Invoice Amount 848.57 05-52-4152 **Emerg Preparedness Committee** 1,016.42

JUNE 24, 2015

Page 10 06/19/2015 Date: Time: 8:00 am Page: 8 Taxes Withheld Discount Amount Check Amount 848.57 848.57 0.00 0.00 5.44 5.44

0.00

340.00

0.00

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY Invoice Description1 Ref No. Discount Date Vendor Name Invoice Description2 PO No. Pay Date Vendor Name Line 2 Vendor Number Due Date Vendor Address Bank Check No. Check Date City

State/Province Zip/Postal Invoice Number

Check No. 49753 Total:
Total for MERLIN ECO SOLUTIONS

Conservation Committee

05-52-4144

JUDITH MURPHY Reimb for Conserv Comm 16470 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 8 PORTOLA GREEN CIRCLE 0210 06/24/2015 PORTOLA VALLEY BOA 06/24/2015 49754 CA 94028 **GL Number** Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved

 Check No.
 49754
 Total:
 5.44

 Total for
 JUDITH MURPHY
 5.44

5.44

NOLTE ASSOCIATES, INC **Applicant Charges** 16471 06/24/2015 3/29 - 4/30 06/24/2015 P.O. BOX 93243 0104 0.00 06/24/2015 LAS VEGAS **BOA** 49755 06/24/2015 0.00 NV 89193-3243 1,735.34 GL Number Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved

96-54-4194 Engineer - Charges to Appls 1,735.34 0.00

Check No. 49755 Total: 1,735.34

 50% Deposit
 00006313
 06/24/2015

 1900 S. NORFOLK STREET
 1249
 06/24/2015
 0.00

 SAN MATEO
 BOA
 49756
 06/24/2015
 0.00

 CA 94403
 #1324
 9,817.00

GL Number Description Invoice Amount Relieved
05-66-4341 Community Hall 9,817.00 9,817.00

 Check No.
 49756
 Total:
 9,817.00

 Total for
 OFR GROUP
 9,817.00

PARISI TRANSPORTATION CONSULT

Alpine/Arastradero Review

16492

06/24/2015

06/24/2015

1750 BRIDGEWAY, SUITE B208

0450

SAUSALITO

BOA

49757

06/24/2015

 SAUSALITO
 BOA
 49757
 06/24/2015
 0.00

 CA 94965
 15-140
 340.00

 GL Number
 Description
 Invoice Amount
 Amount Relieved

 20-54-4192
 Engineer Services
 340.00
 0.00

 Check No.
 49757
 Total:

Total for PARISI TRANSPORTATION CONSI 340.00

Page 11

JUNE 24, 2015

06/19/2015 Date: Time: 8:00 am TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY Page: 9 Invoice Description1 Ref No. Discount Date Vendor Name Invoice Description2 PO No. Pay Date Vendor Name Line 2 Vendor Number Due Date Taxes Withheld Vendor Address Check No. Check Date Discount Amount Bank City Zip/Postal State/Province Invoice Number Check Amount **R&R RAINGUTTERS, INC** Backyard Award Signs (2) 16497 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 810 E. SAN CARLOS AVE., STE A 0366 06/24/2015 0.00 SAN CARLOS **BOA** 49758 06/24/2015 0.00 CA 94070 14-982 150.00 **GL Number** Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 05-52-4144 **Conservation Committee** 150.00 0.00 Check No. 49758 Total: 150.00 R&R RAINGUTTERS, INC Total for 150.00 May Contract Support REGIONAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES 16506 06/24/2015 (Beverlin/Oppenheim) 06/24/2015 P.O. BOX 1350 1165 06/24/2015 0.00 BOA CARMEL VALLEY 49759 06/24/2015 0.00 CA 93924 5045 4,683.12 GL Number Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 05-50-4060 Temp NonPay Cler/Admin 4,683.12 0.00 Check No. 49759 Total: 4,683.12 4,683.12 Total for REGIONAL GOVERNMENT SERVICE 06/24/2015 CYNTHIA RICHARDSON Planning Consult Services 16472 dba Richardson Consulting May 2015 06/24/2015 24 CAMPBELL LANE 1250 06/24/2015 0.00 MENLO PARK BOA 49760 06/24/2015 0.00 CA 94025 1,207.50 **GL Number** Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 05-54-4196 Planner 1,207.50 0.00 Check No. 49760 Total: 1,207.50 Total for CYNTHIA RICHARDSON 1,207.50 RON RAMIES AUTOMOTIVE, INC. May Fuel Statement 16473 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 115 PORTOLA ROAD 422 06/24/2015 0.00 PORTOLA VALLEY BOA 06/24/2015 0.00 49761 CA 94028 554.41 Description **GL Number** Invoice Amount Amount Relieved Vehicle Maintenance 05-64-4334 554.41 0.00 RON RAMIES AUTOMOTIVE, INC. Repairs to 2001 Chevy Silverad 16496 06/24/2015 00006316 06/24/2015 422 115 PORTOLA ROAD 06/24/2015 0.00 PORTOLA VALLEY BOA 49761 06/24/2015 0.00 CA 94028 47909 506.23 **GL Number** Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 05-64-4334 Vehicle Maintenance 506.23 506.23

Check No.

Total for

49761

RON RAMIES AUTOMOTIVE, INC.

Total:

1,060.64

1,060.64

JUNE 24, 2015

Page 12

Date:

Total:

815.80

815.80

06/19/2015

Time: 8:00 am TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY Page: 10 Invoice Description1 Ref No. Discount Date Vendor Name Invoice Description2 PO No. Pay Date Vendor Name Line 2 Vendor Number Due Date Taxes Withheld Vendor Address Bank Check No. Check Date Discount Amount City State/Province Zip/Postal Check Amount Invoice Number SAN MATEO CTY ASSESSORS OFC Secured Master Data File 16474 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 555 COUNTY CENTER 1251 06/24/2015 0.00 REDWOOD CITY **BOA** 49762 06/24/2015 0.00 CA 94063-1665 305.00 GL Number Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 05-64-4308 Office Supplies 305.00 0.00 Check No. 49762 Total: 305.00 SAN MATEO CTY ASSESSORS OF Total for 305.00 SHARP BUSINESS SYSTEMS May Copies 16475 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 **DEPT. LA 21510** 0199 06/24/2015 0.00 06/24/2015 PASADENA BOA 49763 0.00 CA 91185-1510 C866455-541 422.11 **GL Number** Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 05-64-4308 Office Supplies 422.11 SHARP BUSINESS SYSTEMS Bal of Rentals for Picnic 16476 06/24/2015 (PO #6307) 06/24/2015 DEPT. LA 21510 0199 06/24/2015 0.00 **PASADENA** BOA 49763 06/24/2015 0.00 2,414.00 CA 91185-1510 140735 **GL Number** Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 05-52-4158 Parks & Recreation Committee 2,414.00 0.00 Check No. 49763 Total: 2,836.11 Total for SHARP BUSINESS SYSTEMS 2.836.11 SHELTON ROOFING C&D Refunds 16458 06/24/2015 1285 W'ridge & 159 Crescent 06/24/2015 1988 LEGHORN ST., #C 0309 06/24/2015 0.00 MOUNTAIN VIEW BOA 06/24/2015 0.00 49764 CA 94043 2,000.00 GL Number Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 96-54-4205 C&D Deposit 2,000.00 0.00 Check No. 49764 Total: 2,000.00 Total for SHELTON ROOFING 2,000.00 **STAPLES** Office Supplies - May Stmt 16489 06/24/2015 06/24/2015 STAPLES CREDIT PLAN 430 06/24/2015 0.00 **DES MOINES** BOA 49765 06/24/2015 0.00 IA 50368-9020 815.80 **GL Number** Description Invoice Amount Amount Relieved 05-64-4308 Office Supplies 815.80 0.00 49765

Check No.

Total for

STAPLES

JUNE 24, 2015

Page 13

Date: 06/19/2015 Time: 8:00 am

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY					Page:	11
Vendor Name	Invoice Description1		Ref No.	Discount Date		
Vendor Name Line 2	Invoice Description2		PO No.	Pay Date	-	
Vendor Address	Vendor Number Bank		Check No.	Due Date Check Date		es Withheld unt Amount
City State/Province Zip/Postal	Invoice Number		Check No.	Check Date		eck Amount
STUART RENTAL COMPANY	Bal of Rentals for Picnic		16505	06/24/2015	One	CK / IIIIOUIII
STORKT KENTAL COMI ANT	(PO#6307)		10303	06/24/2015		
454 S. ABBOTT AVE	0205			06/24/2015		0.00
MILPITAS	BOA		49766	06/24/2015		0.00
CA 95035	140735					2,414.00
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved		
05-52-4158	Parks & Recreation Committee		2,414.00	0.00		
		Check No.	49766	Total:		2,414.00
		Total for	STUART RENTA	AL COMPANY 		2,414.00
THERMAL MECHANICAL, INC	Bi-Monthly Maintenance (May)		16504	06/24/2015		
				06/24/2015		
425 ALDO AVENUE	955 BOA		407/7	06/24/2015		0.00
SANTA CLARA CA 95054	BOA PM-63251		49767	06/24/2015		0.00 1,495.00
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved		1,475.00
05-66-4341	Community Hall		498.34	0.00		
05-66-4346	Mechanical Sys Maint & Repair		498.33	0.00		
25-66-4346	Mechanical Sys Maint & Repair		498.33	0.00		
		Check No.	49767	Total:		1,495.00
		Total for 	THERMAL MEC	HANICAL, INC 		1,495.00
VERIZON WIRELESS	May Cellular		16477	06/24/2015		
VERIZON WIRELESS	iviay Cellulai		10477	06/24/2015		
P.O. BOX 660108	0131			06/24/2015		0.00
DALLAS	BOA		49768	06/24/2015		0.00
TX 75266-0108						243.65
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved		
05-64-4318	Telephones		243.65	0.00		
		Check No.	49768	Total:		243.65
		Total for	VERIZON WIRE			243.65
			—— —— —— —			
JANE WILSON	Pannara for 2014 Haliday Fair		16478	06/24/2015		
JANE WILSON	Banners for 2014 Holiday Fair		10470	06/24/2015		
557 CRESTA VISTA LANE	1162			06/24/2015		0.00
PORTOLA VALLEY	BOA		49769	06/24/2015		0.00
CA 94028						169.66
GL Number	Description		Invoice Amount	Amount Relieved		
05-52-4150	Cultural Arts Committee		169.66	0.00		
		Check No.	49769	Total:		169.66
		Total for	JANE WILSON			169.66
	-			Grand Total:		118,853.82
	Total Invoices: 51			Less Credit Memos:		0.00
			1.	Net Total:		118,853.82
				ess Hand Check Total: standing Invoice Total:		0.00
			Out	standing involce tolds.		118,853.82

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

Warrant Disbursement Journal June 24, 2015

Claims totaling \$118,853.82 having been duly examined by me and found to be correct are hereby approved and verified by me as due bills against the Town of Portola Valley.

Date	Nick Pegueros, Treasurer
Motion having been duly made and seconded, the above Signed and sealed this (Date)	re claims are hereby approved and allowed for payment.
Sharon Hanlon, Town Clerk	 Mayor



MEMORANDUM

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

TO: Mayor and Members of the Town Council

FROM: Sharon Hanlon, Town Clerk

DATE: June 24, 2015

RE: Adoption of Ordinance Amending Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the

Portola Valley Municipal Code

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that the Town Council adopt the attached ordinance amending Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code.

DISCUSSION

At its June 10, 2015 meeting, the Town Council considered and voted to approve amendments to Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code.

This matter has come before the Town Council for second reading of the ordinance title, waiving further reading and adoption of the ordinance. If approved, the ordinance shall become effective thirty (30) days after the date of adoption and posting.

APPROVED – Nick Pegueros, Town Manager N. P.

ORDINANCE NUMBER 2015 - _____

ORDINANCE AMENDING TITLE 2 [ADMINISTRATION AND PERSONNEL] OF THE PORTOLA VALLEY MUNICIPAL CODE

WHEREAS, the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley ("Town") desires to update Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code to accurately reflect current law and practice; and

WHEREAS, there have been changes in the law and in Town practice since many of the sections in Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] were last updated, many in the 1960s and 1970s.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley does **ORDAIN** as follows:

1. <u>AMENDMENT OF CODE</u>. Chapter 2.04 [Council Meetings] of Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code is hereby amended in its entirety to read as follows:

2.04.010 Regular Meetings

The Council shall meet in regular session on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month at the hour of 7:00 p.m., and may adjourn from time-to-time as in their judgment may seem proper.

2.04.020 Place of Meetings

Meetings of the Council shall be held in the Historic Schoolhouse, 765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA 94028.

2.04.030 Books and Records

The books and records of all Town actions shall be open at all times during office hours in compliance with the California Public Records Act, Government Code Section 6250 et seg.

2. <u>AMENDMENT OF CODE</u>. Chapter 2.05 [Town Council Vacancies] of Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code is hereby amended in its entirety to read as follows:

2.05.010 Filling of Vacancy

As authorized by California Government Code Section 36512, within 60 days from the commencement of the vacancy, the Council shall either fill the vacancy by appointment or call a special election to fill the vacancy. If a special election is called, it shall be held on the next regularly established election date not less than 114 days from the call of the special election. If the Council appoints a person to fill the vacancy until the special election, that person holds office only until the date of the special election. Nothing

herein shall require the Council to fill a vacancy by appointment until the special election.

2.05.020 Appointment Process

If the Council desires to appoint a qualified individual to fill a vacancy, the Council may determine, in its discretion, if and how interviews and selection will be conducted, provided the process complies with all applicable laws and statutes, including the Brown Act, California Government Code Section 54950 et seq.

2.05.030 Term

A person appointed or elected to fill a vacancy holds office for the unexpired term of the former incumbent.

3. <u>AMENDMENT OF CODE</u>. Section 2.08.010 [Compensation of town clerk] and Section 2.08.020 [Town treasurer will not be compensated] of Chapter 2.08 [Town Clerk and Treasurer] of Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code are hereby amended to read as follows:

2.08.010 Town Clerk

The Town Clerk shall be appointed by and be responsible to the Town Manager. The Town Clerk shall serve as clerk to the Council as well as the Town's election officer. The Town Clerk shall maintain the official records of the Council and perform such other duties as set forth in the general laws of the state.

2.08.020 Town Treasurer

The Town Manager shall serve as the Town Treasurer. The Town Treasurer shall maintain the accounts of the Town in accordance with the approved final budget and accepted municipal accounting procedures and shall perform such other duties as set forth in the general laws of the state.

- 4. <u>REPEAL OF CODE</u>. Section 2.08.030 [Town clerk and town treasurer Bonds] of Chapter 2.08 [Town Clerk and Treasurer] of Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code is hereby deleted in its entirety as the Town Clerk and Town Treasurer are not required to post a bond prior to entering service.
- 5. <u>AMENDMENT OF CODE</u>. Section 2.12.010 [Transfer of Assessment and Tax Collection Duties to County] of Chapter 2.12 [Assessment and Tax Collection] of Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

2.12.010 Transfer of Assessment and Tax Collection Duties to County

The Council elects to proceed pursuant to Government Code Section 51500 et seq. providing for the transfer of the assessment and tax collection duties ordinarily performed by the Town Assessor and Tax Collector to the San Mateo County Assessor and Tax Collector.

6. <u>AMENDMENT OF CODE</u>. Section 2.16.030 [Powers and duties] and Section 2.16.040 [Meetings] of Chapter 2.16 [Architectural and Site Control Commission] of Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code are hereby amended as follows:

2.16.030 Powers and Duties

The Architectural and Site Control Commission shall have the powers and duties necessary to assist and advise the Town Planning Commission, which may be modified from time to time. The Architectural and Site Control Commission powers and duties shall include the following:

- A. Study and make recommendations for the disposition of permits requiring architectural and site review;
- B. Study and make recommendations on all requests for variances;
- C. Study and make recommendations on all applications for subdivisions and resubdivisions:
- D. Study and make recommendations on ordinances for grading, signs, private roads, and such other items as the Planning Commission shall direct;
- E. Hear and act upon abatements and appeals regarding violations of zoning ordinances and building codes;
- F. Supervise rulings of the Planning Commission as directed.

2.16.040 **Meetings**

The Architectural and Site Control Commission shall meet in regular session on the second and fourth Monday of each month at the hour of 7:00 p.m. in the Historic Schoolhouse, 765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA 94028, and may adjourn from time-to-time as in their judgement may seem proper.

7. <u>AMENDMENT OF CODE</u>. Section 2.20.020 [Powers and duties] and Section 2.20.030 [Meetings] of Chapter 2.20 [Planning Commission] of Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code are hereby amended to read as follows:

2.20.020 Powers and Duties

The Planning Commission shall have the powers and duties set forth in the Government Code and the general laws of the state, and as set forth in the ordinances of the Council, which shall include the following:

- A. Prepare a General Plan for the development of the Town, for recommendation to the Council:
- B. Recommend such ordinances and resolutions to the Council as are necessary to implement the General Plan;
- C. Supervise the land use in the Town, by conducting necessary public hearings and acting upon applications for zoning amendments, conditional use permits, variances from the existing ordinances, subdivisions, resubdivisions, and building permits;

D. Review, reappraise, redefine and submit changes, where necessary, to elements of the General Plan in accordance with the timeframes provided in State law or as directed by Council.

2.20.030 **Meetings**

The Planning Commission shall meet in regular session on the first and third Wednesday of each month at the hour of 7:00 p.m. in the Historic Schoolhouse, 765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA 94028, and may adjourn from time-to-time as in their judgement may seem proper.

8. <u>AMENDMENT OF CODE</u>. Section 2.28.010 [State holidays] of Chapter 2.28 [Holidays] of Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] is hereby amended to read as follows:

2.28.010 Holidays; Town Offices Closed

- A. State holidays listed in Government Code Section 6700, including Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Cesar Chavez Day and Thanksgiving Day apply to the Town.
- B. Town offices shall be closed on State holidays, with the exception of Lincoln Day, Admission Day, Columbus Day, Cesar Chaves Day and Veterans Day.
- C. If January 1st, July 4th or December 25th falls on a Sunday, the following Monday is a holiday. If January 1st, July 4th or December 25th falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday is a holiday.
- D. Town Hall may be closed the day after Thanksgiving and on the intervening days between December 25th and January 1st, but these days shall not be considered holidays for the purposes of other sections of the Municipal Code.
- 9. <u>REPEAL OF CODE</u>. Section 2.28.020 [Town holidays, Town offices closed] of Chapter 2.28 [Holidays] of Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] is hereby deleted in its entirety.
- 10. <u>AMENDMENT OF CODE</u>. Section 2.32.010 [Election date established] of Chapter 2.32 [General Municipal Elections] of Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code is hereby amended to update the Government Code citation as follows:

2.32.010 Election Day Established

The general municipal elections of the Town shall be held on the same day that is established for School District elections as set forth in Elections Code Section 1302, the first Tuesday after the first Monday of March in each odd-numbered year, or the second Tuesday of April each year.

11. <u>REPEAL OF CODE</u>. Section 2.32.020 [Town officers—Duration of term] and Section 2.32.030 [Notice to voters required] of Chapter 2.32 [General Municipal

Elections] of Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code is hereby deleted as those Sections applied only to the initial implementation of the election day in 1987 and are no longer necessary.

12. <u>AMENDMENT OF CODE</u>. Section 2.36.010 [Incorporation by reference] of Chapter 2.36 [Conflicts of Interest] of Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

2.36.010 Incorporation by Reference

The terms of 2 California Code of Regulations Section 18730 and any amendments to it duly adopted by the Fair Political Practices Commission are hereby incorporated by reference and, along with the resolution approved by the Town Council in which public officials and employees are designated and their disclosure categories identified, constitute the Conflict of interest Code of the Town.

- 13. REPEAL OF CODE. Sections 2.36.040 [Disclosure obligations], Section 2.36.050 [Statements of economic interest, place of filing]; Section 2.36.060 [Statements of economic interests—Time of filing]; 2.36.070 [Statements for persons who resign 30 days after appointment]; Section 2.36.080 [Contents of and period covered by statements of economic interests], Section 2.36.090 [Manner of reporting], 2.36.100 [Prohibitions]; 2.36.110 [Disqualification]; 2.36.120 [Legally required participation], 2.36.130 [Manner of disqualification], Section 2.36.140 [Assistance of the commission and council], Section 2.36.150 [Violations] and the Appendix to \Chapter 2.36 [Conflicts of Interest] of Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code are hereby deleted. By adopting 2 Cal. Code Regs Section 18730 by reference these provisions are included and do not need to be specifically called out in the Town's Municipal Code.
- 14. <u>REPEAL OF CODE</u>. Chapter 2.38 [Informal Bidding] of Title 2 [Administration] is hereby deleted in its entirety.
- 15. <u>ADDITION OF CODE</u>. Chapter 2.38 [Informal Bidding] of Title 2 [Administration] is hereby added to read as follows:

2.38.010 Informal Bid Procedures

Public Projects, as defined by the Uniform Public Construction Cost Accounting Act, Public Contract Code Section 22000 et seq., and in accordance with the limits listed in Section 22032 of the Public Contract Code, may be let to contract by informal procedures as set forth in Section 22032 et seq. of the Public Contract Code.

2.38.020 Contractors List

The Town shall develop and maintain a list of contractors in accordance with the provisions of Section 22034 of the California Public Contract Code and criteria promulgated from time to time by the California Uniform Construction Cost Accounting Commission.

2.38.030 Notice Inviting Informal Bids

Where a public project is to be performed which is subject to the provisions of this Chapter, a notice inviting informal bids may be mailed to all contractors for the category of work to be bid, as shown on the list developed in accordance with Section 2.38.020, and shall be mailed to all construction trade journals as specified by the California Uniform Construction Cost Accounting Commission in accordance with Section 22036 of the Public Contract Code. Additional contractors and/or construction trade journals may be notified at the discretion of the Town Public Works Directors, provided, however: (1) if there is no list of qualified contractors maintained for the particular category of work to be performed, the notice inviting bids shall be sent only to the construction trade journals specified by the California Uniform Construction Cost Accounting Commission; and (2) if the product or service is proprietary in nature such that it can be obtained only from a certain contractor(s), the notice inviting informal bids may be sent exclusively to such contractor(s).

2.38.040 Award of Contracts

The Town Director of Public Works is authorized to award informal contracts pursuant to this Section.

- 16. <u>SEVERABILITY</u>. If any part of this ordinance is held to be invalid or inapplicable to any situation by a court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this ordinance or the applicability of this ordinance to other situations.
- 17. <u>ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW</u>. This ordinance is not a project for the purposes of the California Environmental Quality Act.
- 18. <u>EFFECTIVE DATE; POSTING</u>. This ordinance shall become effective 30 days after the date of its adoption and shall be posted within the Town in three public places.

INTRODUCED:		
PASSED:		
AYES:		
NOES:		
ABSTENTIONS:		
ABSENT:		

ATTEST:		
Town Clerk	By:	
APPROVED AS TO FORM:		
Town Attorney		



MEMORANDUM

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

TO: Mayor and Members of the Town Council

FROM: Sharon Hanlon, Town Clerk

DATE: June 24, 2015

RE: Adoption of Ordinance Amending Title 18 [Zoning], Chapter 18.64 [Architectural

and Site Plan Review] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that the Town Council adopt the attached ordinance amending Section 18.64.010 [Applicability-Purpose] of Chapter 18. 64 [Architectural and Site Plan Review] contained in Title 18 [Zoning] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code, to allow the Town Planner to refer buildings or additions of any size to the ASCC for review.

DISCUSSION

At its June 10, 2015 meeting, the Town Council considered and voted to approve Amendments to Chapter 18.64 [Architectural and Site Plan Review] contained in Title 18 [Zoning] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code.

This matter has come before the Town Council for second reading of the ordinance title, waiving further reading and adoption of the ordinance. If approved, the ordinance shall become effective thirty (30) days after the date of adoption and posting.

APPROVED - Nick Pegueros, Town Manager N. P.

ORDINANCE NO. 2015-____

ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY AMENDING SECTION 18.64.010 [APPLICABILITY-PURPOSE] OF THE PORTOLA VALLEY MUNICIPAL CODE

WHEREAS, Section 18.64.010 [Applicability-Purpose] of Chapter 18.64 [Architectural and Site Plan Review] of Title 18 [Zoning] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code currently provides that applications for building permits for buildings or additions less than four hundred (400) square feet are exempt from architectural and site plan review:

WHEREAS, recent projects have highlighted that, on occasion, projects which do not meet the threshold for architectural and site plan review by the Architectural and Site Control Commission (ASCC) could benefit from referral to the ASCC; and

WHEREAS, the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley desires to amend Section 18.64.010 to allow the Town Planner to refer buildings or additions of any size to the ASCC for review.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley does ORDAIN as follows:

1. <u>AMENDMENT OF CODE</u>. Section 18.64.010 [Applicability-Purpose] of Chapter 18.64 [Architectural and Site Plan Review] of Title 18 [Zoning] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.64.010 Applicability - Purpose.

A. Architectural and site plan review shall be required in connection with matters listed in this section; provisions for the review of other matters by the architectural and site control commission are included in other ordinances of the town:

- 1. Applications for building permits for buildings or additions of four hundred (400) square feet or larger or two stories or more;
- 2. Applications for building permits for all commercial buildings;
- 3. Applications for all building permits for structures on parcels fronting on arterial roads, expressways or freeways as shown on the Portola Valley general plan;
- 4. Applications for building permits for antennas with diameters larger than four feet but not exceeding six feet, designed to receive television or microwave signals transmitted from satellite or terrestrial stations;

- 5. Applications for building permits for all structures in any area which has been designated as an area of influence in any specific plan adopted pursuant to state law;
- 6. Zoning permits for tennis courts and paddle tennis courts;
- 7. Applications for conditional use permits except when such permits are for interior alterations only;
- 8. Applications for building permits for the restoration or reconstruction of nonconforming buildings as provided for in Section 18.46.030;
- Applications for building permits for properties with historic resources as identified in the historic element of the general plan as provided for in Section 18.31.050;
- 10. Applications for building permits or zoning permits for recycling and trash enclosures as provided for in Section 18.37.010;
- 11. Applications for entryway features as provided for in Section 18.42.016;
- 12. Applications for lighting as provided for in Section 18.42.018;
- 13. Applications for mail boxes as provided for in Section 18.37.020.F. and Section 18.42.016.B;
- 14. Applications for uncovered parking as provided for in Section 18.60.030 D;
- 15. Applications for buildings or additions of any size that the Town Planner determines is appropriate for architectural site plan review in order to accomplish the purposes identified in 18.64.010.B;
- 16. Such other matters as shall be referred to the architectural and site control commission by the Planning Commission.
- B. The purpose of architectural and site plan review and approval is to promote the preservation of the visual character of Portola Valley, the stability of land values and investments, the public safety, and the general welfare by preventing the erection of structures or additions or alterations thereto of unsightly or obnoxious appearance or which are not properly related to their sites, adjacent uses, and circulation in the vicinity, and by preventing the indiscriminate clearing of property, excessive grading and the destruction of trees and shrubbery.
- 2. <u>SEVERABILITY</u>. If any part of this ordinance is held to be invalid or inapplicable to any situation by a court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not

affect the validity of the remaining portions of this ordinance or the applicability of this ordinance to other situations.

- 3. ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW. This ordinance is not a project for purposes of the the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and is exempt from environmental review pursuant to Section 15061(b)(3) of the CEQA Guidelines.
- 4. EFFECTIVE DATE; POSTING. This ordinance shall become effective thirty (30) days after the date of its adoption and shall be posted within the Town in three public places.

Town Clerk	Town Attorney
ATTEST:	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
Mayor	
APPROVED:	
ABSENT:	
ABSTENTIONS:	
NOES:	
AYES:	
PASSED:	
INTRODUCED.	

INTRODUCED:



MEMORANDUM

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

TO: Mayor and Members of the Town Council

FROM: Stacie Nerdahl, Administrative Services Manager

DATE: June 24, 2015

RE: 2015-2016 Appropriations Limit

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that the Town Council adopt the attached resolution determining and establishing the Town's 2015-2016 Appropriations Limit.

BACKGROUND

California Law requires each public agency to calculate and adopt its Appropriations Limit for each fiscal year. This requirement stems from the 1978 passage by the voters of Proposition 4, with subsequent modification in 1990 by the passage of Proposition 111. The Appropriation Limit creates a restriction on the amount of revenue that can be appropriated in any fiscal year. The Limit is based upon actual appropriations during 1977-1978, adjusted each year for inflation and population growth. Not all revenues are restricted by the Limit, only those that are referred to as "proceeds of taxes." Additionally, certain types of appropriations do not count against the Limit, including the costs of voter-approved debt, court and Federal mandates, and qualified capital outlay.

In order to determine whether an agency is within its Limit for any given fiscal year, the agency must determine its anticipated revenues that qualify as proceeds of taxes. The allowed cost exclusions are then deducted from the total proceeds of taxes. The resulting number is the appropriations subject to the Limit for the fiscal year. This is compared with the actual adopted Limit in order to determine an agency's position over or under the Limit.

An agency may not appropriate any proceeds of taxes received in excess of its Limit. An excess may be carried forward for one year. If an excess still exists at the end of two years, it must be returned to the taxpayers through tax reductions or rebates. Alternatively, a majority of the local voters may approve an "override" to increase the Limit for a four-year period. Very few agencies have reached or exceeded their Appropriations Limit. Those agencies that do have usually experienced a significant increase in tax base through new and extensive development, which would outstrip increases in inflation or population.

The Town's Appropriations Limit for 2015-2016 is \$3,029,624. This is \$347,765 greater than the Town's appropriations of \$2,681,859 that are subject to limitation (please see worksheets #4 and #6 of Exhibit A).

ATTACHMENTS

 Resolution Determining and Establishing the Appropriations Limit for 2015-16 with Exhibit A of Worksheets Calculating Limit

APPROVED - Nick Pegueros, Town Manager N. N.

ATTACHMENT #1

RESOLUTION No. ____-2015

A RESOLUTION OF THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY DETERMINING AND ESTABLISHING THE APPROPRIATIONS LIMIT FOR 2015-2016

WHEREAS, the calculation of the Appropriations Limit for the Fiscal Year 2015-2016 has been completed by the Administrative Services Manager; and

WHEREAS, the manner of calculating said Limit is set forth in Exhibit A attached hereto.

NOW, THEREFORE, be it resolved that the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley Appropriations Limit for Fiscal Year 2015-2016 is determined to be \$3,089,624.

REGULARLY PASSED AND ADOPTED this 24th day of June 2015.

	Mayor	
ATTEST:		

EXHIBIT "A"

USER FEES VERSUS COSTS (Worksheet #1)

Town of Portola Valley
Fiscal Year 2015-16
Town Council Adopted Budget

	Costs	Fees
Planning and Building		
Building Permits		\$ 525,000
Zoning and Planning Permits		620
Construction & Demolition Fees		12,000
Horsekeeping Permits	200 000	3,000
Consulting Fees – charges to applicants Town Planner	260,000 231,478	260,000
Assoc/Sr Town Planner	129,675	
Assistant Planner	117,497	
Planning Tech II	99,142	
Deputy Building Official	154,752	
SuRE Manager	132,584	
Geologist/Planning/Engineer Consultants	91,000	
Plan Checks and Inspections	100,000	
	\$1,316,128	\$800,620
Park & Recreation - Town Center		
Park & Recreation Revenue		79,693
Town Center Revenue	404.400	218,000
Recreation Coordinator Sr Maintenance Worker	121,163 119,296	
Maintenance Worker II	90,500	
Park & Town Center Utilities	79,000	
Vehicle Maintenance	14,000	
Town Center Facilities Costs	147,500	
Parks Operations	221,600	
	\$793,059	\$297,693
Public Works		
SDP/EP/CUP/Building Review		46,500
Franchise Fees		271,038
Public Works Director	237,664	
Public Works Operations	<u>23,000</u>	
	\$260,664	\$317,538

CALCULATION OF PROCEEDS OF TAXES (Worksheet #2)

Town of Portola Valley Fiscal Year 2015-16 Town Council Adopted Budget

Proceeds of Taxes	Subject to Limit	Not Subject to Limit
Property Taxes Sales & Use Tax Business License Tax Real Property Transfer Tax Utility Users' Tax - General HOPTR	\$2,463,054 172,000 105,000 115,000 509,200 9,000	
Proceeds of Taxes for Capital Outlay		****
Utility Users' Tax – Open Space Measure A Sales Tax Public Safety COPS Grant Public Safety Sales Tax 172		\$225,400 286,341 100,000 14,237
<u>User Fees</u>		
Building Permits Construction & Demolition Fees Zoning & Planning Permits Planning Fees for Staff Review Consulting Fees – charges to applican Park & Recreation Revenue Town Center Revenue SDP/EP/CUP/Building Review Franchise Fees Horsekeeping Permits	t	\$525,000 12,000 520 44,000 260,000 79,693 218,000 46,500 271,038 3,000
Other Revenues		* 400.000
Measure M State Gas Tax Prop 42 Various Filing Fees Miscellaneous Fines & Forfeitures Open Space/Schoolhouse Contribution Miscellaneous Contributions Town Library Maintenance Reimb Misc Taxes Crowder Trail Maint Reimb State Mandated Costs Reimb Misc Grants	ns	\$100,000 83,620 21,402 47,090 15,000 15,785 5,000 1,000 6,400 2,000 15,000 14,500 300,843
Subtotal (for Worksheet #3)	3,373,254	2,713,469
Interest Earning (from Worksheet #3)	<u>14,960</u>	<u>19,040</u>
Total Revenue (for Worksheet #4)	3,388,214	2,732,509

INTEREST EARNINGS PRODUCED BY TAXES (Worksheet #3)

Town of Portola Valley Fiscal Year 2015-16 Town Council Adopted Budget

		<u>Amount</u>	Source
A.	Non-interest subject tax proceeds:	\$3,373,254	Worksheet #2
B.	Minus exclusions:	706,355	Worksheet #7
C.	Net invested taxes:	2,666,899	(A – B)
D.	Total non-interest revenue:	6,086,723	Worksheet #2
E.	Tax proceeds as percent of budget:	0.44	(C / D)
F.	Interest earnings:	34,000	Budget
G.	Amount of interest earned from taxes:	14,960	(E * F)
Н.	Amount of interest earned from non-taxes:	19,040	(F – G)

I. Take the result of steps G and H; copy to Worksheet #2.

APPROPRIATIONS SUBJECT TO LIMITATION (Worksheet #4)

Town of Portola Valley
Fiscal Year 2015-16
Town Council Adopted Budget

		Amount	Source
A.	Subject proceeds of taxes	\$3,388,214	Worksheet #2
B.	Exclusions	706,355	Worksheet #7
C.	Appropriations subject to limitation	2,681,859	(A – B)
D.	Current year limit (2015-16)	3,029,624	Worksheet #6
E.	Over/(under) limit	(347,765)	(C – D)

APPROPRIATIONS LIMIT THROUGH 2015-16 (Worksheet #5)

Town of Portola Valley Fiscal Year 2015-16 Town Council Adopted Budget

Appropriation Limit Base Year (AS AMENDED)

441,943.00

Year	Previous Year Limit	Adjustment Factor	Current Year Limit
1979-80	441,943.00	1.1199	494,931.97
1980-81	494,931.97	1.1053	547,048.30
1981-82	547,048.30	1.0567	578,065.94
1982-83	578,065.94	1.0736	620,611.59
1983-84	620,611.59	1.0261	636,809.56
1984-85	636,809.56	1.0670	679,475.80
1985-86	679,475.80	1.0445	709,712.47
1986-87	709,712.47	1.0504	745,481.98
1987-88	745,481.98	1.0557	787,005.32
1988-89	787,005.32	1.0542	829,661.01
1989-90	829,661.01	1.0704	888,069.15
1990-91	888,069.15	1.0552	937,090.56
1991-92	937,090.56	1.0571	990,598.44
1992-93	990,598.44	1.0183	1,008,726.39
1993-94	1,008,726.39	1.0448	1,053,917.33
1994-95	1,053,917.33	1.0259	1,081,213.79
1995-96	1,081,213.79	1.0672	1,153,871.36
1996-97	1,153,871.36	1.0561	1,218,603.54
1997-98 ¹	1,218,603.54	1.0580	1,641,871.54
1998-99	1,641,871.54	1.0565	1,734,637.29
1999-00	1,734,637.29	1.0544	1,829,001.56
2000-01	1,829,001.56	1.0573	1,933,803.35
2001-02	1,933,803.35	1.0977	2,122,735.94
2002-03	2,122,735.94	1.0164	2,157,548.87
2003-04	2,157,548.87	1.0139	2,187,538.79
2004-05	2,187,538.79	1.0423	2,280,073.87
2005-06	2,280,073.87	1.0591	2,414,885.52
2006-07	2,414,885.52	1.0472	2,528,841.75
2007-08	2,528,841.75	1.0561	2,670,719.58
2008-09	2,670,719.58	1.0560	2,820,666.68
2009-10	2,820,666.68	1.0183	2,872,496.82
2010-11 ²	2,872,496.81	0.9861	3,287,799.44
2011-12	3,287,799.44	1.0343	3,366,837.32
2012-13	3,366,837.32	1.0479	3,499,954.04
2013-14 ³	3,499,954.04	1.0627	2,862,302.79
2014-15	2,862,302.79	1.0094	2,889,208.44
2015-16	2,889,208.44	1.0486	3,029,623.97

¹ Appropriation limit for 1997-98 includes an added on Utility Users' Tax of \$352,398 to temporarily increase the Appropriation Limit with voter approval.

² Appropriation limit for 2010-11 includes impact of deducting 1997-98 Utility Users' Tax budgeted revenues and adding the 2010-11 Utility Users' Taxes budgeted revenues. Subsequent years will deduct prior year and add current year budgeted utility users' tax revenues.

³ Corrections to proceeds of taxes that are subject to limit disallowed need for UUT adjustment in the 2013-14 calculation of appropriations limit. See Worksheet #6 for fiscal year 2013-14 calculation.

APPROPRIATIONS LIMIT (Worksheet #6)

Town of Portola Valley Fiscal Year 2015-16 Town Council Adopted Budget

A.	FISCAL YEAR 2014-2015 LIMIT	\$2,889,208.44	
B.	ADJUSTMENT FACTORS 1. Population 2. Per Capita Income	101.00% <u>103.82%</u>	
	Total Adjustment Factor	104.86%	
C.	ANNUAL ADJUSTMENT	140,415.53	
D.	OTHER ADJUSTMENTS 1. Lost Responsibility 2. Transfer to Private 3. Transfer to Fees 4. Assumed Responsibility 5. CY Utility Users' Tax *	- - - -	
E.	TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	140,415.53	(E)
F.	FISCAL YEAR 2015-16 LIMIT	<u>3,029,623.97</u>	(A + E)

^{*} Corrections to proceeds of taxes that are subject to limit disallow need for UUT adjustment in the 2013-14 and future years' calculations of appropriations limit.

EXCLUDED APPROPRIATIONS (Worksheet #7)

Town of Portola Valley Fiscal Year 2015-16 Town Council Adopted Budget

	<u>Amount</u>
Qualified Capital: 2015-16 Street Resurfacing—Construction Qualified Capital: 2015-16 Street Resurfacing—Design/Inspection Qualified Capital: SMTA Grant Reimbursement Project (GF) Qualified Capital: Permit Tracking Software Program Qualified Capital: Improvements to Alpine Road (Horse Trail)	\$149,000 80,000 128,757 80,000 65,000
Qualified Capital: Improvements to Historic Schoolhouse	60,000
Qualified Capital: Equipment	35,000
Federally Mandated Appropriations	<u>108,598</u>
	<u>\$706,355</u>



MEMORANDUM

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

TO: Mayor and Members of the Town Council

FROM: Stacie Nerdahl, Administrative Services Manager

DATE: June 24, 2015

RE: **Investment Policy**

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that the Town Council adopt the attached resolution reaffirming its acceptance of the Town's Investment Policy.

BACKGROUND

Per State law and California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission (CDIAC) requirements, it is necessary for the Council to review and accept the Town's Investment Policy on an annual basis. Initially adopted by the Council on December 10, 2003, this policy was last revised on June 27, 2012. No additional revisions have been made.

ATTACHMENT

1. Resolution of the Town Council Adopting Investment Policy

APPROVED – Nick Pegueros, Town Manager N. N.



ATTACHMENT #1

RESOL	UTION NO.	-201	15

RESOLUTION OF THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY ADOPTING TOWN INVESTMENT POLICY

WHEREAS, the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley ("Town") has adopted the attached Investment Policy on June 27, 2012;

WHEREAS, the Town desires to reaffirm its acceptance of the Investment Policy in its entirety as the official investment policy of the Town;

NOW, THEREFORE, the Town of Portola Valley does RESOLVE as follows:

The Town hereby approves and accepts the Investment Policy as the official Investment Policy of the Town.

PASSED AND ADOPTED this 24thth day of June, 2015.

	Ву:	
	Mayor	
ATTEST:		
Town Clerk		



Town of Portola Valley Investment Policy

Originally Adopted: December 10, 2003

Revised: June 27, 2012

1.0 MISSION STATEMENT

It is the policy of the Town of Portola Valley to invest public funds in a manner which will provide the maximum security with best investment returns, while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the entity and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds.

2.0 SCOPE

This investment policy applies to all financial assets of the Town of Portola Valley. These funds are audited annually and accounted for in the Financial Statements. Funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue and Restricted Funds, Trust Funds and any other Town Funds or funds held for the exclusive benefit of the Town of Portola Valley and under the direction of Town of Portola Valley officials.

2.1 Pooling of Funds Except for cash in certain restricted funds, the Town will consolidate cash balances from all funds to maximize investment earnings. Investment income will be allocated to the various funds based on their respective participation and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

3.0 OBJECTIVES

In order of priority, the primary objectives of the investment activities shall be:

- **3.1 Safety** Safety of the principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments of the Town shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio.
- **3.2 Liquidity** The investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the Town of Portola Valley to meet all operating requirements that might be reasonably anticipated.
- 3.3 Total Return The investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the investment risk constraints and the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio. Return on investment is of secondary importance compared to the safety and liquidity objectives described above.

4.0 STANDARDS OF CARE

- 4.1 Prudence Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence and discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived. The standard of prudence to be used shall be the "prudent investor" standard (California Government Code 53600.3) and shall be applied in the context of managing an overall portfolio. Investment officers acting in accordance with written procedures and the investment policy and exercising due diligence shall be relieved of personal responsibility for an individual security's risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectation are reported in a timely fashion and appropriate action is taken to control adverse developments.
- 4.2 Delegation of Authority Authority to manage the investment program is derived from California Government Code (CGC) 53600/1, et seq. Management responsibility for the investment program is hereby delegated to the Treasurer, who shall establish procedures and operate the investment program consistent with this investment policy. Procedures may include, but not be limited to, references to: safekeeping, wire transfer agreements, collateral/depository agreements and banking services contracts, as appropriate. Such procedures shall include explicit delegation of authority to persons responsible for investment transactions. No person may engage in an investment transaction except as provided under the terms of this policy and the procedures established by the Treasurer.
- 4.3 Ethics and Conflict of Interest Officers and employees involved in the investment process shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with proper execution of the investment program, or which could impair their ability to make impartial investment decisions. Employees and investment officials shall disclose any material interests in financial institutions with which they conduct business. They shall further disclose any large personal financial/investment positions that could be related to the performance of the investment portfolio. Employees and officers shall refrain from undertaking personal investment transactions with the same individual with whom business is conducted on behalf of the Town.

5.0 AUTHORIZED FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND DEALERS

The Treasurer may select any financial institution/broker/dealer selected by credit worthiness that is authorized to provide investment services in the State of California. For broker/dealers of government securities and other investments, the Treasurer shall select only broker/dealers who are licensed and in good standing with the California Department of Securities, the Securities and Exchange Commission and the National Association of Securities Dealers.

6.0 <u>AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS</u>

- **6.1 Investment Types** The Town of Portola Valley is empowered by CGC 53601 et seq. to invest in the following:
 - Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), a special fund of the State Treasury in which local agencies are allowed to pool their funds for investment purposes up to a maximum of \$40 million. LAIF will have its own investment policy that will differ from the Town.
 - United States Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds, or mutual funds or exchange traded funds holding 80% or more of its total investments in these security types.
 - Pools and other investment structures incorporating investments permitted in CGC 53601 and 53635, such as Local Government Investment Pools sponsored by Counties and Joint Powers Authorities. These entities may have their own investment policy that will differ from that of the Town.
 - Negotiable Certificates of Deposit issued by federally or state chartered banks or associations. No more than 30% of surplus funds can be invested in certificates of deposit.

Investment in derivatives of the above instruments shall require authorization by the Town Council. Any concentrated equity or bond holding (including any private note held by the Town), however obtained, must be sold and converted into approved investments as quickly as practicable, considering market liquidity and trading restrictions on such securities.

Collateralization All certificates of deposit must be collateralized by U.S. Treasury obligations held by a third party with whom the Town has a current written custodial agreement. The Treasurer may waive this requirement up to the amount already insured by federal or state deposit insurance (FDIC).

7.0 APPROVAL AND REVISION

The Investment Policy shall be adopted by resolution of the Town of Portola Valley. The Policy will be reviewed as part of the annual budget process with any amendments to be approved by the Council.



MEMORANDUM

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

TO: Mayor and Members of the Town Council

FROM: Stacie Nerdahl, Administrative Services Manager

DATE: June 24, 2015

RE: 2015-16 Woodside Highlands and Wayside II Road Maintenance

District Tax Assessments

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the Town Council adopt the attached resolutions authorizing the San Mateo County Controller to apply charges to the 2015-2016 tax roll for the two road maintenance districts, and authorizing the tax collector to collect the taxes at the same time and in the same manner as the general county taxes are collected.

BACKGROUND:

In July 1997, the Town Council, acting as the Governing Boards for the Woodside Highlands and Wayside II Road Maintenance Districts, adopted Ordinances 1997-300 and 1997-301 respectively, imposing special taxes for private road maintenance on each improved parcel in the Districts. In November 1997, more than two-thirds of the voters within each district approved Measure C (Woodside Highlands) and Measure D (Wayside II), enacting the taxes. In June 2012, more than two-thirds of the voters within Wayside II approved Measure V, increasing their district's special tax.

On an annual basis, the San Mateo County Controller's Office requires the submittal of updated assessment information and resolutions authorizing the tax collector to collect the taxes at the same time and in the same manner as the general county taxes are collected. The attached resolutions authorize this tax collection.

ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Resolution for the Woodside Highlands Road Maintenance District
- 2. Resolution for the Wayside II Road Maintenance District

APPROVED: Nick Pegueros, Town Manager N. №

ATTACHMENT #1

RESOLUTION NO. _____2015

RESOLUTION OF THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY AUTHORIZING THE SAN MATEO COUNTY CONTROLLER TO APPLY THE SPECIAL TAX FOR THE WOODSIDE HIGHLANDS ROAD MAINTENANCE DISTRICT TO THE 2015-2016 TAX ROLL AND TO COLLECT THE TAX AT THE SAME TIME AS GENERAL COUNTY TAXES

WHEREAS, at its June 25, 1997 meeting, the Portola Valley Town Council, acting as the Governing Board for the Woodside Highlands Road Maintenance District, adopted Ordinance No. 1997-300, imposing a special tax for private road maintenance; and

WHEREAS, in November 1997, more than two-thirds of the voters within the Woodside Highlands Road Maintenance District approved Measure C on the ballot enacting the special tax; and

WHEREAS, each improved parcel within the Woodside Highlands Road Maintenance District is required to remit \$250 annually; and

WHEREAS, Ordinance No. 1997-300 has not been amended and none of the parcels have been modified over the past year.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley that:

- 1. The Town of Portola Valley authorizes the San Mateo County Controller to apply the charges to the 2015-2016 tax roll in accordance with documents supplied by the Woodside Highlands Road Maintenance District; and
- 2. The Town of Portola Valley authorizes the tax collector to collect the taxes at the same time and in the same manner as the general county taxes are collected.

PASSED AND ADOPTED this 24th day of June, 2015.

	Ву:		
ATTEST:	<u> </u>	Mayor	
 Town Clerk			

ATTACHMENT #2

RESOLUTION NO. -2015

RESOLUTION OF THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY AUTHORIZING THE SAN MATEO COUNTY CONTROLLER TO APPLY THE SPECIAL TAX FOR THE WAYSIDE II ROAD MAINTENANCE DISTRICT TO THE 2015-2016 TAX ROLL AND TO COLLECT THE TAX AT THE SAME TIME AS GENERAL COUNTY TAXES

WHEREAS, at its July 9, 1997 meeting, the Portola Valley Town Council, acting as the Governing Board for the Wayside II Road Maintenance District, adopted Ordinance No. 1997-301, imposing a special tax for private road maintenance; and

WHEREAS, in November 1997, more than two-thirds of the voters within the Wayside II Road Maintenance District approved Measure D on the ballot enacting the special tax; and

WHEREAS, in June 2012, more than two-thirds of the voters within the District approved Measure V on the ballot increasing the special tax;

WHEREAS, each improved parcel within the Wayside II Road Maintenance District is required to remit \$950 annually; and

WHEREAS, Ordinance No. 1997-301 has not been amended and none of the parcels have been modified over the past year.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley that:

- The Town of Portola Valley authorizes the San Mateo County Controller to apply the charges to the 2015-2016 tax roll in accordance with documents supplied by the Wayside II Road Maintenance District; and
- 2. The Town of Portola Valley authorizes the tax collector to collect the taxes at the same time and in the same manner as the general county taxes are collected.

PASSED AND ADOPTED this 24th day of June, 2015.

	By:		
ATTEST:		Mayor	
Town Clerk			

Sharon Hanlon

A new entry to a form/survey has been submitted.

Form Name: Committee Application **Date & Time:** 04/28/2015 9:38 AM

Response #: 13 Submitter ID: 393

Time to complete: 9 min., 22 sec.

Survey Details

Page 1

Committee applications are submitted to Portola Valley's Town Clerk, Sharon Hanlon. Please feel free to forward a letter of interest or resume with your application as well. Sharon can be reached at (650) 851-1700 ex210, or you may email her at shanlon@portolavalley.net.

- 1. Name of committee which I am interested in serving on (please note that only committees currently seeking volunteers are listed):
 - (o) Water Conservation
- 2. Applicant Information

Full NameDelle MaxwellEmail Addressdelle@dellerae.comStreet Address40 Minoca Road

City/Zip Portola Valley, CA 94028

Number of years in 2

Portola Valley Cell Phone Home Phone

Other Phone Not answered

- 3. Preferred Phone Contact Number
 - (o) Cell
- 4. I prefer to receive Town communications via
 - (o) E-mail (recommended)
- 5. Please state why you have an interest in this committee, and state any background or experience you may have that may be useful in your service to this committee.

We all need to figure out how to do our part in water conservation, no matter whether the current drought is temporary or long term. I have a personal interest in developing water-wise landscaping, and have been working on that in our own garden. We have been on the Going Native Garden Tour many times in recent years, and I have enjoyed engaging with visitors on how to have a beautiful garden without using an excess of water. I am also a Master Gardener, and have been working on developing material for presentations on drought tolerant plants and succulents. In addition, I have just joined the Board of Trustees at the San Francisco Botanical Garden at Strybing Arboretum, where I have been a long-term volunteer, and am a member of the Portola Valley Garden Club. My experience with volunteer organizations who also have an interest in water conservation would be helpful to this committee, I think.

Thanks for your consideration, Delle Maxwell

6. Do you have any personal or financial interest that could be perceived by others as a conflict of interest relative to your service on the committee? If so, please describe.

Not answered

TIME COMMITMENT: Generally committees meet monthly and require a significant time commitment and participation at regular meetings. Please consider this level of commitment when evaluating your interest in serving on one of the Town's Committees.

There are no written materials for this agenda item.

DATE: June 16, 2015

TO: Portola Valley Town Council

FROM: Linda Olson, Chair of PV Cultural Arts Committee

SUBJECT: Art Donation to the Town of Portola Valley

On June 11 the Cultural Arts Committee recommended to forward the request for an Art Donation to the Town to the Town Council for review. The CAC voted to accept the donation to the Town. Mike and Joan Green of Portola Valley Ranch wish to donate a large piece of the Berlin Wall to the town. The piece is 2 feet wide by 3 feet tall and weighs over 200 pounds. Please see the attachments which show a picture of the wall and also describes why it would be important to accept and display this historically significant piece of art.

It was suggested that the art be displayed either in the library or outside near the library. It appears that there are many more places to display outside vs inside the library. Today I took a field trip to the Mountain View City Library. They have a significant display of two large pieces of the wall (approximately 10 feet tall and 7 tons each). They are displayed to the left of the entrance to the library. The exhibit is completely enclosed by glass and metal corners to protect from the elements. To the far left is a low cement wall with a brass plate with the inscription:

A Tribute to American Resolve

Sections of the Berlin Wall

To the right of the exhibit is another low sign with the inscription in brass:

"The period after World War II divided Western Democratic and Eastern Communist political ideologies by what was known as the Iron Curtin, which stretched from the Baltic to the Black Seas. Within East Germany, part of the Communist sphere of influence, West Berlin was an Island of freedom surrounded by a sea of oppression. In August, 1961 the East German government, to prevent the flight of citizens from East to West, built a wall dividing the city. For twenty-eight years the Berlin Wall was the Rubicon for East and West until "Glasnost" became the new thinking in the Communist world. Between November 9 & 12, 1989 the Wall was breached, not without bombs and bullets, but within by the sound of freedom and the vision of a better life that had drifted over the Wall.

The world must not forget that it was America's resolve and its political and economic ideals that made this bloodless revolution and most significant historical event possible."

The Mountain View Town Council agreed that the exhibit needed to be put in a place of prominence, not tucked off in some obscure location, but a location where people ask, what do these pieces mean? They added that the pieces are a reminder that "freedom" is not free. The Mountain View Library display is the only Berlin Wall displayed in Northern California.

The Cultural Arts Committee and Mike and Joan Green are open to where the piece of the wall is placed. Wherever it is placed it would need to be both secured and protected.

We urge the Town of Portola Valley to accept this generous donation of a historically significant piece of the Berlin Wall.

Original piece of the Berlin Wall ("Hinterlandmaner") From: <u>linda@lolsonassociates.com</u>

To: Nick Pegueros
Cc: mikeg@dmrainc.com

Subject: FW: Donation of Art to Town of Portola Valley
Date: Wednesday, June 17, 2015 8:52:40 AM

Please read below and review the art work being considered for donation to PV.

Town of Portola Valley

Cultural Arts Committee, Chairman

Dear Linda:

We are interested in donating a historically significant piece art (picture inserted below) to the Town of Portola Valley for possible display in the Town Center or Library and hope you can give us advice and direction.

In 1997 on a business trip to East Berlin, I purchased a large piece of the Berlin Wall from Dr. Rainer Hilderbrandt, Director of the Museum Haus Checkpoint Charlie (I have photo documentation to confirm purchase and authorization by him). The Haus AM Checkpoint Charlie authentication letter is available and signed by Hans-Jurgen Dyke, and I have the original document and shipping bill of lading. It was shipped to my office in Palo Alto in 1997, where it has stood since.

At the time of my visit to East Berlin, the Wall was being torn down all over the city and the Check Point Charlie crossing was being dismantled. Dust and cranes were everywhere.

From the attached picture, you can see that the piece is sizable, very colorful, with substantial "modern" graffiti, with clear characterizations and Russian words. The original re-bar is all in place and the concrete thickness is fully complete. It weighs over 200 pounds.

My office is closing, as I retire, and I would like to donate this significant piece of the Berlin Wall to the Town Center. It is approximately 2 feet wide by 3 feet tall and the wooden stand is steel-backed (representing the Iron Curtain). I've done some research on sizable pieces of the Wall, and have found only a few pieces of this size with clear depictions of pictures, colorful graffiti, and words.

I believe that this art object has significant value as a symbol of democracy and freedom in action. In 1961, when the Wall was erected, it coincided with the beginning of the cold war and space race, with President Kennedy proclaiming the U.S. would be first in space. This race prompted a rise in Silicon Valley technology and growth in supporting that effort. With all this in mind, I think the piece could be a unique historical and cultural asset for our Town.

Other major pieces are located in the U.S. at the following places:

- 4.19 Ronald Reagan Presidential Library, Simi Valley, California, USA
- 4.35 John F. Kennedy Presidential Library & Museum, Boston, Massachusetts, USA
 - 4.36 Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA
 - 4.37 Gerald R. Ford Presidential Museum, Grand Rapids, Michigan, USA
- 4.54 George H. W. Bush Presidential Library & Museum, College Station, Texas, USA
 - 4.59 Microsoft, Redmond, Washington, USA

- 4.62 Newseum, Washington D.C.
- 5.01 Mountain View Library, donated by Google, graffiti is very faded and not colorful.

If the Town should accept our gift, we would provide a professional appraisal. If you are interested in looking at the piece and/or discussing this further, please call me at (650) 248-7130.

There are no written materials for this agenda item.

RESOLUTION NO. -2015

RESOLUTION OF THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY ADOPTING THE OPERATING AND CAPITAL BUDGETS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2014-2015

WHEREAS, the Town Manager has reviewed and analyzed the Town's finances and has projected revenues and expenditures for Fiscal Year 2015-16;

WHEREAS, the Town Manager presented the proposed budget to the Town's Finance Committee and Council for review and consideration; and

WHEREAS, the Town Council conducted a noticed public hearing to review the proposed operating and capital budget;

NOW, THEREFORE, the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley does **RESOLVE** the following:

- 1. To adopt the Town's Fiscal Year 2015-16 operating and capital budgets, overall reflecting the following:
 - a. Projected revenues:

\$6,120,723

b. Projected expenditures & transfers:

\$6,489,137

- 2. The budget shall be effective July 1, 2015.
- 3. The amount of the 2015-2016 Fiscal Year operating and capital budget for each account area of the budget may be drawn upon in the form of warrants issued for payment of demands and certified in accordance with the provisions of the California Government Code Sections 37208 and 37209.
- 4. The Town Manager shall periodically report to the Town Council the amount and classification of revenues received and expenditures made.
- A copy of the adopted budget shall be kept on file with the Town Clerk of the Town of Portola Valley, as the official budget of the Town of Portola Valley for the 2015-2016 Fiscal Year.

REGULARLY PASSED AND ADOPTED this 24th day of June 2015.

	Mayor	
ATTEST		
 Clerk		



TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

PROPOSED OPERATING & CAPITAL BUDGETS

FISCAL YEAR 2015-16

Presented to:

Mayor Jeff Aalfs
Vice Mayor Maryann Moise Derwin
Councilmember Craig Hughes
Councilmember John Richards
Councilmember Ann Wengert

Prepared by:

Nick Pegueros, Town Manager Stacie Nerdahl, Administrative Services Manager

Cover Image by Simon Greenhill

June 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Transmittal Memo, Town Priorities, Org Chart, and Fund Descriptions	i-x
Revenue & Expenses by Governmental FundFund Activity Summary	1 2
Revenues - Table of Contents	3
Total Revenues Budget Summary	5
Revenues Budgetary Details	7-18
Expenditures - Table of Contents	19
Total Expenditures Budget Summary	21
Expenditures Budgetary Details	23-35
Resolution Adopting Budget for 2015-16Resolution Adopting Appropriation Limit for 2015-16	36 37

Date: June 24, 2015

To: Mayor and Members of the Town Council

From: Stacie Nerdahl, Administrative Services Manager

Nick Pegueros, Town Manager

Re: 2015-16 Proposed Budget

General Fund Overview

Attached please find the proposed 2015-16 Town Budget. The Town's fiscal condition remains healthy in the 2015-16 fiscal year, with a projected **General Fund operating surplus** of \$209,544. The operating surplus is reduced by a transfer of \$111,978 to the Transportation Fund in order to fill the gap between the Town's street maintenance effort and the available Gas Tax revenues. This operating surplus is further reduced to zero and funds are required from prior year surpluses to provide for \$644,757 in general capital improvements and equipment purchases. The net result of the recommended budget is a reduction to the General Fund balance, year-over-year by \$547,191. While this amount is technically a budget deficit, the deficit arises from capital purchases fully funded by operating surpluses from prior fiscal years.

General Fund Revenues

Overall, General Fund revenues total \$4,708,880, a decrease of 3.7% (\$179,294) when compared to the prior year's budget. This decrease is primarily based on slowed revenues related to building permits and fees. The baseline assumption used for revenue growth was 2.5% where appropriate to reflect an inflationary adjustment CPI. The significant changes of note in General Fund revenues are as follows:

Property taxes – Actual property tax revenue for fiscal year 2014-15 is expected to be close to the adopted budget amount. In the coming fiscal year, the budget for 2015-16 assumes a 6% increase (\$133,974) based on forecasts provided by the San Mateo County Assessor's Office.

Building permits - This year's building activity decreased from the prior year, with projected revenues of \$603,000 falling short of the adopted budget by \$196,000. On closer analysis, permitting costs for larger projects stayed on trend with the prior year, with smaller projects decreasing by 50%. The planning department is currently working with several projects that are in the formative phases which may yet convert to building permit fees in the next few months. However, with no CPI increase

anticipated to the current fee structure, staff budgeted this category at \$586,500, a conservative 3% decrease over current year projected revenues.

Sales tax - With a series of private-party sales transactions and adjustments by the County and State in recent years, this revenue in recent years has proven to be a challenge to forecast. Additionally, with the pending defeasance of 2004's "Economic Recovery Bonds," the Triple Flip sales tax revenues are now in the process of being phased out. While the State projects a 5.7% growth rate in sales tax for the 2015-16 fiscal year, the Town itself has been impacted in both 2014-15 and 2015-16 by final negative true-ups of the inflated Triple Flip revenues from 2013-14. (The Town's revenue consultant, HdL Companies, provided a preliminary projection of a return to "normal" sales tax revenues of \$235,000 in the fiscal year 2016-17.)

Property transfer tax – Over a two-year period, this volatile revenue source doubled in the 2013-14 fiscal year, while projected revenues for 2014-15 reflect a decrease by over 40% to \$105,000, which is likely due in part to the very low inventory of homes for sale. As the average and median prices of homes sold in Portola Valley reached record highs and the Bay Area housing market remains strong, staff has kept this revenue at \$105,000 for the 2015-16 draft budget.

Utility users' tax – Staff is projecting decreased utility users tax revenues in 2014-15 for both electricity/gas (-5%) and water (-15%) due to an increased implementation of solar panels, a mild 2014-15 winter season, and the ongoing impact of the drought and related conservation measures. While it is likely that California Water Service rates will be increased to ensure necessary operating revenues for the utility, staff has conservatively budgeted zero increase in these two revenue sources.

General Fund Operating Expenditures

Overall, General Fund operating expenditures decreased by 0.9% (\$41,046) when comparing the adopted 2014-15 budget to the proposed 2015-16 budget. Some of the noteworthy highlights include:

Administration & Operations (personnel) – This budget increased by \$109,488 over the 2014-15 budget, which is mostly attributable to a \$33,000 allowance for merit-based salary increases and the inclusion of the fully burdened cost for the position of Sr. Maintenance Worker (\$119,297). With the continued phase-in of employee-shared costs for healthcare, the projected amount for health premiums decreased by 9% in 2014-15. Anticipated recruitments in 2015-16 include the full-time positions of Administrative Services Manager, Deputy Building Official, Associate/Senior Planner and Sr. Maintenance Worker.

Consultant Services – The adopted budget shows a decrease of \$147,655 in General Fund expenditures for consulting services, with most of the decrease due to the reduced costs for contract planning services with expanded in-house Town

planning operations. With fewer special projects planned than the prior year, the budget for miscellaneous consultants also decreased significantly; special projects will include a user fee study and a master plan update.

Parks & Recreation Operations are experiencing an increase of \$22,400 in budgeted expenditures due to an increase in recreation class instructor fees (offset by an increase in class registration fees).

The **Service Agreements** budget is increased by \$33,000 due to increased costs for the first year of the Sheriff's new three-year contract. This first year of the contract includes a 5.9% increase in basic contract costs and a 1.4% increase in supplemental traffic patrols.

The decrease to the **Town Center Facilities** budget is primarily due to the prior year's one-time expenditure related to the purchase of new event chairs for the Community Hall and its tie-in into the existing generator backup power grid.

General Fund Capital Improvement Projects and Capital Equipment

The proposed budget includes \$659,757 of General Fund monies to provide for **Capital Improvement** projects including: \$437,757 for street and trail improvements; \$80,000 for a new permit tracking software system; \$60,000 for improvements to the front landscaped area of the Historic Schoolhouse; and \$47,000 for additional improvements to Ford Field. The Ford Field improvements are funded through prior donations and grant funds, but are reflected as General Fund expenditures.

For **Capital Equipment**, the adopted budget includes \$35,000 for the purchase of a plug-in hybrid to be used for planning and code enforcement operations.

General Fund Reserve Funds

In early 2015, the Town Council authorized the adjustment of the current General Fund balance assignments (reserves) totaling \$2,963,752 for estimated future liabilities. In May of 2015, the Council further authorized the payment of \$907,699 (95%) of the Unfunded Pension Liability Assigned fund balance to CalPERS to reduce this liability to \$47,773 as of June 30, 2015. As detailed in the Fund Activity Summary (p. 2), the projected unassigned General Fund balance as of June 30, 2016 is \$1,287,704.

Attachments:

Accomplishments & Priorities
Org Chart
Fund Descriptions

ACCOMPLISHMENTS of 2014-2015

Community Service/Engagement:

Continue to provide excellent customer service to all town residents and promote civic engagement

Under the objective of **Staff Excellence**, the priority was to ensure that the Town is equipped with the resources necessary to deliver services to the public in a high quality manner. During the 2014-15 fiscal year, the new position of Planning Director was filled in August, with department reorganization then leading to the creation of a new Associate/Senior Planner position in the spring of 2015 (currently in recruitment). While the Communications and Information Management position was filled temporarily by an outside contractor, this position is currently being recruited as a part-time staff position and a selection is anticipated prior to June 30, 2015. The full-time position of Building Official was successfully filled by contract staff during the fiscal year.

Along with a group workshop, all staff members participated in individual ergonomic work station assessments, resulting in some adjustments and additional ergonomic desk accessories as needed. With a minor renovation in the Planning area to allow for expanded work space for the new Planning Director, office furniture components were ordered as needed for several work stations, including the Town Manager. The relocation of the Public Works Director to the former Assistant Town Manager's office is currently in progress.

The Town's Personnel Policies Manual was revised in February 2015 to reflect the new expanded 40-hour work week at Town Hall and to update the entire document for overall consistency and clarity, while reflecting Town policy and compliance with current law.

Significant technology improvements were made in the spring with the implementation of Microsoft 365 for staff and Council members. Two new image / data servers, a new uninterruptible power supply (UPS) device for the servers, and an upgraded Barracuda data backup system that provides emergency accessibility to Town data via backup to the cloud were also implemented in the spring of 2015.

The objective of **Town Communication** was to enhance public communication and ensure that town residents are well-informed of Town activities and matters of local concern. Along with continued postcard mailings and usage of the popular Yahoo-based PV Forum, the website's new Content Management System (CMS) was successfully implemented and now offers capability for RSS feed to Twitter, Facebook and other social media integration. With webinars now being offered on a regular basis by the website host (Vision Internet), staff now has continuing opportunities to expand their usage of the Town's central information source. Staff also refined its shared communications with key community stakeholders, including schools, the library, the fire district, and homeowners' association/organizations.



The objective of **Community Events** was to celebrate the Town's history and values with an emphasis on volunteerism and preserving the residents' quality of life throughout town. The celebration of Portola Valley's 50th Anniversary on September 21st was a milestone event during the year which offered volunteers (both past and present) and citizens the opportunity to celebrate the unique heritage of Portola Valley. Additional community events included the ribbon-cutting of the new and improved Ford Field, Drought Action Day, the ever-popular Thursday Farmers' Market at Town Center, the annual Town Picnic, and the Summer Concert Series (hosted by the Cultural Arts Committee).

A total of ninety Town-sponsored classes were offered to the community, with 172 additional "open-to-the-public" events held in the Community Hall. Along with a significant improvement to the sound quality, the purchase of a new and upgraded audio/visual system for use in the Community Hall has also reduced the staff resources previously needed for setup and stowing of the antiquated and cumbersome sound system.

Finally, the objective of **Community Engagement** was to identify increased opportunities for town residents to be involved in Town operations. The installation of Automated License Plate Readers (ALPRs) in Portola Valley was fully explored via four public meetings, and a new report process was implemented to provide an avenue for each of the Town Committees to annually meet with the Council and discuss key objectives. In March, the Council approved staff's recommendation for an upgrade to the document management software that will eventually provide archival access via the internet to all meeting minutes, reports, resos, and parcel files (which are in the process of being digitized). A dedicated kiosk has been established in the lobby at Town Hall, and residents can now more easily access archived Town records as needed. Staff worked with the Conservation and Bicycle Pedestrian Traffic Safety Committees to target invasive weeds along the scenic corridor's ROW and install "No Parking" signs along Portola Road, respectively.

Staff will continue to work with the Town Council and committee members to identify new areas that enable residents to make a contribution that keeps Town staff small and helps contain costs. In addition, partnership opportunities and increased outreach with the schools and homeowners' associations will also continue to be explored.

Emergency Preparedness: Ensure that the Town is prepared to respond to an emergency situation

An important objective of the fiscal year was to ensure that the Town's **Emergency Operations Center (EOC)** was equipped to respond in the event of a catastrophic situation. The Town's Emergency Operations Plan and Emergency Ordinance were adopted by the Council in September 2014. Working with a consultant, staff participated in nine emergency preparedness planning and procedural meetings throughout the year, and also participated in larger-scale, multi-jurisdictional drills in January and May. The tie-in of Town Hall and the Community Hall to the backup generator will be complete by the end of the 2014-15 fiscal year, ensuring continued power to critical Town Center facilities in the case of an emergency. Also for emergency use, a water purification system

was purchased for domestic use at Town Center. Finally, with the Town's new disk-to-disk-to-cloud (DDC) data backup system and the ongoing updates to the emergency preparedness/response documentation stored in Google drive, emergency access to critical Town information and data has been made more likely in the event of a disaster.

To enhance communication channels with town residents in order to ensure the community is informed and prepared in the event of an emergency, several **Community Preparedness** objectives received attention during the year. The Rapid Notify system has been updated with current resident contact information, and a special campaign to encourage residents to sign up (and participate in a system test) was spearheaded by CERPP in May/June. Resident volunteers participated in the multi-jurisdictional emergency exercises held in the fall of 2014 and the spring of 2015. Continuing the popular (and free!) wood chipping program and working with PG&E to remove hazardous trees from the right-of-way helped mitigate the increasing risk of wildland fire or infrastructure failure in a natural disaster.

In collaboration with Woodside Fire Protection District and the Town of Woodside, the Town is now participating in a new program to fund a part-time CERPP Coordinator who is actively working to identify and reinvigorate CERPP division leaders. This CERPP Coordinator updated all medical trauma bags with fresh supplies and ensured that testing of CERPP radios was completed during the year. In addition, an Automated External Defibrillator (AED) was installed on the external wall near the kitchen at the Community Hall, bringing the number of AEDs available at Town Center to two.

The objective of *Infrastructure Readiness* was to assess/identify capital improvements to the Town's infrastructure to enable it to withstand potential disaster situations. Repairs were completed to the portion of Upper Alpine Road that was damaged in 2012 along with repairs to the storm drain on Alpine Road at Willowbrook that was damaged this past winter. An update of the Town's storm drain master plan and multi-year capital improvement program will continue as necessary. The annual street resurfacing program was expanded to include roadways requiring greater attention, and design for the Alpine Road shoulder widening project was completed and the project was advertised for bidders. In addition, a new programmable radar/message trailer was added to the Town's capital equipment, which will allow for roadside alert messaging in emergencies.

Sustainability: Support community efforts to maintain and conserve natural environmental resources

The Town set an objective of being an example in the community for water conservation, low-water use landscaping and vegetation management in its **Landscape**, **Operations**, **and Open Space Maintenance**. To conserve water use, Town fields were dethatched and a trial "Compost Tea" program was initiated (and later suspended due to the drought). While progress was achieved in this area, the recent state-mandated water use reductions have significantly increased the target reductions. Staff is exploring innovative ways to optimize watering as well as assisting other large landscape and institutional users understand the reductions.

To foster **Community Engagement in Sustainability Initiatives**, staff continues to seek opportunities to engage residents, business and schools in environmentally preferable choices and energy- and water-efficient programs. Staff worked with GreenWaste and local businesses to bring the Town into 100% compliance with the State's Mandatory Commercial Recycling Ordinance. In addition, staff worked with GreenWaste to implement a Styrofoam Recycling Pilot Program, which has resulted in the collection of over 1500 gallons of Styrofoam in the first four months. The Town hosted a two-day Net Zero Energy (NZE) Workshop in conjunction with San Mateo County Energy Watch to engage homeowners and local architects/contractors in NZE efforts in advance of the building code updates requiring NZE by 2020. A Green Film Series program is in the works and scheduled for launch in the fall of 2015.

The measures and programs relating to **Greenhouse Gas Emission Reduction and Resource Conservation** will remain in progress. Staff has been conducting research and working with a County-funded consultant to explore innovative measures to include in the Climate Action Plan, as the Town has already implemented most of the measures in the draft Climate Action Plan. In addition, an update to the Town's Green Building Ordinance is in development in response to the more restrictive State Energy Code that came into effect in July 2014. Efforts also began this year to better understand Community Choice Aggregation, an opportunity to reduce the town-wide greenhouse gas emissions utilizing a greater amount of renewable energy.

Of necessity, the significant impact and application of the State's drought-management mandates diverted staff resources from energy-efficiency specific programs; however, reduction in water use has significant impacts on greenhouse gas emissions due to the energy required for the transportation, heating and processing of water. The newly formed Water Conservation Committee developed a drought action plan, even in advance of the Governor's Executive Order on April 1st, 2015. Major work in this area included developing a community-based social marketing campaign to ensure that Portola Valley leads the Bear Gulch Region in water reductions. The program included working with a consultant to identify three program priorities: an online water use survey, reduced lawn watering and a focus on installing "smart" irrigation controllers. In preparation for the launch of these programs, the committee and staff have worked together to help residents better understand their usage and opportunities to save water.

Other accomplishments during the 2014-15 year include:

In an area of broader sustainability, the Town paid off 95% of its unfunded pension liability as of June 30, 2013, a move that stands to benefit the Town well over \$1 million over the next thirty years. Town staff also completed the actuarial report of Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB/Retiree Medical). Additionally, the Town successfully completed a lengthy Housing Element Update process that was certified by the State of California and will serve as the Town's guiding document for affordable housing programs for the next eight years. The Portola Road Corridor Plan also came to fruition this year and provides for a comprehensive planning document for development along one of the town's most scenic throughways.

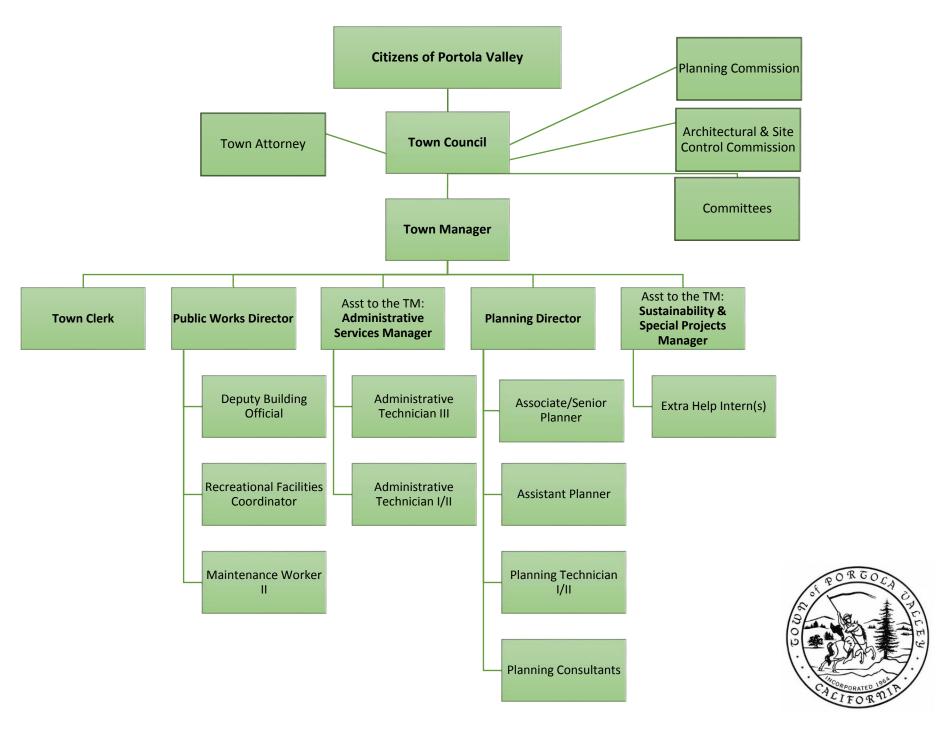


TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY ~

Prior Year Accomplishments and Future Year Priorities

PRIORITIES for 2015-2016

Administration	Planning	Sustainability	Public Works
Recruit Admin Svcs Manager, Associate/Senior Planner, Building Official, Maintenance Workers (2.0 FTEs)	Identify/implement permit tracking software solution Recruit and train	Support Town and community drought management measures Explore a Community Choice	Complete SMTA shoulder widening project Train new employees (3)
Train new employees (1.5) Continue implementation and expanded use of MS-365 Implement a comprehensive communications plan and support committee eSurveys	Associate/Senior Planner Implement 2014 Housing Element Programs: Inclusionary Housing Nexus Study, 2nd Unit Ordinance, Transitional and Supportive Housing Ordinance updates Complete digitization of Town planning records	Aggregation program Finalize the update to the Green Building Ordinance Complete the Climate Action Plan Update the Water-Efficient	Complete annual road resurfacing project and coordinate with major utility projects by CalWater and Westbay Sanitary Pavement Mgmt System update Begin the Town Center Master
Advance continued emergency preparedness training, participation in drills, community engagement and equipping of EOC Explore OPEB funding options Support the 2015 election	Complete User Fee Study Develop code enforcement process/programs to more effectively address code violations and public nuisances Complete General Plan Ground Movement Potential Map update	Landscape Ordinance Create a Zero Waste Event Ordinance Develop an Energy/Water Efficiency Recognition Program	Plan Update Continue PG&E Alpine Road undergrounding project Complete improvements to Alpine Trail at Hawthorns Secure permits for Springdown improvements
	Complete underground utility policy Continue comprehensive Zoning Code update Begin General Plan discussion on Preserves		Continue focus on invasive weeds at scenic corridor ROW Continue work with Acterra on ROW and creek area projects



5	General Fund	The Town's operating fund; all general operating revenues and expenditures are processed through it.				
8	Grants	Used to record all revenues and expenditures related to county, State, and Federal grants.				
10	Safety Tax	A half-cent State sales tax revenue designated exclusively for local agency public safety services. (Sec. 35 of Art. XIII of Cal Const)				
15	Open Space	Used for acquisition and support of open space parcels in Town.				
20	Gas Tax	For maintenance and repairs to streets.				
22	Measure M	County-generated vehicle registration revenue to be used for local streets and roads for congestion mitigation and water pollution prevention programs.				
25	Library Fund	Library service revenue from San Mateo County Library JPA to be spent on library related activities as mutually agreed by the JPA and Town Council.				
30	COPS – Public Safety	Citizens' Options for Public Safety: a supplemental State law enforcement fund for special law and traffic enforcement.				
40	Park-in-Lieu	Subdivision developer's fee that can only be used for parks or recreational purposes.				
45	Inclusionary-in-Lieu	A subdivision developer's fee, payable by fee or land, that can only be used for affordable housing.				
50	Storm Damage	Initially created during the 1998-99 Alpine Road slide repairs, this fund is used as necessary to track federal or state-reimbursed storm-related road repairs.				
60	Measure A Funds	A half-cent County sales tax revenue designated for the improvement of local transportation, including streets and roads.				
65	Road Impact Fee	Recovers the cost of repairs from building permit applicants to Town roads due to wear and tear from construction vehicles. Collection of these fees was suspended by the Council in 2010.				
75	Crescent M.D.					
80	PVR M.D.					
85	Wayside I M.D.	Maintenance District Funds				
86	Wayside II M.D.	I Walliteriance District Funds				
90	Woodside H'lands M.D.					
95	Arrowhead M'dows M.D.					
96	Customer Deposits	Deposit fund for customer fees to pay for consulting costs associated with individual building projects. Any remaining deposit amounts are refunded to customer when project is completed.				

						2015-16	Revenu	es and	Expense	s by G	overnm	ental F	und						
		Fun	d 5		Fund 8	Fund 10	Fund 15	Fund 20	Fund 22	Fund 25	Fund 30	Fund 40	Fund 45	Fund 50	Fund 60	Fund 65	Fund 96	T	OTALS
Revenues	0	PERATING	CAPIT	TAL IMPR'S	GRANTS	PUBLIC SAFETY	OPEN SPACE	TRANSPORTATIO		LIBRARY	COPS	Park-in-Lieu	Inclusionary-in-Lieu	Storm Damage	MEASURE A	ROAD FEES	CASE REVIEWS		
Government Agency	\$	23,500			\$ 290,343			\$ 105,022			\$ 100,000			\$ -	\$ 286,341			\$	929,943
Franchise Fees	\$	271,038			,	*,==:		,	* ****		¥ 100,000			*					271,038
Permits & Fees	\$	586,500																	586,500
Other Revenues	\$	16,785		15,000			5,000												36,785
Parks & Recreation	\$	79,693		,			5,555												79,693
Service Charges	\$	113,110															260,000		373,110
Revenue from Taxes	\$	2,857,054																	2,857,054
Town Center Facilities	\$	218,000																	218,000
Interest	\$	34,000																	34,000
Utility Users' Taxes	\$	509,200					225,400												734,600
Revs. Sub-Totals	\$	4,708,880	\$	15,000	\$ 290,343	\$ 14,237		\$ 105,022	\$ 110,500	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ 286,341	\$ -	\$ 260,000	\$	6,120,723
Expenditures	-	.,,	_	10,000	·	1 11,221			110,000		1		· ·			1		_	-,,
Administration & Operations	\$	2,229,394					 						 			 		\$	2,229,394
Committees & Commissions	\$	69.000					1						1					Ψ	69,000
Consultant Services	\$	520,345				+		25,000			+				+		260,000		805,345
Miscellaneous	\$	38,500			1,600			25,000									200,000		40,100
Parks Operations	\$	221,600			1,000														221,600
Public Works Operations	\$	23,000						192,000	10,500										225,500
Service Agreements	\$	881,543				18,000		192,000	10,500		100,000								999,543
Services & Supplies	\$	368,455				10,000					100,000								368,455
Town Center Facilities	\$	147,500								33,200									180,700
Exp. Sub-Totals	Ψ	4,499,337			\$ 1,600	\$ 18.000	s -	\$ 217,000	\$ 10,500			s -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 260,000	¢	5,139,637
Capital Improvements	Ÿ	4,433,331			Ψ 1,000	Ψ 10,000	-	Ψ 217,000	¥ 10,500	Ψ 33,200	Ψ 100,000	y -	-	-	-	-	\$ 200,000	Ψ	3,133,037
																		_	
2015-16 Road Improvement				149,000					65,000						286,000			\$	500,000
Annual Road Testing/Inspection				40,000															40,000
Annual Road Future Year Design				40,000	200 740														40,000
SMTA Grant Reimb Road Proj				128,757	288,743		45.000												417,500
Springdown Improvement Storm Drain Repairs							15,000		35,000										15,000 35,000
Crowder Trail				45.000					35,000										15,000
Alpine Rd Dirt at Hawthorn Trail				15,000															
Historic Schoolhouse Entryway				65,000 60,000			-						-						65,000 60,000
Ford Field Improvements				47,000			 				1		 						47,000
Permit Tracking Software				80,000			 				1		 						80,000
Equipment Purchases				35.000															35,000
Capital Improvements	-		\$	659,757	\$ 288,743	\$ -	\$ 15,000	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 286,000	\$ -	e -	-	1,349,500
Capital Improvements			φ	039,131	φ 200,743	ψ -	Ψ 15,000	- ·	Ψ 100,000	Ψ -	Ψ -	· -	- w	ψ -	ψ 200,000	Ψ -	· -		1,343,300
Revs Less Exps/Cap Imps		209,544		-644,757	(-3,763	215,400	-111,978	0	-33,200	0	0	0	0	341	C	0		-368,413
Interfund Transfers																			
General Fund to Transportation		(111,978)						111,978											
General Fund Capital Transfer		(644.757)		644.757		†		111,970			†				†				
Transfers	\$	(756,735)	\$	644,757	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 111,978	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$	
Net Change in Fund Balance (Revenue - Exp - CIP + Transfers)	•	(547,191)			\$ -	\$ (3,763)		\$ -	\$ -	\$ (33,200		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 341		\$ -	\$	(368,413)

Town of Portola Valley 2015-16 Fund Activity Summary

FUND	7/1/2015 ESTIMATED	2015-16 ESTIMATED	2015-16	2015-16 TRANSFERS	6/30/2016
FUND			ESTIMATED		PROJECTED
	BALANCE	REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	IN(OUT)	BALANCE
General Purpose Funds					
General Fund Unassigned	1,834,896	4,723,880	5,159,094	(111,978)	1,287,704
Unfunded Pension Liab Assigned	47,773		, ,	, , ,	47,773
Equipment Replacemt Assigned	200,000				200,000
Emergency Reserve Assigned	1,400,000				1,400,000
Legal Contingency Assigned	100,000				100,000
Unfunded Retiree Medical Ass'd	308,280				308,280
Sub-Total	\$ 3,890,949	\$ 4,723,880	\$ 5,159,094	\$ (111,978)	\$ 3,343,757
Restricted Funds					
Bonds and Grants (8)	17,853	290,343	290,343		17,853
Public Safety (10)	4,280	14,237	18,000		517
Open Space (15)	4,192,448	230,400	15,000		4,407,848
Transportation/Public Works (20)	0	100,022	217,000	111,978	0
Measure M (22)	1,150	110,500	110,500		1,150
Library Fund (25)	393,929	0	33,200		360,729
Public Safety/COPS (30)	6,510	100,000	100,000		6,510
Park In Lieu (40)	6,260	0	0		6,260
Inclusionary In Lieu (45)	2,873,992	0	0		2,873,992
Measure A (60)	0	286,341	286,000		341
Road Fee Fund (65)	89	0	0		89
Applicant Deposits (96)	469,942	260,000	260,000		469,942
Sub-Total	\$ 7,966,453	\$ 1,396,843	\$ 1,330,043	111,978	8,145,231
		_			
Grand Total	\$ 11,857,402	\$ 6,120,723	\$ 6,489,137	\$ -	\$ 11,488,988

REVENUES

Parks & Recreation12
Lease Income - Parks
Sports League Field Use
Annual Community Events
Service Charges 13
Zoning & Planning Permits
Variances
Subdivision Fees
Pre-Application Meeting Fees
Residential Data Reports
Architectural Review
Geology Fees
Town Engineer/Planner Fees
Applicant Charges
Town Library Maintenance Support
Miscellaneous Revenues
Revenue from Taxes15
Property Taxes, Secured & Unsecured
Sales & Use Tax
Business License Tax
Real Property Transfer Tax
Miscellaneous Other Taxes
Town Center Facilities16
Community Hall & Room Rentals
Parking Lot & Field Rentals
Class Fees
Interest 17
Utility Users' Taxes18
General Purpose Use (4.5%)
Open Space Use (2%)

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY 2015-2016

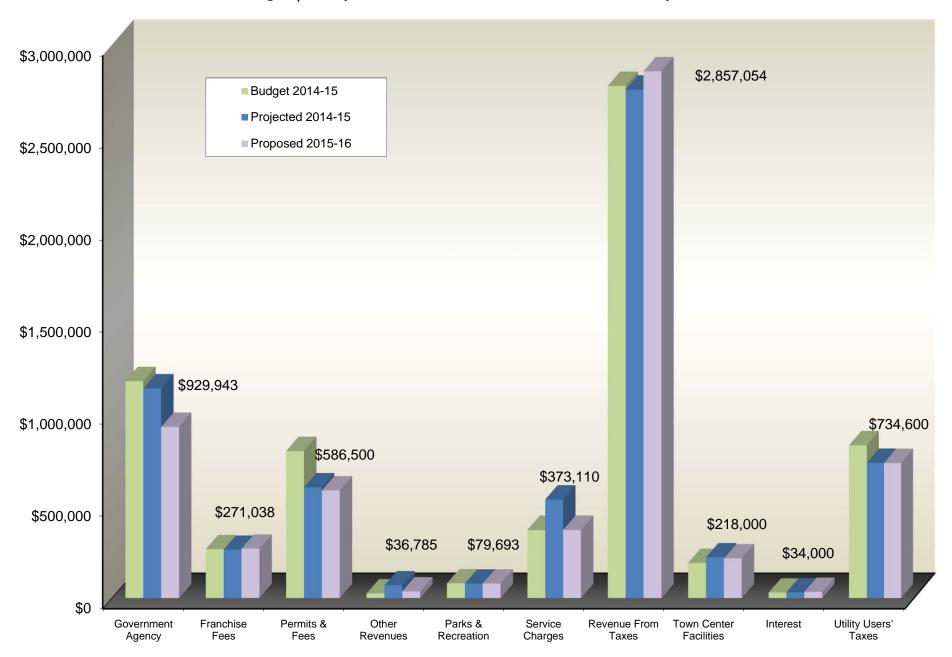
Total Revenues Budget Summary

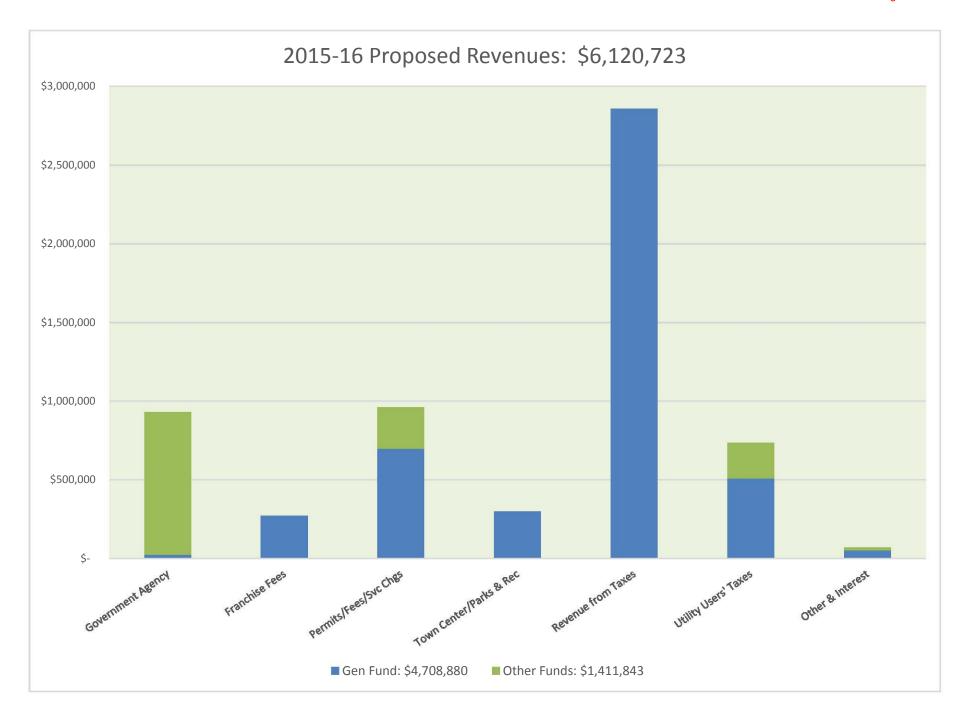
Revenues	2014-15 Adopted	2014-15 Projected
	Budget	at Year End
Government Agency	1,180,270	1,141,176
Franchise Fees	268,114	265,330
Permits & Fees	799,300	603,000
Other Revenues	25,500	70,005
Parks & Recreation	80,978	79,493
Service Charges	372,500	537,412
Revenue From Taxes	2,777,893	2,757,300
Town Center Facilities	193,000	224,000
Interest	30,000	32,000
Utility Users' Taxes	830,464	735,275
Grand Total	6,558,019	6,444,991

2015-16	\$ / Change	% / Change	% / Change
Proposed	per Projected	per Adopted	per Projected
Budget	Year End	14/15 Budget	Year End
929,943	(211,233)	(21.21)	(18.51)
271,038	5,708	1.09	2.15
586,500	(16,500)	(26.62)	(2.74)
36,785	(33,220)	44.25	(47.45)
79,693	200	(1.59)	0.25
373,110	(164,302)	0.16	(30.57)
2,857,054	99,754	2.85	3.62
218,000	(6,000)	12.95	(2.68)
34,000	2,000	13.33	6.25
734,600	(675)	(11.54)	(0.09)
6,120,723	(324,268)	-7%	-5%

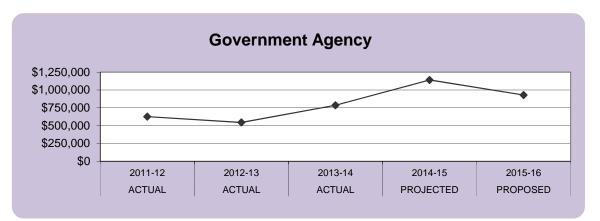


2014-15 Budget/Projected Revenue vs 2015-16 Proposed Revenue





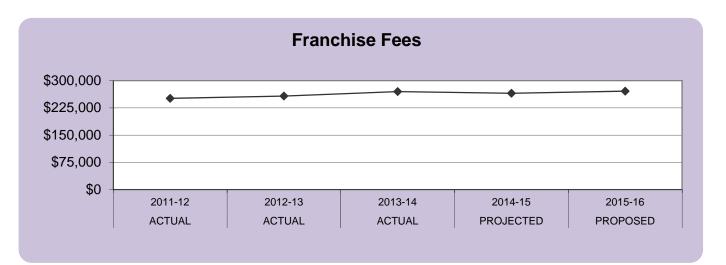




	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Account Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODE
1 Motor Vehicle	2,338	2,442	2,871	0	1,936	0	05-10-3001
VLF funding was diverted by State legislation in 2011/12		-					
to support the continuation of COPS funding.							
2 Measure A Sales Tax	225,655	242,011	252,012	262,514	270,900	286,341	60-10-3002
Half percent sales tax restricted for transportation uses.							
Revenue growth of 5.7% for 2015-16 provided by the							
State.							
3 Proposition 172 Funds - Public Safety Sales Tax	11,304	12,301	12,828	13,305	13,469	14,237	10-10-3004
Half-cent sales tax restricted for public safety issues.							
Revenue estimates of 5.7% for 2015-16 provided by the							
State.							
4 Public Safety COPS Grant	109,389	91,291	99,476	100,000	100,000	100,000	30-10-3006
Annual state allotment which can only be used for public							
safety.							
5 State Gas Tax	83,138	77,033	87,235	74,056	90,365	83,620	20-10-3008
Pooled Statewide and reallocated based upon population							
and other factors. Town's allocation represents a small							20-10-3010
portion of this State revenue source, most of which stays							20-10-3012 20-
in Sacramento.							10-3014
6 Homeowners' Property Tax Relief (HOPTR)	5,367	5,416	9,533	5,400	9,430	9,000	05-10-3016
State Mandated Costs Reimbursements			24		2,729	14,500	5-10-3017
State reimbursements totalling \$57,400 filed for							
legislated municipal expenses from 2001 forward.							
7 Proposition 42 Funds	56,141	41,092	62,548	49,394	48,956	21,402	20-10-3015
Traffic Congestion Relief funds expired, Prop 42 funding							
replaces.							

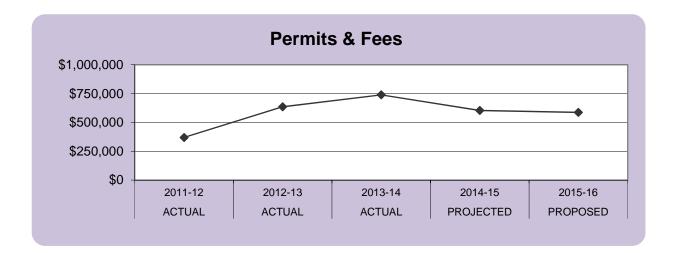
		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
А	count Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODE
8	Measure M	82,207	40,960	15,150	123,000	98,000	100,000	22-10-3019
	This reimbursement-based revenue is derived from an							
	additional vehicle registration fee for San Mateo County							
	residents and is to be used for improvements to local							
	streets and roads.							
	Supplemental C/CAG Program: Transportation		26,087					05-16-3096
	Supplemental C/CAG Program: Trash Reduction			10,441	0	10,441	10,500	22-10-3096
11	CalTrans Emergency Relief (Upper Alpine Rd)				285,000	258,571	0	50-10-3021
	Reimbursement (100%) to repair storm damage from							
	December 2012 to be provided by federal and state							
	agencies.							
12	Miscellaneous Grants							
	County of San Mateo Energy Upgrade Grant	21,982						08-10-3027
	ABAG-PLAN Risk Management Grant	29,000	6,602	2,872	3,000	1,585	1,600	08-10-3029
	OBAG Federal Aid Grant for Road Improvement				224,000	224,000	0	08-10-3031
	SMTA Measure A Grant Reimbursement				40,600	10,794	288,743	08-10-3033
	2000 Park Bond Act - provides funds for park/rec							
	construction and renovation.			220,000				08-10-3030
	Roberti-Z'berg Grant - provides funds for parks/rec							
	purposes, including development and renovation.			12,212				08-10-3032
	Sub-Total	626,520	545,236	787,202	1,180,270	1,141,176	929,943	





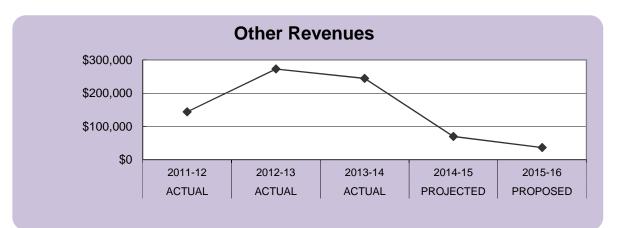
		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Ac	count Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODE
1	PG&E	80,560	75,486	76,944	78,792	73,405	75,240	05-12-3040
	Franchise fee for PG&E regulated by the State							
	through a Town franchise ordinance.							
2	California Water Company	31,450	38,459	42,831	37,478	37,000	37,000	05-12-3042
	Fees based upon 1% of total water revenues	31,430	30,439	42,031	37,470	37,000	37,000	03-12-3042
	generated by Cal-Water in the Town. State mandate							
	urges reduction of water usage by 36% over FY 2015-							
	16.							
	10.							
3	Greenwaste Recovery Company	65,364	66,504	67,854	69,401	70,775	72,544	05-12-3044
	Franchise fees based upon 7.7% of total revenues							
	generated by GWR within the Town. Seventh year of							
	10-year agreement.							
4	Comcast and AT&T Cable Services	73,886	77,177	82,298	82,443	84,150	86,254	05-12-3046
_	Franchise fees based upon 5% of total revenues	7 3,000	77,177	02,290	02,443	04,130	00,234	03-12-3040
	generated by Comcast Cable Services within the							
	Town. Includes \$500/mo PEG fees.							
	TOWIT. ITICIQUES 4000/ITIO FEG 1885.							
	Sub-Total	251,260	257,626	269,927	268,114	265,330	271,038	





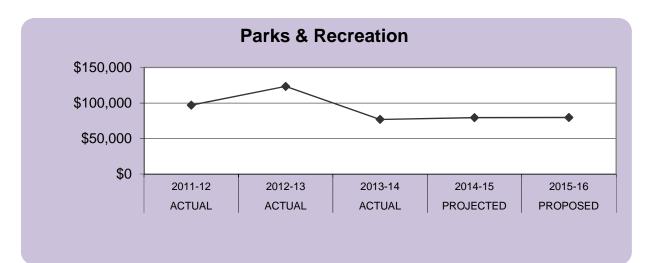
		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
A	ccount Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODE
1	Bldg Permits/Plan Check & Inspection Fees	325,280	563,475	645,472	691,692	538,890	525,000	05-14-3060
	Issued for all building construction within the Town.							Plan Check
2	Site Development Permits	12,370	39,213	47,965	54,610	29,730	27,500	05-14-3062
	Filing fee for permits required to prepare a private							
	property site as a result of property improvements or							
	construction.							
4		9,720	7,274	12,793	12,825	10,490	10,000	05-14-3064
	Filing fee for permits required to conduct work in							
	public right-of-way.							
5	Conditional Use Permits	1,620	5,940	10,110	14,564	4,145	4,000	05-14-3066
	Permits required for a special use on private property.							
6	Building Permit Review/Planning Fee	4,724	3,690	6,130	7,217	5,500	5,000	05-14-3068
	Building permit fee for review of building permits for							
	ASCC/Planning compliance.							
7	Horsekeeping Permits	3,330	3,150	3,045	3,072	3,045	3,000	05-14-3070
	Permits required to keep horses on private property.							
	There are currently 185 permitted horses.							
8	Construction & Demolition Fee	12,250	12,025	13,155	15,320	11,200	12,000	05-14-3072
	Fee to offset cost of implementing C&D Ordinance.							
	Sub-Total	369,294	634,767	738,670	799,300	603,000	586,500	





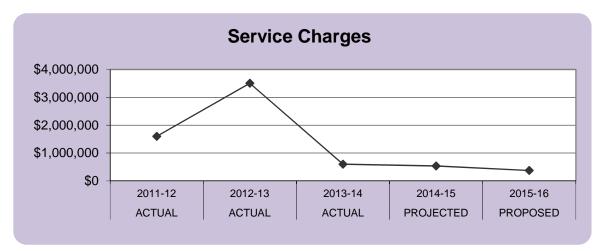
		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Αc	count Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODE
1	Fines and Forfeitures	10,663	12,512	12,629	12,000	15,400	15,785	05-16-3082
	Town's portion of traffic and parking citations.							
2	Misc Contribs - received for designated projects	446	0	0	1,000	0	1,000	05-16-3086
3	Crowder Trail Maintenance Reimbursement		0	111,212	0	0	15,000	05-16-3086
	Ford Field Contributions	29,940	233,157	21,932	0	0	0	
4	Open Space	9,894	7,274	83,163	5,000	53,456	5,000	15-16-3090
	Contributions towards the Town's Open Space funds.							
	Library Fund	69,967	0	0	0	0	0	25-16-3092
	Effective 2012-13, donor city revenue funds are now							
	held by the county.							
	PG&E Solar Rebate	23,404	19,790	15,440	7,500	1,149	0	05-16-3083
	Temporary rebate related to installation of Town Center							
	panels. Program to end in 2014.							
	Sub-Total	144,314	272,733	244,376	25,500	70,005	36,785	





	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Account Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	NUMBER
1 Lease Income - Parks	6,739	7,609	7,791	7,978	7,993	8,193	05-18-3100
Lease of Town property for private uses (Alpine Inn Parking Lot and Ladera Oaks).							
2 Sports League Field Use	55,678	50,922	66,557	72,000	70,000	70,000	05-18-3102
Use fees charged to organized sports leagues for the use of Town fields. Effective 2013-14, soccer league now included with this user group.							
3 Annual Community Events							
Town Picnic	950	2,382	1,789	1,000	1,500	1,500	05-18-3104
Blues & Barbecue (suspended in 2013)	15,838	45,805	0	0	0	0	05-18-3106
Field Activity Fees	17,055	15,251	0	0			05-18-3112
Adult soccer league no longer active as Town- sponsored league.							
Teen Committee	679	1,452	743	0			05-18-3114
Committee currently inactive.							
Sub-Total	96,939	123,421	76,879	80,978	79,493	79,693	

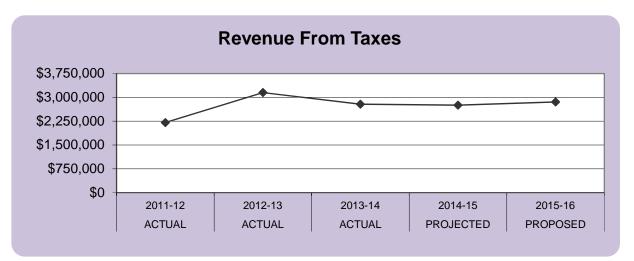




		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Ac	count Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODE
1	Zoning and Planning Permits	1,550	620	620	1,500	620	620	05-20-3120
	Fee for permits required for commercial use changes.				-			
2	Variances	890	2,340	7,200	4,000	890	890	05-20-3122
	Filing fee required for consideration of variance requests.							
3	Subdivision Fees	1,240	1,600	4,750	2,000	1,680	1,600	05-20-3124
	Filing fee required to process a subdivision.							
4	Residential Data Reports	7,400	8,400	9,200	8,500	7,100	7,100	05-20-3126
	Filing fee required for a property status report.							
5	Pre-Application Meeting Fee		6,875	5,205	7,500	4,500	4,500	05-20-3127
6	Architectural Review Fees	20,470	34,130	34,645	35,000	19,800	20,000	05-20-3132
	Filing fee for consideration of improvements to private property.							
	Construction Traffic Road Fee							65-20-3134
	Fee collection suspended in 2010.							
7	Geology Fees	5,540	7,000	10,930	8,000	9,000	8,000	05-20-3136
	Filing fee for review by Town Geologist for private property improvements, when deemed necessary.							

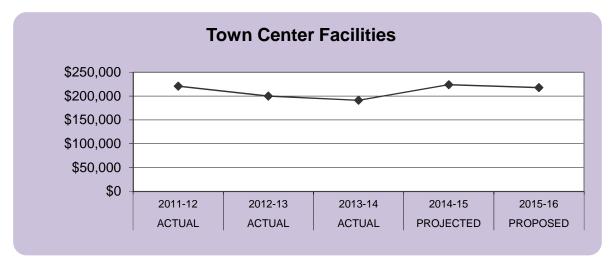
		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Ac	count Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODE
8	Town Engineer Fees	3,000	6,660	7,325	10,000	3,600	5,000	05-20-3138
	Charges to applicant for Town Engineer's review of							
	plans for improvements to private property.							
9	Town Planning Fees		862	17,136	40,000	44,000	44,000	05-20-3139
	Charges to applicants for Planning staff's review of			,	,	,	,	
	applications.							
40	Planning Services - Charges to Applicants				92,500		55,000	96-20-3140
10	Charges to applicants for Town Planning review of				92,500		55,000	90-20-3140
	applications.							
	арриосионо.							
11	Geological Services - Charges to Applicants				75,000		125,000	96-20-3140
	Charges to applicants for Geological Consultant's							
	review of applications.							
12	Engineering Services - Charges to Applicants				45,000		55,000	96-20-3140
	Charges to applicants for Engineering Consultant's				,		,	
	review of applications.							
	Attack Observed to Application				00 500		05.000	00 00 04 40
13	Attorney Services - Charges to Applicants Charges to applicants for legal review of private				22,500		25,000	96-20-3140
	applications.							
	Misc. Consultants - Charges to Applicants	437,938	553,214	492,525		430,000		96-20-3140
	• .,			·		430,000		
	C-1 Stanford Trail - Charges for Applicant	1,094,937	0	0				96-20-3140
14	Town Library Maintenance Support			2,531	6,000	6,222	6,400	05-20-3141
14	Miscellaneous	28,415	93,542	8,550	15,000	10,000	15,000	05-20-3154
	Sale of Blue Oaks Parcels		2,790,096					45-00-3375
	Out Total	4 004 000	0 505 000	600.647	070 500	F07 440	070 440	
	Sub-Total	1,601,380	3,505,339	600,617	372,500	537,412	373,110	





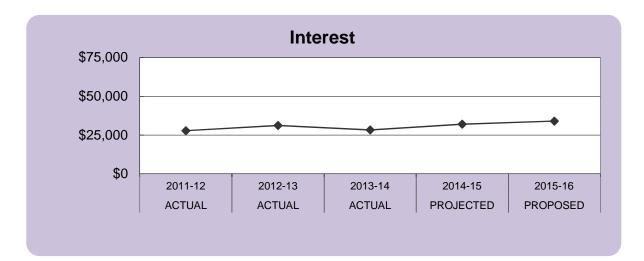
		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Ac	count Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODE
1	Property Taxes - Secured	1,836,997	2,471,477	2,095,071	2,232,893	2,232,900	2,366,874	05-22-3160
	Town receives 7% of collected property tax revenues							
	from the County, and a 6% growth rate is projected.							
2	Property Taxes - Unsecured	46,850	48,236	86,837	85,000	91,600	96,180	05-22-3162
	Non-property fixed assets (boats, airplanes, capital							
	equipment, etc).							
3	Sales & Use Tax	166,885	414,914	328,675	203,000	197,000	172,000	05-22-3164
	State projects 6.25% growth for fiscal year 2014-15.							
4	Business License Tax	74,100	66,180	124,163	105,000	105,000	105,000	05-22-3166
5	Real Property Transfer Tax	72,044	138,081	148,503	150,000	115,000	115,000	05-22-3168
	Transaction tax charged when private property							
	transfers.							
6	Miscellaneous Other Taxes	10,790	12,219	1,381	2,000	15,800	2,000	05-22-3170
	Sub-Total	2,207,666	3,151,107	2,784,631	2,777,893	2,757,300	2,857,054	





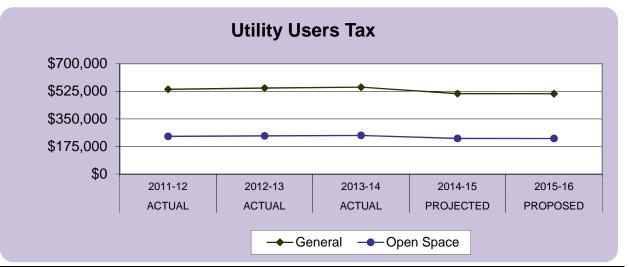
Sub-Total	220,840	200,171	191,340	193,000	224,000	218,000	
Four activity rooms available. This revenue is offset by instructor fees, see page 28.							
3 Class Fees	167,051	156,019	173,512	172,000	206,000	200,000	05-24-3190
Short term rentals of the Town Center parking lot for private parties and events by residents.							
2 Parking Lot & Field Rentals	9,397	9,687	6,230	9,000	2,000	4,000	05-24-3188
Facilities are available for private use by residents 24 times per calendar year.							
1 Community Hall / Activity Room Rentals	44,392	34,465	11,598	12,000	16,000	14,000	05-24-3184
Account Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODE
	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT





		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Αc	ccount Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODE
1	Interest	9,885	15,818	9,754	30,000	32,000	34,000	05-26-3200
	The Town's reserves are invested in the State Local							
	Agency Investment Fund, with an average effective							
	yield for the month of April 2015 of .283%.							
	Interest - Restricted	17,924	15,399	18,572				
	Allocated quarterly based on average cash balances.							
	Sub-Total	27,809	31,217	28,326	30,000	32,000	34,000	





	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Account Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODES
1 General Purpose Use							
2006 election lowered to 4.5%. The UUT revenue							
can only be used for Council-designated							
expenditures.							
Electricity and Gas	357,442	337,678	341,226	348,160	325,870	325,000	05-28-3220
Telephone	22,056	23,847	24,233	22,528	26,535	27,200	05-28-3222
Water	157,390	183,930	185,279	204,800	157,000	157,000	05-28-3224
Sub-Total	536,888	545,455	550,738	575,488	509,405	509,200	
2 Open Space Use							
2% applied to total utility revenues generated by							
Town residents and businesses. Use restricted for							
the preservation and purchase of open space.							
Originally approved by the voters in November 1997.							
Electricity and Gas	158,815	150,045	151,649	153,600	143,770	143,000	15-28-3220
Telephone	9,930	10,634	10,773	10,240	12,100	12,400	15-28-3222
Water	69,952	81,748	82,347	91,136	70,000	70,000	15-28-3224
Sub-Total	238,697	242,427	244,769	254,976	225,870	225,400	
Sub-Total	775,585	787,882	795,507	830,464	735,275	734,600	

EXPENDITURES

Administration & Operations23	Litter Cleanup
Permanent, Part-time and Temporary Staff	Tools and Equipment
Benefits	Street Signs & Striping
Committees & Commissions24	Trails Surface Rehabilitation
Bicycle, Pedestrian & Traffic Safety	C-1 Trail Maintenance
Cable & Utilities Undergrounding	Storm Damage/Emergency Repairs
Conservation	Service Agreements30
Community/Volunteer Events	Animal Control
Cultural Arts	San Mateo County Sheriff's Office, COPS
Emergency Preparedness	Emergency Services Council JPA
Historic Resources	NPDES – Stormwater Program
Open Space Acquisition Advisory	Services & Supplies31
Parks & Recreation	Elections
Science & Nature	Liability Insurance
Sustainability	Office Supplies
Trails & Paths	Town Publications
Water Conservation	Web Site Hosting & Spam Filtering
Consultant Services25	Office Equipment - Maintenance & Repairs
Accounting & Auditing	Equipment Services Contracts
Town Attorney	Postage
Transcription	Telephones and Wi-Fi
Geologist	Advertising
Engineer	Dues
Planner	Education & Training
Plan Check	Mileage Reimbursement
Miscellaneous Consultants	Utilities
Miscellaneous27	Fire Prevention / Wood Chipping
Contingency	Vehicle Maintenance
Community Services	Miscellaneous
H.E.A.R.T. JPA	Bank Fees
Risk Management Programs	Sustainability Series
Parks & Recreation Operations28	Town Center Facilities33
Parks & Fields Maintenance	Building Maintenance Equipment & Supplies
Portable Lavatories	Landscape Supplies & Services
Special Events Insurance	Janitorial Services
Instructors	Mechanical Systems Maintenance/Repair
Public Works Operations29	Repairs/Vandalism
Public Road Surface & Drainage	Property Insurance
Street Sweeping and ROW Maintenance	Capital Improvements Program34
ROW Tree Trimming & Mowing	

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY 2015-2016

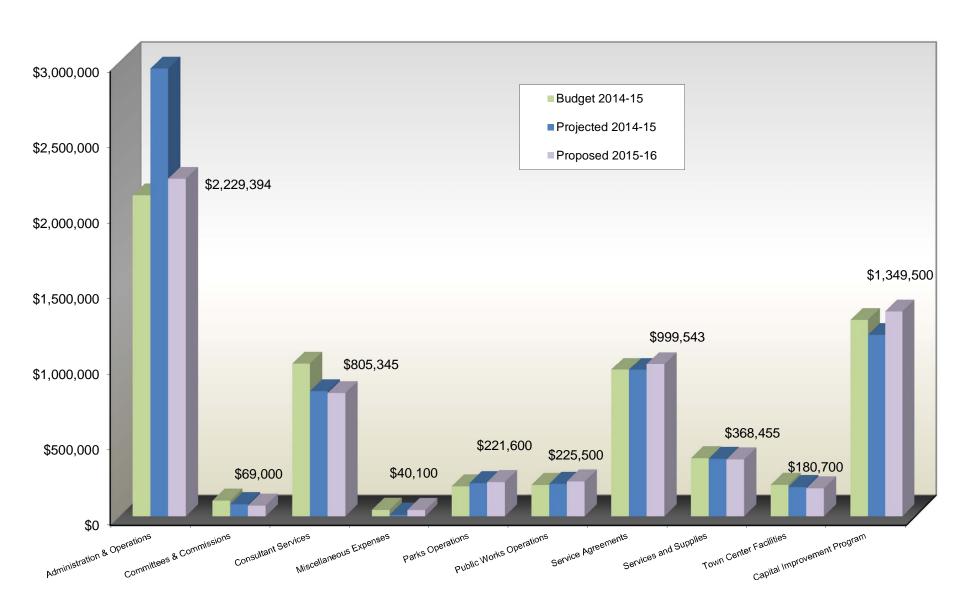
Total Expenditures Budget Summary

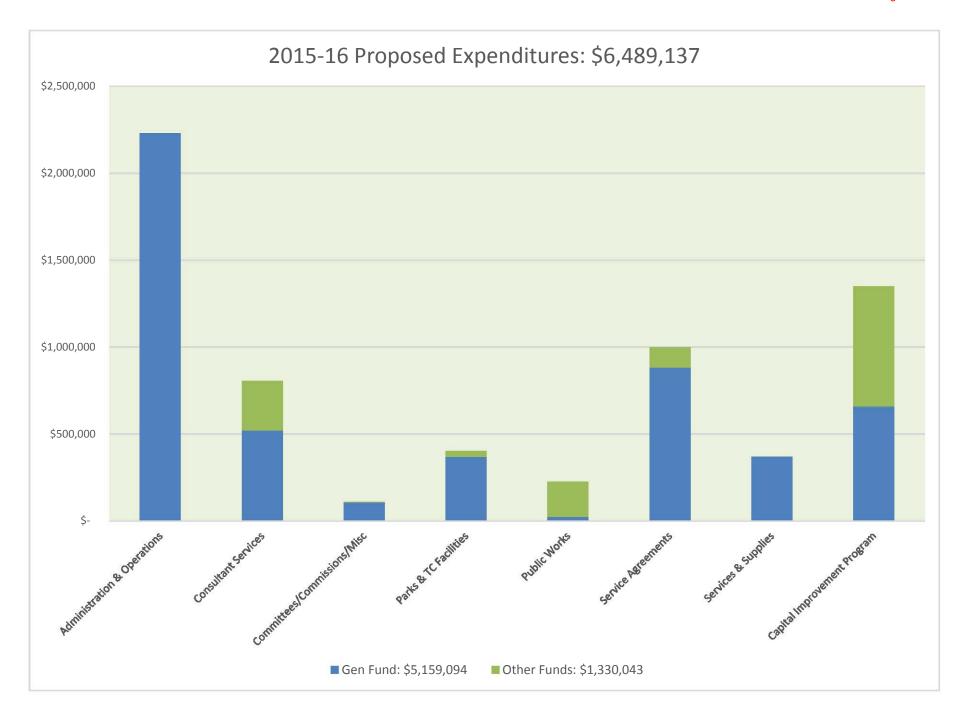
	2014-15	2014-15
Expenditures	Adopted	Projected
	Budget	at Year End
Administration & Operations	2,119,906	2,960,464
Committees & Commissions	101,270	78,300
Consultant Services	1,003,000	817,988
Miscellaneous Expenses	41,500	10,017
Parks Operations	194,000	214,600
Public Works Operations	203,000	210,046
Service Agreements	961,517	960,891
Services and Supplies	376,190	372,208
Town Center Facilities	203,500	189,280
Subtotal	5,203,883	5,813,794
Capital Improvement Program		
Programs	1,293,000	1,193,598
Equipment	215,000	39,300
Subtotal	1,508,000	1,232,898
Grand Total	6,711,883	7,046,692

2015-16	\$ / Change	%/Change	%/Change
Adopted	per Projected	per Adopted	per Projected
Budget	Year End	14/15 Budget	Year End
2,229,394	-731,070	5.16	(24.69)
69,000	-9,300	(31.87)	(11.88)
805,345	-12,643	(19.71)	(1.55)
40,100	30,083	(3.37)	300.32
221,600	7,000	14.23	3.26
225,500	15,454	11.08	7.36
999,543	38,652	3.95	4.02
368,455	-3,753	(2.06)	(1.01)
180,700	-8,580	(11.20)	(4.53)
5,139,637	-674,157	(1.23)	(11.60)
1,314,500	120,902	1.66	10.13
35,000	-4,300	(83.72)	(10.94)
1,349,500	116,602	(10.51)	9.46
6,489,137	-557,555	-3%	-8%

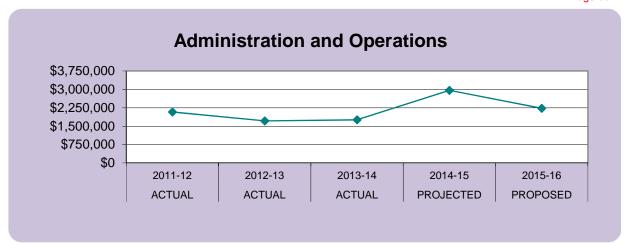


2014-15 Budget/Projected Exps. vs 2015-16 Proposed Expenditures



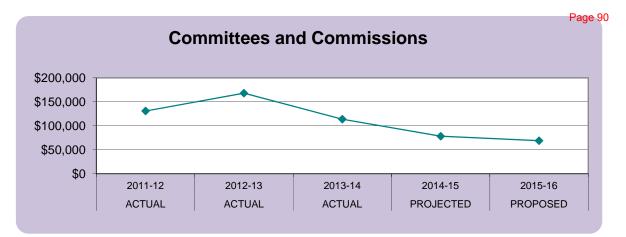






		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Αc	ccount Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODES
1	Permanent Full-Time Staff (14)							
	Administration/Finance (5)	372,743	463,553	501,630	512,530	541,500	564,767	
	Planning/Building/Public Wks (6)	493,917	384,978	519,508	695,906	581,300	696,218	
	Maintenance (3)	182,727	184,771	131,835	185,392	140,800	242,365	
2	Permanent Part-Time Staff							
	Administrative (0) (to full-time as of 7/1/12)	107,175	-	-	0	0	40,000	05-50-4040
	Horsekeeping (Bldg Official as of Feb-2014)	341	704	429	0	0	0	05-50-4044
3	Temporary Staff							
	Building Inspection (Contractor)	3,003	8,697	12,886	10,000	180,000	10,000	05-50-4062
	Temporary Planning/Admin Staff		160,191	39,167	100,000	33,000	35,000	05-50-4060
4	Benefits							
	Retirement - PERS (2011-12 includes payoff	544,521	170,993	180,467	208,428	1,120,199	225,746	05-50-4080
	of PERS Side Fund (\$319,066)							
	Retirement - Social Security	67,703	62,635	66,777	76,698	72,000	86,028	05-50-4082
	Medicare	17,353	15,265	17,196	20,385	18,650	22,570	05-50-4084
	Health Insurance/Retiree Service Charges	198,901	209,065	231,573	251,067	210,800	220,866	05-50-4086
	Long-Term Disability Insurance				3,500	3,300	3,500	05-50-4091
	Unemployment/Workers' Compensation	45,523	41,981	20,380	20,000	18,000	20,000	05-50-4092
	Cafeteria Plan Management			1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	05-50-4097
	Automobile Allowance	5,170	6,000	9,000	12,000	10,150	13,200	05-50-4096
	Overtime	-	868	10,243	5,000	7,555	8,000	05-50-4100
	Tuition Reimbursement				3,000	6,000	,	05-50-4104
	Town-Paid Deferred Compensation				0	8,360		05-50-4098
5		40,369	4,951	15,609	15,000	7,850	20,000	05-50-4102
	Sub-Total	2,079,446	1,714,652	1,757,700	2,119,906	2,960,464	2,229,394	2





	1	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
۸.	account Description / Activity							
A	count Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODES
_	ASCC - Town Planner now provides in-house support.	28,368	28,968	-		_		05-52-4140
1	Bicycle, Pedestrian & Traffic Safety		2,429	100	2,500	0	500	05-52-4143
2	Cable & Utilities Undergrounding	-	-	-	500	0	1,650	
3	Conservation	70	1,185	1961	3,900	86	3,950	05-52-4144
4	Community Volunteer Events							
	Blues & Barbecue (suspended in 2014)	5,136	34,926					05-52-4146
	Fiftieth Anniversary Party			624	35,000	37,290	0	
	Town Picnic (line item moved to Parks & Rec 2014-15)	17,301	17,182	18,736				05-52-4147
	Holiday Party	17,501	17,102	10,730	11,000	11,576	12,000	05-52-4147
5	Cultural Arts	3,300	5,213	3,234	5,000	4,000	6,000	05-52-4150
	Holiday Fair, Music Series, Art Show							
6	Emergency Preparedness	2,720	2,811	4,931	11,900	7,400	8,100	05-52-4152
	Includes cost of microwave line to County, emergency							
	supplies and radio-related costs.							
7	Historic Resources	63	1,779	1,013	2,650	260	4,300	05-52-4154
					·		·	
8	Open Space Acquisition Advisory	-	-	-	0	102	500	05-52-4156
9	Parks & Recreation							
	Town Picnic (line item moved to P&R 2014-15)			-	11,000	11,000	11,000	05-52-4158
	Zots to Tots Run	3,047	1,794	1,900	3,000	3,000	3,000	05-52-4158
	Adult Sports Leagues	8.879	10,200	-	. 0	. 0	,	05-52-4160
	Planning - Town Planner now provides in-house support.	56,724	57,912	78,000	0	0		05-52-4162
10	Science & Nature	812	227	360	1,000	398	1,000	05-52-4163
11	Sustainability	4,098	2,084	2,317	8,820	3,000	9,000	05-52-4165
	Teen	<i>4</i> 38	1,424	653	0	188	0	05-52-4166
12	Trails & Paths						2,500	
13	Water Conservation			-	5,000	5,000	5,500	05-52-4168
	Sub-Total	130,956	168,134	113,828	101,270	78,300	69,000	

2015-16



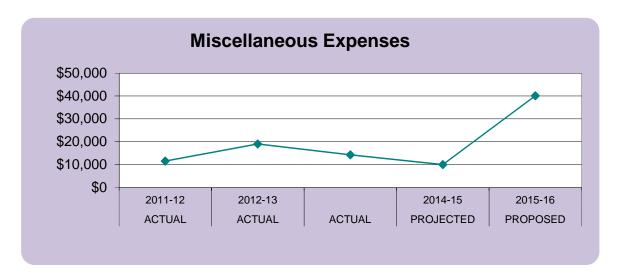


		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Ac	count Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODES
1	Accounting and Auditing	23,025	23,451	24,148	25,200	24,600	27,345	05-54-4180
	Preparation of the Town's annual audit and other							
	accounting services. Expenditures for Community							
	Hall audit is located at Town Center Facilities.							
2	Town Attorney	93,029	99,123	116,135	97,500	135,000	125,000	05-54-4182
	Town Attorney is appointed by the Town Council to							
	provide legal advice to the Town Council,							
	committees, and staff.							
3	Town Attorney - Charges to Applicants	12,943	36,034	14,888	22,500	17,850	25,000	96-54-4186
	Charges to applicants for legal reviews of							
	applications. Paid through the applicant deposit							
	system.							
4	Transcription Services	15,514	25,549	21,367	22,000	16,500	20,000	05-54-4188
	Cost to transcribe the proceedings of the Town							
	Council and Planning Commission meetings.							
5	Town Geologist	0	2,717	3,993	15,000	14,980	16,000	05-54-4189
	The Town Geologist is retained to provide geology							
	reviews and to provide advice to the Town Council							
	and staff.							
6	Town Geologist - Charges to Applicants	59,060	76,972	98,188	75,000	146,550	125,000	96-54-4190
	Charges to applicants for geological consultant							
	reviews of applications. Paid through applicant							
	deposit system.							

Page 92

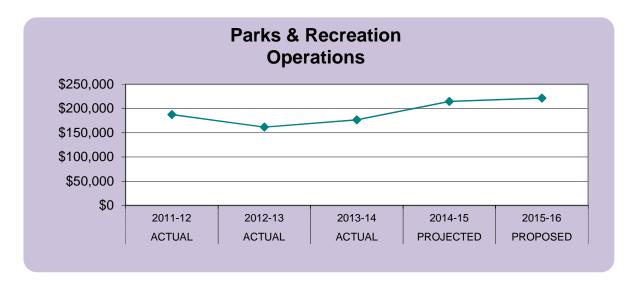
		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Ac	count Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODES
	Engineer Services	550	14,800	95	100,000	10,000	25,000	5/20-54-4192
	This provides backup to the Town Engineer (e.g., traffic analysis, surveying, NPDES).							
8	Engineer - Charge to Applicants	43,299	17,900	42,749	45,000	55,000	55,000	96-54-4194
	Charges to applicants for engineering consultant review of applications. Public Works inspections paid through applicant deposit system.							
9	Planner	152,290	142,787	124,668	140,000	90,120	50,000	05-54-4196
	Contract planning services as needed.	·		·				
10	Planner - Charge to Applicants	206,734	202,962	165,456	92,500	55,588	55,000	96-54-4198
	Charges to applicants for planning consultant							
	reviews of applications. Paid through applicant							
	deposit system.							
11	Plan Check	53,092	82,407	126,015	138,000	104,000	100,000	05-54-4200
	Services provided to review plans submitted by							
	applicants for consistency with conditions and							
	codes.							
12	Miscellaneous Consultants							
	Consultant for User Fee Study	21,840					35,000	05-54-4209
	Peelle - Scanning & Indexing Town Documents				20,000	34,400	6,000	05-54-4208
	Lynx Tech - GIS Training, Updates, Completion of							
	General Plan Diagrams	4,155	4,214	8,672				05-54-4208
	Waste Management Consultants - as of 2013-14							
	this report is now completed by Town staff	680	500	0				05-54-4212
	Website/IT Consulting & Training Services	21,973	18,740	23,510	25,000	25,500	26,000	05-54-4216
	Water Use/Efficiency Study & Improvements				23,000	3,100	0	05-54-4214
	Miscellaneous Consultants	32,892	12,550	18,210	40,000	42,000	50,000	05-54-4214
	Public Information Consultant (shared)				65,000	40,000	0	05-54-4215
	Master Plan Update						65,000	05-54-4214
	OPEB Actuarial Valuation				15,000	2,800	0	05-54-4214
	MS Access Database Consultant				15,000	0	0	05-54-4214
	Business License Management System				27,300	0	0	05-54-4214
	Legal & Planning Consultants - Aff Hsg/Blue Oaks		79,706					45-00-4376
	Sub-Total	741,075	840,412	788,094	1,003,000	817,988	805,345	





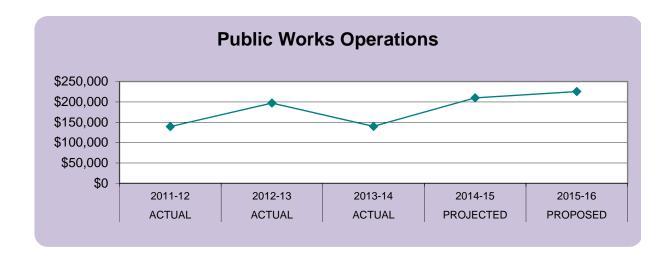
		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Αc	count Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13		2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODE
1	Contingency			0	30,000		30,000	05-56-4220
	Contingency funding provides for unexpected funding							
	needs; cannot be spent without Town Council							
	authorization. (It is advisable for the Town to have funds							
	budgeted for unexpected expenses, the alternative							
	being transferral of funds within the budget.)							
2	Community Services	10,000	11,000	10,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	05-56-4222
	Funds the Town Council appropriates to non-profit							
	community organizations and agencies.							
3	H.E.A.R.T. JPA	1,591	1,432	1,432	1,500	1,432	1,500	05-56-4223
	For participation in endowment to create a regional							
	approach to affordable housing.							
4	Risk Management Programs (grant funded)		6,602	2,872	3,000	1,585	1,600	08-56-4221
	Sub-Total	11,591	19,034	14,304	41,500	10,017	40,100	





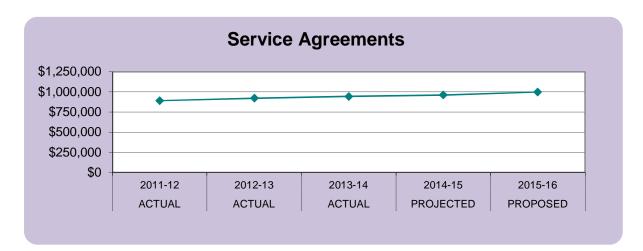
		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
A	ccount Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODES
1	Parks and Fields Maintenance	48,518	30,605	33,082	48,400	45,000	56,400	05-58-4240
	Maintenance cost for all Town-owned playing fields and parks.							
2	Portable Lavatories	3,187	3,169	3,295	3,000	2,900	3,000	05-58-4244
	Portables at both Rossotti and Ford playing fields.							
3	Instructors	132,943	124,505	138,167	137,600	164,800	160,000	05-58-4246
	Percentage of fees (80%) remitted to instructors from classroom revenues.							
4	Special Event Insurance	2,824	3,472	2,190	5,000	1,900	2,200	05-58-4338
	Insurance to cover classes held at Town Center.							
	Sub-Total	187,471	161,751	176,733	194,000	214,600	221,600	





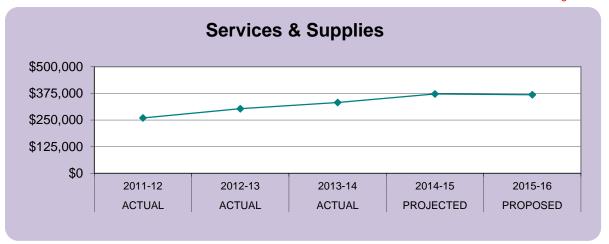
		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Αd	ccount Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODES
1	Public Road Surface & Drainage Maintenance	30,783	38,745	14,563	35,000	18,225	35,000	20-60-4260
2	Street Sweeping	18,425	21,187	18,451	20,000	21,100	22,000	20-60-4262
3	Right of Way Tree Trimming & Mowing Program	30,975	35,030	42,075	40,000	34,300	60,000	20-60-4264
4	Public Right of Way Litter Clean-up Program	9,731	9,731	0	10,000	10,441	10,500	22-60-4266
5	Tools and Equipment	1,796	2,788	985	3,000	2,600	3,000	05-60-4267
	Includes safety garments, hand tools, and small							
	mowers.							
6	Street Signs, Striping, Crosswalk Maintenance	8,031	8,209	4,865	15,000	12,600	15,000	20-60-4268
7	Trail Surface Rehabilitation	33,297	44,633	29,775	40,000	40,000	40,000	20-60-4270
8	C-1 Trail Biological Monitor/Maintenance		15,301	7,157	20,000	11,200	20,000	05-60-4272
9	Storm Damage/Emergency Repairs	6,500	21,569	22,053	20,000	59,580	20,000	20-60-4271
	Non-disaster related storm damage.					_		
	Sub-Total	139,538	197,193	139,925	203,000	210,046	225,500	





	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Account Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODES
1 Animal Control	35,919	36,099	28,712	20,254	20,254	16,000	05-62-4280
Animal Control services are provided by the Peninsula							
Humane Society through a contract with San Mateo							
2 San Mateo County Sheriff's Office	598,145	616,229	634,716	653,757	653,757	692,100	05-62-4282
Contract law enforcement through San Mateo County. This	3						
is the first year of a three-year agreement.							
3 Additional Traffic Patrols	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	30-62-4284
Portion of program to be funded by General Fund.	30,155	151,868	129,712	154,206	154,206	152,943	05-62-4284
Portion of program to be funded by Public Safety Fund.	110,000	0	29,712	13,000	13,000	18,000	10-62-4284
4 Emergency Services Council JPA	13,394	13,328	13,626	13,800	13,848	14,000	05-62-4286
5 NPDES Stormwater Program	4,852	4,852	6,395	6,500	5,826	6,500	05-62-4288
Cost of county-wide stormwater discharge permit as							
mandated by Federal and State legislation.							
Sub-Total	892,465	922,376	942,873	961,517	960,891	999,543	

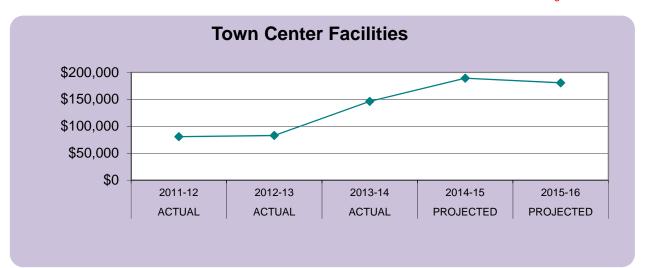




		ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Ac	count Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODES
1	Codification	0	4,624	0	2,000	1,987	0	05-64-4300
	Annual codification of the Town's ordinances.							
2	Elections	0	51	6,499	0	0	5,000	05-64-4302
	Bi-annual Town elections. Funds used to pay County to							
	administer Town elections.							
3	Liability Insurance/Bonds	34,873	42,075	43,708	43,700	39,195	40,000	05-64-4304
	Town's liability insurance, automobile insurance and							
	officials' bonding. ABAG has increased liability cap from							
	\$10 to \$15 million.							
4	Office Supplies	12,504	12,651	15,810	20,000	15,000	18,000	05-64-4308
	Includes outside printing, purchase of building code							
	books, and various training books. 100% recycled							
	purchasing when possible.							
5	Town Publications	12,409	12,723	1,818	4,000	3,000	4,000	05-64-4310
	Production costs for postcards							
6	Web Site & Spam Filtering	7,309	4,138	18,520	11,700	9,300	9,300	05-64-4311
	Includes offsite hosting of Municipal Code, security							
	certificate for website, website hosting, spam filtering							
	services and MS365 subscription.							
7	Office Equipment, Maintenance & Repairs	11,852	12,958	22,592	17,700	37,000	14,000	05-64-4312
	Includes new refrigerator, tablets for EOC, laptop for							
	Council chambers.							

	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT		
A 1 D 2 - 12 / A - 12 - 11									
Account Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODES		
8 Equipment Service Contracts	13,301	12,003	14,173	14,500	20,500	14,500	05-64-4314		
Maintenance agreements for GIS/financial software,									
postal meter and other service agreements as needed.									
9 Postage	4,819	3,190	7,707	7,500	,	7,000	05-64-4316		
10 Telephones and Wi-Fi Internet	7,088	4,164	4,878	7,000	6,750	7,000	05-64-4318		
Includes land lines, cell phones, and wi-fi service.									
11 Advertising	6,334	8,543	9,141	9,500	6,100	9,000	05-64-4320		
Legal notices and advertisements.									
12 Dues	20,511	21,860	21,284	23,000	21,000	26,815	05-64-4322		
13 Education & Training - Staff	2,408	4,990	7,450	14,050	8,655	13,500	05-64-4326		
14 Education & Training - Council, Commissions, &									
Committees	1,681	2,075	989	2,000	900	5,580			
15 Mileage Reimbursement (2015 rate is 0.575/mile)	1,794	1,518	2,061	2,200	1,800	2,000	05-64-4328		
16 Utilities									
PG&E and water expenses for Town Center buildings									
and fields.	66,005	79,562	74,670						
PG&E	00,003	79,502	74,070	10,000	10,500	11,000			
Cal-Water Recreational (Fields & Triangle Park)					62,000	65,000	05-64-4330		
Cal-Water Non-Recreational						3,000	1,500	3,000	
17 Fire Prevention/Wood Chipping/CERPP	29,259	29,010	36,473	60,000	65,620	64,000	05-64-4333		
Includes wood chipping program, annual renewal for									
Rapid Notify, shared CERPP coordinator and									
defensible space matching grant program.									
18 Vehicle Maintenance	11,783	13,879	13,822	14,000	11,000	14,000	05-64-4334		
Includes yearly service of all vehicles and fuel costs.									
19 Sustainability Series	4,563	3,636	6,754	8,820	8,800	9,000	05-64-4335		
20 Miscellaneous	6,432	20,843	12,308	15,000	24,181	15,000	05-64-4336		
21									
Bank Fees (includes fees for ADP Payroll Processing)	4,845	8,474	11,434	11,520	11,200	11,760	05-64-4337		
Sub-Total	259,770	302,967	332,092	376,190	372,208	368,455			





	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	BUDGET	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	ACCOUNT
Account Description/Activity	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODES
1 Bldg Maint Equipment & Supplies - Town Ctr bldgs	18,469	7,380	5,817	15,000	7,200	10,000	05-66-4340
2 Bldg Maint Equipment & Supplies - Library			2,377	2,500	5,000	2,500	25-66-4340
3 Community Hall	10,911	23,628	33,496	51,000	75,000	35,700	05-66-4341
Includes purchase of storage cabinets, post-event							
janitorial, maintenance costs, deep cleaning and annual							
usage audit.							
4 Landscape Supplies and Services	21,204	19,641	35,322	55,000	30,375	43,800	05-66-4342
Includes care of native garden, plantings, trees and							
irrigation.							
5 Janitorial Services - Town Center buildings	9,229	5,070	19,985	22,000	21,100	25,000	05-66-4344
6 Janitorial Services - Library			11,459	12,000	11,300	12,000	25-66-4344
7 Mechanical Systems Maint/Repairs - Town Ctr bldgs	15,543	21,550	17,736	20,000	21,000	25,000	05-66-4346
8 Mechanical Systems Maint/Repairs - Library			8,838	12,000	5,000	12,000	25-66-4346
Includes maintenance of electrical, photovoltaic, &							
dashboard.							
9 Library Maintenance Support			2,531	6,000	6,225	6,700	25-66-4351
10 Repairs/Vandalism	0	0	2,373	1,000	590	1,000	05-66-4348
11 Property Insurance	5,310	5,581	6,284	7,000	6,490	7,000	05-66-4350
Sub-Total	80,666	82,850	146,219	203,500	189,280	180,700	



Ca	pital Improvements: Programs	ACCOUNT	ADOPTED	PROJECTED	PROPOSED
		CODE	2014-15	2014-15	2015-16
1 Annual Street Resurfacing Program					
	Construction	22-68-4538	98,000	98,000	65,000
		60-68-4538	261,000	261,000	286,000
		65-68-***	41,000	41,000	0
		05-68-4538	0	150,000	149,000
2	Annual Street Resurfacing - Testing & Inspections	05-68-4538	40,000	50,000	40,000
3	Annual Street Resurfacing - Future Year Design	05-68-4503	40,000	20,000	40,000
4	SMTA Measure A Grant Reimbursement Project	05-68-4537	19,400	24,206	128,757
	Road widening, retaining wall, planning, specs, estimate	08-68-4537	40,600	10,794	288,743
5	Springdown Open Space Improvement	15-68-4414	20,000	5,200	15,000
6	Storm Drain Inventory/Repairs				
	Replacement and repairs	22-68-4413	25,000	0	35,000
7	Crowder Trail Improvements (Stanford)	05-68-4532	35,000	0	15,000
8	Ford Field Improvements (rem'g donor funds)	05-68-4531	30,000	8,000	47,000
9	Permit Tracking Software	05-68-4539			80,000
10	Improvements to Alpine Trail (Dirt at Hawthorns)	05-68-***			65,000
11	Improvements to Historic Schoolhouse Entryway	05-68-4415			60,000
	Upper Alpine (Funded by CalTrans Emergency Relief)	50-68-4475	285,000	218,078	0
	OBAG Road Improvements (Funded by Federal Grant)	08-68-4534	224,000	226,320	0
	OBAG Required Local Match for Project	05-68-4534	29,000	49,000	0
	Remodel of Town Center Workspaces	05-68-4420	40,000	32,000	0
	Library Playspace Installations	25-68-4538	65,000	0	0
	Lighting Improvements for Library				
	Sub-Total Sub-Total			1,193,598	1,314,500



Capital Improvements: Equipment		ADOPTED	PROJECTED	PROPOSED	ACCOUNT
Account Description/Activity		2014-15	2014-15	2015-16	CODES
4 Valida for Blancia a 9 Codo Enfo	nament (Diversity Drive)			25 000	05 70 4404
1 Vehicle for Planning & Code Enfor	cement (Plug-in Prius)			35,000	05-70-4481
	2	50,000	00.000		05.70.4400
Integrated Audio-Visual System for 0	community Hall	50,000	23,800		05-70-4480
New Generator for Town Hall		100,000	0		05-70-4480
Plotter		10,000	0		05-70-4480
Radar Trailer		15,000	15,500		05-70-4480
Replacement Truck F-150 Eco-Boos	t 4x4	40,000	0		05-70-4480
	Sub-Total	215,000	39,300	35,000	



MEMORANDUM

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

TO: Mayor and Members of the Town Council

FROM: Sharon Hanlon, Town Clerk

DATE: June 24, 2015

RE: November 2015 General Municipal Election

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the Town Council adopt the attached resolution ordering and calling for an election for the purpose of electing two members of the Town Council on November 3, 2015 and to adopt a resolution directing the San Mateo County Chief Elections Officer to conduct the November 3, 2015 election wholly by mail.

DISCUSSION:

The Town Council must adopt a resolution (Attachment A) ordering and calling for a General Municipal Election to be held on November 3, 2015. The residents of Portola Valley will decide three four-year terms for the Town Council. The incumbents whose offices are about to expire are as follows:

Ann Wengert Jeff Aalfs

Nomination papers can be filed with the Town Clerk commencing on July 13, 2015 and ending at 5:00 p.m. on August 7, 2015. However, if the incumbents do not file by this date the voters shall have until 5:00 p.m. on August 12, 2015 to nominate candidates. Upon adoption of this resolution, the Town Clerk will publish notice of the municipal election per the California Election Code.

At its April 8, 2015 meeting the Town Council concurred that participation in the pilot all-mailed ballot program (AB 2028), if conducted by the Chief Elections Officer, is acceptable for the November 3, 2015 election. Included with this report is a resolution (Attachment B) directing the San Mateo County Chief Elections Officer to conduct the November 3, 2015 election for the Town of Portola Valley wholly by mail, if available.

At this time ten of the twelve cities holding an election this year have approved an all-mailed ballot for the November 3, 2015 election. Other than Portola Valley, the City of Redwood City has yet to report. San Mateo County Officials are also waiting to hear from 5 School Districts and 8 Special Districts who have until August 7, 2015 to notify the San Mateo County Elections Office of their vote.

Town Council Page 2 June 24, 2015

FISCAL IMPACT

The cost of the election has been included in the proposed 2015-16 Town Budget with an estimate of \$5,000. The pilot all-mailed ballot program has the potential of reducing costs by 30-50%.

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment: A (Resolution Calling for the November 3, 2015 election)

Attachment: B (Resolution approving the November 3, 2015 election be conducted wholly by mail.

APPROVED - Nick Pegueros, Town Manager

RESOLUTION NO.	- 2015
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RESOLUTION CALLING AND GIVING NOTICE OF THE HOLDING OF A GENERAL MUNICIPAL ELECTION TO BE HELD ON NOVEMBER 3, 2015 FOR THE PURPOSE OF ELECTING TWO MEMBERS OF THE TOWN COUNCIL

The Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley does hereby **RESOLVE** as follows:

1. <u>Date of Election – Offices to be Filled</u>. A general municipal election is hereby called and ordered to be held in the Town of Portola Valley, State of California, on Tuesday, November 3, 2015 for the purpose of electing eligible persons to hold certain elective offices, the terms of the incumbents of which are about to expire. They are as follows:

A member of the Town Council to fill the office now held by ANN WENGERT for a term of four years.

A member of the Town Council to fill the office now held by JEFF AALFS for a term of four years.

- 2. <u>Registration to Close October 19, 2015</u>. Registration for said election shall close on October 19, 2015. No person registered after that date will be entitled to vote at the election.
- 3. <u>Procuring and Filing Nomination Papers</u>. Nomination papers may be procured from the Town Clerk no earlier than July 13, 2015 and shall be filed with the Town Clerk no later than 5:00 p.m. on August 7, 2015. However, if nomination papers of any incumbent elective officer of the Town are not filed by 5:00 p.m. on August 7th (the 88th day before the election) the voters shall have until 5:00 p.m. on August 12th (the 83rd day before the election) to nominate candidates other than the incumbent for the elective office.
- 4. <u>Town Clerk's Duties</u>. The Town Clerk shall procure or cause to be procured all supplies and perform all duties as may be necessary to properly and lawfully aid in the conduct of the election.
- 5. <u>Consolidation Request and Consent</u>. Request is hereby made, consent is hereby given and it is ordered that the general election shall be consolidated with any election or elections to be held on the same day, in the same territory, or in territory that is in part the same, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Elections Code.
- 6. <u>Precincts Polling Places Canvass</u>. The election precincts, polling places, and officers of election shall be established, designated, and appointed by the appropriate officials of the County of San Mateo, and the Board of Supervisors of the County of San

Mateo is hereby authorized, pursuant to Section 10411 of the Elections Code, to canvass the returns of the election in accordance with provisions of Division 10 of the Code.

- 7. Services of County Clerk. The Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo is hereby requested to permit the County Clerk of the County to render services relating to the conduct of the election and this Council shall, and does hereby, accept the terms and conditions of the performance of the election services by the County Clerk and further agrees to make the payments therefore as may be set forth in a billing to the Town from the County Clerk prescribing the amount due for costs incurred from the rendering of the services.
- 8. <u>Posting and Publication of Notice of Election</u>. The Town Clerk shall cause copies of Notice of General Election to be posted in three (3) public places in the Town of Portola Valley and shall cause a copy of the Notice to be published once in The Almanac, a newspaper of general circulation in the Town, under the following heading:

"NOTICE OF GENERAL MUNICIPAL ELECTION"

Notice of Election shall be given as required by applicable provisions of the Elections Code of the State of California.

PASSED AND ADOPTED this 24 day of June, 2015.

	By:	
	Mayor	
ATTEST:		
Town Clerk		

RESOL	.UTION NO).

RESOLUTION DIRECTING THE SAN MATEO COUNTY CHIEF ELECTIONS OFFICER TO CONDUCT THE NOVEMBER 3, 2015 ELECTION FOR THE TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY WHOLLY BY MAIL

WHEREAS, in 2014 the California Legislature and Governor approved Assembly Bill 2028 (AB 2028), which is a pilot program permitting certain elections in San Mateo County to be conducted wholly by mail if specific conditions are met; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to AB 2028, each jurisdiction may determine whether to participate in this pilot program and whether to authorize its election on a given date to be conducted by mail, provided, however, that election in question shall not be conducted by mail pursuant to the pilot program unless all overlapping jurisdictions with elections on that same date so request; and

WHEREAS, if the election is authorized by all affected jurisdictions to be conducted pursuant to the AB 2028 pilot program, various actions shall be taken to ensure that voter access and turnout is protected, including but not limited to the following:

- At least one ballot drop off location shall be provided in each city;
- A ballot drop off location shall be open during business hours to receive ballots beginning 28 days prior to the election through 8 p.m. on the night of the election;
- At least one polling place shall be provided per city between 7 a.m. and 8 p.m. on election day for voters to request a ballot who did not receive a ballot or who need a replacement ballot for any reason;
- At the request of any city, county, or district, the Chief Elections Officer may provide additional ballot drop off locations and polling places; All elections materials, including a prepaid return envelope for the ballot, shall be provided to each voter:
- A list of ballot drop off locations and polling places shall be delivered to each voter; and
- Polling places shall be located at an accessible location and equipped with voting machines that are accessible to individuals with disabilities; and

WHEREAS, in general, the cost of conducting an election pursuant to the pilot program described above is expected to be significantly less overall than a typical election, and this cost reduction should translate to lower costs to each jurisdiction that participates in the pilot program election compared to the typical election costs borne by each jurisdiction; and

WHEREAS, the San Mateo County Chief Elections Officer has reported that in San Mateo County, 59% of registered voters are permanently registered to vote by mail, in the November 2013 Consolidated Municipal, School, and Special District Election over 76% of the ballots were cast by mail, and in the June 2014 Primary Election over 77% of the ballots were cast by mail; and

WHEREAS, the Chief Elections Officer has stated an intention to have the November 3, 2015 Consolidated Municipal, School, and Special District Election be the first mail election conducted pursuant to the AB 2028 pilot program in San Mateo County; and

WHEREAS, the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley has considered the merits of the proposed pilot election program and desires to participate in the pilot program given the protections for voter access and participation in the election and anticipated cost savings to the Town of Portola Valley.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley does **RESOLVE** as follows:

- The Town Council of the Town of Portola Valley authorizes the November 3, 2015 election for the Town of Portola Valley to be conducted wholly by mailed ballots pursuant to AB 2028 and consolidated with all other elections occurring on that date within San Mateo County.
- 2. The San Mateo County Chief Elections Officer is requested to conduct the November 3, 2015 election for the Town of Portola Valley, including any elections for officials of the Town of Portola Valley and measures relating to the Town of Portola Valley, as an election conducted wholly by mail pursuant to the AB 2028 pilot program, it being understood that the election shall occur wholly by mail on that date only if all overlapping jurisdictions with elections on that date make the same request. If all overlapping jurisdictions with elections on that date do not so request, the Town of Portola Valley election shall occur as normal on that date pursuant to the other provisions of the Elections Code.
- 3. The Town Clerk of the Town of Portola Valley is hereby directed to notify the Secretary of State no later than August 6, 2015, of the Town's intent to conduct an all-mailed ballot election as outlined above.
- 4. The Town of Portola Valley shall separately send information regarding the specifics of its November 3, 2015 election to the San Mateo County Chief Elections Officer.

PASSED AND ADOPTED this	day of 2015.	
	By: Mayor	
	Mayor	
ATTEST:		
Town Clerk		



MEMORANDUM

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

TO: Mayor and Members of the Town Council

FROM: Sharon Hanlon, Town Clerk

Nick Pegueros, Town Manager

DATE: June 24, 2015

RE: Posting Committee Meeting Minutes

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the Town Council review and discuss two options to the current committee meeting minute process that facilitate posting committee meeting minutes to the website. Based on the Town Council's discussion, staff will circulate a proposed new process to the committee chairs for their review and comment. Staff will then return to the Town Council in late July or August to amend the Commission and Advisory Committee Policies & Procedures Handbook with the new meeting minute preparation guidance.

BACKGROUND:

At their meeting on April 22, 2015 the Town Council directed staff to post committee meeting minutes to the Town's website. Historically, the Town has not posted committee meeting minutes due to the workload created by ensuring that the Town Clerk has the final approved meeting minutes and the lack of uniformity in meeting minutes across committees. The committee's final approved meeting minutes, or at least those that have been provided to the Town Clerk, are retained and available at Town Hall upon request. In their presentation to the Council on April 22, 2015, the Bicycle, Traffic, Pedestrian Safety Committee (BPTSC) asked the Town Council to post the committee's meeting minutes to the website to promote greater accessibility of the information for the public. The Council concurred with the BPTSC and, on that direction, staff has evaluated the workflow required to post Committee meeting minutes on a timely basis. On average, staff receives nine meeting minutes per month.

DISCUSSION:

Staff has identified two options to move forward with posting meeting minutes to the Town's website that balance transparency with some quality control over the appearance and accuracy of the meeting minutes. The workflow for the current process, the process discussed at the Town Council meeting on April 22, 2015 (option 1), and a streamlined process (option 2) are included as Attachment 1 to this report.

Option 1 requires the Town Council liaison, Town Clerk and possibly the Town Manager to review draft meeting minutes. This is a significant change from the current workflow due to the fact that there is no review of the committee's meeting minutes for conformance to the Brown Act, formatting, or content.

Option 2 significantly simplifies the meeting minute process by requiring committees to prepare action minutes rather than discussion minutes. Action minutes focus solely on action taken by the committee relative to items on the agenda. This approach is so simple that it eliminates the need for draft meeting minutes to be approved by the Committee since the only recorded item is action. To illustrate the difference, staff has taken the BPTSC's official meeting minutes for their March 18, 2015 meeting and prepared action minutes.

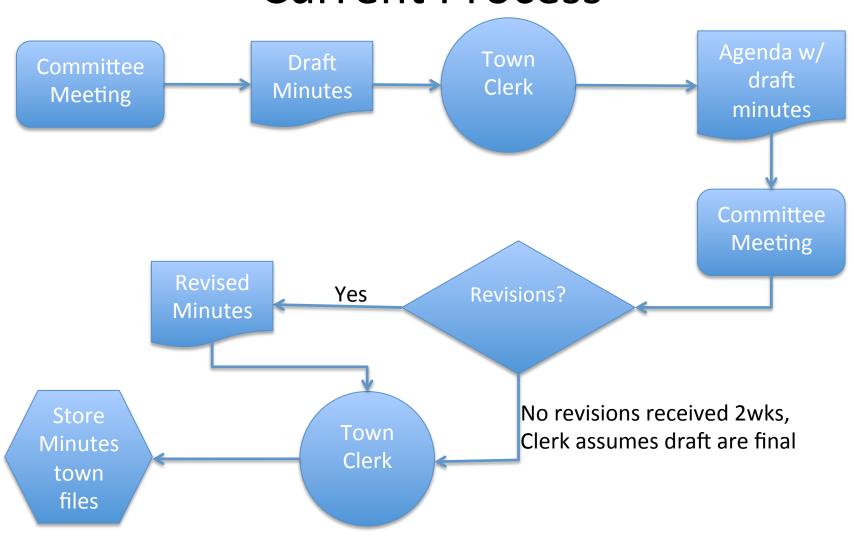
With respect to next steps, staff is asking that the Town Council provide direction relative to the new meeting minute process. Based on that direction, staff will seek input from committee chairs and then return to the Council in either late July or August with a recommended revision to the Commission and Advisory Committee Policies & Procedures Handbook.

ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Committee Meeting Minutes Current and Optional Workflows
- 2. Official Meeting Minutes from the BPTSC's March 18, 2015 meeting
- 3. Proposed Action Minutes for the BPTSC meeting on March 18, 2015

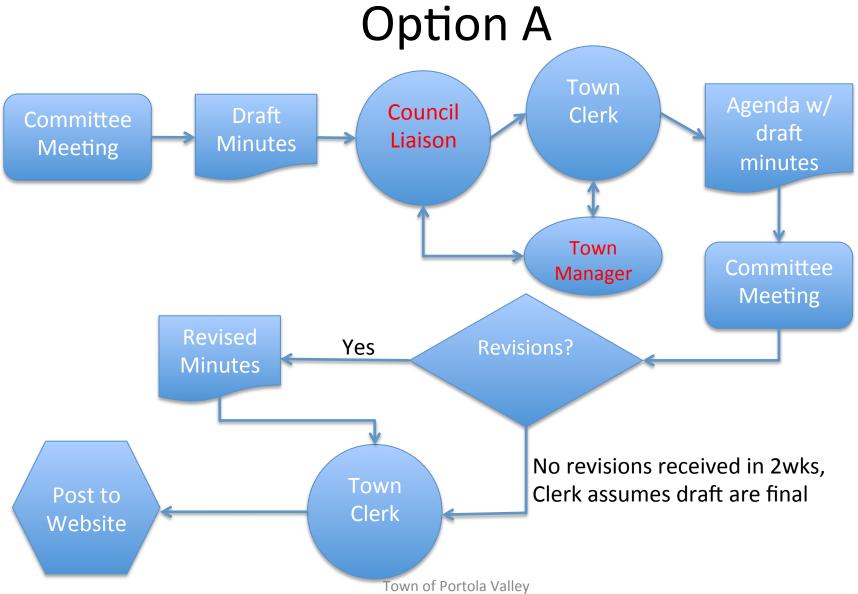


Committee Meeting Minutes Current Process

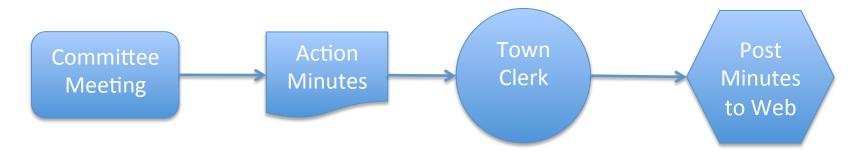


Town of Portola Valley

Committee Meeting Minutes



Committee Meeting Minutes Option B



MINUTES OF THE BICYCLE, PEDESTRIAN AND TRAFFIC SAFETY COMMITTEE ON MARCH 18, 2015

1 CALL MEETING TO ORDER

Chairman Ed Holland called the meeting to order at 8:18 a.m.

2 ROLL CALL

Present were Angela Hey, Ed Holland, Leslie Latham and Kevin Welch. Also in attendance were Howard Young, public works director, Tim Reid, lieutenant at San Mateo County Sheriff's Office, and Gary Nielsen, Portola Valley's police commissioner.

3 SHERIFF'S REPORT

3.1 FEBRUARY 2015 REPORT

Tim Reid reported there were 16 speeders on Alpine & Portola Roads and 4 Stop sign violations. Others were cited for, among other things, not wearing seat belts and using high beams. There were no collisions in Portola Valley in February.

3.2 RETIREMENT OF TIM REID

Tim Reid told the committee this was his last appearance and he would be retiring. Tim noted that Sergeant Mark Kuykendall from the San Mateo County Sheriff's Office will be attending committee meetings in the future to provide traffic reports. The committee thanked Tim for his attendance and reporting over the past few years.

3.3 OTHER OBSERVATIONS

Ed Holland noted skid marks on Arastradero Road, near McClenahan's (in Santa Clara County) and asked if there had been an accident there. Tim said it was outside his jurisdiction, so he didn't know of any recent accident there.

4 REPORT FROM SILICON VALLEY BIKE COALITION (BIKESILICONVALLEY.ORG)

Cindy Welton (Director of Retail Operations, Stanford Hospital Clinics, and former Roadway Safety Solutions Team Co-Leader, Stanford Trauma) and Emma Shlaes (Policy Manager, Silicon Valley Bike Coalition) gave a presentation on initiatives to make cycling safer.

They promoted the Vision Zero Initiative, a multi-national approach that says no road death or life-altering injuries are acceptable. Stanford Trauma Center sees about 13 cyclists per week.

They mentioned many sponsors and partners, including the California Department of Motor Vehicles who updated their Driver Handbook to put more emphasis on cycling. They discussed

standardizing Safe Routes To School and new messaging for Share The Road initiatives. They worked with design firm IDEO and the California College of the Arts on a 48 hour Design Sprint and came up with 6 projects. One of these – a 3-year program - will be launched in April by the Department of Motor Vehicles.

They noted many intersections involved multiple agencies and showed a list of dangerous intersections that they had visited, such as Page Mill Road and 280, Junipero Serra to Alameda around Stanford/Menlo Park, and 84/280 in Woodside. They said that Menlo Park had joined the Department of Transportation's Mayors' Challenge for Safer People, Safer Streets and that green bike lanes were being implemented.

The Silicon Valley Bike Coalition is anxious to help Portola Valley with bicycle safety. Angela suggested the Bike Committee might like to work with the group to put on a road safety seminar for the town.

5 2014 Annual Committee Report

The committee has been asked to prepare a report of past activities – Angela will write it and Kevin will review it, before passing it off to Ed.

6 Public Works Report

6.1 WINDY HILL PARKING

Leslie noted that cars tend to follow the first cars parked on Portola Road, near the Windy Hill Parking lot. If the first cars park off the shoulder, then the others do. If the first car parks in the way of bicycles on the pavement, then other cars do too. More cars are parking on Portola Road than in the past on busy weekend days, so they are on the hill that goes up from the bridge opposite Willowbrook.

Ed suggested that the town have enforceable No Parking signs, rather than the brown signs that are currently there. Leslie said she was not in favor of putting out portable signs, and asked Howard if town staff could do that on Fridays and remove them on Mondays. Howard said he would ask staff to put out signs.

6.2 SLURRY SEALING – PORTOLA AND ALPINE ROADS

Howard reported that parts of Portola Road and Alpine Road would be slurry sealed in the spring.

6.3 Upgrading Alpine at Arastradero

Howard reported that engineering work will be going ahead at the junction. The council had asked that engineering designs for a retaining wall be approved by the Architectural and Site

Control Commission. Howard asked the committee for input on how the lanes should be striped on Alpine. He suggested a longer left turn lane at Arastradero for cars coming up Alpine. He also suggested a merge lane in the middle of the road for cars coming out of Golden Oak who want to get on to Alpine at Arastradero Road. Angela thought this was less safe than the current double, double yellow lines that narrow the lanes to slow traffic at the junction. She did not like cars merging into Alpine from the middle of the road as they may miss seeing a bicycle on their right.

6.4 HAWTHORNS (WOODS TRUST) PROPERTY BIKE TRAIL

Howard is working with the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District on a trail alongside Alpine Road by the Woods Property.

7 COMMITTEE BUDGET

Ed asked members to submit their ideas to him for the 2015-2016 budget (town fiscal year starts July 1st).

8 OUTREACH

8.1 Town Meeting Re: 280/Alpine On February 24th

Kevin reported on a very successful town meeting on February 24th to discuss traffic safety at Alpine and 280. As a result of studies and input from the public, larger Stop signs at the junction have been installed. Also rumble strips have been installed near the junction.

8.2 BIKE TO WORK DAY

Angela will ask former committee member, Patt Baenen-Tapscott, if she is interested in helping organize a Bike to Work Day event with Ladera Church, as she has equipment.

9 TIME AND DATE FOR APRIL MEETING

The next meeting of the committee will be on April 1st at 8:15 a.m. in the Schoolhouse. The committee discussed holding an evening meeting later in the year.

10 ADJOURNMENT

Ed adjourned the meeting at 9:35 a.m.



TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

<u>Special Bicycle, Pedestrian and Traffic</u>

<u>Safety Committee Meeting</u>

Wednesday, March 18, 2015 – 8:15 AM

Historic Schoolhouse

765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA

ACTION MINUTES

- 1. Chair Ed Holland called the meeting to order at 8:18 AM
- 2. Roll Call

Present: Angela Hey, Ed Holland, Leslie Latham and Kevin Welch Absent:

- 3. Oral Communications
- 4. Approve Minutes of the February 2015 meeting
- 5. Sheriff's Report
 - a.Accidents and Citations December 2014 and January & February 2015
 Lt. Reid presented the Accident & Citations Report for February 2015. He advised the Committee of his retirement and his replacement is Sergeant Mike Kuykendall. No Action Taken.
- 6. Presentation: Cindy Welton, The Silicon Valley Bicycle Coalition on "Bicycle Safety Awareness"

Cindy Welton gave a presentation on initiatives to make cycling safer and is anxious to help Portola Valley with bicycle safety. Angela suggested the Bike Committee might like to work with the group to put on a road safety seminar for the town. No Action Taken.

7. Public Works Report:

Public Works Director Howard Young provided an update on Windy Hill overflow parking, this spring's slurry sealing project on Portola and Alpine Roads, upgrade to the shoulder on Alpine Road at Arastradero Road, and the Alpine Road trail at the Hawthorns/Woods property. No Action Taken.

- General Items:
 - 1) Formation of Subcommittee to compose report on 2014 Committee activities for review at the April 2015 meeting
 - 2) Review of working guidelines Pending feedback from the Town Council, as requested at the December 2014 BPTS meeting
 - 3) Budget Planning for FY 2015-'16

Ed asked members to submit their ideas to him for the 2015-2016 budget (town fiscal year starts July 1st).

4) Parking on Portola Road at Windy Hill Entrance

➤ 2015 Events

<u>Bike To Work Day</u> - Angela will ask former committee member, Patt Baenen-Tapscott, if she is interested in helping organize a Bike to Work Day event with Ladera Church, as she has equipment.

- 10. Other Business
 - ➤ Outreach to prospective new BPTS Membership
- 11. Time and date for April 2015 meeting

The next meeting of the committee will be on April 1st at 8:15 a.m. in the Schoolhouse. The committee discussed holding an evening meeting later in the year.

12. Chair Ed Holland adjourned the meeting at 9:35 AM

TOWN COUNCIL WEEKLY DIGEST

Friday - June 12, 2015

- 1. Agenda (Action) Town Council Meeting June 10, 2015
- 2. Agenda Planning Commission Meeting Wednesday, June 17, 2015
- 3. Agenda (Special) Trails & Paths Committee Meeting Monday, June 15, 2015
- 4. Agenda (Special) Water Conservation Committee Wednesday, June 17, 2015
- 5. Email from Kelly Foley with California Clean Power re: California Clean Power Documents
- 6. Article (6/8/15) from Lake County News re: Community Choice Aggregation Buyer Beware
- 7. Email from Steve Abbors, Mid Peninsula Open Space District re: 2014 Vision Plan
- 8. Invitation from Assemblyman Rich Gordon re: Sea Level Rise Event, Santa Clara County
- 9. Letter from Greg Fontana to the Town Council re: Concerns about SB1221
- 10. Memo from Town Manager, Nick Pegueros re: Weekly Update Friday, June 12, 2015

Attached Separates (Council Only)

(placed in your town hall mailbox)

1. Invitation from Committee for Green Foothills Annual Nature's Inspiration gala



TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

7:30 PM – Regular Meeting of the Town Council Wednesday, June 10, 2015 Historic Schoolhouse 765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA 94028

ACTION AGENDA

I. CALL TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL - 7:30 PM

Councilmember Wengert, Councilmember Richards, Councilmember Hughes, Vice Mayor Derwin and Mayor Aalfs All Present

II. ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

Persons wishing to address the Town Council on any subject may do so now. Please note however, that the Council is not able to undertake extended discussion or action tonight on items not on the agenda.

None

III. CONSENT AGENDA

The following items listed on the Consent Agenda are considered routine and approved by one roll call motion. The Mayor or any member of the Town Council or of the public may request that any item listed under the Consent Agenda be removed and action taken separately.

- 1. Approval of Minutes May 27, 2015
- 2. Approval of Warrant List June 10, 2015 Items 1 & 2 Approved 5-0

IV. REGULAR AGENDA

- A. PRESENTATIONS None
- **B. COMMITTEE REPORTS & REQUESTS**
 - 1. Conservation Committee Proposal regarding Garden Area in front of the Historic Schoolhouse

Judith Murphy, Conservation Committee chair and Landscape Architect, Bob Waterman presented the proposed hardscape and landscape for the front area of the Historic Schoolhouse. Staff will obtain estimates for completing the work and present a proposal to the Council at a future meeting.

2. Update on Retaining a Consultant to Assist with Aircraft Noise Impact Analyses

Council directed the Town Manager to define scope of work with consultant, execute an agreement and provide Council with an update at the July 22nd Council meeting.

3. Update on Drought Emergency – There are no written materials for this agenda item

Brandi reported the following in regard to the Drought Emergency:

- Cal Water's Final Schedule 14.1 (Water Shortage Contingency Plan) approved by the CPUC on June 1st not include any restrictions on pools
- Water Conservation Committee is working on the water use survey and is expected to have a first version from High Energy Analytics to test on Monday, June 15th
- Staff met with the San Mateo County Health Department on their graywater guidelines and will be working the Health Department refine the permitting process
- Town is preparing an appeal to CalWater for Ford Field due to the construction that occurred in 2013. In
 addition, staff is preparing an appeal for the Town Center's domestic water account because there are no
 additional opportunities for reduction as a result of the extensive low-water saving devices installed in the
 new Town Center.
 - 4. Council Liaison Reports There are no written materials for this agenda item

Councilmember Wengert – Trails & Paths Committee topic of discussion was the horse trail in front of Alpine Hills Swim & Tennis Club and Celebration of the Horse on Saturday, July 13th.

Councilmember Richards - None to Report

Councilmember Hughes – Parks & Recreation Committee discussed the skate ramp with an expected proposal to the Council at an August meeting, snack shack at Ford Field, Town Picnic, and elected Scott Symon to Co-Chair with Simone LaValle.

Open Space Acquisition Advisory Committee is reviewing policies in place and inspecting open space land in Town.

Bicycle, Pedestrian & Traffic Safety Committee discussed the newly acquired speed trailer in town, excessive speeding in town, Windy Hill parking lot and Zots to Tots.

Vice Mayor Derwin – Water Conservation Committee discussed the Town Picnic and water use evaluation survey being developed.

The Planning Commission approved a lot line adjustment for Sausal Creek Associates, site development permit for landslide project on Santa Maria, Cal Water pump station and held a study session on the second unit ordinance.

Mayor Aalfs – ASCC discussed Cal Water pump station changes and reviewed the second unit ordinance.

C. PUBLIC HEARINGS -

- Recommendation by Town Attorney Introduction of an Ordinance Amending Title 2 of the Portola Valley Municipal Code
 - (a) First Reading of Title, Waive Further Reading, and Introduce an Ordinance Amending Title 2 [Administration and Personnel] of the Portola Valley Municipal Code (Ord.__)

Council approved 5-0 Second Reading scheduled for the June 24, 2015 Council meeting

- 2. **Recommendation by Town Planner** Introduction of an Ordinance Amending Section 18.64.010 of Title 18 [Zoning] Referral of Projects for Architectural and Site Plan Review of the Portola Valley Municipal Code (Ord)
 - (a) First Reading of Title, Waive Further Reading, and Introduce an Ordinance of the Town of Portola Valley Amending Section 18.64.010 [Applicability-Purpose] of the Portola Valley Municipal code (Ord. ___)

Council approved 5-0 Second Reading scheduled for the June 24, 2015 Council meeting

D. STAFF REPORTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. **Report from Town Planner** Annual Housing Element Progress Report for 2014 **Council approved the housing element annual report for 2014 as submitted 5-0**
- 2. **Presentation by Town Manager** 2015/2016 Proposed Budget Workshop **Public Hearing for the 2015/2016 Budget is set for June 24, 2015 5-0**
 - 3. **Discussion and Council Direction** Agenda Format and Protocol for Comments from the Audience
 - E. Council Liaison Reports on Regional Agencies and Organizations There are no written materials for this agenda item

Councilmember Wengert - San Francisco Roundtable heard from speakers from Santa Cruz "Save our Skies"

Councilmember Richards - None to Report

Councilmember Hughes - None to Report

Vice Mayor Derwin -

Council of Cities heard discussion on the San Bruno Pipeline Explosion

Library JPA discussed budget, possible uses of library budget funds

Mayor Aalfs - None to Report

V. WRITTEN COMMUNICATIONS

- 1. Town Council Digest May 29, 2015
- #10 CCA Subcommittee (Councilmember Hughes, Mayor Aalfs, Town Manager Pegueros, and Town Attorney Prince) will review information as it becomes available and report back to the Council
- #14 Mayor Aalfs is voting member and Vice Mayor Derwin as alternate
 - 2. Town Council Digest June 5, 2015

VI. ADJOURNMENT: 10:45pm

ASSISTANCE FOR PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, if you need special assistance to participate in this meeting, please contact the Town Clerk at (650) 851-1700. Notification 48 hours prior to the meeting will enable the Town to make reasonable arrangements to ensure accessibility to this meeting.

AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION

Copies of all agenda reports and supporting data are available for viewing and inspection at Town Hall and at the Portola Valley Library located adjacent to Town Hall. In accordance with SB343, Town Council agenda materials, released less than 72 hours prior to the meeting, are available to the public at Town Hall, 765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA 94028.

SUBMITTAL OF AGENDA ITEMS

The deadline for submittal of agenda items is 12:00 Noon WEDNESDAY of the week prior to the meeting. By law no action can be taken on matters not listed on the printed agenda unless the Town Council determines that emergency action is required. Non-emergency matters brought up by the public under Communications may be referred to the administrative staff for appropriate action.

PUBLIC HEARINGS

Public Hearings provide the general public and interested parties an opportunity to provide testimony on these items. If you challenge any proposed action(s) in court, you may be limited to raising only issues you or someone else raised at the Public Hearing(s) described in this agenda, or in written correspondence delivered to the Town Council at, or prior to, the Public Hearing(s).



TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY REGULAR PLANNING COMMISSION MEETING

765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA 94028 Wednesday, June 17, 2015 – 7:30 p.m. Council Chambers (Historic Schoolhouse)

REGULAR AGENDA

Call to Order, Roll Call

Chairperson Targ, Vice-Chairperson Hasko, Commissioners Gilbert, McKitterick, and Von Feldt

Oral Communications

Persons wishing to address the Commission on any subject, not on the agenda, may do so now. Please note, however, the Commission is not able to undertake extended discussion or action tonight on items not on the agenda.

Regular Agenda

 Public Hearing: Continued Review of Conditional Use Permit and Variance Applications for Pipeline Replacement and Consolidation of Pump Stations 8 and 13, File #s: 3-2015, X7D-176, and X7E-138, Portola Road right-of-way, Pump Station 8 on Portola Road across from Hayfields Road, and Pump Station 13 at the corner of Portola Road and Stonegate Drive, California Water Service Company (Staff: K. Kristiansson)

Commission, Staff, Committee Reports and Recommendations

Approval of Minutes: June 3, 2015

Adjournment:

ASSISTANCE FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, if you need special assistance to participate in this meeting, please contact the Assistant Planner at 650-851-1700 ext. 211. Notification 48 hours prior to the meeting will enable the Town to make reasonable arrangements to ensure accessibility to this meeting.

AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION

Any writing or documents provided to a majority of the Town Council or Commissions regarding any item on this agenda will be made available for public inspection at Town Hall located 765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA during normal business hours.

Planning Commission Agenda June 17, 2015 Page Two

Copies of all agenda reports and supporting data are available for viewing and inspection at Town Hall and at the Portola Valley branch of the San Mateo County Library located at Town Center.

PUBLIC HEARINGS

Public Hearings provide the general public and interested parties an opportunity to provide testimony on these items. If you challenge a proposed action(s) in court, you may be limited to raising only those issues you or someone else raised at the Public Hearing(s) described later in this agenda, or in written correspondence delivered to the Planning Commission at, or prior to, the Public Hearing(s).

This Notice is posted in compliance with the Government Code of the State of California.

Date: June 12, 2015 CheyAnne Brown Planning Technician



TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

<u>Special Trails and Paths Committee</u>

Monday, June 15, 2015 - 2:00 PM

Alpine Hills Swim & Tennis Club

4139 Alpine Road, Portola Valley, CA 94028

SPECIAL MEETING AGENDA

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Oral Communications
- 3. Discussion on Placement of Equestrian Trail
- 4. Adjournment

Note: Special meeting date/time & location



TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY <u>Special Water Conservation Committee Meeting</u> Wednesday, June 17, 2015 3:00 PM to 5:00 PM Town Hall, Conference Room 765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA 94028

AGENDA

- 1. Call To Order
- 2. Oral Communications
- 3. Approval of minutes June 3, 2015
- 4. Review status of survey (water profile, water use tool, ...)
- 5. Review recommendation drafts
 - a) Pool covers Mia
 - b) Smart controllers Al
 - c) Scientific info on drought (snow pack info, reservoirs, etc.) Loverine
 - d) How to check for irrigation leaks? Mia
 - e) What population do we use for comparison of results? Marty
- 6. Discuss remaining activities required to roll out survey on July 1
- 7. Review Mia's Water Savvy document
- 8. Announcements
- 9. Topics for next meeting
- 10. Adjournment

Rebecca to act as Secretary for this meeting

Sharon Hanlon

From: Kelly Foley [mailto:kfoley@cacleanpower.com]

Sent: Monday, June 08, 2015 5:35 PM **To:** Nick Pegueros; Brandi de Garmeaux **Subject:** California Clean Power documents

(PV Town Council Members are blind copied on this email)

Dear Nick and Brandi:

Per my last email, attached please find the following:

- 1) A PV CCA Feasibility Report based on PV's San Mateo County Energy Watch website data.
- 2) Response to Council Member Hughes' Due Diligence Inquiry
- 3) A CCP boiler plate agreement.

When a community is ready to move forward with a Council vote, CCP provides a binding contract offer, good for 30 days, and a draft CCA ordinance. The Council would then vote whether to approve the CCA Ordinance per PV code. After the CCA Ordinance is passed (including on the same agenda), the agreement can be approved. If PV decided to move forward soon, service could be launched in early 2016. Please note in the Response to Council Member Hughes' Due Diligence Inquiry the urgency regarding a 100% renewable option and expiration of the Federal Investment Tax Credit.

Best, Kelly Foley

California Clean Power | General Counsel

Phone: 707.486.5411

Email: kfoley@cacleanpower.com

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

COMMUNITY CHOICE PROGRAM FEASIBILITY REPORT

JUNE 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>1.</u>	INTRODUCTION	4
<u>2.</u>	COMMUNITY CHOICE - HISTORY & BACKGROUND	4
2.1.	HISTORY OF PUBLIC POWER IN CALIFORNIA	4
2.2.	CALIFORNIA ENERGY CRISIS	6
2.3.	COMMUNITY CHOICE AGGREGATION (CCA), ASSEMBLY BILL 117	7
<u>3.</u>	COMMUNITY CHOICE - OVERVIEW & LANDSCAPE	8
3.1.	Proven Benefits	8
3.1.1	. Environmental Impact	8
3.1.2	. ECONOMIC IMPACT	9
3.1.3	. Local Control	9
3.2.	Existing Community Choice Programs	9
3.3.	COMMUNITY CHOICE PROGRAMS IN OTHER STATES	11
<u>4.</u>	FORMATION PROCESS	12
4.1.	PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS	12
4.1.1	. DISCRETIONARY STEPS	12
4.1.2	. REQUIRED STEPS	13
4.2.	PROCUREMENT AND SCHEDULING	15
4.3.	BILLING	16
4.4.	CUSTOMER SERVICE	16
<u>5.</u>	RISKS & CONSIDERATIONS	17
5.1.	POLICY SUPPORT AND ADVOCACY	17
5.2.	ADDITIONAL PROGRAMS AND SERVICES	17
5.3.	OPERATIONAL AND OTHER RISKS	18
6.	JURISDICTION LOAD ANALYSIS – PORTOLA VALLEY	19

<u>7.</u>	PROCUREMENT REQUIREMENTS & MARKET ANALYSIS	22
7.1.	RETAIL RATES	22
7.2.	MARKET ANALYSIS	25
7.2.1.	System Power	26
7.2.2.	RESOURCE ADEQUACY	29
7.2.3.	Renewable Portfolio Standard	31
7.2.4.	Additional Renewable and Low Carbon Considerations	34
7.3.	HIGH-LEVEL COMPARISON, RETAIL & WHOLESALE MARKET ASSESSMENT	36
<u>8.</u>	COMMUNITY CHOICE PROGRAM STRUCTURE	36
8.1.	SINGLE CITY OR COUNTY	37
8.2.	JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY (JPA)	37
8.3.	PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP	38
<u>9.</u>	APPENDIX	39
9.1.	RELATED LEGISLATION	39
10.	GLOSSARY OF TERMS	53

1. INTRODUCTION

Community Choice Aggregation (CCA) is feasible. Community Choice programs are operating successfully in California and in other states. Feasibility reports were done for many of these programs prior to launching; now, existing programs have proven out the benefits of Community Choice for residents and businesses, the environment, and the economy.

Because of this, the analysis of CCA feasibility is different today. In the next generation of Community Choice programs, communities must decide how their program should function, not whether it can function. Successful Community Choice programs have spurred innovation in how to approach program operations and program services. By law, all Community Choice programs in California must be government programs, without exception, but each community may choose how to staff and support its program, along with the suite of services the program will provide for its residents.

Because of the collective experience with Community Choice in California, the intent of this feasibility report is to provide an overall context and support for Community Choice. This document will also provide foundational information on Community Choice, an analysis of recent electrical load data of Portola Valley in relation to current markets and future projected markets, and will provide different approaches to establishing a Community Choice program in Portola Valley. When structured appropriately, with thoughtful risk management strategies and skilled expertise responsible for daily operations, the operational risks and financial risks of a Community Choice program can be mitigated significantly, and the benefits are real.

2. COMMUNITY CHOICE - HISTORY & BACKGROUND

2.1. History of Public Power in California

California has a long and robust tradition of publicly owned electric utilities ("POUs"). Some California POUs have been in operation since as early as 1887, and currently approximately 46 POUs¹ serve close to 25%² of all of California's electric consumption. These public entities

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¹ Information excerpted from: California Energy Commission

represent the entire spectrum of California communities, ranging from the largest provider, Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (LADWP), which is California's third largest electric utility, to the City of Biggs Electric Utility, which serves a population of approximately 1,700 citizens.

The benefits of a government run enterprise, such as access to tax exempt financing, exemption from federal taxation and no need for a profit margin, give most California POUs a considerable advantage over investor owned electric utilities ("IOUs") such as Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E), Southern California Edison (SCE) and San Diego Gas & Electric (SDG&E).

Investor owned utilities have substantially increased their electricity rates in recent times. In 2014, SCE raised its residential rates by 8%; in 2015, PG&E raised its electricity rates by 5.9% and SDG&E is planning to increase its rates by 7.5% in 2016. POUs as a group have a comparatively excellent record of providing lower and more stable prices to their communities, making them a highly attractive alternative to IOUs.

Around the beginning of the 20th century, there were over 4,000 individual electric utilities, each operating in isolation. Almost all of them used low-voltage, direct current (DC) connections from nearby generating power plants to the distribution lines serving their local customers. The power industry soon began to favor the adoption of alternating current (AC) technology, which can transmit electricity over longer distances than direct current. The more widespread use of AC electricity allowed the industry to build larger power plants that did not need to be located close to the utilities' customers.

As the demand for electricity grew, particularly in the post-World War II era, electric utilities found it more efficient to interconnect their transmission systems. This enabled utilities to share the benefits of building larger and often jointly owned generating units to serve their combined electricity demand at the lowest possible cost. Interconnection also reduced the amount of extra capacity that each utility had to hold to ensure reliable service. Over time, three large

www.energy.ca.gov/sb1/pou_reports/Publicly_Owned_Utility_Company_Programs.pdf

2 The Clean Energy Race. Wisland, Laura and Haya, Barbara. Union of Concerned Scientists (2012). www.ucsusa.org/sites/default/files/legacy/assets/documents/clean_energy/The-Clean-Energy-Race-Full-Report.pdf

interconnected systems evolved in the United States because growing demand and the accompanying need for new power plants provided an increasing need for higher voltage interconnections to transport the additional power longer distances. Today, these three large interconnected systems separately serve the eastern and western halves of the United States and Texas.³

Most POUs, however, were established many years ago and the emergence of new POUs or the expansion of existing territory has been virtually non-existent in recent times. The inability to expand POU service is largely due to the difficult process of municipalization, which includes incurring the cost of either building or acquiring electric facilities that include miles of transmission and distribution wires, substations, generation facilities, metering equipment for every customer, and vast amounts of other infrastructure such as computer systems, service trucks, and call centers.

2.2. California Energy Crisis

In 1998, California deregulated the electricity industry through AB 1890, giving all electric consumers served by the IOUs the ability to purchase electric generation from any supplier. The act was hailed as a historic reform that would reward consumers with lower prices, reinvigorate California's then-flagging economy, and provide a model for other states. Heferred to as Direct Access (DA), the law required the IOUs to allow third party electric generation suppliers to use all of the existing IOU equipment to deliver, meter and bill for their alternative electricity supply. In many ways, DA is similar to how the telecommunications industry was deregulated, allowing third party providers to use the wires of the telephone companies. Most of the customers who opted for DA paid significantly less for alternative electricity supply, and some opted for energy that had more renewable content.

While the causes and contributing factors to the energy crisis in California in 2000-2001 are manifold and complex, virtually all observers saw the State's deregulation plan as a failure and a

³ Information excerpted from: The US Energy Information Administration ww.eia.gov/energy_in_brief/article/power_grid.cfm

⁴ The California Electricity Crisis: Causes and Policy Options. Weare, Christopher. Public Policy Institute of California. (2003).

major reason for the crisis.⁵ Following the California energy crisis in 2000, existing Direct Access customers were allowed to continue service from alternative providers, but, with the exception of small annual increments over the previous four years, no new Direct Access is currently permitted.

In the aftermath of the energy crisis, California passed the Community Choice Aggregation law Assembly Bill (AB) 117, recognizing both that the suspension of Direct Access removed a valuable alternative to the very difficult process of municipalizing and that POUs weathered the energy crisis better than the IOUs.

2.3. Community Choice Aggregation (CCA), Assembly Bill 117

In 2002, Community Choice Aggregation (AB 117) was signed into law. Community Choice Aggregation (CCA, sometimes referred to as Community Choice Energy – CCE – or simply Community Choice) enables California's cities and counties, together under a Joint Powers Authority (JPA) or individually, to supply electricity to customers within their borders. A defining feature of AB 117 is that the IOU continues to own and operate the electric distribution system and provide metering, billing, credit and collection, call center and other customer service functions. In addition, AB 117 and subsequent legislation (SB 790), also established structures to encourage cooperation and to strictly regulate IOU opposition to communities attempting to establish, or already operating, a Community Choice program.

Unlike DA under AB 1890, which required each customer to specifically choose non-IOU service ("opt-in" to Direct Access), AB 117 gave communities in California the right to procure their own electric energy as an essential governmental function – like water, sewer, or garbage service. In this way, California established Community Choice as the "default" service. This means all utility customers within the established boundaries are automatically customers of the local government's Community Choice program unless they "opt-out" of the program.

While Community Choice has similarities to local power through POUs, a fundamental difference exists in ownership of critical energy grid and other infrastructure, as explained above. Unlike a POU, such as the LADWP or the Sacramento Municipal Utility District (SMUD),

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⁵ Causes and Lessons of the California Electricity Crisis. Congressional Budget Office (2001).

a Community Choice program does not own the transmission and delivery systems (i.e., the poles and wires). Instead, a Community Choice program is responsible for providing the energy commodity (i.e., the electric energy itself) to its participants, which may or may not entail ownership of electric generating resources.

3. COMMUNITY CHOICE - OVERVIEW & LANDSCAPE

3.1. Proven Benefits

The benefits of Community Choice have been discussed at the conceptual level and proven out in practical terms by existing programs. At the most basic level, these benefits can be organized into the three categories of environmental, economic, and local control.

3.1.1. Environmental Impact

In the category of environmental impact, particularly within California, Community Choice can increase the use of renewable energy, increase the market demand for new renewable energy projects within the state, and provide a new avenue for smaller-scale local renewable projects. Because of this, in part or in combination, Community Choice can be one of the most significant strategies to meet a community's greenhouse gas (GHG) reduction goals. Collectively, therefore, Community Choice can also help to meet the State's GHG reduction goals.

The increase in renewable energy use arises from the community's ability to establish a renewable portfolio as a baseline service level or premium level that exceeds that of the IOU. Although subject to market price realities, existing Community Choice programs, along with analysis of potential Community Choice programs, bares out this point.

While sufficient renewable power currently exists to meet market demand within the State, over the long-run, an increasing market demand for renewable power through Community Choice programs will necessarily encourage the development of additional large-scale projects and clean energy jobs to meet the growing demand. In addition, communities interested in local

⁶ California Governor Jerry Brown issued an executive order to reduce GHG levels by 40 percent below the 1990 levels by year 2030. (April 29, 2015) http://gov.ca.gov/news.php?id=18938

generation projects can leverage Community Choice program revenue to create new projects or provide a stimulus to expand existing community projects in the short run.

3.1.2. Economic Impact

In the category of economic benefits, a fundamental characteristic of Community Choice is that revenue paid by ratepayers for energy generation stays within the community rather than going to the IOU. Numerous studies have demonstrated that keeping revenue local, for example, shopping at locally owned markets, has a profound economic impact on the community. Further, if program revenues are leveraged to invest in local projects, as noted above, those investments can have a positive job-creation impact.

Because Community Choice can lower electricity rates as well as potentially stabilize those rates for years, the economic benefits extend to daily savings for individuals, businesses, and governments as well. Depending on energy use and specific rate reduction, these bill savings can be minimal to significant. Moreover, Community Choice programs have the ability to target rate reductions to attract business growth in their community or provide larger reductions to low-income residents.

3.1.3.Local Control

In the category of local control, regardless of how the program is structured or operated, Community Choice delivers a level of public participation and control that is not currently available through an IOU. Implicit to this control is the introduction of consumer choice, providing residents and businesses with a choice to support the locally constructed program or remain with the IOU's service – a choice that does not exist without the formation of a Community Choice program.

Community Choice programs are required to have a governing board, with all of the public decision making processes and assurances required of government agencies. Because of this, no matter how the community staffs or provides for daily operations of the Community Choice program, key policy decisions are necessarily within the public domain.

3.2. Existing Community Choice Programs

As of the date of this report, there are two successfully operating Community Choice programs in California, Marin Clean Energy (MCE) and Sonoma Clean Power (SCP). The City of

Lancaster is nearing an official launch date.⁷ As the benefits of Community Choice are proven through successful operation of MCE and SCP, a growing number of jurisdictions in California are evaluating in concept or taking active steps in pursuing Community Choice. Indeed, when considering the individual participating jurisdictions just within MCE and SCP, there are over 20 local communities enjoying the benefits of Community Choice in California.

Founded in 2010, MCE, operated by the Marin Energy Authority, a Joint Powers Authority (JPA), is the first operational Community Choice program in the State. MCE was introduced in phases. The first phase included about 8,000 Marin accounts made up of residential, commercial, and municipal customers. In August 2011, MCE enrolled another 5,500 Marin accounts, the majority of which are residential, with a small number of commercial accounts. MCE completed Marin customer enrollments in July 2012 and began offering electric service to Richmond customers in July 2013, then to unincorporated Napa County, and the cities of Benicia, El Cerrito, and San Pablo, in 2015.

Currently, MCE provides three options of renewable power at varying rates. The baseline service level includes 50% renewable power. Two optional service levels are also available: 100% renewable (called "Deep Green"), and 100% local solar (called "Local Sol") at premium rates above baseline. Currently, SCP provides two options of renewable power for varying rates. The baseline service includes 33% renewable power ("Clean Start"), with an optional 100% renewable power ("Evergreen") available at a premium rate.

Like MCE, SCP is a government agency, independently run by a JPA comprised of Sonoma County and all cities within the County, excluding the City of Healdsburg, which operates a municipal power provider. ⁸ Unlike MCE, SCP has focused its service area within the jurisdictional boundaries of Sonoma County.

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⁷ For additional information on services, program documents, financial information, and organization see: Marin Clean Energy www.mcecleanenergy.org; Sonoma Clean Power www.sonomacleanpower.org; and Lancaster Choice Energy www.lancasterchoiceenergy.com/index.php. The Kings River Conservation District on behalf of San Joaquin Valley Power Authority (SJVPA), also explored establishing a Community Choice program.

⁸ Participating cities include Cloverdale, Cotati, Petaluma, Rohnert Park, Santa Rosa, Sebastopol, Sonoma, and the Town of Windsor.

Both MCE and SCP have set the current baseline service rate below that of the IOU, PG&E. In addition, both have offered energy efficiency programs to customers. Reflecting the rates and program offerings, both MCE and SCP have strong support within their respective service areas with differing, but low "opt-out" rates.

Over the prior two years, the City of Lancaster has examined Community Choice, leading to the development of a stand-alone program, Lancaster Choice Energy. Currently, the City anticipates launching the program in a phased approach starting with municipal buildings in May 2015, moving to commercial accounts in late 2015, and then residential service in late 2016. Based on its approved implementation plan, Lancaster Choice Energy will target 35% renewable power as its baseline service.

3.3. Community Choice Programs in Other States

In addition to California, five other states have state law authorizing Community Choice, also referred to as Municipal Electricity Aggregation in other states. These states are: Illinois, Massachusetts, Ohio, Rhode Island, and New Jersey. Illinois is leading the nation with more than 700⁹ communities setting up Municipal Aggregation programs. At the date of this report, there is pending legislation advocating for Community Choice in a limited number of other states.

While Community Choice in California has embraced a distinct goal to increase renewable power generation and use, the goals of some of other programs are not necessarily in alignment with those of California's efforts, and are instead primarily focused on decreasing rates.¹⁰ However, despite the different goals, the successful operation of programs in other states further demonstrates the feasibility of Community Choice.

Each of the existing Community Choice programs in other states offers illumination of California's efforts. Illinois has focused its efforts on decreasing rates and has experienced wide adoption by local governments, including the City of Chicago, suggesting that participation is

10 Some Community Choice programs in other states have advanced significant renewable energy projects.

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⁹ Information excerpted from Plug In Illinois: www.pluginillinois.org/MunicipalAggregationList.aspx

highly influenced by rate setting. Programs in Massachusetts have spurred local generation projects, providing for new solar projects throughout Cape Code and Martha's Vineyard.¹¹

4. FORMATION PROCESS

4.1. PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

There are specific legal requirements for establishing Community Choice, as well as operational considerations that will take on varying importance depending on community priorities. The legal requirements for establishing a Community Choice program are detailed in California Public Utilities Code (CPUC), primarily Section 366.2¹² but also in other California statutes and CPUC decisions and guidance.

4.1.1. Discretionary Steps

Existing programs have undertaken a range of public engagement efforts, some extending multiple years. Some of these additional activities have included resolutions of support from city councils, holding public forums and town hall style educational forums, conducting feasibility studies, and establishing community advisory boards. Much of this work is intended to educate and inform residents and businesses as Community Choice programs had not yet been or had only recently been established.

Aside from the straightforward requirements listed below, a community's desire to take these discretionary pre-formation steps will depend greatly on local community expectations and conditions, as well as the community's budget as these activities can require significant resources. While good government practice includes measures of public engagement, Community Choice is growing in familiarity within California and provides direct benefits to the government and the community.

¹¹ For a brief summary of Community Choice programs by State, see The National Conference of State Legislatures http://www.ncsl.org/research/energy/community-choice-aggregation.aspx and LEAN Energy US http://www.leanenergyus.org/cca-by-state/

¹² Public Utilities Code (PUC Section 360-380.5): http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/cgi-bin/displaycode?section=puc&group=00001-01000&file=360-380.5

4.1.2. Required Steps

Below is a description of the essential requirements for establishing a Community Choice program:

- Under nearly all circumstances, once a governing board such as a City Council or a Board
 of Supervisors is prepared to move forward with establishing a Community Choice
 program, the first step is to pass an ordinance consistent with the PUC Section 366.2(c)(12).
- 2. After the ordinance is passed, the next step is the preparation of a Community Choice Implementation Plan and a Statement of Intent for submission to the CPUC.¹³ Pursuant to PUC Section 366.2(c)(3), the Implementation Plan must ultimately be considered and adopted at a duly noticed public hearing of the Community governing body and shall contain all of the following:
 - An organizational structure of the program, its operations, and its funding.
 - Rate setting and other costs to participants.
 - Provisions for disclosure and due process in setting rates and allocating costs among participants.
 - The methods for entering and terminating agreements with other entities.
 - The rights and responsibilities of program participants, including, but not limited to, consumer protection procedures, credit issues, and shutoff procedures.
 - Termination of the program.
 - A description of the third parties that will be supplying electricity under the program, including, but not limited to, information about financial, technical, and operational capabilities.
 - 3. Pursuant to PUC Section 366.2(c)(4), the Statement of Intent must state that the Community Choice program will provide for the following:
 - Universal Access.
 - Reliability.

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¹³ For information related to Implementation Plans and Statements of Intent, see:

http://www.cpuc.ca.gov/PUC/energy/Retail+Electric+Markets+and+Finance/070430_ccaggregation.htm as well as MCE http://www.mcecleanenergy.org; Sonoma Clean Power https://sonomacleanpower.org; and Lancaster Choice Energy www.lancasterchoiceenergy.com/index.php

- Equitable treatment of all classes of customers.
- Any requirements established by state law or by the commission concerning aggregated service, including those rules adopted by the commission [CPUC] pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of Section 8341 for the application of greenhouse gases emission performance standard to community choice aggregators.
- 4. Concurrent with the preparation of the CPUC submissions, a Community Choice service agreement is executed with the IOU, and a bond or collateral is posted in accord with the IOU service agreement. As indicated in PUC Section 394.25(e), a "re-entry" bond, which is currently set at \$100,000, must be posted with the CPUC to cover costs related to the involuntary return of a community from Community Choice service to utility service.
- 5. Executing the IOU service agreement concurrently with work on the Implementation Plan and Statement of Intent is advised because the service agreement must also be submitted to the CPUC. Following the adoption of the Implementation Plan and Statement of Intent, the execution of the utility service agreement along with posting of a bond or collateral with the utility, and the posting of the re-entry bond with the CPUC, the Community Choice program must also formally register with the CPUC.
- 6. After all the submissions are deemed complete and sufficient, pursuant to PUC Section 366.2(c)(7), the CPUC has 90 days to certify the receipt of all needed Community Choice submissions, thereby allowing the program to begin service to customers. Consistent with CPUC Decision 05-12-041, the CPUC does not "approve" or "reject" the Implementation Plan, but rather assures that the Community Choice plans and program elements are consistent with law, regulations and CPUC rules designed to protect customers. The CPUC also determines the appropriate costs, known as the Power Charge Indifference Adjustment (PCIA), to be assessed Community Choice customers. Because electric energy is frequently secured through long-term commitments, the essential purpose of the PCIA is to ensure that customers that continue to receive utility electric energy do not pay over market costs that would otherwise be paid by the departing Community Choice customers.

Completion of all of the above requirements officially establishes the Community Choice program. However, any Community Choice program must also consider the necessary day-to-day activities that are needed to operate a successful program. Broadly categorized, these activities include power procurement and scheduling; financing; regulatory and compliance; customer service and billing; policy and advocacy; and general administration.

4.2. Procurement and Scheduling

Related to power procurement and scheduling, prior to launching service, a number of operational functions must be established. Power procurement and scheduling are inextricably linked in that they reference the act of securing power for customers, and that the electric usage of customers is matched with scheduled power.

From both a cost and core service perspective, procurement and scheduling as functions of a Community Choice program hold perhaps the greatest magnitude. For example, power procurement and scheduling related costs could represent 90% of total Community Choice expenses. Considerable cash, collateral or equivalent are needed to securitize power purchasing, and highly experienced professionals should oversee power procurement and scheduling. Depending on the size of the community, the security can range from the low millions of dollars to many millions of dollars. A relationship must also be established with the California Independent System Operator to deliver power to customers (CAISO).¹⁴

Implicit in the discussion of power procurement is the need for sufficient financing to purchase power as well as sufficient resources to fund the infrastructure needed to operate the Community Choice program itself. The precise amount of financing needed will depend greatly on several variables, such as the size of community and amount of power needed, collateral requirements of power sellers, desired size of program staff and infrastructure. The experience of existing programs has shown this initial capital need to be in the multiple millions of dollars, which can eventually be recovered through successful operation of the program over time.

Related to regulatory and compliance activities, PUC Section 366.2(c) provides for noticing

The CAISO is an independent organization overseen by the Federal Energy Regulator

¹⁴ The CAISO is an independent organization overseen by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) that serves as the impartial grid operator for the bulk of the state's power grid, and opens access to the wholesale power market that is designed to diversify resources and lower prices

requirements. Specifically, prior to launching service, a Community Choice program must provide written notices to all customers twice in the two months prior to the actual start of service and twice in the two months following the start of service. The notices must inform the customer of automatic enrollment in the Community Choice program, the terms and conditions of the services offered, and a mechanism for opting out of the Community Choice program.

A number of other ongoing regulatory and compliance requirements related to procurement (e.g. Resource Adequacy and Renewable Portfolio Standard), customer service (e.g. new and departing customers), and Community Choice in general (e.g. joint rate mailers) also apply. Assistance from highly experienced professionals is also needed in these areas, either as staff of the Community Choice program or via a contractual relationship to ensure the Community Choice program remains in compliance.

4.3. Billing

Another central operation to running a Community Choice program is to manage customer service and billing. On behalf of the Community Choice program, the IOU sends a standard bill to Community Choice customers for the electric energy portion of the total utility bill, and then remits the payments to the Community Choice program. The Community Choice program must collect the electric usage data from the IOU, compute the amount of the bill, and relay the billing information back to the utility for inclusion on the utility bill.¹⁵

4.4. Customer Service

While not required by law or regulation, Community Choice programs are well served by providing a customer service phone number and a website to assist customers in easily finding information about the program, choosing among the services provided by their community, or opting out of the program. The utility continues to process the vast majority of electric service related customer service inquiries since few functions are entirely within the domain of the Community Choice program. For this reason, providing easily accessible information via telephone and online resources in order to address topics that are strictly within the Community

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¹⁵ The Community Choice program pays the IOU a per-account fee for the billing and related account services. An alternative option is to pay the utility an additional amount per account to compute the bills on behalf of the Community Choice program

Choice program's purview promotes good will and best customer service practices.

5. RISKS & CONSIDERATIONS

5.1. Policy Support and Advocacy

While not absolutely critical, policy support and advocacy regarding issues of importance to Community Choice programs is highly advisable. Due to the considerable Community Choice regulatory and compliance requirements, understanding, tracking and responding to changes in these areas is important to the long-term wellbeing of Community Choice programs.

Prior efforts to establish Community Choice provide a view of the legislative and advocacy landscape in California. Indeed, networks of community activists, non-profit organizations, local governments along with Marin Clean Energy and Sonoma Clean Power, engaged in a number of advocacy efforts to help establish and protect Community Choice as a successful and viable model for local electricity services. Just as it has been important to early success, strong coordination and participation in this area is important to the long-term success of Community Choice.

Community Choice programs should also establish daily administrative and operational oversight of procurement and scheduling, regulatory and compliance, and customer service and billing. This function should include the typical administrative functions needed in most enterprises such as accounting, finance, clerical and information technology support.

5.2. Additional Programs and Services

Community Choice programs are not required to offer services in addition to the provision of electric energy. However, many communities may find additional programming and services desirable. Examples of additional programming and services include energy efficiency programs such as audits or rebates, feed in tariffs and Net Energy Metering (NEM) solar incentives, or leveraging the Community Choice program to encourage the development of small-scale generation projects within the jurisdiction. Administering these programs typically require staff support and coordination in addition to leveraging the Community Choice program's financial resources.

Each of these programs – those listed above or others – can be structured to meet community needs and priorities. There is growing innovation in this area within existing Community Choice programs as well as non-profit and entrepreneurial companies that are seeking opportunities to test new ideas and meet a demand for existing services.

5.3. Operational and Other Risks

There are several reports and studies that provide a discussion of operational risks associated with Community Choice.¹⁶ While there is always some level of risk in establishing a Community Choice program – just as there is risk with any endeavor in the public or private sector – these reports call out key strategies to either eliminate or mitigate risks. Although there are various permutations of pre-launch, operational, and other risks, two primary themes arise in financial or market risk and regulatory or legislative risk.

The single greatest risk to any Community Choice program is financial, which is driven primarily by the volatility of the energy market. If energy prices exceed forecasts, leaving a Community Choice program with a revenue shortage, the program will likely need to raise customer rates to cover the shortage. Similar price risks can occur with scheduling that result in over or underestimation of the amount of electric energy needed to serve customers. If the estimate is significantly inaccurate, the Community Choice program can incur expenses related to the cost of buying or selling electric energy in Real-Time. These risks can also lead to unexpected migration of customers from the Community Choice program back to the utility (thereby decreasing the amount of forecasted revenue from customers).

Proper and prudent risk management strategies along with best management practices help to mitigate these risks. In addition, through Community Choice, local communities can help to further mitigate these risks by creating locally controlled generation projects. It should also be noted, as highlighted at the outset of this report, POUs, have generally been able to manage financial and market risks as successfully – if not more successfully by some measures – than

¹⁶ Report of the Feasibility of Community Choice Aggregation in Sonoma County, Dalessi Management Consulting/MRW Associates, October 2011; The City of Hermosa Beach: Assessing Community Choice Aggregation, UCLA, June 2014; Community Choice Aggregation Base Case Feasibility Evaluation, Navigant Consulting, May 2005; Community Choice Aggregation: The Viability of AB 117 and Its Role in California Energy Markets, UC Berkeley, June 2005; Community Choice Aggregation, Local Government Commission

the IOUs in California.

Changes to laws and regulations that impose additional burdens on the Community Choice may present a significant risk. In 2014, AB2145 proposed key changes, one of which was to remove the automatic opt-in status that would have dramatically impacted the viability of starting new Community Choice programs. AB2145 died on the California Senate floor, in no small part due to community advocacy that raised awareness of the bill's potential grave impact on the viability of Community Choice Aggregation. While it is impossible to determine what future regulation and legislation might be, the uncertainty is precisely why this remains an ongoing risk. Active and coordinated engagement with State policy makers and regulators, therefore, is an important mitigation strategy.

6. JURISDICTION LOAD ANALYSIS - PORTOLA VALLEY

Portola Valley has approximately 2,135 customer accounts across all customer classes and annual energy sales of approximately 26,199 MWh¹⁷. Town load patterns are influenced by two primary factors: customer class make-up and climate. As the table below shows, Portola Valley has significantly higher residential load as a percentage of total load than that of PG&E's territory overall. Peak demand, which is an important metric used for reliability planning purposes as well as for allocating responsibility to procure Resource Adequacy (a compliance obligation of all CPUC-jurisdictional load serving entities), is approximately 5.5 MW.

¹⁷ The load analysis in this section is based on publicly available information, using load profiles of the PG&E service territory retrieved from PG&E's website and accounting for the specific make-up of residential and non-residential loads in Portola Valley retrieved from the San Mateo County Energy Watch website. This was necessary because Portola Valley specific load data was not received from PG&E before this report was prepared. Therefore, the analysis in this section should be considered to be based on preliminary projections.

Table 1. Portola Valley Electric Load by Class, 2016 Projections

Customer Class	Number of Accounts	Energy Consumption (MWh)	% of Total Energy Consumption	% PG&E Territory-Wide
Residential	1,960	18,740	71.5%	40.1%
Non-Residential, including: Commercial Industrial Agricultural Traffic and Street Lighting	175	7,459	28.4%	59.9%
Total	2,135	26,199	100%	100%
Peak Demand (MW)		5.5	-	
Average Demand (MW)		3.0		
Minimum Demand (MW)		1.8		

Figure 1 below shows Portola Valley's hourly projected load profile for 2016. Generally, peak demand occurs in the summer, due largely to air conditioning load. Accurate and granular load forecasting is a critical function for procurement planning, compliance and risk management purposes. In addition to forecasting peak load, understanding minimum, or base-load, consumption supports procurement planning. Minimum load in Portola Valley is approximately 1.8 MW and generally occurs in early autumn during the overnight period from 2:00 a.m.-5:00 a.m.

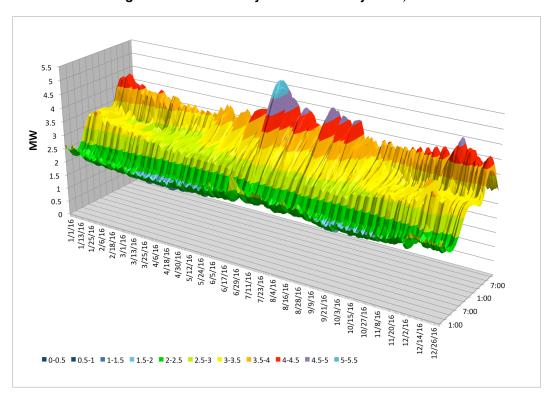


Figure 1. Portola Valley Forecast Hourly Load, 2016

Daily load profiles in Portola Valley largely mirror those of the rest of Northern California, with a double peak in the winter season with a late-morning partial peak from commercial and residential daytime loads and an evening peak attributable primarily to lighting load. In the summer season, load grows steadily throughout the day with a single peak in the mid-afternoon due to heating, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC) cooling load. Approximately the same amount of total energy is consumed in both the winter and in the summer, as shown in Table 2 below, but peak load occurs in summer months, with the lowest peaks in the springtime months.

Table 2. Portola Valley Total Energy and Peak Load, By Month

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Total Energy (GWh)	2.28	1.99	2.05	1.97	2.11	2.30	2.37	2.35	2.11	2.14	2.16	2.36
Peak Demand (MW)	4.47	4.12	3.99	4.04	4.02	5.47	4.93	4.93	4.64	4.13	4.37	4.75

7. Procurement Requirements & Market Analysis

This section will cover both the retail and wholesale electric power markets, in order to provide market context for a potential Portola Valley Community Choice program.

Evaluation of the retail rates of the incumbent utility is important for two primary reasons: First, to understand the feasibility of a Community Choice program, it is critical to consider the rates customers will pay if they choose to take service from the program's retail competition, the utility. Experience has demonstrated that relative retail rates are the largest drivers of customer decision-making on whether to participate in a Community Choice program. Rates that compare favorably will tend to drive high participation, allowing for greater confidence in load forecasting scenarios, reducing per-customer program costs and program risk. The second reason to evaluate retail rates, both historically and forward-looking, is to understand what options the community has for allocating program revenue among competing objectives (rate savings, targeted energy profiles, and funding streams for community benefit and programs).¹⁸

The second part of this Market Analysis section will cover wholesale market conditions for various electric power products (system energy, renewable energy, capacity, power grid operating costs, etc.) as well as regulatory and legal constraints in which all Community Choice programs operate, to help illuminate retail rate trends and the profile of Portola Valley.

7.1. Retail Rates

Portola Valley residents and businesses are presently served by Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E). PG&E's rates¹⁹ are set through a series of regulatory processes in which the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) considers and approves a revenue requirement to be collected through rates from PG&E's customers. Much of the revenue requirement is cost-

¹⁸ Having program revenue presumes the margin between wholesale power costs, program operating costs, and retail revenue forecasts is sufficient to support the program

¹⁹ Data in this section on PG&E's historical rates and rate projections are available in the Annual Electric True-Up Advice Letters (ELEC_2570-E, ELEC_2706-E, ELEC_2895-E, ELEC_3115-E, ELEC_3349-E, ELEC_3518-E, ELEC_3727-E, ELEC_3896-E, ELEC_4096-E, ELEC_4278-E-B, ELEC_4484-E-A and ELEC_4026-E-B) and the Bi-Annual Bundled Procurement Plan (ELEC_4026-E-B).

based, ²⁰ though the utility also receives an approved rate-of-return on their historical investments in tangible assets, such as power lines, generation plants, sub-stations, real estate, customer meters, and many more categories.

While PG&E's rates may be changed several times per year, Figure 2 below shows the utility's revenue requirement and blended retail rates for the past ten years, along with the most recent public projections provided by the utility in their bi-annual procurement plan²¹. Importantly, PG&E created several scenarios in the procurement plan from which the projected data were taken, and the projected values shown are from the "Low Gas Price" scenario. Figure 2 clearly indicates an ongoing trend for increased rates through the year 2020.

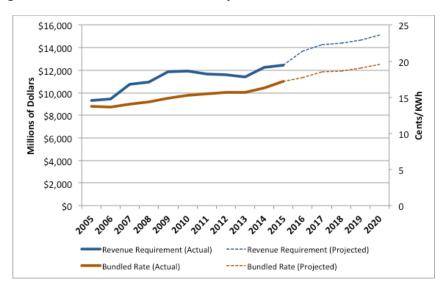


Figure 2. PG&E Annual Revenue Requirement and Bundled Retail Rates

Table 3 below shows factors which comprise PG&E's blended generation, non-generation and total rates, along with an estimate of this breakdown based on PG&E's rates projections covering the same period of time as shown in Figure 2 above.

20 Cost-based is also called "pass through", in which PG&E has received prior approval to engage in procurement activities for gas and electric commodity products.

21 See PG&E's rate projection scenarios beginning on page 121 of http://www.pge.com/nots/rates/tariffs/tm2/pdf/ELEC_4026-E-B.pdf.

Table 3. Historical and Projected Retail Rates of PG&E, 2005 through 2020 (shaded rows are projections)

Year	PG&E Revenue Req. (\$Billions)	Bundled Rate (Cents/kWh)	Actual Gen. Rate (Cents/kWh)	Non-Gen. Rate (Cents/kWh)	PCIA* (Cents/kWh)	Non-Gen % of Bundled Rate	Rate-To-Beat (Cents/kWh)
2005	\$9,306	13.7	6.0	7.7	1.5	56.4%	4.4
2006	\$9,477	13.6	7.1	6.5	1.5	47.7%	5.6
2007	\$10,781	14.0	7.4	6.6	2.0	47.1%	5.4
2008	\$10,928	14.3	7.7	6.6	1.6	46.2%	6.1
2009	\$11,843	14.9	8.9	6.0	1.7	40.5%	7.2
2010	\$11,955	15.2	7.7	7.6	1.4	49.7%	6.2
2011	\$11,678	15.4	7.2	8.3	1.9	53.7%	5.2
2012	\$11,568	15.6	7.3	8.3	1.9	53.2%	5.4
2013	\$11,431	15.7	7.9	7.8	0.6	49.4%	7.3
2014	\$12,231	16.3	8.6	7.7	1.1	47.0%	7.5
2015	\$12,423	17.2	9.7	7.5	1.2	43.8%	8.5
2016	\$13,679	17.7	8.6	9.1	1.3	48.6%	7.3
2017	\$14,257	18.5	9.0	9.5	1.3	48.6%	7.7
2018	\$14,373	18.6	9.0	9.6	1.3	48.6%	7.7
2019	\$14,678	19.0	9.2	9.8	1.3	48.6%	7.9
2020	\$15,120	19.5	9.5	10.0	1.3	48.6%	8.2

^{*}In 2005 and 2006 the PCIA did not exist; the analogous charge was called the DWR power charge; for 2016 and beyond, the PCIA may change significantly. This is one of the charges most subject to change from regulatory activities.

Per Table 3, if a CCA's rates are set to match those of PG&E, the program is feasible²² if all-in costs can meet or beat 7.3 cents/kWh in 2016 growing to 8.2 cents/kWh in 2020; wholesale costs are frequently discussed in \$/MWh units, so the corresponding costs would be \$73/MWh and \$82/MWh. It is important to note that PG&E's projections included in this report are the "Low Gas Price" scenario. As we will see later, although power prices are hovering around the 4 cents/kWh, or \$40/MWh, as of May-June 2015, gas and power prices can be very volatile. Market conditions will impact both PG&E and the Community Choice program, depending on the procurement risk management practices used. Because PG&E is already significantly hedged against market price movements (through market positions and an existing utility-owned-generation fleet), a large jump in gas and power prices before a Community Choice program begins procurement could increase PG&E's generation rate by perhaps 20%²³, while

²² In this case, feasibility assumes a program must only meet or be better than the IOU rate.

²³ See PG&E's rate projection scenarios beginning on page 121 of http://www.pge.com/nots/rates/tariffs/tm2/pdf/ELEC_4026-E-B.pdf.

the cost basis of the CCA could increase by 50% or more, depending entirely on portfolio composition.

Additional factors on the retail side, included in Table 3 are departing load and non-generation charges. So-called "departing load" charges are assessed by PG&E to customers who depart from taking bundled utility service. The technical term for this is the Power Charge Indifference Adjustment (PCIA), and historically has ranged from about 0.6 cents/kWh to 1.9 cents/kWh (while the amount can be changed each year and differs among customer classes, for those leaving PG&E service in 2015, the PCIA is 1.16 cents/kWh). Non-generation charges (transmission, distribution, and other categories) are paid by all PG&E customers, both bundled and unbundled (i.e. CCA customers). These vary somewhat by customer class, but historically have comprised between 45% and 60% of the total bundled rate, averaging 49% over the last ten years.

To provide a robust assessment of CCA feasibility, however, it is important to identify the factors that will impact wholesale procurement, regulatory-related and operational costs that form the CCA's cost basis in addition to retail rates. This is covered in the next section.²⁴

7.2. Market Analysis

Wholesale procurement activities (and related costs) for a Portola Valley Community Choice program fall into several major categories: System Power, Resource Adequacy (RA), and Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS).

Renewable and low carbon power resources often cost more than system power. To the extent any Community Choice program wants to exceed California's RPS targets and use the program to meet local climate goals, the incremental costs of these resources must be balanced against other program goals.

The rest of this section covers details of CCA operations in greater detail, and will provide the

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²⁴ Portola Valley's electric energy retail base has significantly higher residential load in proportion to total load than PG&E's territory as a whole. The next section on market analysis assumes that the residential and non-residential load profiles in Portola Valley largely mirror those of PG&E's territory generally. While this preliminary study indicates that Community Choice is feasible, an analysis of actual Portola Valley specific load data will be necessary to design a procurement plan for the CCA program.

necessary context to evaluate the options of how to structure the procurement profile of the CCA. These considerations are very important, as energy and related product costs can represent 90% or more of a CCA's total costs.

7.2.1.System Power

As the default service provider for the territory, the CCA is responsible for procuring energy and capacity (Resource Adequacy, explained below) to meet the projected energy needs of its customers at all times. In practice, this means interacting with the California Independent System Operator's (CAISO) wholesale power markets to schedule and settle hourly energy load in both the Day-Ahead and Real-Time markets. To the extent the CCA has procured energy sources well in advance of the service day, the settlement dollar amounts in the CAISO markets are generally due to imbalances (the first kind is due to difference between the forward procurement and the day ahead forecast either because the forward procurement plan did not require 100% forward procurement or due to portfolio changes (either supply or demand) between when the forward energy was procured and the day before the energy is delivered to customers from the CAISO grid; the second kind is errors between what is scheduled Day-Ahead and what the CCA's customers actually use in Real-Time). By participating in the CAISO wholesale market to purchase energy, Load Serving Entities (LSE) such as CCAs are also subject to a number of miscellaneous charges by the CAISO to ensure proper functioning of the market.

As an LSE, the CCA will need to bid and schedule its load and generation resources into the CAISO's wholesale energy market either by becoming its own Scheduling Coordinator or by outsourcing this function. Load is currently only scheduled in the day-ahead timeframe by hour with any differences between the day-ahead scheduled load and the Settlement Quality Meter Data (SQMD) settled in the real-time market as uninstructed imbalance energy (UIE). While there is no requirement that a CCA purchase power outside of the CAISO market (aside from the RPS and Storage requirements discussed below), it is prudent from a risk management perspective to hedge price risks associated with the CAISO wholesale market.

Fixed price renewable supply provides a natural hedge against the CAISO wholesale market price. There will also be time periods where renewable generation may not match load and other power will be needed to balance load. A community can procure residual needs with

system power in advance to fix a portion of their costs. The standard products traded on commodity exchanges (such as the Intercontinental Exchange, the Chicago Mercantile Exchange and others) are Peak (7AM-10PM Monday through Saturday excluding certain holidays) and Off-Peak (all other hours). Furthermore, within California, the two most commonly traded locations are known as the NP15 Trading Hub (Northern California) and the SP15 Trading Hub (Southern California), with SP15 the more active of the two. For CCAs that are located in Northern California and settle load at the PG&E Default Load Aggregation Point (DLAP), NP15 generally provides a better hedge against CAISO costs but at times SP15 will be the preferred product because there are more sellers.

While trading standard products can significantly reduce risk to the CAISO wholesale market, there will always be some mismatch between load and supply that will be exposed to the CAISO market price risk. Because of this, it is important for the CCA to have appropriate risk policies and tools to effectively monitor exposure to market price movements.

In the CAISO market, the hourly price is set according to marginal cost to serve the next increment of demand. The typical marginal unit is a natural gas fired power plant and as such, the wholesale market price is highly and positively correlated with natural gas price movements. Figure 3 below shows daily average wholesale CAISO electricity prices and daily natural gas prices at the Northern California Citygate delivery point over the last year.

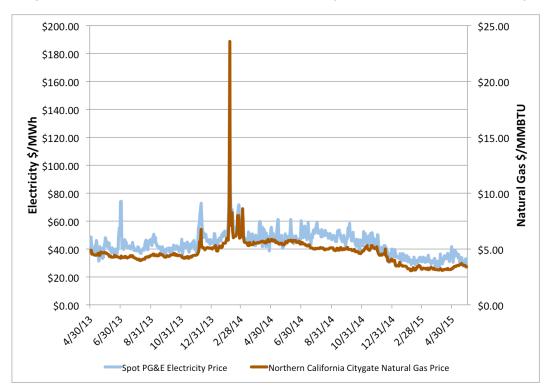


Figure 3. Northern California Wholesale Electricity and Natural Gas Prices, Daily

Two things are immediately clear from this graphic: Gas and power prices move very closely together (are highly correlated), and both are highly variable. Indeed, as Table 4 below shows, it is not unusual for power prices to rise or fall 10% or 20% or more from one calendar quarter to the next.

Table 4. Quarterly Power and Gas Prices, 2013-2015

Quarter	Average of Spot PG&E Electricity Price (\$/MWh)	% Change from Previous Quarter	Average of PG&E Citygate Natural Gas Price (\$/MMBTU)	% Change from Previous Quarter
Q2 2013	\$41.02		\$4.48	
Q3 2013	\$42.54	3.71%	\$4.29	-4.33%
Q4 2013	\$44.39	4.35%	\$4.62	7.66%
Q1 2014	\$53.16	19.75%	\$6.09	31.79%
Q2 2014	\$48.53	-8.70%	\$5.63	-7.51%
Q3 2014	\$49.99	3.00%	\$5.09	-9.53%
Q4 2014	\$44.17	-11.64%	\$4.74	-6.92%
Q1 2015	\$32.67	-26.03%	\$3.36	-29.19%
Q2 2015	\$33.23	1.71%	\$3.33	-0.75%

Because generators that use natural gas as an input to production face a compliance obligation under the Air Resource Board's Cap and Trade Program, wholesale power prices are also correlated with carbon allowance prices.

Given the penetration of solar generation in California, the operation of conventional power plants is shifting and the marginal unit and consequently market pricing is shifting from traditional patterns. The "duck curve"²⁵ as it is sometimes called highlights potential challenges that the grid will face with over-generation when supply exceeds demand in the middle of the day, "the belly of the duck" and the need for significant ramping capability in the evening when solar production phases out, "the neck of the duck." Careful portfolio planning should consider the impact of changing hourly prices on evaluation of long-term contracts, benefits of technology diversification and the market risks for the procurement of residual system power.

7.2.2. Resource Adequacy

In addition to meeting the energy needs of its customers, the CCA is also responsible for meeting Resource Adequacy compliance obligations set by the CPUC. Resource Adequacy is a complex topic, and requirements even change year to year.

As an LSE, the CCA will need to comply with the CPUC Resource Adequacy (RA) program. The objectives of the Resource Adequacy program are to ensure safe and reliable operation of the grid by the California Independent System Operator (CAISO) and to provide incentives for the development of new resources needed for reliability in the future.

There are currently three requirements that each LSE must meet with respect to RA.

1. The LSE must secure sufficient System RA to cover 115% of its forecasted peak demand for each month.²⁶ With respect to this requirement, each LSE must make an annual filing on or before October 31st to show that it has obtained at least 90% of the System requirements for the summer months (May through September). Subsequently,

25 Information Excerpted from CAISO: www.caiso.com/Documents/FlexibleResourcesHelpRenewables_FastFacts.pdf

26 The actual requirement may be less due to coincident peak adjustments, allocations for demand response, energy efficiency, distributed generation, cost allocation mechanism (CAM), and reliability must run (RMR) contracts

the LSE must submit a filing for each month 45 days ahead of the start of the month that demonstrates that it has met its full requirement for that month.

- 2. The LSE must secure sufficient Local RA to ensure there is sufficient capacity in the local area for a 1 in 10 load. There are currently two local requirements in the PG&E service territory, Bay Area and Other PG&E areas. Roughly speaking, the Local RA requirements are typically about half of the August System RA requirements in the PG&E service territory.²⁷ With respect to the Local RA requirement, the LSE must demonstrate it has met 100% of its requirement in the annual filing.
- 3. The LSE must secure sufficient Flexible RA that is based on the maximum 3-hour ramp analysis performed by the CAISO for each month. The CPUC determines each LSE's responsibility based on the CAISO study. Similar to the System RA requirement, the LSE need only show 90% of their monthly requirement in the year ahead filing, but for all months, not just the summer months. The full requirement must be met in the 45 day ahead filing. The Flexible RA requirement currently peaks in December.²⁸

Since RA is traded bilaterally, there is limited transparency into current pricing. However, the CPUC publishes an excellent report each year that includes aggregated pricing information.²⁹

The most recent report discusses RA pricing during 2012. Based on the report, during 2012, 2016 RA products traded at a weighted average price of \$2.95/kW-month, the lowest of the years discussed in the report. In contrast, 2014 RA products had the highest weighted average price of \$3.46/kW-month.

Some notable changes in market conditions since 2012 include the retirement of San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station (SONGS) and the installation of significant solar capacity driven by Renewable Portfolio Standard requirements. On balance, the CAISO has larger supply to meet System needs than it has in the past. According to the CAISO's 2014 summer assessment, the

²⁷ Information Excerpted from CAISO: www.caiso.com/Documents/Draft2016LocalCapacityTechnicalAnalysis.pdf

²⁸ Information Excerpted from CAISO: www.caiso.com/Documents/Apr8_2015_Draft2016_FlexCapacityNeedsAssessment_R14-10-010.pdf

²⁹ Information Excerpted from CPUC: www.cpuc.ca.gov/NR/rdonlyres/94E0D083-C122-4C43-A2D2-B122D7D48DDD/0/2012RAReportFinal.pdf

planning reserve margin for the ISO system is 34.4% and an even higher 36.3% for the Northern part of the state indicating ample supply to meet System RA requirements.³⁰

Another key change is that since 2015, the Flexible RA requirement has been introduced. It is widely accepted that the system has sufficient flexible capacity currently but will need additional flexibility with larger penetration of variable energy resources (both utility scale and distributed generation) and with upcoming Once Through Cooling (OTC) retirements. The additional flexibility needs will likely be met through upgrades to existing facilities, construction of new conventional generators and storage. In order to incent such investments, resources able to provide Flexible RA will charge a premium over generic System RA. Future CPUC reports on RA Pricing may provide insight on how much of a premium these resources receive.

7.2.3. Renewable Portfolio Standard

The Portola Valley CCA, as an LSE subject to CPUC jurisdiction, must meet the California Renewable Portfolio Standards. Generally, RPS-qualified energy is procured from resources on a medium- or long-term basis (1-3 years and as many as 25 or 30 years). Depending on the specifics of the contract, either the CCA or the supplier will be responsible for scheduling the renewable generation into the CAISO markets on a daily basis in the same way that load is scheduled.

Established in 2002 under Senate Bill 1078, accelerated in 2006 under Senate Bill 107 and expanded in 2011 under Senate Bill 2, California's Renewables Portfolio Standard (RPS) is one of the most ambitious renewable energy standards in the country. The RPS program requires IOUs, electric service providers (ESPs), and CCAs to increase procurement from eligible renewable energy resources to 33% of total procurement by year 2020. The California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) and the California Energy Commission (CEC) jointly implement the RPS program. ³¹ As of June 3, 2015, the California State Senate passed Senate Bill 350, which

³⁰ Information Excerpted from CAISO: www.caiso.com/Documents/2014SummerAssessment.pdf

³¹ For more information, the California Energy Commission's RPS Guidebook is available at: http://www.energy.ca.gov/2013publications/CEC-300-2013-005/CEC-300-2013-005-ED7-CMF-REV.pdf

includes a provision to increase the RPS target further, to 50% by the year 2030.32

The CPUC's responsibilities include: Determining annual procurement targets and enforcing compliance; Reviewing and approving each IOU's renewable energy procurement plan; Reviewing IOU contracts for RPS-eligible energy; Establishing the standard terms and conditions used by IOUs in their contracts for eligible renewable energy.

The CEC's responsibilities include: Certify renewable facilities as eligible for the RPS; Design and implement a tracking and verification system to ensure that renewable energy output is counted only once for the purpose of the RPS and for verifying retail product claims in California or other states.

Senate Bill X1-2 increased CEC's role with responsibilities specific to POUs: Direct the Energy Commission to adopt regulations specifying procedures for enforcement of the RPS for publicly owned utilities; Requires the Energy Commission to certify and verify eligible renewable energy resources procured by publicly owned utilities and to monitor their compliance with the RPS.³³

In addition to the Resource Adequacy (RA) requirements, the CCA will need to comply with the CPUC's Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) requirements. 2016 marks the final year of Compliance Period 2 where LSEs are required to have on average 21.7% of 2014, 23.3% of 2015 and 25% of 2016 retail sales delivered by eligible renewable resources.³⁴ By year 2020, the CCA will need to procure 33% of its retail sales from renewable resources year by year, and if Senate Bill 350 is signed into law, CCAs will need to procure 50% of their retail sales from renewable resources by the year 2030.

In order to meet these requirements, a Load Serving Entity can procure from three Categories of Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) with certain volume restrictions.

Category 1 RECs are often referred to as bundled RECs because they include both the energy

³² http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billNavClient.xhtml;jsessionid=0ae59146283b140c33e33e73eaec.

³³ Information taken from California Public Utilities Commission and California Energy Commission websites: http://www.cpuc.ca.gov/PUC/energy/Renewables/overview.htm and http://www.energy.ca.gov/portfolio/index.html

³⁴ Information Excerpted from CPUC: www.cpuc.ca.gov/PUC/energy/Renewables/hot/33RPSProcurementRules.htm

and the environmental attributes associated with the energy produced by the facility. Additionally, the energy must be contracted for prior to delivery and be delivered to California without substitution by another resource. For Compliance Period 2, at least 65% of the RPS used for compliance must be Category 1. Beginning in 2017, at least 75% of RPS procurement used for compliance must be Category 1.

Category 2 RECs are often referred to as firmed and shaped renewable energy. In this case, the LSE signs a contract for delivery with an eligible facility that is not directly connected to a California Balancing Authority (CBA) and may at times require substitution from another resource. The energy used for substitution must be incremental to the LSE's existing portfolio. Category 2 has no minimum requirement but is capped at the residual of the compliance requirement and the minimum amount of Category 1.

Category 3 RECs are often referred to as unbundled RECs. A contract for Category 3 RECs does not include the energy or if it does include the energy may not be eligible for Category 1 or 2. An example would be certain distributed generation resources that produce RECs but are ineligible for Category 1 status. Category 3 is limited to 15% for Compliance Period 2 and beginning in Compliance Period 3 (2017-2020) will be capped at 10% of retail sales.

California has experienced a significant boom in solar development resulting from and due to declining prices for solar photovoltaic panels, and an Investment Tax Credit (ITC) of up to 30% of the cost of developing the project that is completed and operational by December 31, 2016. Absent a change in law, the current solar ITC would be reduced from 30% to 10% for utility scale solar. Given this landscape, the projects that are awaiting a power purchase agreement (PPA) to move forward with construction may generate competitively priced solar for years to come. In order to benefit from such an opportunity, developers with "shovel ready" projects will want to secure a buyer within 12-18 months lead time depending on the size of the project. This timing suggests that a CCA seeking to benefit from current market conditions from solar will need to move quickly to have a reasonable chance to secure solar supply at current prices or partner with an entity willing to procure on their behalf given some commitment on behalf of the community.

There have been numerous articles about the pricing for solar with the levelized cost of energy ranging from \$50-\$75/MWh, with those on the lower end of the spectrum typically located

outside of California in areas such as Texas. The decrease in ITC credit from 30% to 10% could increase the costs by \$10-\$15/MWh for solar energy after 2016.

California Governor Jerry Brown has announced a push to increase the level of renewables in California to 50% by the year 2030. Depending on if such a legislation passes and how it is structured, that may place continued upward pressure on renewable energy pricing reinforcing that there is a great opportunity for a community to take advantage of market conditions at this time.

7.2.4. Additional Renewable and Low Carbon Considerations

Pursuant to AB 2514, CCAs are to procure storage equal to 1% of their 2020 annual peak load with installation no later than 2024. Furthermore, starting January 1, 2016, and every two years after that, CCAs must file a Tier 2 Advice Letter demonstrating their efforts to comply with the target including a discussion of the cost-effectiveness methodology used to evaluate projects. For Portola Valley, it is estimated that procuring or developing a 55 kW storage facility will fulfill this requirement.

One of the motivating factors for the existing CCA programs has been to increase renewables and reduce the carbon footprint for the customers it serves related to purchased electricity. Portola Valley has indicated a strong interest in creating a 100% renewable portfolio standard (RPS), but for context, we introduce four carbon impact scenarios: Operating a CCA with a 33% RPS, a 50% RPS and a 100% RPS, and remaining with PG&E.

PG&E is among the cleanest utilities in the country resulting from its RPS procurement as well as carbon free nuclear and large hydro. According to its 2013 Power Source Disclosure Report, PG&E sources 22% of its power from eligible renewable, 22% from Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant and 10% from large hydroelectric for a total of 54% from carbon free sources. The remaining 46% is comprised of natural gas (28%) or unspecified sources (18%). In the future, PG&E is expected to have an even cleaner portfolio. According to their own estimation, PG&E will have a carbon intensity of 0.168 metric ton / MWh in 2016 declining to 0.131 metric ton / MWh in 2020.³⁵

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³⁵ PG&E estimated emissions factor for 2016 and 2020 based on document found at:

For the customers of Portola Valley that consume 26,199 MWh annually the associated emissions for purchased electricity through PG&E would be 4,401 MT of CO2e in 2016 declining to 3,432 MT of CO2e in 2020. Eliminating these emissions is equivalent to removing 927 and 723 passenger cars from the road, respectively³⁶.

Assuming that RPS eligible facilities are carbon free and that the remaining System Power or Unspecified Sources have a carbon emission rate of 0.428 MT/MWh³⁷, Portola Valley would have the following carbon emissions for the four scenarios (see Table 5).

Table 5. Annual Carbon Emissions

Scenario	Annual Carbon Emissions (MT CO2e)
33% RPS	7,513
50% RPS	5,606
100% RPS	0
PG&E Service (2016)	4,401

It is worth noting that a 50% RPS scenario would still not match PG&E's emission rate for 2016, unless the non-RPS portion of the portfolio came from resources that were carbon free, though not RPS-qualified (such as large hydro and nuclear). PG&E's 2016 emission estimate is low by national standards, due both to renewable procurement and a significant portion of PG&E's portfolio comprised of large hydro and the Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant, the only remaining operating nuclear facility in California. Unit One is licensed to operate until November 2, 2024 and Unit Two is licensed to operate until August 20, 2025. It is uncertain whether the licenses will be extended.

http://www.pge.com/includes/docs/pdfs/shared/environment/calculator/pge_ghg_emission_factor_info_sheet.pdf

³⁶ Conversion of metric tons to automobiles based on the following EPA calculator: http://www.epa.gov/cleanenergy/energy-resources/calculator.html#results

³⁷ Assumed emissions factor for unspecified power based on ARB Guidance Document: http://www.arb.ca.gov/cc/capandtrade/guidance/chapter7.pdf

7.3. High-Level Comparison, Retail & Wholesale Market Assessment

While precise estimates of program costs and utility rates are challenging to make, we can build scenarios for considerations knowing what we have learned in the previous two sections on load analysis, procurement requirements and market analysis.

Table 6 below shows a projection of procurement costs, based on a 100% renewable portfolio and current market price intelligence for power products. The table uses PG&E's "Low Gas Price" scenario for comparison, showing extremely thin margins, due to the expense of meeting 100% of demand with the highest quality "Category 1" renewable energy, as Portola Valley has expressed interest in. Keep in mind that the procurement costs below do not include operating costs such as staff, billing, call center, etc.

Table 6. Procurement Costs Scenario, Low Gas Prices (100% RPS)

Year	Retail	Forward	Projected	Resource	Compliance	Projected	Implied
	Rate-to-	Energy	Energy	Adequacy	RPS Costs	Portola	Procurement
	Beat	Prices	Costs (\$	Costs (\$	(\$ millions)	Valley	Cost-per-
	(\$/MWh)	(\$/MWh)	millions)	millions)		Energy Load	MWh
						(MWh)	
2016	\$73.00	\$41.10	\$1.08M	\$0.20M	\$0.66M	26,330	\$73.79
2017	\$77.00	\$42.34	\$1.12M	\$0.20M	\$0.66M	26,462	\$75.03
2018	\$77.00	\$43.80	\$1.16M	\$0.20M	\$0.66M	26,594	\$76.48
2019	\$79.00	\$44.94	\$1.20M	\$0.21M	\$0.67M	26,727	\$77.62
2020	\$82.00	\$45.98	\$1.24M	\$0.21M	\$0.67M	26,861	\$78.67
2021	*	\$47.26	\$1.28M	\$0.21M	\$0.67M	26,995	\$79.94
2022	*	\$48.63	\$1.32M	\$0.21M	\$0.68M	27,130	\$81.32
2023	*	\$49.94	\$1.36M	\$0.21M	\$0.68M	27,265	\$82.63
2024	*	\$51.24	\$1.40M	\$0.21M	\$0.69M	27,402	\$83.92
2025	*	\$51.93	\$1.43M	\$0.21M	\$0.69M	27,539	\$84.62

^{*} PG&E has not provided retail rate forecasts beyond 2020.

8. Community Choice Program Structure

AB 117 delimits who is eligible to form Community Choice programs. All programs must be government agencies, which includes a single city or county, or a combination of cities and/or counties. When multiple cities and/or counties are combined, they may form under what is known as a Joint Powers Authority, or a JPA. The rules governing JPAs are found in the California Government Code. Based on experiences of existing Community Choice programs,

communities will need some level of professional services and consulting expertise to establish and operate a Community Choice program on their own.

The role of professional or consulting services has been crucial to the success of early programs, and is expanding within the field of Community Choice. There are many private firms that provide a fee-for-service for specific Community Choice functions, and now an emerging area of innovation providing complete, or turnkey, services for governments.

8.1. Single City or County

While many cities in the State are contemplating Community Choice, the City of Lancaster is likely to be the first single city to launch program operations on its own. By acting alone, the City of Lancaster is able to enjoy complete and autonomous control over its program decisions.

As previously noted, a significant hurdle to overcome for any jurisdiction is identifying funding to seed program start up and operation costs, including power purchases. However, the City of Lancaster, like all single cities that launch a program, will be able to use revenue generated from the electricity rates to both repay this initial financing as well as fund and operate the program on an ongoing basis.

Based on the City's approved implementation plan, the program will require a limited number of staff with support for more technical services provided by private contractors.

A single county may form a Community Choice program as well. Although this would only include the unincorporated area of the county, it could expand to include the county's incorporated cities. The expansion could occur with or without a JPA. Alternatively, a county program could operate seamlessly alongside similar, but separately governed, Community Choice programs of its local cities.

8.2. Joint Powers Authority (JPA)

Marin Clean Energy (CME) and Sonoma Clean Power (SCP) operate as a Joint Powers Authority, and other feasibility analysis suggest a JPA has operational advantages. These advantages come primarily from the protection a Joint Powers Authority provides to its participating members. Specifically, a JPA provides a firewall preventing financial risk from extending to the participating agencies.

Just like a single city program, local communities retain complete control over program decisions. In contrast to a single city program, a JPA can generally create a larger Community Choice program. By aggregating several populations, a JPA provides the necessary scale to support a more robust staff infrastructure as well as the creation of increased revenue to develop associated programs. Because a JPA governing board typically includes representatives from each participating agency, there is a potential drawback in that an individual community's unique goals may be diluted by the need to establish cooperative goals for the program.

Experience for both MCE and SCP, just as for the City of Lancaster, demonstrated funding as a critical challenge for program initiation. For MCE, a significant amount of funding came from an anonymous donor; for SCP the majority of funding came from First Community Bank, a Sonoma County based financial institution. However, successful operation of MCE and SCP has generated the necessary revenue to substantially repay debt and become cash-positive.

8.3. Public-Private Partnership

All existing Community Choice programs use some level of service from private companies. Private companies within the utilities field, including Community Choice, typically bring a level of expertise and experience not customarily present in existing government staff and leveraging these strengths provides a benefit to the program. With the success of MCE and SCP, there is a growing private sector field to provide service to Community Choice programs.

There are a number of consulting firms and other professional services firms that provide discrete or a full range of fee-for-service support. Currently, there is one firm, California Clean Power, which provides a full service option for Community Choice programs. California Clean Power, a benefit corporation, provides many of the benefits of the approaches described above, such as providing a financial firewall for the government, because of its unique full-service approach while alleviating some of the critical challenges to launching a program, such as developing the expertise and funding needed.

Based on the load and market analysis provided in this report, a public-private partnership with California Clean Power could provide a range of rate, revenue, and renewable portfolio benefits.

9. Appendix

9.1. Related Legislation

State legislation is dynamic in its evolution from original proposed language to final language. Information presented in this report reflects the most current public information as of the date of the report; amendments and actions that have happened after the date of this report related to the proposed legislation summarized below could significantly alter the information included below.

Perhaps the most prominent piece of legislation currently is SB 350 (D-De Leon), which was introduced following Governor Jerry Brown's State of the State address given in January of 2015. During his inaugural address, Governor Brown called upon legislators to take bold action on climate change by drafting ambitious legislation to meet his target goals. Shortly thereafter, Senate President Kevin De Leon introduced SB 350, which is one of four pieces of climate change legislation introduced by Senate Democrats. A companion piece of legislation, SB 32 (Pavley), sets an overarching climate pollution reduction target of 80 percent below 1990 levels by 2050.

There are three parts to the SB 350 bill:

- First, the bill would require California to reduce petroleum use by 50%.
- Second, this legislation would require existing buildings to increase their energy efficiency by 50% to reduce electricity consumption.
- Third, SB 350 will require both IOUs and POUs, (Community Choice programs included), to increase renewable energy generation and/or procurement to at least 50% by the year 2030.

Although raising the minimum amount of renewables generated in California will increase the demand for renewable energy, many renewable energy projects and initiatives are expected to launch in the next few years that are expected to keep pace with the rising demand and keep prices stable. One such example is the Stateline Solar Farm Project in San Bernardino County

that is expected to generate 300 megawatts of renewable energy.³⁸ Moreover, establishing Community Choice could help safeguard communities from potential price increases through direct control over procurement of renewable and other energy.

Both SB 350 and SB 32 passed the Senate Floor in early June. The Senate's climate bill package also includes other climate and clean air-related bills, some of which have yet to be taken up for a vote

Bill ID/Topic	Location	Summary
AB33 Quirk D California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: Energy Integration Advisory Council.	6/3/2015 - In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 establishes the State Air Resources Board as the state agency responsible for monitoring and regulating sources emitting greenhouse gases. The act requires the state board to prepare and approve a scoping plan for achieving the maximum technologically feasible and cost-effective reductions in greenhouse gas emissions. The California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program requires the Public Utilities Commission to implement annual procurement targets for the procurement of eligible renewable energy resources for all retail sellers to achieve the targets and goals of the program. This bill would establish the Energy Integration Advisory Council in state government and would require the council to develop recommendations for inclusion in the scoping plan prepared by the state board, including, among others, an analysis of the various strategies necessary for the energy grid to integrate specified annual procurement targets as part of the California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program. Last Amended on 6/1/2015
AB175 Mathis R Electricity.	YEAR 5/15/2015 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was	The Warren-Alquist State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Act establishes the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission and requires it to certify sufficient sites and related facilities that are required to provide a supply of electricity sufficient to accommodate projected demand for electricity in that commission's most recent forecast of statewide and service area electricity demand. This bill would make nonsubstantive revisions to the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission's certification requirements. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.
AB197 Garcia, Eduardo D Public utilities:	6/2/2015 - In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for	The Public Utilities Act requires the Public Utilities Commission (PUC), in consultation with the Independent System Operator, to establish resource adequacy requirements for all load-serving entities, including electrical corporations, in accordance with specified objectives. The act further requires each load-serving entity to maintain physical generating capacity adequate to meet its load requirements, including

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³⁸ Stateline Solar Farm Project. U.S. Bureau of Land Management. web. 04/29/2015April 29,

^{2015.} http://www.blm.gov/pgdata/etc/medialib/blm/wo/MINERALS__REALTY__AND_RESOURCE_PROTECTION_/energy/priority_projects.Par.51088.File.dat/Stateline%20Solar%20Farm%20Project%20fact%20sheet.pdf

renewable resources.	assignment.	peak demand and planning and operating reserves, deliverable to locations and at times as may be necessary to provide reliable electric service. This bill would require the PUC, in adopting the process, to include consideration of any statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit established pursuant to the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 and consideration of capacity and essential reliability services of the eligible renewable energy resource to ensure grid reliability. The bill would require the PUC to require a retail seller of electricity, in soliciting and procuring eligible renewable energy resources, to consider the best-fit attributes of resources types that ensure a balanced resource mix to maintain the reliability of the electrical grid. The bill would revise the authority of an electrical corporation to refrain from entering into new contracts or constructing facilities beyond the quantity that can be procured within the electrical corporation's cost
AB577 Bonilla D		limitation, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws. Last Amended on 4/29/2015 Existing law establishes the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission and requires the commission to
Biomethane:	Senate. Read first time. To	administer various programs to award grants and other financial assistance for energy-related projects. The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 designates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency charged with monitoring and regulating sources of emissions of greenhouse gases. The state board is required to adopt a statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit equivalent to the statewide greenhouse gas emissions level in 1990 to be achieved by 2020. The act authorizes the state board to include the use of market-based compliance mechanisms. Existing law requires all moneys, except for fines and penalties, collected by the state board from the auction or sale of allowances as part of a market-based compliance mechanism to be deposited in the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund and to be available upon appropriation. This bill would require the commission to develop and implement a grant program to award grants for projects that build or develop collection and purification technology, infrastructure, and projects that upgrade existing biomethane facilities to meet certain requirements. The bill would, upon appropriation, authorize moneys in the fund to be used to fund grants awarded pursuant to the program. Last Amended on 5/28/2015
AB645 Williams D Electricity: California Renewables Portfolio Standard.	6/3/2015 - In Senate. Read first time. To	Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission (PUC) has regulatory authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations, as defined, while local publicly owned electric utilities, as defined, are under the direction of their governing boards. This bill would additionally express the intent of the Legislature for the purposes of the RPS program that the amount of electricity generated per year from eligible renewable energy resources be increased to an amount equal to at least 50% by December 31, 2030, and would require the PUC, by January 1, 2017, to establish the quantity of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources to be procured by each retail seller for specified compliance periods sufficient to ensure that the procurement of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources achieves 50% of retail sales by December 31, 2030, and that retail sellers procure not less than 50% of retail sales in all subsequent years. The bill would require the governing boards of local publicly owned electric utilities to ensure that specified quantities of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources to be procured for specified compliance periods to

ensure that the procurement of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources achieve 50% of retail sales by December 31, 2030, and that the local publicly owned electric utilities procure not less than 50% of retail sales in all subsequent years. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws. **AB674 ASSEMBLY** 2 Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory Mullin D YEAR authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations, as 5/29/2015 defined. Existing law authorizes the Public Utilities Commission to fix Failed Deadline the rates and charges for every public utility, and requires that those pursuant to Rule rates and charges be just and reasonable. Existing law requires the Electricity: (Last Public Utilities Commission to require each electrical corporation under distributed 61(a)(5). was the operational control of the Independent System Operator as of generation. location APPR. January 1, 2001, to modify tariffs so that all customers that install new SUSPENSE FILE distributed energy resources, as defined, in accordance with specified on 5/27/2015) criteria are served under rates, rules, and requirements identical to those of a customer within the same rate schedule that does not use distributed energy resources, and to withdraw any provisions in otherwise applicable tariffs that activate other tariffs, rates, or rules if a customer uses distributed energy resources. Existing law provides, notwithstanding these requirements, that a customer that installs new distributed energy resources not be exempted from (1) reasonable interconnection charges, (2) charges imposed pursuant to the Reliable Electric Service Investment Act. and (3) charges imposed to repay the Department of Water Resources for electricity procurement expenses incurred in response to the electricity crisis of 2000-01. Existing law requires the Public Utilities Commission, in establishing the rates applicable to customers that install new distributed energy resources, to create a firewall that segregates distribution cost recovery so that any net costs, taking into account the actual costs and benefits of distributed energy resources, proportional to each customer class, as determined by the Public Utilities Commission, resulting from the tariff modifications granted to members of each customer class may be recovered only from that class. This bill would, to the extent authorized by federal law, require the Public Utilities Commission, by July 1, 2016, to do both of the following for those electrical corporation customers that install clean distributed energy resources, as defined, after January 1, 2016: (1) require each electrical corporation to collect all applicable nonbypassable charges fixed, implemented, administered, or imposed by the Public Utilities Commission based only on the actual metered consumption of electricity delivered to the customer through the electrical corporation's transmission or distribution system, which charges are to be at the same rate per kilowatthour as paid by other customers that do not employ a clean distributed energy resource, and (2) calculate a reserve capacity for standby service, if applicable, based on the capacity needed by an electrical corporation to serve a customer's electrical demand during an outage of the clean distributed energy resource providing electric service for that customer. The bill would require each electrical corporation to identify the total amount of nonbypassable charges that would be collected each year from customers served by clean distributed energy resources installed after January 1, 2016, based on gross consumption without any adjustment for the generation of the clean distributed energy resources. The bill would require that this total amount be fully recovered from customers in the same customer class as those customers served by clean distributed energy resources installed after January 1, 2016, and would

		prohibit any amount from being shifted to any other customer class.
		The bill would require a customer served by a clean distributed energy resource, upon r equest, to provide relevant data to the Public Utilities Commission and the State Air Resources Board and the facility be subject to onsite inspection, to verify equipment operation and performance, including capacity, thermal output, and usage to verify criteria air pollutant and greenhouse gases emissions performance. The bill would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to report to the Legislature and the relevant policy committees of the Legislature on the impact of its provisions on specified issues by July 1, 2021. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws. Last Amended on 5/5/2015
<u>AB693</u>		Existing law authorizes a consumer to cancel a contract for health
services:	Referred to Coms. on B., P.	studio services within specified timeframes after the contract is executed, if the health studio fails to provide the specific facilities advertised or offered, or if the health studio eliminates or reduces the scope of the facilities, as specified. The bill would specify that a contract for health studio services may be canceled by the buyer in
cancellation.	6/15/2015 1 n m	person, via first-class mail or from an email address. The bill would make other conforming changes. Last Amended on 4/30/2015
	and upon	· ·
	adjournment of Floor Session -	
	Room 3191	
	SENATE BUSINESS,	
	PROFESSIONS	
	AND ECONOMIC	
	DEVELOPMENT, HILL, Chair	
AB793		Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory
Quirk D	C. 5/21/2015 -	authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations and gas corporations, as defined. Existing law requires the commission to require an electrical or gas corporation to perform home weatherization
Energy efficiency.	on E., U., & C.	services for low-income customers if the commission determines that a significant need for those services exists in the corporation's service territory. For these purposes, existing law authorizes weatherization,
		where feasible, to include certain measures for a dwelling unit. Existing law also authorizes weatherization, for these purposes, to include other measures determined by the commission to be feasible, taking
		into consideration the cost-effectiveness of the measures as a whole and the policy of reducing energy-related hardships facing low-income households. This bill would require weatherization, for the above-specified purposes, to include energy management technology, as
		defined, determined by the commission to be feasible, taking into consideration the above-described factors. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws. Last Amended on 4/16/2015
AB895	SENATE RLS.	Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory
Rendon D	6/1/2015 - In	authority over public utilities. Existing law authorizes the commission to
		fix the rates and charges for every public utility, and requires that those rates and charges be just and reasonable. When the commission
Utility rate		orders rate refunds to be distributed, existing law requires the

<u> </u>		
refunds: energy crisis litigation.	assignment.	commission to require the public utility to pay refunds to all current utility customers, and, when practicable, to prior customers, on an equitable pro rata basis without regard as to whether or not the customer is classifiable as a residential or commercial tenant, landlord, homeowner, business, industrial, educational, governmental, nonprofit, agricultural, or any other type of entity. This bill would prohibit the Public Utilities Commission from distributing or expending the proceeds of claims in any litigation or settlement to obtain ratepayer recovery for the effects of the 2000-02 energy crisis and would require that the proceeds be deposited into the Ratepayer Relief Fund. This bill contains other existing laws.
Heating and	YEAR 5/1/2015 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last	Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities, including gas corporations. The Solar Water Heating and Efficiency Act of 2007 requires the commission, if it determines that a solar water heating program is cost effective for ratepayers and in the public interest, to design and implement a program applicable to the service territories of a gas corporation to achieve the goal of the Legislature to promote the installation of 200,000 solar water heating systems, as defined, in homes, businesses, and buildings or facilities of eligible customer classes, as specified, receiving natural gas service throughout the state by 2017. The act prohibits funding from exceeding \$250,000,000 for the collective service territories of all gas corporations over the 10-year life of the program and requires that the cost of the program be paid through a usage-based surcharge annually established for each class of gas customers, with specified exceptions. The act requires the governing body of each publicly owned utility providing gas service to retail end-use customers to adopt, implement, and finance a solar water heating system incentive program that meets certain requirements. Existing law repeals these requirements on August 1, 2018. This bill would repeal the substantive requirements of the act and would prohibit any additional moneys from being collected from ratepayers to fund the act after December 31, 2015. The bill would require that any loans that are outstanding as of January 1, 2016, that were made pursuant to the act, continue to be repaid in a manner that is consistent with the terms and conditions of the loan agreements, until repaid in full. The bill would authorize moneys to be dispersed after January 1, 2016, that were encumbered on or before December 31, 2015, pursuant to the act and would require that all moneys not encumbered on before December 31, 2015, that were collected from ratepayers pursuant to the act and all loan repayments be refunded to the ratepay
plug-in	YEAR 5/29/2015 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last	Existing law requires the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission (Energy Commission), on a biennial basis, to conduct assessments and forecasts of all aspects of energy industry supply, production, transportation, delivery, and distribution. Existing law requires the Energy Commission, beginning November 1, 2003, and biennially thereafter, to adopt an integrated energy policy report
equipment.		containing an overview of major energy trends and issues facing the state. This bill would require the Energy Commission, in collaboration with the Public Utilities Commission, to conduct an analysis of plug-in equipment electricity consumption, as specified, and set statewide, long-term energy efficiency targets to reduce the amount of electricity

		consumed by plug-in equipment. The bill would require the Energy
		Commission, in collaboration with the Public Utilities Commission, to develop, track the progress of, revise, and update an implementation plan to achieve those targets, as specified. The bill would require the Public Utilities Commission, in collaboration with the Energy Commission, to work with stakeholders to address challenges to the achievement of those targets. This bill contains other existing laws. Last Amended on 5/12/2015
AB1144	SENATE RLS.	Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory
Rendon D California Renewables	5/22/2015 - In Senate. Read first time. To	authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations. The existing definition of an electrical corporation excludes from that definition a corporation or person employing landfill gas technology or digester gas technology for the generation of electricity for (1) its own use or the use of not more than 2 of its tenants located on the real
Portfolio Standard Program: unbundled	assigninent.	property on which the electricity is generated, (2) the use of or sale to not more than 2 other corporations or persons solely for use on the real property on which the electricity is generated, or (3) the sale or transmission to an electrical corporation or state or local public agency,
renewable energy credits.		if the sale or transmission of the electricity service to a retail customer is provided through the transmission system of the existing local publicly owned electric utility or electrical corporation of that retail customer. This bill would provide that unbundled renewable energy credits may be used to meet the first category of the portfolio content requirements if (1) the credits are earned by electricity that is generated by an entity that, if it were a person or corporation, would be excluded from the definition of an electrical corporation by operation of the exclusions for a corporation or person employing landfill gas technology or digester gas technology, (2) the entity employing the landfill gas technology or digester gas technology has a first point of interconnection with a California balancing authority, a first point of interconnection with distribution facilities used to serve end users within a California balancing authority area, or are scheduled from the eligible renewable energy resource into a California balancing authority without substituting electricity from another source, and (3) where the electricity generated that earned the credit is used at a wastewater treatment facility that is owned by a public entity and first put into
		service on or after January 1, 2016. This bill contains other existing
		laws. Last Amended on 4/14/2015
	6/3/2015 - In Senate. Read first time. To	Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations and gas corporations. Existing law authorizes the commission to fix the rates and charges for every public utility, and requires that those rates and
Electrical and gas	Com. on RLS. for assignment.	charges be just and reasonable. Existing law requires that any expense resulting from a bonus paid to an executive officer, as
corporations:	acoigninont.	defined, of a public utility that has ceased to pay its debts in the
excess compensation.		ordinary course of business, be borne by the shareholders of the public utility and prohibits any expense from being recovered in rates. This bill would prohibit an electrical corporation or gas corporation from
		recovering from ratepayers expenses for excess compensation, as defined, paid to an officer of the utility following a triggering event, as defined, unless the utility obtains the approval of the commission.
		Following a triggering event and prior to paying or seeking recovery of excess compensation, the electrical corporation or gas corporation would be required to file a Tier 3 advice letter with the commission containing specified information. If the electrical corporation or gas

corporation sought or received authorization prior to the triggering event to recover excess compensation in rates, the commission would be required to open a proceeding or expand the scope of an existing proceeding to evaluate the advice letter and, following a duly notice public hearing in the proceeding, to issue a written decision determining whether any expenses for excess compensation that the corporation was authorized to recover in rates should be refunded to ratepayers. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws. Last Amended on 5/4/2015 AB1330 **ASSEMBLY** Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory **THIRD** authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations and gas Bloom D corporations, as defined, while local publicly owned electric utilities, as READING 6/3/2015 - Read defined, and local publicly owned gas utilities are under the direction of time. their governing boards. The Public Utilities Act requires the Public second Energy Efficiency Ordered to third Utilities Commission to review and accept, modify, or reject a reading. procurement plan for each electrical corporation in accordance with Resource specified elements, incentive mechanisms, and objectives, including a Standard Act. #40 showing that the electrical corporation will first meet its unmet needs 6/4/2015 through all available energy efficiency and demand reduction **ASSEMBLY** ASSEMBLY resources that are cost effective, reliable, and feasible. The act THIRD requires the Public Utilities Commission, in consultation with the State **READING FILE** Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, to identify all potentially achievable cost-effective electricity efficiency savings and to establish efficiency targets for electrical corporations to achieve pursuant to their procurement plan. The act requires the Public Utilities Commission, in consultation with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, to identify all

potentially achievable cost-effective natural gas efficiency savings and to establish efficiency targets for gas corporations to achieve and requires that a gas corporation first meet its unmet resource needs through all available gas efficiency and demand reduction resources that are cost effective, reliable, and feasible. This bill would enact the Energy Efficiency Resource Standard Act. The Public Utilities Commission, in consultation with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, would be responsible for supervising the implementation of the act by community choice aggregators, electric service providers, electrical corporations, and gas corporations. The governing board of each local publicly owned electric utility and local publicly owned gas utility, in consultation with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, would be responsible for the implementation of the act by the utility. The bill would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, in a public stakeholder engagement process, to determine how the energy savings goals of the act are measured and reported. The act would require each retail seller of electricity and gas utility, as defined, to establish an energy efficiency resource standard that shall increase the amount of energy

Solutions Act of 2006: offsets.	YEAR 5/1/2015 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 3/23/2015)	demand reductions that shall be achieved through event-based demand response and would require that annual percentage to be achieved by retail sellers of electricity. The bill would require that the energy savings of a retail seller of electricity or gas utility first come from disadvantaged communities identified by the California Environmental Protection Agency, as specified. The bill would require each retail seller of electricity and gas utility to annually file with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, a report that analyzes the energy savings achieved by the utility during the prior year, divided by the energy retail sales in the immediately preceding year. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws. Last Amended on 6/2/2015 The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 designates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency charged with monitoring and regulating sources of emissions of greenhouse gases. The state board is required to adopt a statewide greenhouse gas emissions limit equivalent to the statewide greenhouse gas emissions level in 1990 to be achieved by 2020, and to adopt rules and regulations in an open public process to achieve the maximum, technologically feasible, and cost-effective greenhouse gas emissions reductions. The act authorizes the state board to include the use of market-based compliance mechanisms. This bill would require the state board, as part of a market-based compliance mechanism, to create an offset protocol for renewable energy projects that are able to ramp up or down during peak energy demands.
AB1333 Quirk D Energy efficiency programs.	YEAR 5/1/2015 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was U. &	Existing law requires the Public Utilities Commission, in consultation with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, to identify all potential cost-effective energy efficiency savings and establish efficiency targets for an electrical or gas corporation. Existing law requires a local publicly owned electric utility, in procuring energy, to acquire all cost-effective energy efficiency and demand response resources that are cost-effective, reliable, and feasible. This bill would require electric and gas corporations and local publicly owned electric and gas utilities to require recipients of rebates or incentives from their residential or commercial energy efficiency or weatherization programs to install demand response infrastructure on the property for which the rebates or incentives are provided. Last Amended on 4/6/2015
	YEAR 5/1/2015 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was U. &	Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations, gas corporations, heat corporations, and telephone corporations, as defined. Existing law authorizes the commission to fix the rates and charges for every public utility, and requires that those rates and charges be just and reasonable. Existing law authorizes the commission to allow inclusion of expenses for research and development in rates. Existing law requires the commission to consider specified guidelines in evaluating the research, development, and demonstration programs proposed by electrical and gas corporations. This bill would require findings supporting a decision to approve the inclusion of expenses incurred for research and development projects or programs in electricity rates be informed by independent expert review.
AB1453 Rendon D		The Public Utilities Act authorizes the Public Utilities Commission to require public utilities, including electrical corporations, to construct,

Electrical corporations: underground electrical facilities: worker safety.

Senate. first time. assignment.

Read maintain, and operate their facilities and equipment to promote and To safeguard the health and safety of its employees. A violation of the Com. on RLS. for Public Utilities Act, or any decision, rule, direction, demand, or requirement of the commission is a crime. This bill would require the commission, by January 1, 2017, to adopt a rule regulating work performed in underground electrical facilities by, or on behalf of, an electrical corporation that is consistent with certain worker safety protections. Because a violation of the rule would be a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws. Last Amended on 4/20/2015

SB180 Jackson D

Electricity: emissions greenhouse gases.

5/29/2015 61(a)(5). of location APPR. 5/28/2015)

SENATE 2 YEAR Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations, while Failed Deadline local publicly owned electric utilities are under the direction of their pursuant to Rule governing board. Existing law prohibits any load-serving entity and any (Last local publicly owned electric utility from entering into a long-term was financial commitment for baseload generation unless that baseload on generation complies with a greenhouse gases emission performance standard. Existing law requires the Public Utilities Commission, by February 1, 2007, through a rulemaking proceeding and in consultation with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission and the State Air Resources Board, to establish a greenhouse gases emission performance standard for all baseload generation of load-serving entities. Existing law requires the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, by June 30, 2007, at a duly noticed public hearing and in consultation with the Public Utilities Commission and the State Air Resources Board, to establish a greenhouse gases emission performance standard for all baseload generation of local publicly owned electric utilities. This bill would, on July 1, 2017, replace the greenhouse gases emission performance standards for baseload generation with greenhouse gases emission performance standards for nonpeaking generation and peaking generation. The bill would require the Public Utilities Commission, by June 30, 2017, through a rulemaking proceeding and in consultation with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission and the State Air Resources Board, to establish a greenhouse gases emission performance standard for all nonpeaking generation of load-serving entities, and a separate standard for peaking generation. The bill would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, by June 30, 2017, at a duly noticed public hearing and in consultation with the Public Utilities Commission and the State Air Resources Board, to establish a greenhouse gases emission performance standard for all nonpeaking generation of local publicly owned electric utilities, and a separate standard for peaking generation. The bill would require that, taking into consideration siting factors such as altitude, regional climate, and operating capacity, the greenhouse gases emission performance standard for nonpeaking generation and peaking generation be established at the lowest level that the respective commissions determine to be technologically feasible without putting reliability of the electrical grid and of electric service at risk and without hampering further deployment of renewable generation resources or reductions of greenhouse gases emissions. The bill would require that the commissions update their respective greenhouse gases emission performance standards every 5 years based on new technology. This

		bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws. Last Amended on 5/5/2015
SB189 Hueso D Clean Energy and Low-Carbon Economic and Jobs Growth Blue Ribbon Committee.	third time. Passed. (Ayes 26. Noes 14.) Ordered to the Assembly.	Existing law requires specified state agencies to prepare and submit to the Secretary for Environmental Protection specified information relating to the state agency's greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, including a list of measures adopted and implemented by the agency to meet GHG emission reduction targets, as defined, and a status report on GHG emissions reduced as a result of these measures. Existing law further requires the California Environmental Protection Agency to provide that information on its Internet Web site in the form of a state agency GHG emission reduction report card. This bill would create the Clean Energy and Low-Carbon Economic and Jobs Growth Blue Ribbon Committee in the California Environmental Protection Agency, comprised of 7 members appointed by the Governor, the Speaker of the Assembly, and the Senate Committee on Rules, as provided. The bill would prescribe the terms and qualifications of committee members and would require the committee to advise state agencies on the most effective ways to expend clean energy and GHG-related funds and implement policies in order to maximize California's economic and employment benefits, and to take specified actions in that regard. The bill would also require the committee to provide an annual update to the Governor and the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the Legislature on its activities, as provided. The bill would require each state agency responsible for implementing clean energy and low-carbon polices and programs to submit an annual progress report to the Governor and the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the Legislature describing how it implemented or responded to the advice, guidance, and recommendations of the committee. Last Amended on 6/1/2015
SB286 Hertzberg D Electricity: direct transactions.	Passed. (Ayes 34. Noes 2.)	The Public Utilities Act requires the Public Utilities Commission, pursuant to electrical restructuring, to authorize and facilitate direct transactions between electricity suppliers and retail end-use customers. Existing law, enacted during the energy crisis of 2000-01, authorized the Department of Water Resources, until January 1, 2003, to enter into contracts for the purchase of electricity, and to sell electricity to retail end-use customers at not more than the department's acquisition costs and to recover those costs through the issuance of bonds to be repaid by ratepayers. That law suspended the right of retail end-use customers, other than community choice aggregators and a qualifying direct transaction customer, as defined, to acquire service through a direct transaction until the Department of Water Resources no longer supplies electricity under that law. Existing law continues the suspension of direct transactions except as expressly authorized, until the Legislature, by statute, repeals the suspension or otherwise authorizes direct transactions. Existing law requires the commission to authorize direct transactions for nonresidential end-use customers subject to a reopening schedule that will phase in over a period of not less than 3 years and not more than 5 years, and is subject to an annual maximum allowable total kilowatthour limit established, as specified, for each electrical corporation. This bill would require the commission to adopt and implement a schedule that implements a 2nd phase-in period for expanding direct transactions for individual retail nonresidential end-use customers over a period of not more than 3 years, raising the allowable limit of kilowatthours that can be supplied by other providers

		in each electrical corporation's distribution service territory by that electrical corporation's share of an aggregate of 8,000 gigawatthours, apportioned as specified. The bill would require that all of an electric service provider's retail sales associated with each 2nd phase direct transaction be procured from eligible renewable energy resources and would require the commission to enforce the bill's renewables procurement requirements as part of the California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program. The bill would require that an electrical corporation continue to provide direct access customers with support functions, as specified, through its own employees, except that construction of distribution system equipment and line clearance tree trimming may be performed under contract with the electrical corporation. The bill would prohibit an electric service provider from offering consolidated billing beginning January 1, 2016. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws. Last Amended on 6/2/2015
	third time. Passed. (Ayes 24. Noes 14.)	Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission (PUC) has regulatory authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations, as defined, while local publicly owned electric utilities, as defined, are under the direction of their governing boards. This bill would additionally express the intent of the Legislature for the purposes of the RPS program that the amount of electricity generated per year from eligible renewable energy resources be increased to an amount equal to at least 50% by December 31, 2030, and would require the PUC, by January 1, 2017, to establish the quantity of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources be procured by each retail seller for specified compliance periods sufficient to ensure that the procurement of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources achieves 50% of retail sales by December 31, 2030. The bill would require the governing boards of local publicly owned electric utilities to ensure that specified quantities of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources to be procured for specified compliance periods to ensure that the procurement of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources achieve 50% of retail sales by December 31, 2030. The bill would exclude all facilities engaged in the combustion of municipal solid waste from being eligible renewable energy resources. The bill would require community choice aggregators and electric service providers to prepare and submit renewable energy procurement plans. The bill would revise other aspects of the RPS program, including, among other things, the enforcement provisions and would require penalties collected for noncompliance to be deposited in the Electric Program Investment Charge Fund. The bill would require the PUC to direct electrical corporations to include in their proposed procurement plans a strategy for procuring a diverse portfolio of resources that provide a reliable electricity supply. The bill would require the PUC and the Energy Co
SB427 Fuller R Renewable energy	5/15/2015 - Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last	Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations, as defined, while local publicly owned electric utilities, as defined, are under the direction of their governing board. The existing Renewables Portfolio Standard Program (RPS program) requires a retail seller of electricity, as defined, and local publicly owned electric utilities to

		purchase specified minimum quantities of electricity products from
	3/5/2015)	eligible renewable energy resources, as defined, for specified compliance periods. The specified minimum quantities of electricity products are based upon a percentage of the utility's total retail sales of electricity in California. The RPS program authorizes an electrical corporation to apply to the commission for approval to construct, own, and operate an eligible renewable energy resource, and requires the commission to approve the application if certain conditions are met. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to the RPS program authorization for electrical corporations to apply to the commission for approval to construct, own, and operate an eligible renewable energy resource.
		Existing law establishes the Governor's Office of Business and
	Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule	Economic Development, which is administered by a director appointed by the Governor. The office serves the Governor as the lead entity for economic strategy and the marketing of California on issues relating to
		business development, private sector investment, and economic growth. Existing law, the Military Base Reuse Authority Act, authorizes
military and	APPR. on	the creation of a military base reuse authority to plan, finance, and
	5/28/2015)	manage the transition of a military base from military to civilian use, as specified. This bill would establish the Military and Aerospace Program in the Governor's Office of Business and Economic Development, and set forth the program's duties and authority with respect to state and local defense retention, conversion, and base reuse activities, including developing and recommending to the Governor and the Legislature a strategic plan for state and local defense retention and conversion efforts. The bill would authorize the office to establish a Military Advisory Council with a specified membership to provide input, information, technical advice, or other comments to the program on military related matters. This bill also would authorize the office to apply for grants and seek private funds for the operations of the office. The bill would establish the Military and Aerospace Account in the Special Deposit Fund in the State Treasury and require that any private funds the office accepts be deposited into that account. The bill would authorize the office to expend moneys in the account, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for specified purposes of the office.
		This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws. Last Amended on 4/14/2015
		Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory
	Referred to Com.	authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations. The Public Utilities Act authorizes the Public Utilities Commission, upon a complaint by a geothermal energy producer, to prohibit any electrical
Renewable energy	on U. & C.	corporation from curtailing the generation, production, or transmission of electricity from a geothermal powerplant operated by the
resources:		corporation, if the commission deems that the curtailment is not in the
geothermal.		public interest. This bill would repeal the above-described geothermal generation, production, or transmission curtailment authorization. Last Amended on 4/27/2015
<u>Hertzberg</u> D	ASSEMBLY U. & C. 6/1/2015 -	The Passenger Charter-party Carriers' Act places charter-party carriers of passengers, as defined, under the jurisdiction of the Public Utilities Commission. Under existing law, no charter party carrier of
	Referred to Com.	passengers may operate a motor vehicle on a public highway unless
Charter-party carriers of	on U. & C.	there is displayed on the vehicle a distinctive identifying symbol, in the form prescribed by the commission, showing the classification to which

2000000000		the courier belower for mater vehicles designed to cour, not many
passengers.		the carrier belongs. For motor vehicles designed to carry not more than 8 passengers, the commission is required to issue a suitable decal with an identifying symbol and of a specified size for that purpose. This bill would repeal that provision requiring the issuance of the decal. Last Amended on 4/9/2015
SB765 Wolk D Energy: California Market Transformation Administrator.	third time. Passed. (Ayes 23. Noes 17.) Ordered to the	The Reliable Electric Service Investments Act requires the Public Utilities Commission (PUC), in evaluating energy efficiency investments, to ensure that local and regional interests, multifamily dwellings, and energy service industry capabilities are incorporated into program portfolio design and that local governments, community-based organizations, and energy efficiency service providers are encouraged to participate in program implementation where appropriate. This bill would require the PUC, in ensuring that prudent investments in energy efficiency are made and produce cost-effective energy savings, reduce customer demand, and support the state's greenhouse gas emissions reduction goals, to contract with an independent entity to serve as the California Market Transformation Administrator (CalMTA). The bill would require the PUC to require the CalMTA to take certain actions, including, among other actions, working in concert with other energy efficiency administrators that are carrying out energy efficiency activities under the PUC's oversight to incorporate long-term market transformation strategies into the state's energy efficiency portfolio and to work with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to encourage local publicly owned electric utilities to participate in the CalMTA's planning efforts and provide funding for and support the market transformation initiatives administered by the CalMTA to ensure statewide consistency and full market deployment. Because a violation of these requirements would be a crime, this bill would impose a statemandated local program. The bill would require the PUC to consult with the CalMTA regarding demand-side energy management programs. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws. Last Amended on 6/2/2015
SB793	ASSEMBLY	Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory
Wolk D Green Tariff Shared Renewables Program.	Assembly. Read	authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations. Existing law authorizes the commission to fix the rates and charges for every public utility, and requires that those rates and charges be just and reasonable. The Green Tariff Shared Renewables Program requires a participating utility, defined as being an electrical corporation with 100,000 or more customers in California, to file with the commission an application requesting approval of a tariff to implement a program enabling ratepayers to participate in electrical generation facilities that use eligible renewable energy resources, consistent with certain legislative findings and statements of intent. Existing law requires the commission, by July 1, 2014, to issue a decision concerning the participating utility's application, determining whether to approve or disapprove the application, with or without modifications. Existing law requires the commission, after notice and opportunity for public comment, to approve the application if the commission determines that the proposed program is reasonable and consistent with the legislative findings and statements of intent and requires the commission to require that a participating utility's green tariff shared renewables program be administered in accordance with specified provisions. Existing law repeals the program on January 1, 2019. This bill would require the commission to additionally require that

a participating utility's green tariff shared renewables program permit a participating customer to subscribe to the program and receive a reasonably estimated bill credit and bill charge, as determined by the commission, for a period of up to 20 years. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws. Last
Amended on 5/5/2015

10. GLOSSARY OF TERMS

AB	Assembly Bill
ARB	Air Resources Board
CAISO	California Independent System Operator
СВА	California Balancing Authority
CCA	Community Choice Aggregation
CEC	California Energy Commission
CPUC	California Public Utilities Commission
DLAP	Default Load Aggregation Point
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
IOU	Investor Owned Utility
ITC	Investment Tax Credit
kW	Kilowatt
kWh	Kilowatt hour
LSE	Load Serving Entity
MCE	Marin Clean Energy
MT	Metric Ton
MW	Megawatt
MWh	Megawatt hour
NP15	North of Path 15
ОТС	Once Through Cooling
PG&E	Pacific Gas & Electric Company
PCIA	Power Charge Indifference Adjustment
POU	Publicly Owned Utility
PPA	Power Purchase Agreement

PUC	Public Utilities Code
RA	Resource Adequacy
RECs	Renewable Energy Certificates
RPS	Renewable Portfolio Standard
SB	Senate Bill
SCE	Southern California Edison
SCP	Sonoma Clean Power
SDG&E	San Diego Gas & Electric
SONGS	San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station
SP15	South of Path 15
SQMD	Settlement Quality Meter Data
UIE	Uninstructed Imbalance Energy

California Clean Power Responses to Portola Valley Inquiries

June 8, 2015

Rate setting

Do we need to mirror all of PG&E's rates? (including ones that no consumer in PV would hit?)

CCA's do not necessarily need to mirror IOU rate design, but this practice is advised because decoupling transmission and distribution rate design from generation rate design can prove to be very confusing for customers. Nevertheless, if a CCA seeks to design new and innovative rates, this is entirely possible but needs to be undertaken with great thoughtfulness and consideration. Also, the CCA should be mindful that because generation is only a portion of the total electric rate, the impact of a generation-only rate design will be diluted with respect to the overall electric rate design. Exclusion of PG&E rates that are not utilized in PV is not a problem, although, to avoid alienating future potential customers, only those that PV is absolutely certain will never be requested should be omitted.

Can we structure rates differently for policy purposes to encourage/discourage certain behaviors?

Yes; with the understanding that only the energy supply component is controlled by the CCA.

How does the San Juan Capistrano recent court decision on Prop 218 affect our ability to set rates?

Proposition 218, Section 3(b) specifically states that "fees for the provision of electrical or gas service shall not be deemed charges or fees imposed as an incident of property ownership," thereby exempting electric service from the water rate issues in the San Juan Capistrano decision.

What are the most comparable POUs to a proposed PV CCA?

While some aspects of the Marin/Sonoma CCAs are similar to what PV would face, the relatively tiny scale of the PV CCA would cause some significant differences. Are there any small-town (say 2-8k residents) POUs in California, whether CCAs or not?

The Cities of Biggs and Gridley are, in terms of load, comparable to PV's load. Biggs's load is about 2/3 the size of PV's load while Gridley's load is about 1/3 larger than PV's load. Both Cities operate fully functional municipal electric utilities including ownership and responsibility for the electric distribution systems, metering and billing. Both Cities also belong to the Northern California Power Agency (NCPA), which allows the two Cities to join with other municipal electric utilities to pool resources to own, operate and procure power under economies of scale.

Because the sole focus of CCA is power procurement while Biggs and Gridley, similar to PG&E, must focus on all of the other aspects of electric service, CCA is more similar to what NCPA provides to its members than CCA is similar to the Biggs and Gridley municipal electric utilities. Notably, however, while California Clean Power, serves a function similar to NCPA by procuring power for CCAs, California Clean Power also provides all other needed CCA services, such as financing, customer service, regulatory and interface with PG&E.

Are there [other small POUs and CCAs] in other states?

Yes, small POUs and small CCAs exist in many other states. The list of POUs is too numerous to list, but Illinois, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Ohio and Rhode Island all have CCA in various forms. Some states, like Ohio, have very robust CCA participation that includes hundreds of communities.

CCP as a public benefit corporation

Who is the governing board of CCP?

The Board of CCP is made up of Bill Gallaher (Chair), Douglas Bosco (Vice Chair), Komron Shahosseini, Jonathan Kathrein, Peter Rumble and Kelly Foley.

Who are the members of the corporation?

The Board and several members of the executive/management team are owners of the Company.

What are the board & members looking for from CCP?

The mission of the Company is shared by the Board - to empower local communities, particularly those that could not otherwise due to size or resources, take advantage of the benefits of CCA. There is no set rate of return or exit strategy. We are building a company that will have a lasting positive impact on communities and the State.

Is there any way to bypass PG&E's PCIA?

Is the PCIA charged to new accounts, or only continuing accounts that depart from bundled service? Can all existing account be automatically closed and re-opened without impact or with minimal impact to consumers?

No, there is no way to bypass PG&E's PCIA. It is charged to both departing load and new customers who begin service after the CCA has already been established.

How does unbundling affect things like Rule 20A funds

Do 20A funds from the non-generation rates, or from generation, or both?

Rule 20A is funded through distribution rates or, in some cases, transmission rates. All CCA customers continue to be utility distribution and transmission customers, and therefore eligible for the same Rule 20A benefits as existed prior to forming a CCA.

How will a CCA affect PV's ability to underground power lines over time?

There will be no effect.

Is there any way to use CCA formation to actually help with undergrounding?

Yes. A community can opt for Public Benefit Payments that can be applied to undergrounding costs that exceed Rule 20A funding. Also, CCP provides in-kind assistance on all electric industry matters within CCP staff's areas of expertise, including Rule20A. Accordingly, CCP will provide PV with technical assistance, including interfacing with PG&E, to complete a 20A request.

Public Benefit Payments

[What should] Portola Valley [do if it has] any interest in public benefit payments [, lower rates, and/or more renewable energy] from CCP as part of the contract or lower rates?

CCP has, based on various inputs from PV, modeled PV's assumed mix of benefits at 100% renewable/zero carbon Category 1 electricity with .5% decrease off of total PG&E rates. Previously, CCP was able to also provide a small annual Public Benefit Payment of \$60,000, although renewable prices have recently increased, thus a refresh will need to be calculated to determine any impacts from the price increase.

The main driver behind renewable energy pricing volatility is the impending Federal Investment Tax Credit (ITC) "cliff." The ITC provides a critical 30% tax credit to renewable energy developers, which helps drive favorable pricing. Known as the "ITC Cliff," the ITC drops to 10% December 31, 2016. Post-Cliff, pricing of renewables could increase significantly. Because of this, new renewable projects hoping to qualify for the ITC need executed power purchase agreements (PPAs) by, at the latest, the end of Summer 2015. Without executed PPAs, renewable developers can not secure financing to complete projects prior to the ITC Cliff.

Accordingly, if PV seeks 100% or a very high level of renewable content, to capture favorable ITC pricing, moving forward with CCA within four to six weeks is highly recommended. Also, a 20 year PV-CCP contract will greatly assist in bringing down prices. If, on the other hand, PV prefers a different combination of renewables, rate reduction and Public Benefit Payments, CCP can calculate an estimated package based on market conditions at the time of calculation. In any event, until or unless PV is ready to move forward with a binding offer, which CCP hold open for 30 days, all proposals, due to market volatility, are for information only. Should CCP make a 30 day binding offer, if PV does not pass CCA ordinance and approve the CCP contract within that window, CCP will need to refresh the offer based on then current market conditions.

Portfolio blend options

Assuming Portola Valley would be primarily interested in the "most green" portfolio options we could procure, what would those be? In particular, there might be resistance in PV to hydro power.

When choosing particular energy sources for a portfolio, trade-offs are always a consideration. While hydro is well known for affecting hydrologic systems and ecosystems, wind power has come under criticism for impacts on bird populations and solar for usurping agricultural land (and in the case of solar thermal, also affecting birds and other species). Additionally, while ecological impacts are lower with solar panels colocated with load, there are significant cost and aesthetic considerations, as well as the fact that local solar is usually not plentiful enough to meet all energy needs. The California Public Utilities Commission has recognized certain energy sources as renewable, and importantly has made the distinction between large and small hydro

sources. Because these standards are widely recognized, CCP is able to construct a green portfolio that aligns with our values, based on market prices and supply availability. PV can always specify power source restrictions, but procurement costs will be higher as a result.

CCP as only bidder

Are there any other providers who offer competitive products, even if not identical to what CCP is proposing? How much is PV obligated to look for alternative partners, and have we done what is required to find any such alternatives?

Prior to concluding that PV will execute a contract with California Clean Power, PV should make a finding that a sole source contract is appropriate. A sole source contract is appropriate because no other provider offers turn-key CCA services comparable to those offered by California Clean Power.

CCP is aware of a number of firms who offer services competitive with sub-components of CCP's public-private turnkey partnership, but none offer comparable CCP financial guarantees and require no direct expenditures by the CCA. We are confident that by privatizing the financial risk and seamlessly integrating all of the critical components of CCA operation we bring a new and unique CCA model to the market.

Importance of PV to CCP

Will CCP provide adequate focus to Portola Valley, even though we will likely be its smallest partner by a large margin?

Yes for three reasons: We are contractually obligated; we are a benefit corporation; we want to make history with PV; all of our customers are equally important -- size doesn't matter -- a customer is a customer.

Are there aspects of a Portola Valley partnership that would be attractive to CCP?

Yes, CCP is interested in making history together with PV, making PV the first California town to go 100% Category 1 Renewable/Zero GHG.

Is there anything Portola Valley could do to make it more important to CCP?

100% Category 1 Renewable/Zero GHG with PV is one of our highest priorities. We want to establish a positive and long-lasting relationship based on our common desire to establish PV as the first and best in class in California sustainability. Note, too, that if PV decides not to pursue 100% renewable, CCP remains prepared to implement a different mix of benefits, but deeply hopes that PV will take a leadership position instead.

Resource requirements from PV

What are the requirements from PV staff to:

Establish the partnership with CCP, including contract negotiation, council/public education, involvement of any interested committees (sustainability committee?) Work with CCP to establish the CCA including formation, public interaction/education/etc., educating council about the process & issues, etc. through CCA launch?

To review CCP's service contract, CCP forecasts no more than 10 hours of legal review. Town Council due diligence is forecasted at about 3-5 hours per Council Member. Sustainability Committee review and public education can be accomplished in one meeting. CCP staff is always available to assist in these processes.

If/when PV is prepared to move forward with CCP, the Council first adopts a CCA Ordinance. Depending on PV's specific municipal code, the CCP contract can be approved following adoption of the Ordinance – even on the same agenda. Following the adoption of the CCA Ordinance and approval of the CCP contract, CCP staff handles all of the remaining launch requirements. Per the CCP contract, the Council must appoint a PV staff contact as the PV CCA Representative. The Representative will be needed on no more than a quarter time basis.

Post-launch requirements -- supervision of CCP; any CCA meetings/reports; inevitable front-line support for residents?

Post launch CCP continues to provide CCA turnkey service to PV, with the no more than quarter time assistance of the PV CCA Representative. The Town Council must also meet at least once per year to review rates and an annual performance report. CCP will, however, at PV's request, provide performance reports on as often as monthly basis, and provide in-kind CCP Staff assistance on any aspect of CCA and electric industry issues.

Any other areas that will require PV staff time?

Required staff time is limited to the coordination discussed above, and to delegating agency to CCP for compliance obligations, or being available to timely review and sign filings if delegation isn't desired or allowed by governing body or otherwise prohibited. This work should not exceed more than a quarter time commitment. Additional projects, such as Rule20A undergrounding, will require additional time commitments from PV Staff.

Impact on Portola Valley if the CCA fails

[What if] the CCA fails between years 5-20? If the CCA fails after 20+ years?

As mentioned previously, if PV seeks to take a leadership role and be the first California community to be served by 100% Category 1 Renewables/zero GHG electricity, CCP recommends a 20 year contract. Under a 20 year contract, and the presumptions that PV would not run a CCA in house nor any other service provider would step in, the PV CCA will only fail if CCP fails. If CCP fails, the \$100,000 bond that CCP pays on behalf of PV's CCA would be forfeited and all PV CCA customers would, as described below, seamlessly revert to PG&E electric procurement service. PV would not be responsible for any of CCP's liabilities.

For 20+ year timelines, CCP provides five year contract renewal options. If PV opted for the renewals, the above 5-20 year scenario applies. If PV did not renew after 20 years, PV would need to find an alternative CCA provider, bring CCA services in house, or wind up the CCA.

How [does] reversion to PG&E would work?

Even if a CCA abruptly and unexpectedly fails, provided the CCA does not represent an overly large portion of PG&E's total load, in the worst case scenario procurement for CCA customers ceases but electric service continues. That is, PG&E does not visit every CCA customer location and shut off service. Instead, CCA customer load is temporarily served by "market" power until the California Public Utilities Commission and PG&E reassign the customers to PG&E procurement service. After this short transition period, PG&E will rationalize the transfer and resume service to the former CCA customers.

Would rates be affected by reversion?

CPUC regulations could allow for a higher or lower rate to be charged to reverting customers for a limited period of time until the reverted customers are normalized back into PG&E's load. The conditions of the market would determine if the rates would be higher or lower. Also, because PV's load is very small, the impact on PG&E's overall load is trivial, and therefore highly unlikely to trigger a differentiated reversion rate.

If PG&E had not been expecting demand of the CCA's customers, it will not have purchased power to supply them, so how will it deliver power to them it wasn't anticipating that it would need, without having to buy power in the very short term?

Most of the answer to this question depends on scale; PG&E (and every other utility) is constantly managing its portfolio by purchasing energy or building power plants to match what it projects will be the total load of its customers. Because forecasts are, by nature, always wrong (the important consideration is just by how much), PG&E is well accustomed to handling imbalances between their supply and demand. If there is a

massive volume of load returning to PG&E, then yes, they will have to buy power to meet this load in the very short-term. However, keep in mind that the CCA had bought energy, and so will have to sell it in the very short-term as well. Furthermore, as mentioned previously, PV's load is quite small relative to PG&E's overall load and thus would likely have a de minimis impact.

What happens to any residual assets of the CCA under reversion, such as any power purchasing contracts?

The PPAs CCP has signed are between CCP and the counterparty. If the assets are liquidated, or the contracts unwound, and losses are realized, the responsibility for the costs would depend on the cause of the termination of the CCA's existence. If the cause were a breach by PV, CCP would seek damages. If CCP fails as a company, PV is shielded from any liability.

Are those available to PG&E to mitigate the unanticipated spike in demand that it will see?

Due to an increase in PG&E demand from returning CCA customers, PG&E could opt to buy the power purchase agreements from CCP or buy other supply from other parties.

Reversion would take care of things smoothly if the CCA's rate plans, etc. are the same as PG&E's, but what happens if [PV moves] to rate plans that do not map to PG&E's?

Reverted customers would need to go back to standard PG&E rate designs. As mentioned above, CCP advises structuring rates to mirror those of PG&E for several reasons, including preventing customer confusion. Reducing confusion in the scenario of reversion to PG&E rates is another reason for using standard PG&E rate design, but again, this must be weighed by PV against the benefits of pursuing alternative CCA rate designs.

What happens to any other CCA activities other than supplying power to customers under reversion? For example, any incentive plans, etc. that the CCA might set up?

Because customer reversion to PG&E presumes a winding down of the CCA, all CCA programs would presumably wind down too.

Threats to viability of CCA

[Could CCA] do a substantially worse job than PG&E of pricing contracts and becomes uncompetitive?

CCAs in general, and a PV CCA in particular, are certainly at risk of becoming uncompetitive relative to PG&E pricing. Nevertheless, CCP contractually guarantees

long term pricing, and CCP personnel have extensive procurement and regulatory experience. CCP's market changing public-private turnkey partnership ensures that the PV CCA remains competitive, distilling the CCA risk down to CCP's overall business viability.

CCA could under-forecast/over-forecast demand and need to buy expensive power to cover the shortfall or be stuck with purchased excess energy that it can't sell?

Yes, as in the previous response, many risks inherent in energy markets will always likewise exist for CCAs. Nevertheless, as also stated in the previous response, CCP's model contractually protects a PV CCA against these risks.

How does CCP structure its contracts to reduce the risks of mis-forecasting?

CCP is fully responsible for costs associated with forecast error and other related liabilities.

How does CCP model future energy demand, including elements like weather, technology changes, etc.?

CCP uses utility industry standard techniques for near-term energy demand forecasting. On a daily basis (more accurately a Day-Ahead basis), CCP creates a load forecast from a database of historical similar days (day of the week, holiday, seasonality) and adjusts the data based on weather forecasts. A forecast error of up to 6% or so is normal and expected. CCP expects to have forecast errors of approximately the same magnitude as the California Independent System Operator – the State's major grid operator.

Is accurate forecasting harder because of the small size of the customer base over which any bumps/troughs in demand get smoothed?

Yes, the load of a smaller population will more affected by energy usage deviations by individual customers; but CCP manages its portfolio across all of its customers, and therefore imbalance risk is mitigated by this larger population.

Un-anticipated market conditions

What happens when the next Enron-like market spikes occur, whatever the cause?

Market price spikes occur all the time; the possibility of prolonged elevated spot prices is a serious consideration in CCP's risk strategies. For this reason, we expect to hedge a large percentage of our open position well in advance of the service day. Additionally, by attempting to closely match PG&E's procurement portfolio, we can increase the likelihood that PG&E is equally as affected by price movements as CCP.

What cash reserves does CCP hold to weather any short-term market liquidity/price problems?

CCP has a cash position of approximately \$10.5M, with additional access to a line of credit up to \$5M. Liquidity and market price risks are two of the most significant risks CCP has exposure to and manages these risks through good utility practice.

Are any such reserves pooled across all CCP agreements, or would they be dedicated to the PV CCA?

They would be pooled across CCP's entire portfolio. CCP's practices of risk mitigation are the same for the portfolio serving all CCP's client communities, separated or aggregated. By aggregating, we can minimize operational costs and manage the entire portfolio. For the initial \$15M, CCP is limiting service to a population of 200,000.

[What happens in the case of a] CCA supplier default?

All supply contracts CCP will enter into have clauses for damages and provisions for suppliers to post security. From an operational perspective, because of the way the electricity grid and markets are operated in California, the risk of default is a financial one and not a physical one (shortfalls, even ones for relatively large individual supply contracts), are settled as imbalances in the liquid spot markets. PV customers would not be subject to physical shortages of energy any more than customers of PG&E. In the case of supplier defaults, CCP would pursue damages from our counterparties.

How would the CCA deal with potential short-term cash flow issues?

PV is the CCA. CCP is the service provider. CCP's public-private turnkey partnership privatizes CCA financial risk, resulting in a PV CCA having no cash flow issues. For CCP as the provider, because payment rates for essential services such as electricity are extremely high, cash flow is generally not an issue. Nevertheless, as part of CCP's risk management practices, CCP keeps sufficient cash reserves to ensure uninterrupted service even in the [very rare] event of revenue disruptions.

[Can PG&E intentionally cause problems for CCAs?]

PG&E is prohibited under California law from marketing against CCA programs without notifying the CPUC and with the use of ratepayer funds. Other more subtle forms of cost shifting could certainly occur, but PG&E must receive CPUC approval for nearly all actions. CCP as well as many other interested entities closely monitor CPUC requests by utilities assuring a transparent process and the CPUC generally disfavors cost shifting, making a utility attempt to disadvantage CCAs in this way very difficult for the utility.

CCP expansion risk -- What happens as CCP grows if it needs, and has trouble raising additional capital?

Simply put, CCP will not expand beyond what we have capital to cover. However, even if we wanted to expand beyond what we could afford to, our suppliers have diligent and strict risk mitigation functions themselves, to monitor their counterparties (us). As stated earlier, CCP is limiting our first tranche of customers to a population of 200,000. This ratio of \$15M:200,000 is considerably more robust than either the Sonoma Clean Power or Marin Clean Energy CCAs, which are both at about \$9M;400,000.

If CCP fails, will the CCA be able to continue, or does it depend on CCP's continuation?

CCP is merely a CCA service provider. All CCAs exist independently of their service providers. Nevertheless, due to the highly technical and specialized nature CCA, all existing and all, if not nearly all, future CCAs will need to rely on private consultants, vendors and/or companies. In the case of CCP, we have brought all of the key functions in house, streamlined our overhead, and privatized the financing, thereby considerably minimizing the risk we will fail, which means our CCA clients are likewise protected.

CCP successor entities/mergers

[Can a non-benefit corporation purchase CCP, a benefit corporation?]

A non-benefit corporation could purchase CCP, but it would have to do so subject to CCP's existing contracts and commitments, thus retaining all of the benefits of CCP's structure for existing customers.

CCP is a benefit corporation, not a non-profit public benefit corporation.

What happens if CCP is sold, etc.? Does the continuing entity have to continue supporting the CCA?

Yes: see answer above.

Change in CCP's business plans/goals

What happens if CCP no longer is interested in partnering with PV on the CCA?

As reference earlier, particularly if PV will take a leadership position with 100% Category 1 Renewables/zero GHG, CCP strongly recommends a 20 year contract. The contract will also include standard 5 year renewal options. Under these contract terms, PV could be contractually covered for as long as 30 years.

What if CCP enters Chapter 14 bankruptcy? How would the CCA be affected?

Even if in bankruptcy, CCP can continue to serve PV. If, however, CCP completely dissolved, the previous comments on reversion and the results of CCP failure apply.

Contract questions

What are CAISO Congestion Revenue Rights (section 10.0)?

Congestion revenue rights (CRRs) are products used by investor-owned utilities, publicly-owned utilities, CCAs, power generators and other market actors to manage their exposure to congestion on the transmission system. Congestion occurs when more energy is used in an area of high load than can be met by importing the energy across the grid. When this happens, the wholesale electricity price in the importing region increases and that in the exporting region decreases (congestion is a financial concept; the energy demand continues to be supplied, although this is done by turning on more expensive local power plants rather than using the energy available remotely, but unable to reach the load "pocket"). CRRs are allocated to load-serving entities in order to offset the risk of high prices where your customers are using energy. The term congestion revenue right is (unlike many terms in the utility industry) pretty straightforward, in that it gives you, the CCA, or us, CCP as your service provider, the right to the price difference (the congestion revenue) between where we've contracted to buy power (for example at the substation where a generator injects energy onto the grid) and where our customers are using this energy. By assigning CCP the CRRs, you allow us to better manage our risks and offer you a better deal.

In what example circumstances might CCP want to assign the agreement to a parent/subsidiary, or to any other third party? (section 15.0)

There are no foreseeable or eminent examples, however, there may come a time that CCP does merge, and to protect the smooth operation of PV's program, we want to be able to make that transition seamlessly. Currently, CCP has no plans to exercise these rights. Nevertheless, resiliency is key to the survival of any company, thus retaining the ability to merge, be acquired, etc. is standard prudent business practice.

Lake County contract term is 10 years; there do not appear to be any provisions in the contract for termination by either party, even if both agree?

There is no early termination clause due to the need to procure energy many years in advance. Because energy costs make up the vast majority of CCA-related costs, this protection is necessary for CCP to remain in business and manage its risks. Nevertheless, both parties to a contract can always mutually agree to any change, including termination.

Exhibit A

Rates - need the discount rate be specified here?

The discount rate to be used in rate setting must be specified in the contract, as it is an essential component. CCP includes it in the Exhibit, along with other contract variables, for convenience; i.e. the boiler plate/less likely to change language is in the body of the contract while the terms and conditions that vary from CCA to CCA are captured in one Exhibit. The main body of the contract and Exhibit A are co-equal elements of the overall Agreement.

Rates are tied to PG&E's winter rate plans? Or are they tied to the year-round rates in effect as of Jan 1st each year?

CCP contractually adjusts CCA customer rates once per year, based on PG&E's January Annual Electric True (AET). The AET contains different rates for winter and summer, thus the CCA rates will reflect the different winter and summer rates.

Must/should rates be tied to PG&E rates? Are there alternatives that might go here?

Please see previous discussions.

AGREEMENT FOR COMMUNITY CHOICE AGGREGATION SERVICES

This Agreement for Community Choice Aggregation Services (Agreement) is between [name and description of municipality] (Community) and California Clean Power Corporation, a corporation formed under the laws of California (CCP). Collectively, Community and CCP may be referred to as "Parties" or individually as a "Party."

This Agreement is made pursuant to, and all the terms and conditions of this Agreement are governed by, applicable California and federal law. The term Community Choice Aggregation (CCA) is specifically defined by the applicable sections of the California Public Utilities Code, Division 1, Part 1, Chapters 1 through 2.3, and Chapter 4, Article 1, Section 707, or its successors.

This Agreement shall commence as of *[day/month/year]* and terminate under the provisions of Exhibit A to this Agreement.

OBLIGATIONS OF CCP

- 1.0 Pursuant to the provisions of Exhibit A to this Agreement, CCP shall provide Community with the following turnkey CCA services (CCA Services):
 - 1.1 <u>Power Procurement</u>: procurement of all products and services required to reliably serve the electric commodity needs of Community's CCA customers.
 - 1.2 <u>Legal, Regulatory and Compliance</u>: all actions required to implement a CCA program and to ensure strict ongoing compliance with California and federal laws and regulations applicable to CCA and retail electric commodity service.
 - 1.3 <u>Customer Service and Communications</u>: website, call center and assistance with outreach and communication.
 - 1.4 Reporting and Communication with Community Governing Body and Staff: reports detailing and updating CCA performance and progress, presentations before Community's governing body and interaction and communication with assigned Community staff.

- 2.0 Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, CCP shall cover any and all financial obligations associated with the provision of CCA Services.
- 3.0 CCP shall indemnify and defend Community against any actions arising from CCP's performance under this agreement, provided that such actions do not arise from the negligent or willful misconduct of the Community.
- 4.0 At all times CCP shall maintain collateral or capitalization sufficient to ensure performance under this Agreement. The amount of collateral or capitalization deemed sufficient shall be determined using industry standard electric commodity procurement practices.
- 5.0 CCP shall at all times maintain the confidentiality of Community CCA customer information. For any release of Community CCA customer information, CCP shall obtain written authorization from Community and the affected Community CCA customer or customers.

OBLIGATIONS OF COMMUNITY

- 6.0 Pursuant to California Public Utilities Code Section 366.2(c)(12) or its successors, Community shall have adopted an ordinance to implement a CCA program (Ordinance) within its jurisdiction. The Ordinance shall have included a determination of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) exemption and direction to Community staff to immediately file a CEQA Notice of Exemption. Any material change to, or repeal of, the Ordinance by Community shall constitute a complete default by Community under this Agreement. In the event of such a default, at its sole discretion CCP may immediately terminate this Agreement and pursue all available legal remedies.
- 7.0 Community expressly authorizes CCP to act on its behalf and as its sole agent in performing and providing CCA Services.
- 8.0 Community assigns to CCP all CCA related revenues, including but not limited to CCA customer payments, California Independent System Operator (CAISO) credits, and refunds of compliance related deposits. Upon termination of this Agreement, all deposits or similar funds posted by CCP on behalf of Community shall be returned to CCP.
- 9.0 Community shall designate a representative or representatives to interact with CCP to ensure efficient and effective implementation and operation of the Community CCA program.

10.0 At CCP's request, Community agrees to take all necessary actions to secure and transfer to CCP CAISO Congestion Revenue Rights (or a successor product) associated with the Community's CCA electric load, provided the Community does not incur any expenditures, or CCP reimburses Community for any expenditures, related to securing and transferring the CAISO Congestion Revenue Rights.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 11.0 The laws of the State of California, and federal law as applicable, shall govern this Agreement.
- 12.0 This Agreement, including all the exhibits attached hereto, represents the entire and integrated agreement between Community and CCP and supersedes all prior negotiations, representations, or agreements, either written or oral. The Parties may amend this Agreement only by a writing signed by both Parties. All exhibits attached hereto are incorporated by reference herein.
- 13.0 All obligations arising prior to the termination of this Agreement and all provisions of this Agreement allocating liability between Community and CCP shall survive the termination of this Agreement.
- 14.0 Any written notice in connection with this Agreement shall be sent by U.S. Mail or by nationally recognized overnight carrier.

Any written notice to Community shall be sent to:

[Community & Address]

Any written notice to CCP shall be sent to:

California Clean Power

[Address]

15.0 Due to the unique nature of CCA, Community may not assign this Agreement. With 90 days' notice to Community, CCP may assign this Agreement in part or in whole to a subsidiary or parent company wholly owned and operated by CCP's owners. With the written consent of Community, CCP may assign this Agreement in part or in whole to a

- third party or parties, provided that Community may not unreasonably withhold such consent.
- 16.0 If, due to changes in laws or regulations, either Party is rendered substantially unable to perform under this Agreement, the Parties agree to endeavor in good faith to amend this Agreement to accommodate the changes in laws or regulations. If the Parties are unable to reach an acceptable accommodation, the performance of the affected Party or Parties shall be excused and either Party shall have the option to terminate this Agreement.
- 17.0 If either Party is prevented in the performance of any act required hereunder by reason of act of God, fire, flood, or other natural disaster, malicious injury, strikes, lock-outs, or other labor troubles, riots, insurrection, war or other reasonably unforeseeable occurrence of like nature not the fault of, and not within the reasonable control of, the Party in performing under this Agreement, then performance of such act shall be excused for the period of the delay and the period of the performance of any such act shall be extended for a period equivalent to the period of such delay, except that if any delay exceeds six months, then the Party entitled to such performance shall have the option to terminate this Agreement.
- 18.0 If a party to this Agreement brings any action, including an action for declaratory relief, to enforce or interpret the provision of this Agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees in addition to any other relief to which that party may be entitled. The court may set such fees in the same action or in a separate action brought for that purpose.
- 19.0 The waiver of any breach of a specific provision of this Agreement does not constitute a waiver of any other breach of that term or any other term of this Agreement.
- 20.0 Should an entity of competent jurisdiction invalidate any element of this Agreement, Parties agree to endeavor in good faith to amend this Agreement to accommodate the invalidation.
- 21.0 The provisions of this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and shall apply to and bind the successors and assigns of the Parties.
- 22.0 This Agreement is made solely for the benefit of the parties hereto, with no intent to benefit any non-signatory third parties.
- 23.0 This Agreement may be executed by counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which together shall constitute one agreement.

[COMMUNITY]	CALIFORNIA CLEAN POWER
Date:	Date:
[Community Manager/Executive]	PETER RUMBLE, Chief Executive Officer
Attest:	
[Governing Body Clerk or Secretary]	
Approved as to Form:	

[Community Attorney or General Counsel]

AGREEMENT FOR COMMUNITY CHOICE AGGREGATION SERVICES EXHIBIT A

1. Term of Agreement

This Agreement shall terminate December 31, <insert the year that is five to 20 full years or more from the date electric service begins>. In the event Community receives CCA Services under this Agreement for a period of less than 10 years, Community agrees to accept assignment of all or a portion of a long term renewable contract sufficient to comply with the Public Utilities Code Section 399.13(b) and applicable California Public Utilities Commission decisions. The following language will be adapted to provide for renewal options.

According to the below schedule, CCP shall provide Community with a written notice pursuant to Section 14 of this Agreement. The notice shall indicate to Community whether CCP shall terminate or automatically renew, for an additional five years, this Agreement.

SCHEUDLE

Notification Date	Termination Date	Automatic Renewal Term
December 31, 20XX	December 31, 20XX	January 1, 20XX to December 31, 20XX
December 31, 20XX	December 31, 20XX	January 1, 20XX to December 31, 20XX

If Community does not respond in writing within 30 calendars of receiving a notification of automatic renewal, this Agreement shall be renewed for the corresponding "Automatic Renewal Term." At any time prior to a "Notification Date," Community may provide written notice pursuant to Section 14 of this Agreement that Community is terminating the Agreement on the corresponding "Termination Date." Under no circumstance shall this Agreement extend beyond December 31, 2037.

2. Launch Date for Electric Service

<insert range of dates between which CCP will begin electric service to Community CCA customers.>

3. Electric Energy Portfolio

<insert renewable %, hydro imports, etc>

4. Rates

<insert rates, provisions for changing, etc>

5. Public Benefit Payment

<insert amount of contribution>

6. Program Support

<insert program assistance, if any, and related terms>

7. Other

<insert additional terms and conditions if needed>

From: Steve Abbors, MROSD [mailto:web=openspace.org@mail139.atl121.mcsv.net] On Behalf Of Steve Abbors,

MROSD

Sent: Monday, June 08, 2015 10:00 AM

To: Nick Pegueros

Subject: District Open Space Vision Plan Unveiled

The Vision Plan charts the course for land conservation, restoration, and public access for the next 40 years and beyond.

View this email in your browser



On behalf of Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District's (Midpen) Board of Directors, and staff, I am very pleased to unveil the <u>District's Open Space Vision Plan</u>, a landmark open space conservation guide to protect and manage the San Francisco Peninsula's lands, waterways, habitat, and wildlife in perpetuity and create new opportunities to enjoy, learn about, and participate in nature. This conservation guide includes strategies and priorities to:

- Add over 200 miles of new trails to connect the bay, cities, mountains and coastline;
- Create new parking and staging areas;
- Preserve over 50,000 acres of additional open space;
- Open 20,000 acres of land for public enjoyment and nature education;

- Protect critical redwood forests and other sensitive habitat:
- Enhance wetlands and ponds for rare wildlife; and
- Create wildlife corridors in an increasingly urbanized region.

The 18-month public process to create the Vision Plan included scientific studies and extensive community engagement through surveys, meetings, focus groups, workshops, and online participation. The resulting vision reflects the unique and diverse habitats, open space values, and aspirations of our region. On behalf of Midpen, I sincerely thank the Community Advisory Committee, partner agencies, staff, volunteers, and other members of the community including yourself for your important contributions to help establish a unified open space vision for our great region.

The Vision Plan charts the course for land conservation, restoration, and public access for the next 40 years and beyond. We look forward to new and continuing partnerships with public and private agencies, organizations, and members of the community as we fulfill this regional vision together.

Sincerely,

Stephen E. Abbors

General Manager











Twitter

Instagram YouTube Website

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Our mailing address is:

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District 330 Distel Circle Los Altos, CA 94022

Sharon Hanlon

Attachments: Gordon Rising Sea Level FlyerPrint v3.pdf

From: Dennis, Jeremy [mailto:Jeremy.Dennis@asm.ca.gov]

Sent: Monday, June 08, 2015 10:29 AM

To: Dennis, Jeremy

Subject: Sea Level Rise Event, Santa Clara County

Hello – I hope that you may be able to attend an event at NASA Ames on Sea Level Rise in Santa Clara County. Thank you.

Jeremy Dennis Office of Assemblyman Rich Gordon







Congresswoman Anna Eshoo and Assemblyman Rich Gordon

PRESENT:

Meeting the Challenge of Sea Level Rise in Santa Clara County

Santa Clara County will be profoundly affected by sea level rise. Billions of dollars of public assets and private residences and businesses are at risk. Please join us to hear from federal, state and local experts to learn about the challenges we face and opportunities for dealing with the risks.

WHEN: Friday, June 19, 2015 | 1:45-5:30 p.m.

WHERE: NASA Ames Research Center, Bldg. 152

Naval Air Station, Moffett Field

Mountain View, CA

TO RSVP: Email Assemblymember.Gordon@assembly.ca.gov

QUESTIONS: For questions, please contact Jeremy Dennis

at **650-691-2121**.

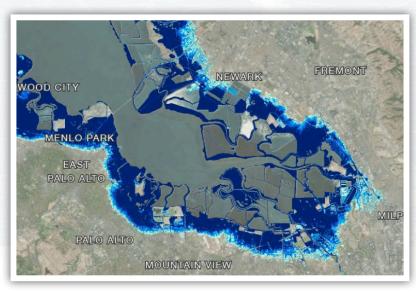


Image: BCDC and Noah Knowles, USGS

To whom this may concern,

August 2014

In the 1700s we fought for our independence. In the 1960's our fellow African Americans fought for equal rights. After the twin towers were attacked we fought against world terrorism. And our great of President Barrack Obama led us to killing Bin Laden. But who would have ever thought the week would be fighting for the right to farm. And with The Humane Society of the United States creeping decipation and deeper into their ultimate long term agenda of exhilarating Traditional American Agriculture, chicken farmers in California suffered a pretty devastating blow.

In 2008 California voters were manipulated into passing Proposition 2. A law that would require all egg laying hens to have more space and force chicken farmers to comply with the regulations by 2015. A law that agriculture experts believe could either drive the entire egg laying industry in California into bankruptcy, or force chicken farmers to move out of state. People in support claimed that the conditions the chickens were living in were inhumane. However, farmers claimed that the conditions have already been proven safe and humane for chickens. Some farmers complied with the law right away, so people are now complaining that the chickens are cold. Therefore, the entire proposition has already proven to be just another senseless extremist sponsored anti farming bill which is doing nothing to help animals.

But Proposition 2 crippling California chicken farmers wasn't damaging enough to satisfy California Legislators. In 2012 our HSUS affiliated California Legislators had to throw more gas on the fire by attacking chicken farmers in the rural areas by passing SB1221. A bill which was strongly opposed by farmers, ranchers, and boards of supervisors from 33 counties. A law that would make it illegal to use a dog to pursue a bear or bobcat unless with depredation. I was raised around farming and ranching all my life, and I am an expert on the subject, and the depredation program has failed. The sport season is the most effective, economical, and environmental method of wildlife management.

And now the story gets even better. California Legislators decided to take The HSUS agenda even further by passing a law that would require chicken farmers in other states to abide by California's over regulated anti farming laws in order to sell eggs in California. This not only threatened chicken farmers nation-wide, but also threatened to drive consumer prices up across the U.S. Now rumors are circling that out of state governors enraged by California Legislators' assault on American Agriculture are filing lawsuits against our so called Golden State because the law supposedly violated Federal Clauses.

So who is the winner here? Well it is simple. There is only one winner and that is HSUS. The chickens lost because they are now being forced to suffer in inhumane living conditions by being more subject to colder temperatures, and also standing a much higher chance of being killed by predators. The farmers lost because there is a good chance they could all go out of business. The employees of the chicken farmers lost because they are now facing possible layoffs. The consumers lost because we will most likely be seeing increases in grocery costs. California voters lost because they were manipulated into voting in a senseless proposition, while being misinformed about all the other negative side effects. Our local animal shelters lost because we are depending on HSUS to be taking care of animals instead of attacking farmers and ranchers and increasing consumer prices. The people who donated to HSUS lost because the whole purpose of donating to HSUS is supposed to be for animal welfare. And California Legislators lost because they made themselves look like idiots by making everything worse.

But The Humane Society of the United States is still the one happy winner because it appears from what I have been reading, HSUS still has piles upon piles of peoples' donated money coming in while countless animals at our local animal shelters are inhumanely sent to their deaths every day because of lack of revenue. I ask my fellow democrats in support of HSUS to check the websites, and answer to the American people, "Is it true what I read that HSUS received over One Billion dollars in tax-exempt contributions in a 10 year time period and only a little over \$1% of it actually went to local animal shelters? If so, what happened to the other almost \$99% of the over \$1Billion?"

To learn about The Humane Society of the United States, log on to "Humanwatch.org," or "Protect The Harvest.com," or google "HSUS Bill of Indictment," or "HSUS Under Investigation," or "HSUS Bankrupts Chicken Industry," or "HSUS Chicken Bill Sues CA," or "HSUS Scam," or "HSUS Money Laundering," or "HSUS Misappropriated Funds," or "HSUS Fraud," or "HSUS IRS Scandal," or "HSUS Lawyers in Cages Video." And please write to your elected officials and local newspapers. Yours truly,

Greg Fontana, Democrat for the future farmers of The United States of America. P.O. Box 512 Half Moon Bay CA 94019

Hey Fortma

California Legislators affiliated with

THE HUMANE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES Threatens SF Bay Area People INVESTIGATE BEFORE YOU DONATE

Gogle "HSUS Racketeering,"
"HSUS Attacks AIDS Research,"
"HSUS Scam," "HSUS Fraud,"
"HSUS Bankrupts Farmers,"
"HSUS Sued for Rico ACT,"
"HSUS Obstruction of Justice,"
"HSUS Money Laundering,"
"HSUS IRS Scandal,"HSUS Bribery"
"HSUS Under Investigation."

MEMORANDUM

TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

TO: Mayor and Members of the Town Council

FROM: Nick Pegueros, Town Manager

DATE: June 12, 2015 RE: Weekly Update

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary update on items/projects of interest for the week ended June 12, 2015.

- 1. Emergency Water Purification System for Town Center The Town took delivery of a Merlin emergency water purification system for use by the EOC in the event of a disaster. The device is not intended to provide water for the general public in the event of an emergency, but rather a safe drinking supply for staff, volunteers, and their families in the event of a prolonged EOC activation where the sheltering of EOC workers is necessary and water supplies are interrupted. A conceptual plan is under development that works with local institutions, e.g., the Sequoias and CERPP, to distribute these purification systems and promote neighborhood resiliency in a natural disaster.
- 2. <u>Horse Fair</u> The Trail Committee's Horse Fair is this weekend with a trail ride on Saturday and a public engagement/interactive event on Sunday.
- 3. Water Conservation Progress by Town At the Town Council meeting on May 27th, staff reported that the Town's water use decreased 68% in the April/May billing cycle. Upon further investigation, a significant error was uncovered relative to how staff adjusted timers for Town fields. As opposed to the 25% reduction as directed, the field watering was decreased by 75-80%, which not only skews the Town's need for water but came very close to causing irreparable damage to the fields. Effective June 3rd, the town's contractor who is backfilling the vacant Recreational Facilities Coordinator position has remedied the problem.
- 4. <u>Los Trancos County Water District Dissolution Moving Forward</u> LAFCO and the County Planner found that because the Water District's "lake" parcel includes two parcels (one in

the County and a "sliver" parcel in the Town), the Town needs to make a finding of General Plan conformity for the County's acquisition of the sliver parcel in town jurisdiction. Planning staff is working with LAFCO as requested.

5. <u>Recruitments</u> - Final interviews for the Communications & Information Manager are happening today and a decision is expected in the next week. The Administrative Services Manager recruitment is open with a tentative start date of August 10th if all things move ahead as scheduled and the Associate/Senior Planner and Maintenance Worker I/II recruitments are scheduled to open next week. The recruitments can be found on the Town's webpage at: portolavalley.net/employment.

TOWN COUNCIL WEEKLY DIGEST

Friday – June 19, 2015

- 1. Agenda (Cancellation) ASCC Monday, June 22, 2015
- 2. Agenda Conservation Committee Meeting Tuesday, June 23, 2015
- 3. Report from San Mateo County Sheriff's Office Incident Log for 05/26/15 06/14/15
- 4. Email from Dave Pine, San Mateo County Supervisor District 1 re: SMC Sea Level Rise Vulnerability Assessment Study

Attached Separates (Council Only)

(placed in your town hall mailbox)

1. None



TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY

ARCHITECTURAL AND SITE CONTROL COMMISSION (ASCC)

Monday, June 22, 2015

7:30 PM – Regular ASCC Meeting

Historic Schoolhouse

765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA 94028

NOTICE OF MEETING CANCELLATION

ARCHITECTURAL SITE AND CONTROL COMMISSION MEETING REGULARLY SCHEDULED FOR Monday, June 22, 2015

Notice is hereby given that the Town of Portola Valley Architectural Site and Control Commission meeting regularly scheduled for Monday, June 22, 2015, has been canceled.

The next regular meeting of the Architectural Site and Control Commission is scheduled for Monday, July 13, 2015 at 7:30 PM, in the Historic Schoolhouse, located at 765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA.



TOWN OF PORTOLA VALLEY Conservation Committee Meeting Tuesday, June 23, 2015 – 7:30 pm **Historic Schoolhouse** 765 Portola Road, Portola Valley, CA

AGENDA

- 1. Call Meeting to Order
- 2. Oral Communications
- 3. Approval of May 26, 2015 minutes
- 4. Site Permits: New 177 Goya Donahoe

Tree Permits - None

- 5. Old Business
 - A. Wildlife Backyard Habitat program Marge
 - B. Tip of the month Eastman (evening lecture fall 2015)
 - C. Guide to TC planting map/inaturalist/web Chiariello
 - D. Letters to Nurseries Don't sell! Heiple/Plunder PlantRight
 - E. Committee cooperation ASCC/Trails/Open Space/H20 Ad-Hoc/Howard
 - F. Monarch Waystations
 - G. Picnic Day debrief
- 6. New Business
- 7. Announcements
- 8. Action Plan
- 9. Adjournment



SHERIFF'S OFFICE

A TRADITION OF SERVICE SINCE 1856

 $San\ Mateo\ County\ {\tt Sheriff's\ Office\ (Headquarters\ Patrol)\ Press}$

Information on selected incidents and arrests are taken from initial Sheriff's Office case reports. Not all incidents are listed due to investigative restrictions and victim privacy rights.

Monday 05/26/15 to Sunday 06/14/15

Greg Munks
Sheriff

CASE NUMBER	DATE & TIME Reported	LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	FACTUAL CIRCUMSTANCES
15-4806	05/25/15 5:50PM	2700 Blk. State Hwy 84 Woodside	Burglary	Unknown suspect(s) burglarized a vehicle while parked in the parking lot of the Woodside Park and Ride. The rear window was shattered and one duffle bag containing gym clothes and a wallet were stolen from the vehicle. The estimated loss is \$1,260.00.
15-4829	05/26/15 8:22AM	700 Blk. Portola Rd. Portola Valley	Petty Theft	The victim parked and locked his vehicle on 05/25/15 in the parking lot of the Portola Valley Town Hall adjacent to the library. After locking the vehicle he placed the keys in the gas cap area and went for a run. On 05/26/15 the victim noticed his phone and wallet were missing. There were no signs of forced entry into the vehicle. The victim believes his property was taken while he was out running. Victim stated he remembers a few cars in the parking lot but did not recall seeing anyone in or around the vehicles.

15-4837	05/26/15 1:16PM	100 Blk. Golden Oak Dr. Portola Valley	Burglary	Unknown suspect(s) used unknown means to smash the glass of a rear sliding door to gain entry into a residence. Once inside, the suspect(s) ransacked the master bedroom and second bedroom used as an office. The suspect(s) took a collectable book, a digital camera, and a semi-auto pistol as well as an undetermined amount of additional property before fleeing the residence. The estimated loss at this time is \$13,124.00.
15-4885	05/27/15 6:32PM	200 Blk. Winding Way Woodside	Theft Via Fraud	The Reporting Party advised the deputy that she had put her and her two daughter's passports in their filing drawer earlier in the month and they were now missing. She also noticed that her birth certificate was missing. The R/P stated that two unrelated people have access to her home. There are no suspects or leads at this time.
15-4905	05/28/15 10:59PM	2900 Blk. Woodside Rd. Woodside	Found Property	The Reporting Party stated he was doing some work on the 1000 Blk. of Runnymede. While walking the grounds, the R/P found a green mountain bike near the creek. The R/P confirmed the bicycle did not belong to the property owners nor did it belong to any of the grounds keepers. The deputy ran the bike's serial numbers through dispatch, which came back with no results. The deputy booked the bike into Sheriff's property for safe keeping.
15-4912	05/28/15 1:21PM	100 Blk. N. Castanaya Way Portola Valley	Possible ID Info w/Intent to Defraud	The victim stated she received a "Refund Check" in he mail from the United States Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The victim stated the estimated amount of the refund check was \$2100.00. This alerted the victim, given she and her husband had not filed their income taxes and that they had requested an extension from the IRS. On 05/14/15, the victim received written correspondence from the IRS, upon IRS letterhead, requesting verification of identity due to a suspected

				fraudulent filing upon her behalf. Given that the victim's personal identifying information had been compromised, the deputy recommended that the victim contact the three major credit bureau fiduciaries, the Unites States Social Security Office and any/all financial institutions she currently has accounts with; advising her personal identifying information had been compromised.
15-4924	05/28/15 4:43PM	2600 Blk. El Camino Real North Fair Oaks	Recovered Outside Stolen Vehicle	A deputy was dispatched to Hertz Rent A Car on the report of a recovered stolen vehicle. Upon arrival the deputy met with the manager who explained when he arrived to work he observed the vehicle parked in the lot. The manager assumed the vehicle was dropped off by a customer and continued with his day. Later in the day, the manager checked the computer system and discovered the vehicle was reported stolen on 12/30/2014 from a Hertz Rent A Car located in Oakland, CA. There are no suspects at this time. The vehicle was removed from the Stolen Vehicle System.
15-4934	05/29/15 6:28AM	2600 Blk. El Camino Real North Fair Oaks	Stolen Vehicle	A deputy was dispatched to a report of a vehicle that was stolen sometime during the previous night. Upon arrival the deputy met with the victim who stated that her vehicle was stolen sometime between 5/28/15 and 5/29/15. County Communications entered the vehicle into the Stolen Vehicle System. Later, the victim contacted County Communications and advised she found her vehicle parked in front of a residence on 1 st Avenue, and that there was a male subject (suspect #1) manipulating the engine. Once more, the deputy met with the victim and as he was speaking to her he looked down the street towards the vehicle and observed the suspect walking around the vehicle. The deputy responded to the Chevrolet, and greeted the suspect. The deputy asked the suspect if the vehicle belonged to him and he stated that he

				was repairing it for a friend. During this investigation the deputy noticed a second male subject (suspect #2) sleeping in the vehicle. The deputy asked the suspect #2 if the vehicle was his and he stated he did not know who it belonged to. Suspect #2 stated that he helped move the vehicle the previous night. Suspect #1 stated that he started the vehicle with a pair of pliers. Jose Aboytes a transient and Alejandro Barroso from Redwood City were arrested for being in possession of a stolen vehicle. The vehicle was removed from SVS. They were then transported to the San Mateo County Jail.
15-4937	05/29/15 9:05AM	3000 Blk. Woodside Rd. Woodside	Found Property	A deputy was dispatched to the Woodside Fire Station to pick up found property. Upon arrival the deputy was given a black women's wallet and was told it was turned in by an anonymous citizen who reported finding it on Albion Road in earlier in the morning. The wallet was booked into property for safekeeping.
15-4955	05/29/15 8:06PM	300 Blk. 4 th Ave. North Fair Oaks	-Terrorists Threats -Battery	Deputies were dispatched to 4 th Avenue on the report of an assault that just occurred. Upon arrival, deputies contacted an intoxicated victim. The victim told deputies a suspect, unknown him, assaulted and threatened him. A possible suspect was contacted but was later cleared. No other suspect was located. On 05/30/2015, deputies were dispatched to 4 th Avenue on the report of a disturbance. Upon arrival, deputies met with the victim for a second time, who was again intoxicated. The victim told deputies the suspect returned, but fled the area prior to deputies' arrival and was not located. Deputies advised the victim to immediately contact the Sheriff's Office if the suspect returned.
15-5010	06/01/15 9:51AM	100 Blk. Athlone Court North Fair Oaks	Grand Theft	The victim's \$2,000.00 Trek mountain bicycle was stolen from the bike rack on his vehicle. There is no suspect or

				witness information is available at this time.
15-5008	06/01/15 9:27AM	700 Blk. 15 th Ave. North Fair Oaks	Obtain/Use Personal ID w/o Authorization	The victim explained on 05/30/2015, she received a letter from the IRS stating her 2014 tax returns were suspended due to possible fraudulent activity. The victim had only filed an extension for 2014 and contacted the IRS. IRS suspended the tax refund before it was issued and instructed the victim to file a police report in order to start the IRS fraud investigation.
15-5042	06/01/15 9:29PM	2700 Blk. Blenheim Ave. North Fair Oaks	Grand Theft	On 05/30/15 an unknown suspect stole \$1600.00 from the bedroom of an apartment located on Blenheim Avenue. The victim did not discover the theft until 06/01/2015. There were no obvious entry or exit points, and nothing else was missing or disturbed. At this time, there is no suspect information.
15-5069	06/02/15 4:43PM	400 Blk. 5 th Ave. NFO	-Probation Violation -Violation of Parole -Resist or Obstruct Officer -Possession of Controlled Substance	A deputy observed a vehicle pass his location on 5 th Avenue. The deputy observed a male subject and a female subject in the vehicle known from previous contacts, to be on parole. The female subject has an active parole warrant for her arrest. The deputy attempted to conduct a traffic stop on the vehicle however; the vehicle failed to stop and made a right turn onto Park Avenue. The vehicle eventually turned onto Lane Place in Atherton. Due to Lane Place being a Cul-De-Sac, the vehicle stopped, three people exited the vehicle, and fled. Joshua Torres from Redwood City exited the vehicle and began to run towards 96 Lane Place before complying with the deputy's commands to get on the ground. Torres was arrested at this time for obstructing an officer in the performance of their duties. The driver of the vehicle, Elaina Renee Ruiz from San Mateo remained in the vehicle where she was ultimately arrested for felony evasion in a vehicle. Antonio Lombera from Hayward was located hiding in a Park and was taken into custody for obstructing an officer,

				possession of a controlled substance and possession of narcotics paraphernalia. Yesenia Molina from Redwood City was unable to be located. Inside of a back pack on the rear seat of the vehicle where Lombera and Molina were passengers in the vehicle were two burnt used crystal methamphetamine pipes with suspected crystal methamphetamine in them. At a later time California State Parole was contacted and placed a Parole violation hold on Torres. San Mateo County Probation was also contacted and placed a Probation violation hold on Lombera. Torres, Ruiz and Lombera were later transported and booked into the San Mateo County Jail without incident. The vehicle was towed.
15-5074	06/02/15 7:15PM	100 Blk. Cerros Manor West Menlo Park	Obtain/Use Personal ID w/o Authorization	The victim stated that she and her husband were the victims of identity theft. She was instructed to file a local police report for identity theft for Dish Network fraud department to investigate. This report is for informational purposes only since there is no suspect information.
15-5089	06/03/15 9:01AM	700 Blk. Marsh Rd. North Fair Oaks	Burglary	The Reporting Party stated that she is a resident of a apartment complex and also the Assistant Property Manager. The R/P stated that the victim's coins were stolen sometime between 6/1/15 and 6/2/15. The laundry room door was unlocked when she discovered the theft. The victim did not report the theft the day she discovered it because she was busy with other errands. The R/P estimated that \$100.00 was stolen.
15-5155	06/05/15 3:01PM	300 Blk. 4 th Ave. North Fair Oaks	Possession of Controlled Substance for Sale	During a probation search a deputy located a total of 19 individually wrapped plastic twists of suspected methamphetamine. Ernesto Saldivar from Redwood City was arrested for being in possession of a controlled substance for sale. He was transported and booked into the San Mateo

				County Jail.
15-5157	06/05/15 3:35PM	600 Blk. Stanford Ave. North Fair Oaks	Stolen Vehicle	A deputy was dispatched to Stanford Avenue on the report of a stolen vehicle. The vehicle was entered into the Stolen Vehicle System. At this time, there are no potential leads/suspects in this incident.
15-5162	06/05/15 9:58PM	300 Blk. 2 nd Ave. North Fair Oaks	Burglary	Unknown suspect(s) broke into the victim's locked tool chest which was attached to the bed of his pick-up truck. The unknown suspect(s) took approximately \$2,407.00 worth of power tools. Deputies were not contacted until approximately ten days after the event occurred. No suspect information exists.
15-5175	06/06/15 11:08AM	S.R. 84 West Of Portola Rd. Woodside	Traffic Accident	Party #1 was traveling westbound on S.R. 84 behind two vehicles; one of them being Vehicle #2. Vehicle #2 was traveling westbound S.R. 84 and was the second vehicle ahead of Vehicle #1. Party #1 became impatient due to the slow pace of the vehicles in front of him, and passes to the left over the double yellow solid lines. As a result, Vehicle #2 slowed and had its left turn blinker on beginning to turn left when Vehicle #1's front end collides with the left, front end of Vehicle #2. Party #1's motorcycle sustained major damage and was towed from the scene. Party #1 was transported to Stanford Hospital for injuries to this collision.
15-5238	06/08/15 2:59PM	100 Blk. Neuman Lane Woodside	Driver w/ Suspended License	A deputy conducted a traffic enforcement stop on a vehicle on Neuman Lane. The deputy made contact with the driver (sole occupant) who verbally identified himself. A DMV/ records check through County Communication revealed his license status to be suspended. Further, the driver stated DMV took his license five years ago and the reason he did not have his license is because it was inactive. The driver was issued a

				citation for not wearing his seat belt and for driving on a suspended license. The vehicle was parked and a licensed driver showed up taking possession of the vehicle.
15-5283	06/09/15 2:35PM	501 Portola Rd. Portola Valley	Obtain/Use Personal ID w/o Authorization	A deputy was dispatched to a report of a fraudulently filed tax return. Upon arrival, the deputy met with the reporting party, who was making the report for his elderly parents. The R/P stated that he had received word that the electronic federal tax return he had filed on behalf of his parents had been rejected by the IRS because of a duplicate filing. The victims had no idea their personal information had been compromised until notified by the IRS. This report is for information purpose only. The case is being investigated by the IRS.
15-5310	06/10/15 3:03PM	1500 Blk. Portola Rd. Woodside	General Information Case	A deputy was dispatched the report of a violation of an easement agreement. The reporting party was locked behind a gate of an easement which is to remain unlocked at all times per a court order. While on scene a subject who works at a residence on the 100 Blk. of Old La Honda Road, came down with several sets of keys and unlocked the gate. The deputy was able to speak with the home owner, who was out of town, via a phone call. The home owner stated she locked it because unauthorized dog walkers had threatened her.
15-5312	06/10/15 3:54PM	100 Blk. Thistle Street Portola Valley	Obtain / Use Personal ID w/o Authorization	Unknown suspect left a text message for the victim to call Wells Fargo regarding her debit account. When she called the number a voice automated messaging system asked for her social security number and debit card number. The victim provided her social security number but not her debit card number. The following day the victim walked into a Wells Fargo branch to discover the bank never sent her a text.
15-5317	06/10/15	La Honda Rd. / Martinez Rd.	Traffic Accident	Driver #11 was driving Vehicle #1 southbound on La Honda

	6:20PM	Woodside		Road at approximately 50 miles per hour. Driver #1 was driving at an unsafe speed and lost control of Vehicle #1 and veered left from a straight path and collided with the left side of Vehicle #2. Vehicle #1 spun to the right and came to rest on the guard rail facing south on La Honda Road.
15-5332	06/11/15 12:47PM	100 Blk. Campo Rd. Portola Valley	Obtain / Use Personal ID w/o Authorization	Unknown suspect(s) used the victim's Social Security number to file a tax return in her name. The victim believed the suspect(s) were able to obtain her Social Security number when Blue Cross' data system was hacked.
15-5348	06/11/15 4:33PM	2000 Blk. Sharon Rd. West Menlo Park	Obtain / Use Personal ID w/o Authorization	The Reporting Party stated that someone had used her husband's identity to rent an apartment in Irvine, CA. The apartment went unpaid after the rental and the occupants were evicted and the past due rent and fees of \$9,000 had been turned over to collections. The R/P stated she called the apartment complex, Avalon Bay, and office staff said the account had been turned over to collections and they did not have any information on the renter(s). This case is pending until additional leads are found.
15-5362	06/11/15 10:59PM	500 Blk. Hurlingame Ave. North Fair Oaks	Vandalism	Unknown suspect(s) in an older white Dodge minivan shattered four windows on the victim's vehicle while it was parked in front of his residence Hurlingame Avenue. The estimated damage \$950.00.

Sharon Hanlon

From: Dave Pine [mailto:dpine@smcgov.org]
Sent: Monday, June 15, 2015 9:36 AM

To: Dave Pine

Subject: SMC Sea Level Rise Vulnerability Assessment Study

On Friday, June 5th we held the kick-off meeting for the San Mateo County Sea Level Rise Vulnerability Assessment Study. The purpose of this California Coastal Conservancy funded study is to identify and assess the community assets and natural resources that will be most affected by sea level rise and storm events along the San Mateo County bayshore and coastline from Half Moon Bay north.

For those of you who were able to join us, we appreciate the time you took to participate and your help in making this event a success. We had 125 people in attendance, including staff and elected officials from 19 of the 20 cities in San Mateo County, and representatives from over 30 agencies, special districts, businesses and other organizations.

If you were not available to attend, a video of the event and the PowerPoint slides will be posted shortly on our new website: http://seachangesmc.com/. This site will serve as a central resource for our work around the County on sea level rise and flood control, and will include links to important studies and reports.

The vulnerability assessment study is the first step in taking action to prepare for future sea level rise and storm events. During the mapping exercise at the kickoff meeting, we identified many important community assets and natural resource areas at risk from sea level rise and flooding.

At the event, we also introduced San Mateo County's new Climate Resiliency Specialist, Hilary Papendick, who will be overseeing the vulnerability assessment study. If you have any questions about the study, please contact Hilary at: hpapendick@smcgov.org or 650-363-4194.

We look forward to working with you to complete the vulnerability assessment study and to identify options to prepare the County for sea level rise and storm events.

Thank you.

Dave

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